

Policy Brief

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Thinking Policy Together

MSEs' Business Environment in Bungoma County

Introduction

The County Business Environment for MSEs (CBEM) framework has been developed to monitor key issues that require policy intervention in creating an enabling environment for the Micro and Small Enterprises (MSEs) sector in the counties. The framework covers four key areas affecting the operations of MSEs: Worksites and adequacy of their infrastructure; Market environment; Financial and technical capacity; and Governance and regulatory framework. This brief indicates the business environment for MSEs in Bungoma County.

Bungoma County Demographics and Outputi

- 1
- Total Population, 1,670,570; Female, 51.4%
- Contribution to total GDP: Average 2.3% for the period 2013-2017
 - Contribution to Gross Value Add: 2.4% in 2017
- 2
- Sectors driving growth in economic activity: Manufacturing (0.9%), agriculture (58.8%) and services (36.0%).

Importance of MSEs and Challengesⁱⁱ

IMPORTANCE

1999

Employed 50.0% of working population

Contributed 18.9% of GDP

2016

Employed 81.0% of working population

Contributed 24.7% of National output and 23.6% Gross Value Add

CHALLENGES

Due to poor business environment MSEs in Kenya are faced with the challenges of:

Low survival rate of MSEs

Limited skills

Capital and workspaces

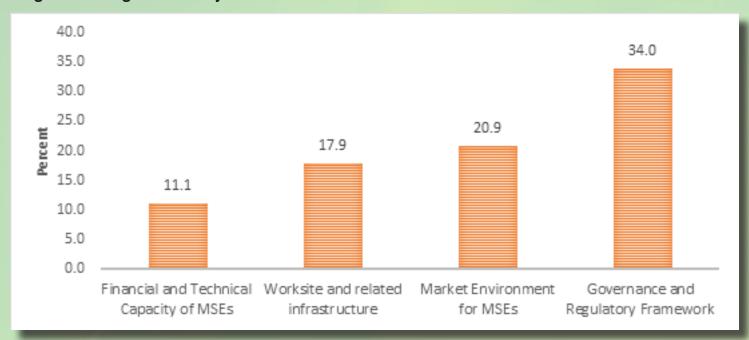
Informality

Low productivity

MSEs' Business Environment

All the scores for MSEs business environment are drawn from the CBEM (KIPPRA, 2019). The MSEs business environment is measured using the following: Worksite and related infrastructure; Market environment; Financial and technical capacity; and Governance and regulatory framework. The scores range between lowest (0) and highest (100). Bungoma county scored a total of 18.5.

Figure 1: Bungoma County Scores



Worksites and Infrastructure for MSEs

Scores

- Access to worksites: 34.6
- Electricity connection: 23.5
- Water connection: 13.7
- Access to common manufacturing facilities: (-)
- Availability of public toilets: 16.3
- Waste management services: 18.2

Constraints

- Insufficient worksites
- Lack of adequate tools, machinery and equipment
- High electricity and water connection costs
- Frequent power outages
- Pending electricity bills
- Insufficient public toilet facilities

Market Environment for MSEs

Scores

- Road infrastructure: 24.8
- Access to physical markets: 43.6
- Access to Government Procurement Opportunities (AGPO): 5.7
- Fair competition: 9.7

Constraints

- Unfair trade practises
 manifest through
 contract enforcement,
 counterfeiting,
 dumping (sub-standard goods) and
 misrepresentation (through weight,
 price, ingredient).
- Low uptake of AGPO due to information asymmetry and informality
- Poor road infrastructure

Financial and Technical Capacity for MSEs

Scores

- Training (capacity building) for MSEs: 3.5
- Knowledge and skills mapping: 34.0
- MSEs survival rate: 5.6
- Access to digital finance: 1.4
- Innovations: (-)
- Patenting: (-)

Constraints

- Low uptake of digital finance
- Fragmentation due to multiplicity of players who offer training and capacity building
- Lack of a training and apprenticeship programme for artisans
- Lack of training needs assessment for MSEs
- Lack of monitoring and evaluation of training programmes
- High cost of doing business

Governance and Regulatory Framework for MSEs

Scores

- Licensing and issuance of permits: 36.9
- Self-regulation: 62.2
- Crime and public security: 34.0
- Corruption and governance issues: 2.9

Constraints

- Multiple licences and permits
- Corruption
- Misallocation and exploitative tendencies within the worksites

Way forward in Creating an Enabling Environment for MSEs

a) Worksite and adequacy of infrastructure

- Collaborate with Kenya Power and Lighting Company to connect worksites with adequate power supply (preferably three phase connections) to reduce on frequent outages, and ensure quick complaint resolution.
- Enhance provision of water supply and sanitation and waste management facilities in/around worksites and market centres.

b) Market Environment for MSEs

- Partner with National Government in levelling the playing field for MSEs to address competition and unfair trade practices among MSEs; Collaborate ith the Anti-Counterfeit Agency (ACA) and Kenya Revenue Authority (KRA) to sensitize MSEs on issues of counterfeits and dumping of goods.
- Collaborate with the AGPO secretariat to promote and enhance sensitization of MSEs on this affirmative action to increase uptake.

c) Financial and Technical Capacity for MSEs

- Collaborate with training institutions such as Kenya Institute of Business Training and National Industrial Training Authority
 including private sector players to provide capacity building to MSEs.
- Collaborate with financial sector players such as banks, SACCOs and micro finance institutions in targeting MSEs through financial innovations with an opportunity to penetrate and deepen financial services.

d) Governance and Regulation Framework

- Work with MSEA and Ethics and Anti-Corruption Commission to eliminate misallocation and exploitative tendencies within the worksites.
- Work alongside the National Government to enhance security in/around worksites to reduce on crime and create a peaceful business environment.

End notes

Gross County Product 2019 and Kenya Population and Housing Census, 2019

"KNBS, Various

About KIPPRA Policy Briefs

KIPPRA Policy Briefs are aimed at a wide dissemination of the Institute's policy research findings. The findings are expected to stimulate discussion and also build capacity in the public policy making process in Kenya.

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