



REPUBLIC OF KENYA

THE EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

9TH ANNUAL REPORT 2021

ON

**MEASURES TAKEN AND PROGRESS
ACHIEVED IN THE REALIZATION
OF NATIONAL VALUES AND
PRINCIPLES OF GOVERNANCE**

April, 2022

PRINTED BY THE GOVERNMENT PRINTER, NAIROBI

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April, 2022



H.E. HON. UHURU KENYATTA, CGH.

PRESIDENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF KENYA

AND COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF THE DEFENCE FORCES



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The Executive Office of the President

State House

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ISBN.....

NATIONAL ANTHEM

(Swahili)

Ee Mungu nguvu yetu
Ilete baraka kwetu.
Haki iwe ngao na mlinzi
Natukae na undugu
Amani na uhuru
Raha tupate na ustawi

Amkeni ndugu zetu
Tufanye sote bidii
Nasi tujitoe kwa nguvu
Nchi yetu ya Kenya,
Tunayoipenda
Tuwe tayari kuilinda.

Natujenge taifa letu
Ee, ndio wajibu wetu
Kenya istahili heshima
Tuungane mikono
Pamoja kazini
Kila siku tuwe na shukrani.

(English)

O God of all creation
Bless this our land and nation.
Justice be our shield and defender
May we dwell in unity
Peace and liberty
Plenty be found within our borders.

Let one and all arise
With hearts both strong and true.
Service be our earnest endeavour,
And our homeland of Kenya
Heritage of splendour,
Firm may we stand to defend.

Let all with one accord
In common bond united,
Build this our nation together
And the glory of Kenya
The fruit of our labour
Fill every heart with thanksgiving.



EAST AFRICAN COMMUNITY ANTHEM

**Ee Mungu twaomba uilinde
Jumuiya Afrika Mashariki
Tuwezeshe kuishi kwa amani
Tutimize na malengo yetu.**

***Jumuiya Yetu sote tuilinde
Tuwajibike tuimarike
Umoja wetu ni nguzo yetu
Idumu Jumuiya yetu.***

**Uzalendo pia mshikamano
Viwe msingi wa Umoja wetu
Na tulinde Uhuru na Amani
Mila zetu na desturi zetu.**

**Viwandani na hata mashambani
Tufanye kazi sote kwa makini
Tujitoe kwa hali na mali
Tuijenge Jumuiya bora**

JUMUIYA YA AFRIKA MASHARIKI

TABLE OF CONTENTS

NATIONAL ANTHEM	i
EAST AFRICAN COMMUNITY ANTHEM	ii
TABLE OF CONTENTS	iii
LIST OF FIGURES	iv
LIST OF TABLES	v
THE NATIONAL VALUES AND PRINCIPLES OF GOVERNANCE	x
PREFACE.....	xi
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	xiv
CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND.....	1
CHAPTER TWO: PROGRESS ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE 2020 COMMITMENTS	8
CHAPTER THREE: MEASURES TAKEN IN THE REALIZATION OF NATIONAL VALUES AND PRINCIPLES OF GOVERNANCE	105
CHAPTER FOUR: PROGRESS ACHIEVED IN THE REALISATION OF NATIONAL VALUES AND PRINCIPLES OF GOVERNANCE	252
CHAPTER FIVE: GOVERNMENT COMMITMENTS AND WAY FORWARD	410
LIST OF INSTITUTIONS THAT SUBMITTED REPORTS	414
INSTITUTIONS REPRESENTED AT THE VALIDATION OF THE 2021 ANNUAL PRESIDENT’S REPORT	414

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1: Trend of reporting by public institutions from 2013-2021	4
Figure 2: MDA representatives during the validation forum at KICD, 2022	6
Figure 3: H.E the President at the Coast General Teaching and Referral Hospital Cancer Centre.....	10
Figure 4: Nakuru Governor and Water CS sampling water from a borehole sunk in Naivasha.....	22
Figure 5: Energy CS and REREC Chair launching the Electrification of Public Facilities Project	34
Figure 6: H.E the President flagging off distribution of the COVID-19 vaccines.....	48
Figure 7: Hon. Chief Justice and staff during the opening of Kapenguria Law Courts Complex	131
Figure 8: H.E the President Commissioning the Siaya Bondo Water and Sanitation Project.....	156
Figure 9: H.E the First Lady witnessing signing of an MoU between Beyond Zero and KSG	160
Figure 10: H.E the President inspecting the Guard of Honor during the 8th State of the Nation Address	187
Figure 11: H.E the President visiting a beneficiary of the Last Mile Connectivity Project in Kieni East.....	226
Figure 12: A section of the Nairobi Expressway under construction	234
Figure 13: H.E the President during the 58 th Madaraka Day celebrations in Kisumu City.....	253
Figure 14: CS Sports inspecting the Chuka stadium	270
Figure 15: H.E the President issuing land title deeds to residents of Rabai in Kilifi County.....	287
Figure 16: H.E the President commissioning a KSh.4Billion small arms manufacturing plant in Ruiru	368

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1: Expenditure on COVID-19 mitigation by institutions	57
Table 2: Number of face masks procured by institutions	58
Table 3: Sanitizers procured by institutions	58
Table 4: Number of staff and stakeholders vaccinated.....	59
Table 5: Trainings and sensitizations on national values	79
Table 6: Number of trees planted by institutions.....	97
Table 7: Legislations supporting sharing and devolution of power.....	128
Table 8: Bills drafted by Kenya Law Reform Commission	151
Table 9: Legislations relating to the Bill of Rights.....	162
Table 10: Legislations relating to Good Governance	189
Table 11: Bills considered and passed by Senate.	255
Table 12: National Assembly processed the following legislations	256
Table 13: Students admitted to learning institutions	277
Table 14: Institutions that promoted Buy Kenya Build Kenya policy	278
Table 15: Value of tenders awarded by MDAs under AGPO	298
Table 16: PPR vaccine distribution	310
Table 17: Attachments and internships offered by MDAs	316
Table 18: Dams constructed by ENNDA	324
Table 19: Bills and motions considered by the Senate	340
Table 20: The complaints handled by OAG&DoJ.....	344
Table 21: Audit opinions by OAG.....	349
Table 22: Number of staff sanctioned by KRA	351
Table 23: Services automated by KRA.....	352
Table 24: Disciplinary action by Murang'a University	360
Table 26: Disbursement of road development funds	384
Table 27: Students placement in learning institutions by KUCCPS	395
Table 28: Implementation matrix for the commitments and way forward	413



LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

ACA	Anti-Counterfeit Authority
ADC	Agricultural Development Corporation
ADR	Alternative Dispute Resolution
AFA	Agriculture and Food Authority
AGPO	Access to Government Procurement Opportunities
AMREF	African Medical and Research Foundation
ASAL	Arid and Semi-Arid Land
BRS	Business Registration Service
CACCOC	County Anti-Corruption Civilians' Oversight Committees
CAJ	Commission on Administrative Justice
CAK	Competition Authority of Kenya
CBC	Competence Based Curriculum
CBET	Competency Based Education Training
CBK	Central Bank of Kenya
CCTV	Closed-Circuit Television
CEMASTEIA	Centre for Mathematics, Science and Technology Education in Africa
CIDP	County Integrated Development Plan
CIMES	County Integrated Monitoring and Evaluation System
CMA	Capital Markets Authority
COVID-19	Corona Virus Disease 2019
CRA	Commission on Revenue Allocation
DCI	Directorate of Criminal Investigation
DNC&V	Directorate of National Cohesion and Values
EACC	Ethics and Anti-Corruption Commission
EIA	Environment Impact Assessment
ENNDA	Ewaso Ng'iro North River Basin Development Authority
EPRA	Energy and Petroleum Regulatory Authority
ERP	Enterprise Resource Planning
ESD	Education for Sustainable Development
ESG	Environmental, Social and Governance
FGM	Female Genital Mutilation
HELB	Higher Education Loans Board
IAO	Integrity Assurance Officers
ICPAK	Institute of Certified Public Accountants of Kenya
ICT	Information Communication Technology
IEBC	Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission
IEC	Information, Education Communication
IFMIS	Integrated Financial Management Information System
IGRTC	Intergovernmental Relations Technical Committee
ISC	Inspectorate of State Corporations

JKUAT	Jomo Kenyatta University of Agriculture and Technology
JOUST	Jaramogi Oginga Odinga University of Science and Technology
JSC	Judicial Service Commission
KAGRC	Kenya Animal Genetic Resources Centre
KALRO	Kenya Agricultural and Livestock Research Organization
KASNEB	Kenya Accountants and Secretaries National Examinations Board
KBC	Kenya Broadcasting Corporation
KCAA	Kenya Civil Aviation Authority
KDF	Kenya Defence Forces
KDSP	Kenya Devolution Support Programme
KEBS	Kenya Bureau of Standards
KECOBO	Kenya Copyright Board
KEMSA	Kenya Medical Supplies Authority
KENAS	Kenya Accreditation Service
KenGen	Kenya Electricity Generating Company Limited
KeNHA	Kenya National Highways Authority
KeNIA	Kenya National Innovation Agency
KEPHIS	Kenya Plant Health Inspectorate Service
KEPROBA	Kenya Export Promotion and Branding Agency
KeRRA	Kenya Rural Roads Authority
KESAL	Kenya School of Adventure and Leadership
KETRACO	Kenya Electricity Transmission Company Limited
KEVEVAPI	Kenya Veterinary Vaccines Production Institute
KFCB	Kenya Film Classification Board
KFS	Kenya Forest Service
KICC	Kenyatta International Convention Centre
KICD	Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development
KIPI	Kenya Industrial Property Institute
KIPPRA	Kenya Institute for Public Policy Research and Analysis
KIRDI	Kenya Industrial Research and Development Institute
KLB	Kenya Literature Bureau
KLRC	Kenya Law Reform Commission
KMC	Kenya Meat Commission
KMTC	Kenya Medical Training College
KNBS	Kenya National Bureau of Statistics
KNCHR	Kenya National Commission on Human Rights
KNEC	Kenya National Examinations Council
KPA	Kenya Ports Authority
KPCU	Kenya Planters Co-operative Union Ltd
KPLC	Kenya Power and Lighting Company Limited
KRA	Kenya Revenue Authority
KRB	Kenya Roads Board
KSG	Kenya School of Government

KTB	Kenya Tourism Board
KUCCPS	Kenya Universities and Colleges Central Placement Service
KURA	Kenya Urban Roads Authority
KWS	Kenya Wildlife Service
KYEOP	Kenya Youth Employment Opportunities Project
LAPSSET	Lamu Port-South Sudan-Ethiopia Transport
MDAs	Ministries, Departments and Agencies
MOH	Ministry of Health
MOU	Memorandum of Understanding
MSEA	Micro and Small Enterprises Authority
MSME	Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises
MTRH	Moi Teaching and Referral Hospital
NACADA	National Authority for the Campaign against Alcohol and Drug Abuse
NACC	National AIDS Control Council
NACCSC	National Anti-Corruption Campaign Steering Committee
NACOSTI	National Commission for Science, Technology and Innovation
NCIA	Nairobi Centre for International Arbitration
NCIC	National Cohesion and Integration Commission
NCPB	National Cereals and Produce Board
NCPWD	National Council for Persons with Disabilities
NDMA	National Drought Management Authority
NEMA	National Environment Management Authority
NG-CDF	National Government Constituencies Development Fund
NGAAF	National Government Affirmative Action Fund
NGAO	National Government Administrative Officers
NGEC	National Gender and Equality Commission
NHIF	National Hospital Insurance Fund
NIA	National Irrigation Authority
NITA	National Industrial Training Authority
NMS	Nairobi Metropolitan Service
NOFBI	National Optic Fibre Broadband Infrastructure
NPS	National Police Service
NRB	National Registration Bureau
NSSF	National Social Security Fund
NTSA	National Transport and Safety Authority
NWWDA	Northern Water Works Development Agency
NYS	National Youth Service
OAG	Office of the Auditor General
ODPP	Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions
OVC	Orphans and Vulnerable Children
PCPB	Pest Control Products Board
PPB	Pharmacy and Poisons Board
PPE	Personal Protective Equipment

PPP	Public Private Partnership
PSC	Public Service Commission
PWD	Persons with Disabilities
PWSD	Persons with Severe Disabilities
RBA	Retirement Benefits Authority
REREC	Rural Electrification and Renewable Energy Corporation
RRI	Rapid Results Initiative
SACCO	Savings and Credit Co-operative Society
SAGAs	Semi-Autonomous Government Agencies
SASRA	Sacco Societies Regulatory Authority
SCAC	State Corporations Advisory Committee
SDGs	Sustainable Development Goals
SLO&DoJ	State Law Office and Department of Justice
SME	Small and Medium Enterprise
SRC	Salaries and Remuneration Commission
ST&I	Science, Technology and Innovation
TRA	Tourism Regulatory Authority
TSC	Teachers Service Commission
TUK	Technical University of Kenya
TVET	Technical and Vocational Education Training
TVETA	Technical and Vocational Education Training Authority
TWWDA	Tana Water Works Development Agency
UFAA	Unclaimed Financial Assets Authority
UHC	Universal Health Coverage
UNESCO	United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization
VAT	Value Added Tax
WASREB	Water Services Regulatory Board
WRA	Water Resource Authority
WSP	Water Service Providers
WSTF	Water Sector Trust Fund
YEDF	Youth Enterprise Development Fund

THE NATIONAL VALUES AND PRINCIPLES OF GOVERNANCE

The National Values and Principles of Governance under **Article 10(2)** are:

- (a) patriotism, national unity, sharing and devolution of power, the rule of law, democracy and participation of the people;
- (b) human dignity, equity, social justice, inclusiveness, equality, human rights, non-discrimination and protection of the marginalised;
- (c) good governance, integrity, transparency and accountability; and
- (d) sustainable development.



PREFACE

Article 4(2) of the Constitution provides that the Republic of Kenya shall be a multi party democratic State founded on National Values and Principles of Governance. Further, **Article 132(1)(c)(i)** and **(ii)** requires that deliberate measures be taken each year to facilitate the realization of National Values and Principles of Governance.

Mainstreaming and promotion of National Values and Principles of Governance in fulfilment of the provisions of the Constitution remain key priorities of Government. In this regard, Government programmes, projects and activities continue to be formulated and implemented in adherence to the national values and principles of governance.

In the last two years, the COVID-19 pandemic has had adverse effects on world economies and Kenya was not spared. During the reporting period, Government embarked on vaccination of our population against the pandemic; local manufacture of PPEs, ventilators and oxygen. Further, we significantly enhanced equipment in our health facilities as well as specialized services for critical care patients.

To cement the palce of Kenya as a regional leader in manufacturing, I witnessed the signing of a memorandum of understanding between Kenya and Moderna Inc to establish the first mRNA vaccine manufacturing facility in Africa. The state-of-the-art mRNA vaccine facility is expected to produce up to 500 million doses of vaccines each year which is the biggest milestone of our country since the onset of COVID-19.

This annual Report provides an opportunity for assessment of the status of realization of the following constitutional provisions:

- i. **Article 4(2)** provides that the Republic of Kenya shall be a multi-party democratic state founded on the National Values and Principles of Governance.

- ii. **Article 10(1)** provides that National Values and Principles of Governance bind all state organs, state officers, public officers and all persons whenever they: apply or interpret the Constitution; enact, apply or interpret any law; or make, or implement public policy decisions.
- iii. **Article 10(2)** outlines the National Values and Principles of Governance, which include: (a) patriotism, national unity, sharing and devolution of power, the rule of law, democracy and participation of the people; (b) human dignity, equity, social justice, inclusiveness, equality, human rights, non-discrimination and protection of the marginalized; (c) good governance, integrity, transparency and accountability; and (d) sustainable development.
- iv. **Article 174** provides the objects of devolution which are anchored on National Values and Principles of Governance outlined in **Article 10**; and
- v. **Article 132(1)(c)(i)** and **(ii)** requires the President to once every year report in an address to the nation on all measures taken and progress achieved in the realisation of National Values and Principles of Governance and to publish in the *Gazette* details of the measures and progress.

The 9th Annual President's Report on Measures Taken and Progress Achieved in the Realisation of National Values and Principles of Governance fulfils the obligation under **Article 132(1)(c)(i)** by:

- i. Outlining the progress made by Ministries, Departments and Agencies (MDAs) in implementing the commitments and way forward contained in the 2020 Report;
- ii. Outlining the measures taken to promote National Values and Principles of Governance in **2021**;
- iii. Highlighting the progress achieved in **2021** in the realisation of National Values and Principles of Governance; and
- iv. Providing the commitments and way forward for MDAs to further entrench and promote National Values and Principles of Governance.

I wish to acknowledge and appreciate public institutions for mainstreaming the provisions of **Article 10** of the Constitution in the delivery of public services. I recognize and express special gratitude to the Directorate of National Cohesion and Values for coordinating the preparation of the annual Report on National Values and Principles of Governance since 2014.

H.E. HON. UHURU KENYATTA, C.G.H.

*President of the Republic of Kenya and Commander-in-Chief of the
Defence Forces*

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The 2021 Annual President’s Report on the measures taken and progress achieved by the Government in the promotion of national values and principles of governance is presented in 5 chapters. The measures and progress include key projects, programmes, activities, policies, legislation and administrative actions undertaken by MDAs in compliance with **Article 10** of the Constitution.

Chapter One presents the introduction and background to the Report preparation process and highlights the constitutional foundations for national values reporting. The Chapter outlines actions undertaken by the State Department for Interior and Citizen Services, through the Directorate of National Cohesion and Values, in mainstreaming national values and principles of governance in the public service.

Chapter Two presents the progress made by MDAs in implementing the Government commitments and way forward contained in the 2020 Annual Report on Measures Taken and Progress Achieved in the Realisation of National Values and Principles of Governance.

Under the Big 4 Agenda, H.E. the President undertook various measures including unveiling the first public Integrated Molecular Imaging Centre at Kenyatta University Teaching, Referral and Research Hospital with a 100 bed capacity. H.E. the President commissioned a KSh.4Billion gun manufacturing plant in Ruiru, Kiambu County to support the manufacturing agenda. On affordable housing, the State Department for Housing and Urban Development constructed 1,462 housing units across the country. To support food and nutrition security, the National Treasury allocated KSh.60Billion to various programmes and projects including the National Agricultural and Rural Inclusivity Project; Small Scale Irrigation and Value Addition Project and the Kenya Cereal Enhancement Programme.



MDAs continued to implement measures to curb the COVID-19 pandemic in line with the Ministry of Health guidelines and protocols including purchasing sanitisers, face masks and vaccination of staff. During this period, H.E. the President received a donation of USD11Million from Global Partnership for Education Initiative to support the Ministry of Education COVID-19 return to school strategy.

MDAs continued to leverage on the use of ICT and other innovations to improve public service delivery, enhance the fight against corruption and observance of the rule of law. MDAs also continued to promote adherence to provisions of **Article 10** of the constitution, implement measures to protect the environment and inclusivity in the public service.

Chapter Three presents the measures undertaken by public institutions in the realisation of national values and principles of governance. To enhance national identity and exercise of sovereign power, H.E. the President bestowed national honours and awards on heroes and heroines for exemplary conduct and service to the nation. Further, H.E. the President witnessed the signing of agreements on agriculture, public service, foreign affairs, trade, sports and culture between Kenya and Burundi.

To entrench sharing and devolution of power, H.E. the President conferred city status on Nakuru municipality making it Kenya's fourth city after Nairobi, Mombasa and Kisumu. In addition, H.E. the President addressed the 7th Annual Devolution Conference at Makueni County focusing on Multi-Level Governance for Climate Action.

To protect the Bill of Rights, H.E. the First Lady, through the Beyond Zero Initiative, conducted medical mobile safaris in various counties to offer free medical services to vulnerable groups. In addition, H.E. the First Lady conducted a free national fistula camp at Kenyatta National Hospital to commemorate the International Day to End Obstetric Fistula.

To promote good governance, H.E. the President unveiled a Digital Land Information Management System dubbed *Ardhisasa* to enhance digitization of land records. The Office of the Attorney General and Department of

Justice (OAG&DoJ) through the Assets Recovery Agency instituted investigations on KSh.3.3Billion worth of proceeds of crime, preserved assets under forfeiture proceedings worth KSh.1Billion and seized assets worth KSh.192Million.

To promote sustainable development, H.E. the President commissioned a last mile connectivity project at Kimahuri village in Kieni East projected to connect 216 households to the national electricity grid. Further, H.E. the President launched the 2020-2024 Youth Enterprise Development Fund (YEDF) strategic plan aimed at raising the revolving fund from KSh.4.5Billion to KSh.5.5Billion.

Chapter Four documents the progress made by reporting institutions in the realisation of National Values and Principles of Governance. To promote sharing and devolution of power, H.E. the President signed into law the 2021/2022 County Allocation of Revenue Bill, 2021 to facilitate fiscal capacity of county governments. Separately, the Cabinet approved the Division of Revenue Bill, 2021; the County Allocation of Revenue Bill, 2021; the Medium-Term Debt Management Strategy, 2021 and the Budget Policy Statement, 2021 to enhance efficient and effective management of revenue at both national and county governments.

To promote the Bill of Rights, H.E. the President flagged off a consignment of emergency relief supplies to 23 arid and semi-arid counties affected by drought. In addition, H.E. the President issued 2,169 land title deeds to residents of Rabai in Kilifi County. H.E. the First Lady offered grants and sponsorships to 1,500 children and youth from Korogocho and neighboring communities.

To enhance national identity and exercise of sovereign power, the Directorate of Immigration Services registered 2,519 nationals for dual citizenship, reinstated citizenship of 390 eligible nationals and granted citizenship to 573 eligible foreigners.

To enhance good governance, EACC completed 23 asset tracing inquiries in respect of illegally acquired and unexplained public property valued at



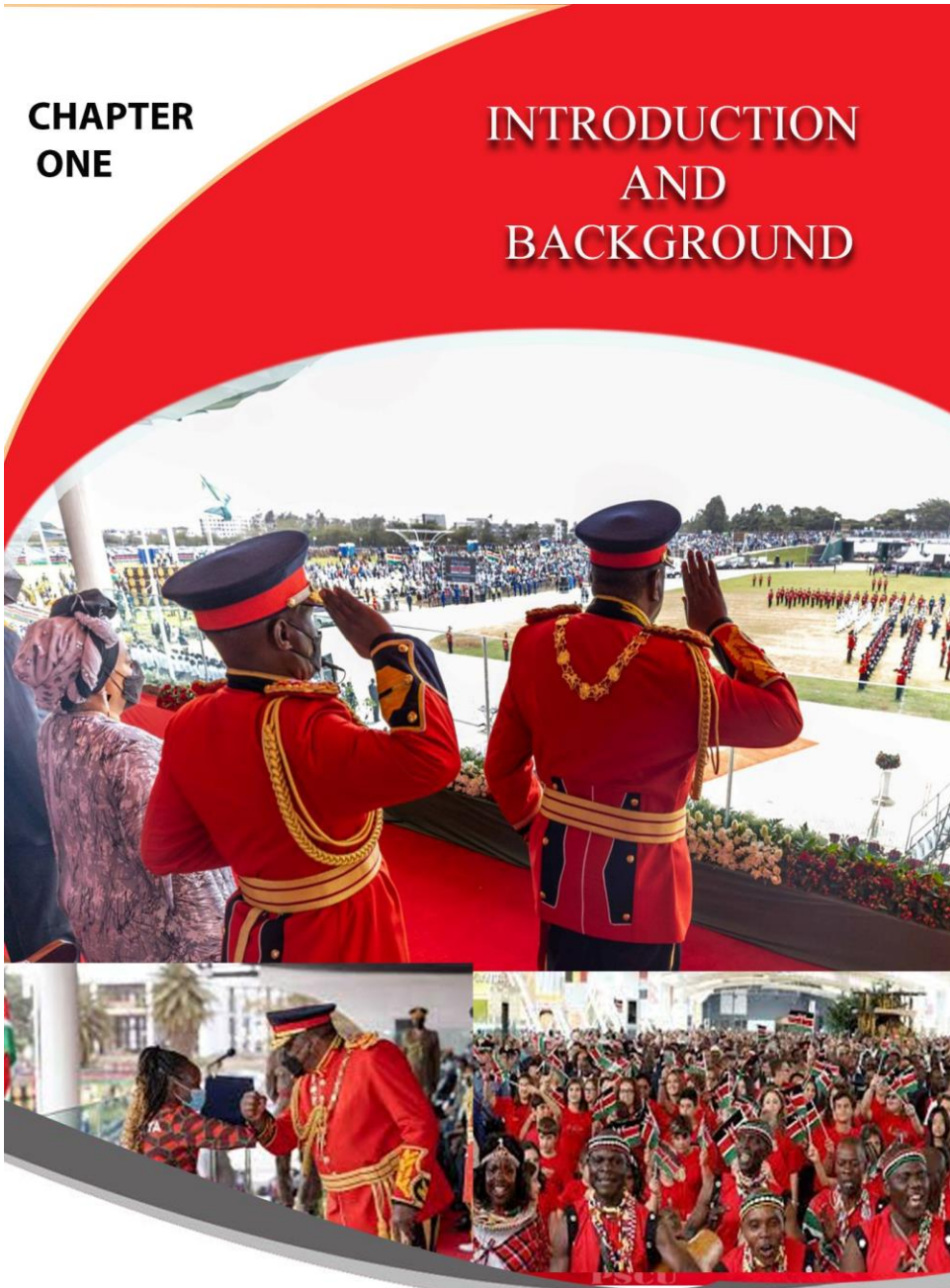
KSh.5Billion and instituted civil proceedings in court for recovery and return to the public. During the reporting period, the Judicial Service Commission (JSC) received and processed 103 complaints and petitions against judges. A total of 87 complaints were concluded while 16 were pending at the end of the reporting period.

To promote sustainable development, State House collaborated with development partners in providing connectivity and digital learning where 300 primary schools were connected to the internet, provided 1,193,758 devices to 21,638 schools and donated 2,040 computers to 200 secondary schools and 1,000 TVETs and university campuses.

Chapter Five highlights Government commitments and strategic actions to be undertaken by MDAs to promote National Values and Principles of Governance in 2022. Public institutions will report on the progress made in implementing these commitments and way forward in the next reporting cycle.

CHAPTER ONE

INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND



CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

1. The preamble of the Constitution expresses pride, by Kenyans, in their ethnic, cultural and religious diversity and their determination to live in peace and unity as one indivisible sovereign nation. Further, the Constitution in the preamble recognizes the aspirations of all Kenyans for a government based on the essential values of human rights, equality, freedom, democracy, social justice and the rule of law.
2. **Article 4(2)** provides that the Republic of Kenya shall be a multi-party democratic state founded on the national values and principles of governance.
3. **Article 10(1)** provides that the national values and principles of governance bind all State organs, State officers, public officers and all persons whenever any of them:
 - a) applies or interprets the Constitution;
 - b) enacts, applies or interprets any law; or
 - c) makes or implements public policy decisions.
4. **Article 10(2)** outlines the National Values and Principles of Governance as follows:
 - a) Patriotism, national unity, sharing and devolution of power, the rule of law, democracy and participation of the people;
 - b) Human dignity, equity, social justice, inclusiveness, equality, human rights, non-discrimination and protection of the marginalized;



- c) Good governance, integrity, transparency and accountability; and
 - d) Sustainable development.
5. **Article 132 (1)(c)(i) and (ii)** requires H.E. the President to once every year, report in an address to the nation, on all the measures taken and the progress achieved in the realisation of the National Values and Principles of Governance, referred to in **Article 10(2)** and publish in the *Gazette* the details of the Report.
6. **Article 174** outlines the objects of devolution which are anchored on the national values and principles of governance provided for under **Article 10**.
7. **Article 232** provides for the values and principles of the public service which apply to all state organs in both levels of Government and all state corporations.
8. **Article 234(h)** requires the Public Service Commission to evaluate and report to the President and Parliament the extent to which the values and principles referred to in **Articles 10** and **232** are complied with in the public service.
9. **Article 249(1)(b)** requires all constitutional commissions and independent offices to secure the observance of democratic values and principles by all state organs.
10. The Sessional Paper No. 8 of 2013 on National Values and Principles of Governance envisages a nation that enjoys a strong national identity, observes and respects the Bill of Rights, has effective representation and leadership of the people, ensures equitable allocation of resources and

opportunities and adheres to the principles of good governance while prioritising sustainable development.

11. This Report presents an analysis of policy, legal and institutional frameworks, key projects, activities and administrative actions undertaken to promote national values and principles of governance in the public sector. The Report further, provides Government commitments and way forward in the promotion of National Values and Principles of Governance.
12. The State Department for Interior and Citizen Services through the Directorate of National Cohesion and Values received **429** reports from public institutions in 2022 compared to **395** in 2021. In addition, the submissions in the 2021 Report exhibited remarkable improvement in quality despite the challenges posed by the COVID-19 pandemic during the reporting period. This improvement may be attributed to the extensive capacity building of institutions through training, advocacy and sensitization on national values and principles of governance undertaken by the Directorate of National Cohesion and Values.

Annual Report Submissions

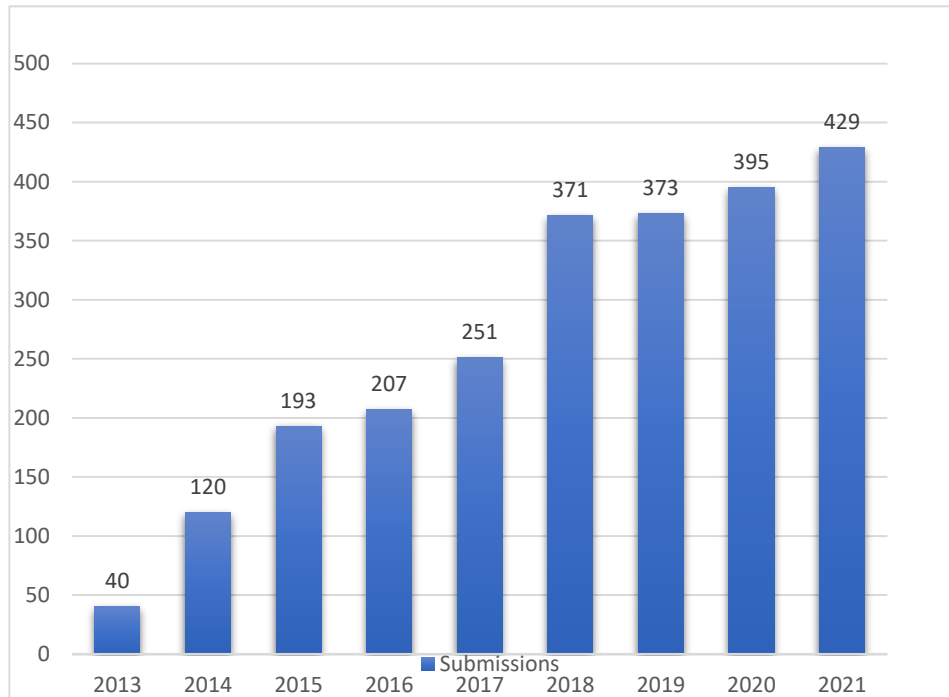


Figure 1: Trend of reporting by public institutions from 2013-2021

Source: MDAs Submissions

13. The Directorate undertook various programmes and activities to facilitate mainstreaming of national values and principles of governance in the public service. During the reporting period, the Directorate:

- (i) trained 116 focal point persons from MDAs on national cohesion, national values and principles of governance bringing the total number of trained focal point persons to 728. These officers are responsible for coordinating the mainstreaming and promotion of national values and principles of governance within their institutions;

- (ii) trained 182 members of national cohesion and values committees from 26 MDAs;
- (iii) sensitized 750 officers from 25 public institutions on national values and principles of governance, including performance contracting targets and reporting; and
- (iv) sensitised 430 members of civil society organisations on National Values and Principles of Governance.

14. The Directorate coordinated the report preparation by:

- (i) briefing and issuing guidelines to Focal Point Persons from MDAs and online launch of the reporting process on 9th December, 2021;
- (ii) receiving reports from MDAs, County Governments, Commissions and Independent Offices;
- (iii) collating and analyzing the reports received and preparing a draft report;
- (iv) conducting a validation forum for the draft report by representatives of MDAs on 4th March, 2022; and
- (v) publishing of the Report at the Government Press.



Figure 2: MDA representatives during the validation forum at KICD, 2022
Source: Directorate of National Cohesion and Values

**CHAPTER
TWO**

**PROGRESS MADE
ON THE IMPLEMENTATION
OF THE 2020 COMMITMENTS**



CHAPTER TWO: PROGRESS ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE 2020 COMMITMENTS

During the reporting period, MDAs were required to implement at least 5 out of 8 commitments in the 2020 Annual President’s Report. The following is an analysis of the status of the implementation of the commitments.

I. Fast-track implementation of programmes, projects and activities for the realization of the “Big Four” Agenda.

15. To facilitate the realization of Universal Healthcare Coverage (UHC), H.E. the President unveiled the first public Integrated Molecular Imaging Centre (IMIC) with a 100 bed capacity at Kenyatta University Teaching, Referral and Research Hospital. The ultramodern medical facility is equipped with state-of-the-art equipment such as Cyclotron, Radiopharmacy, 2 PET/CTS, SPECT/CT and brachytherapy to offer comprehensive cancer management services. In addition, H.E. the President unveiled a new Level 4 military hospital with a 150 bed capacity at Kahawa Garisson.
16. Further, H.E. the President presided over the ground breaking ceremony for the construction of the National Police Service Referral Hospital at Mbagathi. Similarly, H.E. the President presided over the ground-breaking ceremony for the construction of the 700 bed capacity Kenya National Research and Referral Hospital at Kabete Army Barracks. H.E. the President also unveiled the first locally manufactured Malaria Rapid Diagnostic Kit and commissioned the Kenya Malaria Youth Army as part of renewed efforts to end Malaria in Africa.

17. H.E. the President opened Uthiru-Muthua Health Centre in Kabete and Kiamaiko dispensary in Mathare and commissioned Soweto Level 2 Hospital in Embakasi East and Ushirika Level 2 Hospital in Dandora. Further, H. E. the President commissioned Gichagi Level 2 Hospital in Kangemi, Gatina Level 2 in Kawangware, Mukuru kwa Reuben Level 3, Tassia kwa Ndege Level 3 and Our lady of Nazareth in Mukuru kwa Njenga. The 5 hospitals offer 24 hours services to the residents. H.E. the President also commissioned the Kibra Level 3 Hospital in Kibera informal settlements.
18. H.E. the President, at State House Nairobi, witnessed the signing of a Memorandum of Understanding between the Ministry of Health and an Italian Health Firm, Gruppo San Donato on advancing mental health in Kenya. Further, H.E the President unveiled a state-of-the-art regional cancer centre at the Coast General Teaching and Referral Hospital in Mombasa. The centre will cater for cancer patients in the region and beyond, becoming the second public health facility of its type in Kenya after the one at the Kenyatta University Teaching, Referral and Research Hospital.





Figure 3: H.E the President at the Coast General Teaching and Referral Hospital Cancer Centre
Source: PSCU, 2021

19. H.E. the First Lady established the Elimination of Mother to Child Transmission (eMTCT) of HIV and Syphilis National Validation Committee comprising of 23 multi-disciplinary members to accelerate progress in achievement of eMTCT initiatives. In addition, the First Lady through National AIDS Control Council (NACC) coordinated implementation and delivery of Kenya AIDS Strategic Framework II 2021 – 2025 to provide direction towards Kenya free of HIV infection, stigma and AIDS related deaths. H.E. the First Lady also hosted the Beyond Zero Health Summit at State House Nairobi under the theme *Increasing Investment in Primary Healthcare* where 578 nurses and midwives across the 47 counties were rewarded for their contribution in promoting primary health care.

20. H.E. the President issued Executive Order No. 2 of 2021 on the reforms in the coffee and tea sub-sectors. H.E the President also assented to the Coffee Bill, 2021 to refocus the coffee sector and reintroduce safeguards for coffee farmers against market exploitation. In addition, H.E. the President unveiled a USD30Billion United Nations Industrial Development Organisation (UNIDO) project to help stimulate Kenya’s manufacturing sector. Further, H.E. the President commissioned a KSh.4Billion gun manufacturing plant in Ruiru, Kiambu County which will create over 1,200 direct and indirect job opportunities.
21. H.E. the President commissioned a semi-conductor technologies factory at Dedan Kimathi University of Technology for the production of semi-conductor chips for the local and international markets. Similarly, H.E. the President officially opened the Kenya Shipyards Limited for ship building and repair in Kisumu County and commissioned the Mtongwe shipyard in Mombasa County. Further, H.E. the President opened the refurbished Kenya Meat Commission (KMC) Factory in Athi River to revamp the livestock sector and the KMC Landhies Depot to provide high quality meat products.
22. Additionally, H.E. the President unveiled the rebranded 4-K Club with a call to county governments and stakeholders in the agriculture value chain to increase their support for efforts to empower the youth in agribusiness. Similarly, H.E. the President unveiled KSh.10Billion Kenya Marine Fisheries Social Economic Development Project to improve income of fishing communities along the Kenyan coast. The initiative will ensure landing of more than 300,000 metric tonnes of fish annually and in turn create at least 60,000 jobs over the next 10 years.

23. H.E. the President officially opened the Kenya Prisons Service Water Bottling Plant at Prison Staff Training College. The bottling plant produces clean water at a capacity of 10,000 bottles per day. State House in collaboration with the State Department for Housing and Urban Development and Nairobi County Government supported the construction and rehabilitation of Gikomba, Kariokor, Uhuru, Karindini, City Park and Karen markets. Separately, the Office of the Deputy President held 3 consultative forums on agriculture value chain initiatives and prepared 4 advisories on status of TVETs and infrastructure development in the country.
24. The Cabinet considered and approved the Agricultural Policy to address emerging threats of climate change, novel diseases and other challenges of food and nutrition security. The Cabinet also approved the 4-K (Agricultural) Clubs Policy for implementation in schools to foster interest of children in agriculture to usher in a new generation of techno-savvy agricultural players. In addition, the Cabinet considered the National Emergency and Care Policy to enhance universal access to quality emergency medical care as part of the UHC.
25. To enhance the manufacturing sector, the Cabinet considered the National Automobiles Policy to provide opportunities for local entrepreneurs to achieve greater competitiveness in manufacturing of automotive parts; and the Local Content Policy to promote the development of advanced industries through maximization of in-country value addition.
26. The Senate passed the Mental Health (Amendment) Bill No. 28 of 2020 to provide for the prevention of mental illness, care, treatment and rehabilitation of persons with mental illness; to provide for procedures of

admission, treatment and general management of persons with mental illness. In addition, the Senate passed the Community Health Services Bill No. 34 of 2020 to establish a framework for the delivery of community health services; to promote access to primary health care services at the community level and reduce health disparities between counties and to provide for the training and capacity building of the community health workforce.

27. Further, the Senate passed the National Health Insurance Fund (National Assembly) Bill No. 21 of 2021 to establish the National Health Scheme and enhance the mandate and capacity of National Hospital Insurance Fund to deliver Universal Health Coverage. To promote food security, the Senate passed the Mung Beans Bill No. 9 of 2020 to provide for the development, regulation and promotion of the mung bean sector and to encourage use of mung beans as a food security item. The Senate also passed the Coffee Bill No.22 of 2020 to provide for the development and regulation of the coffee industry in Kenya.
28. The National Treasury allocated KSh.20.5Billion to promote local industries. Key allocations included KSh.1.4Billion to Kenya Industry and Entrepreneurship Project, KSh.0.5Billion for development of various SMEs, KSh.0.8Billion for Kenya Youth Empowerment and Opportunities Project and an additional KSh.2Billion for Credit Guarantee Scheme to enhance access to affordable credit by micro, small and medium enterprises. Further, the National Treasury allocated KSh.350Million for development of Special Economic Zones Textile Park in Naivasha, Kenanie Leather Industrial Park and Athi River Textile Hub; KSh.8.3Billion for Dongo Kundu Special Economic Zone;

- KSh.59.2Million for modernization of cooperative cotton ginneries; KSh.130.2Million for the modernization of Rift Valley Textiles (RIVATEX); and KSh.210Million for revitalization of the coffee industry.
29. To promote Universal Health Coverage (UHC), the National Treasury allocated KSh.47.7Billion to the health sector in the FY 2021/2022. The budgetary allocation included: KSh.7.2 Billion for Managed Equipment Services; KSh.4.1Billion for free maternity health care; KSh.1.9Billion to provide medical cover for the elderly and severely disabled; KSh.8.8Billion for the Kenya COVID-19 Emergency and Response Project; KSh.15.3Billion to Kenyatta National Hospital; and KSh.11.4Billion to Moi Teaching & Referral Hospital.
30. The National Treasury also allocated KSh.7.3Billion to Kenya Medical Training Colleges; KSh.2.8Billion to Kenya Medical Research Institute; KSh.1.3Billion for the construction of Kenya National Hospital Burns and Pediatrics Centre; KSh.450Million for procurement of cyberknife radiotherapy equipment; and KSh.350Million for the establishment of two cancer centres in Meru and Kakamega and KSh.11.4Billion for addressing and lowering cases of HIV, malaria and tuberculosis.
31. The National Treasury allocated KSh.60Billion to support food and nutrition security. The allocations included: KSh.7.0Billion to the National Agricultural and Rural Inclusivity Project; KSh.1.5 Billion to Small Scale Irrigation and Value Addition Project; KSh.2.7Billion to Kenya Cereal Enhancement Programme; KSh.1.8Billion for the Emergency Locusts Response and KSh.1.5Billion for National Value Chain Support Project.
32. Further, the National Treasury allocated KSh.620.0Million to the Food Security and Crop Diversification Project; KSh.3.1Billion for free disease

- holding ground in Lamu; KSh.10.7Billion to increase agricultural productivity and enhance resilience to climate change risks in targeted smallholder farming and pastoral communities; KSh.529.5Million for insurance scheme for livestock and crops; KSh.3.2Billion for the Aquaculture Business Development Project; KSh.3.4Billion for the Kenya Marine Fisheries and Socio-Economic Development Project; KSh.2.1Billion for construction of Liwatoni Fishing Complex; and KSh.1.0Billion for construction of a fish processing plant in Lamu.
33. The National Treasury also allocated funds to support affordable housing programmes as follows: KSh.3.5Billion to operationalize the Kenya Mortgage and Refinance Company (KMRC); KSh.8Billion to Kenya Affordable Housing Finance Project; KSh.3.3Billion to Kenya Informal Settlement Improvement Project – Phase II; KSh.500Million towards construction of social housing units; KSh.750Million for the housing units for National Police and Kenya Prisons; and KSh.1Billion for construction of markets.
34. Kenya Revenue Authority (KRA) paid a VAT refund of KSh.10Billion to taxpayers in the manufacturing sector and enhanced the iTax System to accept preferential tax rates for qualifying taxpayers engaged in development of low cost housing. In addition, KRA implemented tax exemptions to persons engaged in manufacturing business whose cumulative investment from 2017 to 2021 is at least KSh.10Billion. Separately, Kenya Development Corporation (KDC) disbursed KSh.1.3Billion toward investment in the manufacturing sector.
35. Capital Markets Authority (CMA) developed the draft Collective Investment Scheme Regulations and Alternative Investment Funds

Regulations to provide for the orderly growth of over KSh.130Billion asset under management industry to enable developers to pool funds to support affordable housing and manufacturing.

36. The Authority also reviewed the current policy framework on public offers, listings and disclosure regulation to facilitate market deepening on the capital market enabling entities. The review provides an opportunity for investment in the proposed Kenya Mortgage Refinance 10 billion bond. In addition, the Authority granted approval to Crown Paints Kenya PLC to undertake a rights issue to raise KSh.712Million by issuing and listing 71,181,000 new ordinary shares on the Nairobi Security Exchange.
37. To support affordable housing, CMA reviewed the policy and legal framework for Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) to spur uptake of real estates investment trusts. Further, the Authority advocated for the introduction of VAT exemption through the Finance Act, 2021 by proposing amendment to the VAT Act to exempt the transfer of assets and other transactions into REITs and assets backed securities. In addition, the Authority approved the issuance of a secured KSh.3.9Billion medium term note for Urban Housing Renewal Development Limited.
38. Further, to support food security and manufacturing, CMA made proposals for amendments to harmonize the Commodities Sector Policy with the Capital Markets Act and Capital Markets (Commodity markets) Regulations, 2021. This resulted in the harmonization of the Senate Coffee Bill, 2021 with the Capital Markets Act. In addition, the Warehouse Receipt System Regulations were finalized and *gazetted* in January, 2021. The regulations operationalised the Warehouse Receipt System Act, 2019

providing a framework for the establishment and deployment of Warehouse Receipt System in Kenya.

39. In addition, the Authority granted licenses to 5 coffee brokers, to carry out the role of coffee brokerage services at the Nairobi Coffee Exchange with effect from July, 2021. Meru County Coffee Marketing Agency Limited was granted a full coffee broker licence whereas Kipkelion Brokerage Company Limited, Mt. Elgon Coffee Marketing Agency Limited and United Eastern Kenya Coffee Marketing Company Limited were granted conditional licences.
40. To inform policy on post-COVID-19 economic recovery for subsistence farming in the country, KIPPRA published a policy monitor article titled *Role of the Agriculture Sector in Supporting a Sustainable Economic Recovery: Focus on Subsistence Farming*. This was aimed at guiding public policy on increasing and improving financial accessibility to farmers and investments in agricultural research and curbing exploitation of farmers. Further, to inform policy on building more resilient and sustainable food systems in the COVID-19 era and beyond, KIPPRA also published a policy monitor article on *Developing Resilient and Sustainable Food Systems in the COVID-19 Era and Beyond*. The article aimed at evaluating opportunities available to nurture food systems which are capable of tackling the existing and emerging challenges and coordinate actions for resilient and sustainable food systems in the country.
41. To inform policy discussion on the use of Science, Technology and Innovation (ST&I) in enhancing delivery of the Big 4 development agenda, KIPPRA convened the 4th KIPPRA Regional Annual Conference themed *Science, Technology, and Innovation in Enhancing Delivery of the Big 4*

Development Agenda. The conference examined the human resource development relevant for ST&I; assessed the infrastructure and related policies to support ST&I; evaluated the innovation system; investigated the institutional system and economic incentives to promote ST&I and determined the role of ST&I in building resilience in economic crises in Kenya.

42. Retirement Benefits Authority (RBA) established a Post-Retirement Pension Benefit Medical Fund (PRMF) for the retirees. In addition, 8 pension schemes adopted the PRMF as at the end of 2021 and over 50 schemes are in the process of amending their trust deeds to allow for the Post-Retirement Medical Scheme. Separately, Commodities Fund disbursed KSh.46Million towards financing of coffee projects, KSh.11.8Million for coconut projects and KSh.300Million for sugarcane projects.
43. The Ministry of Defense, KMC and Kenya Red Cross signed an MoU to alleviate hunger by buying off cattle from farmers and distributing meat products to drought affected families. The Ministry also collaborated with the Ministry of Agriculture in processing food products, distributing emergency food, supplying farm inputs and animal feeds, harnessing productive lands in hardship and conflict zones and producing variety of ready-to-eat nutritious meal rations and marketing of KMC products.
44. The Ministry through KMC increased slaughter capacity from an average of 8 to 300 cattle per day and increased canned corned beef production capacity. The Commission also realized KSh.1.4Billion in revenue in the year under review. In addition, the Ministry of Defence realized an increase of maize production by the Kenya Ordnance Factories Corporation (KOFC)

from 27,096 bags in 2020 to 29,066 bags in 2021 and constructed a 3,000-tonne storage facility. KDF food processing factory also increased production of dehydrated vegetables from 43,618 Kgs in 2020 worth KSh.27.8Million to 94,062 Kgs worth KSh.85.9Million in 2021.

45. Further, the Ministry in collaboration with State Department for Housing and Urban Development allocated 10% of housing units under the Affordable Housing Programme to KDF on owner occupier basis. In addition, the Ministry is constructing 3,059 service personnel accommodation units at Isiolo, Roysambu, Nanyuki, Nyali, Mtongwe, Lanet and Kenyatta Barracks at an estimated cost of KSh.8Billion.
46. The Ministry of Defence implemented the MoU on industrialization and manufacturing with the State Department for Industrialization on securitization of steel, promotion of DEFKITCH, marketing of KOFC farm machinery, Kenya Industrial Research and Development Institute (KIRDI) for leather, KEBS for standardisation and other textile industries.
47. In addition, with an allocation of KSh.1.4Billion; the Ministry completed construction of accommodation facilities at Recruits Training School in Eldoret Phase I and attained 18% of Phase II. The Ministry is also constructing officers' single and simplified accommodation at Kenya Navy, Manda Base which are 94% and 95% complete respectively; Kenya Navy Training Centre, Mtongwe simplified accommodation, 95% complete; service members accommodation at CTS Kabete completed; simplified accommodation block for Defence Forces Fire Service Training School students in Defence Forces Constabulary Kahawa, 30% complete; and construction of grob officers' accommodation at Laikipia Air Base Nanyuki.

48. To support food security, the Ministry of Interior and Coordination of National Government through the Nyanza Regional Commissioner's Office conducted a stakeholders meeting in partnership with the Ministry of Agriculture on reforms in the tea sector in Nyamira and Kisii counties. This led to reduction in interest rate on loans for tea farmers from 21% to 8% and improved the remuneration of tea farmers and payment of tea per kilo from KSh.17 to KSh.20.
49. To advance UHC, the Ministry of Interior through the Nyanza Regional Commissioner's Office coordinated the expansion of health facilities. In addition, the Nyanza Regional Commissioner's Office in collaboration with the MoH conducted 3 anti-malaria campaigns in Kisii, Kisumu and Homa Bay counties and trained 200 NGAO on health sector reforms.
50. To promote Universal Health Coverage, the County Commissioner, Mombasa collaborated with the County Government of Mombasa to register 800 elderly citizens to NHIF to access free health care. The Commissioner also supervised the construction of Dongo Kundu bypass through coordination of security services.
51. Similarly, Meru County Commissioner collaborated with NHIF to sensitize 190 members of the public and registered 312,793 members biometrically. The County Commissioner collaborated with the Aquaculture Business Development Programme to mobilise 6,400 fish farmers who received 158 pond liners, 138 predator nets, 15 motor bikes and 3 laptops. Separately, Kenya Prisons Service initiated construction of a referral hospital at Prisons Staff Training College. The facility will enhance health services to members of staff, their families and the community.

52. The Ministry of Water, Sanitation and Irrigation completed construction of Naivasha Industrial Park Water Supply including drilling and equipping 9 boreholes to supply 9,000m³ per day and developed a sewerage effluent system for the industrial park. Further, the Ministry completed Phase I of Dongo Kundu Water Supply Project which included drilling 3 boreholes with an output of 2,500m³ per day and construction of 3.4km pipeline Phase I and 2.5km for Phase II to serve the Special Economic Zone. The Ministry also completed the Konza Technopolis Complex Water Supply which entailed drilling and equipping 7 boreholes to supply 1,000m³ per day.
53. In addition, the Ministry developed 48,000 acres of irrigation scheme through construction of household water pans, construction of community based smallholder irrigation projects, and expansion of public schemes in Mwea, Ahero and Bura. This contributed to an increase in the average production of rice to 66,000 tonnes and 17,000 tonnes of maize annually benefiting over 108,077 farmers. Further, the Ministry constructed 25,091 household water pans across 47 counties, translating to 28.09 million m³ of storage to irrigate 16,230 acres of land and completed and equipped 26 boreholes benefiting 28 schools that were connected with clean water and 15 acres put under micro irrigation.



Figure 4: Nakuru Governor and Water CS sampling water from a borehole sunk in Naivasha.
Source : Ministry of Water, Sanitation and Irrigation

54. To enhance food security, the Water Resources Authority apportioned and allocated 892 authorizations for 24,174,161.7m³ of water and issued 264 permits for 33,715,863.53m³ of water for irrigation in various projects. Further, the Authority authorized 1,086,456.36m³ of water for livestock use and issued permits for 1,831,716m³ of water for livestock production. The Authority received and processed 11 applications for water permits in the Rift Valley basin and issued 239 authorizations and 87 permits to various clients to abstract water for domestic, agriculture and industrial purposes within the Lake Victoria South catchment area. The Authority approved

- 247 authorizations and undertook water quality assessment in 96 boreholes, 48 community springs and 17 shallow wells to ascertain their quality.
55. To support manufacturing, the Authority issued 44 authorizations for 190,804,845m³ and 66 permits for 2,177,301.65m³ of water. In addition, the Authority issued 9 permits for 77,380m³ of water and 2 authorizations for 29,200m³ for new housing developments. The Authority also issued 398 authorizations for 216,810,722m³ of water for industrial use. The Authority issued 409 permits for 37,087,127.63m³ whereby 1,193,962.45m³ was for livestock use, 2,177,301.65m³ was for industrial use and 33,715,863m³ was for irrigation.
56. Water Sector Trust Fund disbursed KSh.4.4Billion toward various water and sanitation programmes where KSh.54.4Million was disbursed under the Joint Six Programme to implementing partners across 6 counties benefiting approximately 41,712 people. Further, the Fund disbursed KSh.34Million under Water and Livelihood Programme to implementing partners in Turkana West to improve water supply and sanitation. In addition, the Fund disbursed KSh.3.1Billion under the Conditional Liquidity Support Grant, World Bank Funded Programme to support 77 water companies in 45 counties to improve access to water to 300,000 beneficiaries and cushion the companies during COVID-19 crisis.
57. Water Sector Trust Fund through the World Bank Output Based Aid Programme funded 8 water service providers at a cost of KSh.1.1Billion for water and sewerage connections in 6 counties whereby 124,000 people benefited. The Fund through the Ending Drought Emergencies programme released KSh.167Million to 8 counties to implement climate proofed infrastructure projects that have improved access to safe and clean water.

The water projects are 80% complete benefitting 201,745 people. Further, the Fund released KSh.14.6Million to 16 community-led sanitation projects and implementation which are 95% complete, benefitting 80,476 people.

58. In addition, the Fund disbursed KSh.50Million under the Upscaling Basic Sanitation Programme (UBSUP) to 12 Water Service Providers (WSPs) to support the implementation of the household sanitation projects reaching 155,190 people. Separately, Tanathi Water Works Development Agency (TAWWDA) completed construction of the Mavoko drinking water supply project.
59. To support food and nutrition security, Coast Development Authority completed the construction of Mwache Dam which will supply 186,000m³ of water per day to Kwale, Mombasa and Kilifi Counties; initiated on-farm demonstration activities in over 120 farms; established 21km of terraces; and conserved 63 hectares of degraded farmland. In addition, the Authority constructed and completed an earth fill pan with a capacity of 200,000m³, installed and constructed an elevated tank motor powered by solar. Further, the Authority continued to implement the Chakama Small Holder Irrigation Project made possible through the development of smallholder irrigation projects benefitting 218 farmers' cooperatives, 9,000 households and 50,000 livestock.
60. To support the realisation of the Big 4 Agenda, Central Rift Valley Water Works Development Agency drilled, equipped and undertook civil works for boreholes. The Agency also connected 11 health facilities to existing water supplies in Baringo, Nakuru and Nyandarua counties where 4 projects were completed and 6 are ongoing. The Agency continued to

construct the Chemususu Dam Water Supply Project which is 59.45% complete and completed 10 boreholes under the Olkalou Water Supply Programme. The Agency also facilitated drilling of boreholes in 9 hospitals in various counties.

61. National Irrigation Authority constructed 6,607 household water pans countrywide with a storage capacity of 9,257,067m³ with a potential of irrigating 9,257 acres. In addition, the Authority completed construction of Thiba Dam with a capacity of 15.6 million m³ to enable double cropping in Mwea irrigation and increase rice production from 114,000 to 200,000 metric tonnes. The dam is meant to stabilize water supply to the Mwea irrigation scheme and associated expanded areas of Kianugu, Kianyeki and Ndekia to command 25,000 acres and to the Mutithi expansion areas to command 10,000 acres. Further, the dam is expected to supply irrigation water to 1,170 farmers in Kimbithe 120 acres, Rukenya 1,000 acres and Kombo-ini 50 acres and increase jobs from 125,000 to 175,000.
62. Further, National Irrigation Authority completed expansion of the 2,000 acres Lower Sabor Irrigation Project in Tembelio Moiben Constituency benefiting 3,500 persons. The Project is expected to raise KSh.225Million from high value horticultural food crops and employ 3,000 persons directly and 10,000 indirectly. In addition, the Authority completed the expansion of the Lower Kuja Irrigation Development Project with 940 acres, facilitated production of rice and other crops on 2,690 acres and harvested 1,054 tonnes of rice and 205 tonnes for other crops.
63. The Authority also expanded 48 national irrigation projects out of which 17 were completed and 14,304 acres put under irrigation. Further, the Authority expanded the existing irrigation schemes with 7,572 acres and

supply of irrigation water to 50,315 acres across the schemes whereby 6,560 farmers were trained and 5,159 linked to financial credit.

64. Coast Water Works Development Agency constructed 12 solar powered boreholes in marginalized areas of Tana River and Kilifi counties which injected an additional 29,000 litres of clean water per day benefiting 4,500 people. Further, the Agency drilled and equipped 3 new boreholes at Baricho in Kilifi County at a cost of KSh.414Million increasing water supply by an additional 30,000m³ per day benefitting approximately 220,000 people in Kilifi and Mombasa counties. Further, the Agency developed 5 cross county water distribution projects as follows; Jomvu Model Water Project in Mombasa County, Pongwe Borehole Project in Lamu County, Kitsamini Water Project in Kilifi County and Mbela High School Water project in Taita Taveta County at a cost of KSh.29.6Million.
65. Ewaso Ng'iro South Development Authority operationalized the Ewaso Ng'iro Tannery and Leather Factory in Narok with an annual processing capacity of 1.2 million square meters of finished leather, processed 700,000 square meters of finished leather and supported 6 SMEs within the leather cottages. Separately, Ewaso Ng'iro North Basin Development Authority developed water supply system for the Gums and Resins Factory, constructed 2 additional collection centres in Buna and Tarbaj, purchased 8 tonnes of raw material (gums and resins) worth approximately KSh.4.2Million from the local communities and produced 53 litres of frankincense essential oil. The Authority through the Kenya Bureau of Standards (KEBS) conducted quality standardisation of myrrh, frankincense and hagar essential oils.

66. Tana Water Works Development Agency (TWWDA) continued to implement projects to improve water supply and sanitation in 15 health facilities to support UHC at the cost of KSh.101.5Million to benefit 4,320 people upon completion. The projects include drilling and equipping of 6 boreholes at Kiangai Health Centre, Gatunga Model Health Centre, Kiambere Dispensary, Sagana Sub-County Hospital and Makutano Dispensary. The Agency constructed 8 masonry tanks and improved rain water harvesting, laid 6 pipelines from existing water supplies, equipped 1 borehole at Kerugoya Sub-County Hospital, and erected 3 elevated steel water tanks at Gatunga Model Health Centre and Kangungi Dispensary.
67. Further, Tana Water Works Development Agency adopted Rapid Results Initiative (RRI) to expedite 16 water and sanitation projects in Kirinyaga, Tharaka-Nithi, Meru, Mandera, Marsabit, Garissa, Isiolo, Murang'a and Nyeri counties. Out of the 16 projects, 7 were sewerage projects at a cost of KSh.4.3Billion and 9 were water supply projects at a cost of KSh.4.8Billion. The projects will enable 1,184,518 people to access safe and clean water while 316,172 people will access sewerage services on completion. In addition, the Agency facilitated Naromoru, Othaya-Mukurweini, Kirinyaga, Nithi, Mandera, Marsabit and Meru water service providers with 10 exhausters to enhance service delivery. Further the Agency issued 253 water meters to water service providers in Embu and Nyeri counties.
68. Athi Water Works Development Agency completed construction of the following water and sanitation projects: Northern Collector Water Tunnel (NCT) Project; Ndakaini-Kigoro-Gigiri raw and treated water pipelines; relocation of water sewer pipeline along Nairobi Expressway; Ruiru II Dam

- Water Project; Karimenu II Dam Water Project; East Nairobi City Water Distribution Network (Kiambu-Embakasi Pipeline) Project; and the West Nairobi City Water Distribution Network (Kabete-Karen Pipeline) Project.
69. In addition, the Authority completed the Kikuyu Water Supply and Sanitation Project; Kiambu and Ruaka Water Supply and Sanitation Project; Gatundu Urban Water Supply and Sanitation Project; Machakos Water Supply and Sanitation Project; Makutano/Kenol Water Supply and Sanitation Project; Limuru Water and Sanitation Project; Nairobi Peri-Urban and Informal Settlements Water and Sanitation Project; Nairobi Satellite Towns Water Supply Improvement Project- Ruiru Water Supply Project; and construction of sanitation blocks in Nairobi informal settlements.
70. Further, the Authority completed the Nairobi Regeneration Sewer Rehabilitation Project; Gatango Water Supply Project; Ithanga Water supply Project; Integrated Water Master Plan for Murang'a County; Kajiado Rural Water Supply Project; Oloitoktok Water Supply Project; Oloolotikosh Urban Water Study; Matuu Last Mile Connectivity of Water and Sanitation Works; Nairobi Satellite Towns Water Supply Improvement Project; Ongata Rongai/Kiserian Water Supply Project; Sanitation Blocks in Nairobi Informal Settlement and Nairobi Regeneration Sewer Rehabilitation Project.
71. To enhance food security, the State Department for Livestock completed 2 pig multiplication centres and supplied 2,378 breeding piglets to farmers. The State Department also completed construction of a poultry house in Marimanti to operationalize hatchery to supply day-old chicks to farmers and developed feedlot system guidelines to improve productivity of beef

- cattle. Similarly, Kenya Genetic Resources Centre produced and availed 736,499 Artificial Insemination bull semen doses to farmers.
72. The State Department for Crop Development and Agricultural Research implemented interventions to increase maize production from 40 million to 46 million bags, rice from 112,800 to 270,991 metric tonnes and Irish potatoes from 1.2 million to 3.6 million metric tonnes. The State Department also facilitated the production and availability of 1,000MT of basic seeds and 10,000MT of certified potato seed.
73. Kenya Agricultural and Livestock Research Organization (KALRO) distributed 581,938 chicks to farmers for breeding, 283 sahiwal and boran breeding bulls to pastoral communities for improvement of milk and meat production in ASAL areas. In addition, the Organisation screened pesticides for management of fall armyworm and recommended 3 botanical extracts for fall armyworm control to stakeholders. KALRO also carried out an efficacy trial for 26 products and submitted a report to Pest Control Product Board (PCPB) and developed one integrated weed management technology, a biological herbicide “*Kichawi Kill*” that was approved for commercial use against maize and sorghum striga.
74. Further, KALRO developed and disseminated appropriate technologies to reduce food contamination and wastage caused by aflatoxin contamination on maize flour and animal feeds and availed 250 tonnes of aflasafe to the counties. In addition, KALRO developed, tested and disseminated to farmers a low-cost hygrometer that measures relative humidity and temperature in grains.
75. KALRO conducted advanced yield trials for 30 inbred lines with resistance to maize lethal necrosis diseases. This involved field trials to select

promising lines for particular agro ecological zones in the country and registered with KEPHIS for national performance trials and the successful candidates were evaluated for distinctness, uniformity and stability upon which variety release indicators were confirmed. The varieties were submitted to National Variety Release Committee for official release and *gazettement*.

76. Further, KALRO produced and availed planting materials of various crop species and sold to farmers and seed companies for planting and multiplication. The crop planting materials included 2.104 million of tea cuttings, 10.844 million of coffee cuttings, 2,250MT seed cane, 10.67 million of cassava, sweet potatoes vines, coconut, cashew nuts and macadamia. Further, KALRO availed 2,223.4MT of cereals, potatoes, and grain legumes of clean and quality basic seeds to farmers both in the highlands and ASAL areas.
77. To enhance food security, Kenya Veterinary Vaccines Production Institute (KEVEVAPI) produced and distributed to livestock farmers 53.6 million doses of 13 assorted types vaccines including Foot and Mouth Disease, Contagious Bovine Pleuropneumonia, Rift Valley Fever, Peste des Petits Ruminants and New Castle Disease.
78. Kenya Marine and Fisheries Research Institute (KEMFRI) in collaboration with Echo Network Africa Ltd held a sensitization forum with Murongo Women CBO Cage Fish farmers from Mfangano Island, Homa Bay County. Further, KEMFRI trained 400 locals in deep sea fishing and delivered fingerlings for stocking dams in Narok West Sub-County.
79. To support food security through value addition in coffee and coffee products, Agriculture and Food Authority (AFA) held 3 capacity building

stakeholder forums in Embu, Nakuru and Nairobi counties to promote domestic coffee consumption in Kenya. In addition, the Authority through the Coffee Directorate established Kenyatta University Coffee House to promote domestic coffee consumption among the youth. Further, the Authority through the Fibre Crops Directorate procured 7.5MT of hybrid cotton seeds and 30MT of fuzzy cotton seeds for farmers in eastern and central region. The Authority also distributed 37.5MT of fuzzy and hybrid cotton seeds in Kitui, Machakos, Makueni, Embu, Tharaka, Isiolo, Murang'a and Kirinyaga counties.

80. To enhance manufacturing, AFA purchased pesticides for farmers in 20 cotton growing counties. To promote food security, the Authority established nursery seed cane (hot water treated) in 4 sugarcane growing regions of Coast, Nyando, South Nyanza and Western aimed at providing clean seed material to millers and farmers. Further, to promote food safety, the Authority suspended licenses of 4 non-compliant export companies; Keitt Exporters' Ltd, Jamjoy International Ltd, Ruth Growers Ltd and Everest Enterprises Ltd. The Authority also identified 4 community nurseries in Baringo and Nandi counties to participate in tree nut seedlings propagation for macadamia.
81. Tea Board of Kenya approved manufacturing licenses for 3 black tea factories and 1 specialty factory. The Board also issued licenses to 2 tea warehouses and 35 tea traders and packers. In addition, the tea industry exported tea worth KSh.136Billion and sold tea worth KSh.19Billion for domestic consumption.
82. New Kenya Planters Cooperative Union, PLC continued to promote food and nutrition through production of quality coffee by disbursing

KSh.148.9Million to small holder coffee estate farmers and farmers' cooperative societies through the affordable, sustainable and accessible Coffee Cherry Revolving Fund. In addition, the Company received and milled 1,669.80 tonnes of farmers' coffee.

83. Agricultural Finance Corporation registered 1,888,516 clients with a loan portfolio of KSh.9.3Billion and sunk a borehole at Nduluma Coffee Factory in Meru County. Separately, National Cereals and Produce Board purchased 1,414,100*50 kg bags of assorted commodities from farmers across the country. In addition, the Board availed 817,760*50kg bags of assorted fertilizers for maize, paddy, green grams, rice, beans and wheat. Separately, Nyayo Tea Zones Development Corporation processed 23,121,485.5kg of green leaf tea at the Kipchabo Tea Factory, produced 5,178,348.4kg of made tea and completed construction of Gatitu Tea Factory in Kirinyaga County.
84. To improve efficiency and capacity, New Kenya Cooperative Creameries Ltd commissioned the Cleaning in Place System at Nyahururu Factory, Ghee Tin filling Line for Kitale Factory, Mala Production Line at the Eldoret Factory, yoghurt processing tanks at Dandora Factory and, Nyambene Milk Cooling Plant in Meru. The Company also produced 58,523,177 litres of long life milk and 1,350 tonnes of milk powder.
85. To promote food security, Kenya Plant Health Inspectorate Service (KEPHIS) undertook seed certification whereby 4,679 seed samples were tested in Nakuru, Kitale and Plant Quarantine and Biosecurity Station laboratories in Nairobi and conducted field seed inspections in 29,500 Ha of rain fed and irrigated areas. In addition, KEPHIS planted and scored 2,078 post control samples in Embu, Nakuru and Kitale and trained

propagators from the potato empire and high pottech. Further, KEPHIS established service desks in Mombasa, Eldoret and Nakuru *Huduma* centres to assure the quality of agricultural inputs.

86. To support Universal Health Care, the Ministry of Energy conducted an assessment and preparation for designs to electrify health centres in the country and connected 49 health facilities to power. Separately, KenGen completed the construction of a KSh.300Million out-patient block at Naivasha Level 5 Hospital.
87. Kenya Power and Lighting Company allocated KSh.3.686Billion towards stabilisation of the grid by reinforcing transmission and distribution lines and budgeted KSh.4,764Billion to ensure a stable and reliable network and set aside KSh.1.2Billion towards the transformer replacement programme. In addition, KPLC continued to upgrade sub-stations by commissioning Gatakaini, Muirungi, Nkwene, Kahurura, Mtodia, Kaloreni, Kokotoni and Syokimau. The Company is also constructing additional sub-stations in Thika Road, Umoja, Kitengela, Highridge and City Centre in Nairobi.
88. KenGen completed the construction of Geothermal Power Plant Olkaria 1 Unit 6 Project injecting an additional 83MW to the national grid raising KenGen's installed capacity to 1.9GW. In addition, KenGen provided mortgage loans to employees in support of affordable housing whereby 64 employees benefited from mortgage loans amounting to KSh.453 Million.
89. Rural Electrification and Renewable Energy Corporation continued to enhance the realisation of the Big 4 Agenda by electrifying 556 public facilities which included primary schools, health facilities, trading centres/markets and water supply points. The Corporation installed 492 transformers and 5 extension transformers per constituency in the grid areas

where high transmission lines had previously been done. The Corporation also maintained the 1.68kw Solar PV System with 2,000AH battery storage in 345 primary schools under the Primary School Electrification Programme. Further, the Corporation connected 25,175 customers to power during the reporting period.



Figure 5: Energy CS and REREC Chair launching the Electrification of Public Facilities Project
Source: REREC

90. To promote food security, Geothermal Development Company operationalised a semi-commercial grain drier that uses geothermal heat to dry grains. The technology helped in reducing perennial post-harvest losses of cereals. During the period under review, the Company dried 6 tonnes of maize from Wanyororo in Menengai area. Separately, National Oil Corporation of Kenya completed construction of the Geochemical and Petrophysical Laboratory and issued the letter of credit to the bank for the purchase of 122 lab equipment.

91. To promote the realization of Big 4 Agenda, the State Department for Transport completed and commissioned the first berth of Lamu Port and constructed Naivasha inland container depot and associated infrastructure. The State Department acquired 6 Diesel Multiple Units (DMUs) and commissioned an express service from Nairobi Central Railway Station to Jomo Kenyatta International Airport. Further, the State Department completed rehabilitation of Thika-Nanyuki, Nairobi-Kisumu and Longonot-Malaba lines.
92. To promote UHC, the State Department for Public Works continued supervision of the construction of Mathare Nyayo Hospital Project worth KSh.1.2Billion which is 95% complete. The State Department also continued supervision of the construction of East Africa's Kidney Institute (EAKI) Complex at Kenyatta National Hospital grounds, Nairobi worth KSh 1.88 Billion which is 55% complete.
93. Kenya Civil Aviation Authority facilitated 39 members of staff to acquire residential homes at a cost of KSh.217Million and provided medical insurance cover to 754 members of staff and their families at a cost of KSh.155.4Million. The cover was extended to cater for COVID-19 treatment. In addition, KCAA constructed the regional Centre of Aviation Medicine at a cost of KSh.220Million. KCAA also approved and registered 190 drones for use in agriculture and health care sector. Separately, Kenya Shipping Line Limited enabled shipment of 123 Twenty-Foot Equivalent Unit (TEUs) of raw materials and inputs for manufacturing, food production, provision of healthcare products, and supply materials used in construction of housing.

94. To improve Universal Health, the Ministry of Health finalized and approved the Universal Health Care Policy 2020-2030 to ease access to essential quality health services. The Ministry also finalized and approved the implementation of the Kenya Health Financing Strategy 2020-2030 to ensure adequacy, efficiency and fairness in financing of health services.
95. The Ministry continued to offer HIV prevention and care services to 1,253,423 HIV positive clients on ARVs, tested 4,964,180 people for HIV, offered HIV Anti-retroviral Therapy (HAART) to 93% of HIV pregnant women in antenatal and postnatal care, diagnosed and put on treatment 77,777 people with TB. In addition, the Ministry of Health inaugurated the End Malaria Council/Fund Kenya Chapter to advocate for additional resources and distributed 9.7 million mosquito nets in 17 endemic counties.
96. To enhance UHC, Kenya Medical Supplies Authority (KEMSA) supplied UHC commodities worth KSh.827Million to 33 counties and KSh.273Million to 6 National Referral Hospitals namely; National Spinal Injury Referral Hospital, Mathari National Teaching and Referral Hospital, Moi Teaching and Referral Hospital, Kenyatta National Hospital Nairobi, Kenyatta National Hospital Othaya and Kenyatta University Teaching, Referral and Research Hospital.
97. To ensure realization of UHC, Pharmacy and Poisons Board (PPB) evaluated and recommended 53 locally manufactured products for registration. The Board also granted 5 COVID-19 vaccines Emergency-use Authorization, 37 permits application for COVID-19 vaccines were processed for importation of 21,879,470 doses of COVID-19 vaccines. Further, the Board conducted pre-clearance verification of imported

vaccines at JKIA whereby 22,311,052 assorted doses of Astrazeneca, Moderna, Johnson & Johnson and Pfizer were approved.

98. In addition, the Board registered 185 pharmacists and enrolled 668 pharmaceutical technologists, issued 2,511 import permits valued at KSh.8.8Billion for local manufacturers of health products and technologies. Separately, Kenya Medical Research Institute spearheaded the establishment of the Kenya Biovax Institute Limited to enable production of vaccines locally.
99. The National Hospital Insurance Fund continued to support 181,968 indigents under the Health Insurance Subsidy Programme and 42,000 older persons and persons with severe disability. The benefit utilization for inpatient, outpatient and special benefit packages for the period amounted to KSh.3.5Million. During the reporting period, the Insurance Fund registered 1,071,992 principal members whereby 100,313 were from the formal sector and 971,679 from the informal sector.
100. To promote UHC, Kenyatta National Hospital conducted 38,691 specialized surgeries and 5,252 minimally invasive surgeries. The Hospital also reviewed the Strategic Plan 2018-2023 to incorporate; introduction and expansion of specialized services, enhanced and new surgical and medical packages, creation of specialized teams, enhanced new surgical and specialized packages and implementation of clinical service protocols. Further, the Hospital increased revenue from KSh. 4.125Billion in 2014/2015 to KSh7.702 Billion in FY 2020/21. The Hospital also realized a progressive increase in investment in healthcare financing from KSh.9.941Billion in 2014 to KSh.18.581Billion in 2021.

101. The Ministry of Labour improved occupation safety and health standards by carrying out 11,967 examination of hazardous industrial plant and equipment. The Ministry also trained 230 Small Medium Enterprise (SME) in the four sectors of manufacturing, health, food security and housing on early and effective mitigation of hazardous conditions and reduction of accidents and cases of ill health. In addition, the Ministry developed measures for improving 21 identified firms comprising of 2 tea factories, 4 textile and apparel firms and 15 manufacturing SMEs to enhance quality, reduce the cost of production and improve delivery time.
102. To enhance manufacturing, the State Department for Trade and Enterprise Development completed the construction, renovation and operationalisation of 35 Constituency Industrial Development Centres. Separately, Kenya Bureau of Standards developed 78 standards which were reviewed and approved by the National Standards Council. The standards were as follows: 5 in manufacturing (leather and textile), 35 in universal health care and 39 in food security.
103. Kenya Industrial Research and Development Institute (KIRDI) developed the following products: marshmallow extract infused detangler, charcoal shampoo, refractance window dryer prototype, cashew energy bars, seaweed enriched white bread, ceiling panel based on agro waste, building blocks decorticator machine, activated charcoal lemonade drink among others. In addition, the Institute selected 30 MSMEs products to enhance competitiveness and meet standardisation requirements. Further, the Institute promoted manufacturing by offering services to 901 MSMEs through incubation, use of common manufacturing facilities, training and capacity building and laboratory testing.

104. Micro and Small Enterprise Authority (MSEA) registered 2,604 MSEs in the manufacturing sector and 3,021 under Agri-business. The Authority also developed an MSE database to facilitate access to market for local manufacturers and suppliers; and developed an Affordable Housing Construction Programme where 164 MSE benefitted. Separately, Kenya Leather Development Council (KLDC) constructed a Common Effluent Treatment Plant and 4 industrial warehouses for tanneries and leather goods. In addition, the Council installed 65 machines and equipment at Kariokor Common Manufacturing Facility.
105. To protect local manufacturers, Anti-Counterfeit Authority conducted 7,443 inspections which resulted to the seizure of assorted suspected counterfeit goods worth KSh.228.8Million and facilitated forfeiture of counterfeit goods worth KSh.27Million for destruction. In addition, the Authority through the Legal Notice No. 117 and No. 118 gazetted the Anti-Counterfeit Recordation Regulations to enhance surveillance on counterfeit imports from the source thus promoting manufacturing and sale of genuine goods. The Authority also seized assorted counterfeit products such as locks, electronics, sprays and paints that relate to housing sector worth of KSh.3.4Million.
106. To promote food security, Anti-Counterfeit Authority in collaboration with Kenya Plant Health Inspectorate Services (KEPHIS), Directorate of Criminal Investigations (DCI), Kenya Bureau of Standards, Pest Control and Product Board (PCPB) and National Environment Management Authority (NEMA) conducted inspections in food distribution outlets and seized counterfeit food stuff which included tea leaves, maize meal, alcohol and milk products worth KSh.7.4Million.

107. To promote the realization of the Big 4 Agenda, Export Processing Zones Authority (EPZA) constructed 4 large industrial sheds measuring 368,422m². The sheds were allocated to 6 EPZ firms with employment capacity of 3,943 persons and investment worth KSh.1.7Billion. In addition, 8 SMEs sheds were constructed measuring 64,000m² and taken up by 5 EPZ firms with an employment capacity of 210 jobs and an investment of KSh.365Million.
108. The State Department for Housing and Urban Development completed construction of 220 housing units in Embu and 462 housing units in Mavoko. In addition, the State Department completed the construction of 420 housing units in Kakamega Prisons, 60 in Kapenguria Main Prison, 60 in Eldama Ravine Police Station, 60 in Narok Police Station, 60 in Kitui Border Patrol, 60 in Thika Administration Police Station and 60 in rapid deployment units. Further, the State Department refurbished 646 government residential buildings at the cost of KSh.6.2Million.
109. National Housing Corporation borrowed KSh.1.24Billion from Absa Bank for construction of 80 housing units in Nyeri, 84 units in Changanwe Phase III and 160 units in Stoni Athi Sector 2A. In addition, the Corporation produced 2,237 pieces of EPS panels and set aside KSh.150Million for rural and peri-urban housing to enable citizens own decent housing.
110. To promote the affordable housing initiative, Deposit Taking (DT) SACCOs advanced housing loans and provided mortgage facility to members whereby KSh.30.7Billion was disbursed for the purchase of houses and KSh.31.9Billion for purchase of land by members. In addition, SASRA supported the Kenya Mortgage Refinance Company (KMRC) in conducting onsite inspections of participating Saccos in KMRC affordable

housing initiative. The inspections were carried out in 5 DT- SACCOs as follows; Imarika in Kilifi, Tower in Nyandarua, Imarisha in Kericho, Mwalimu and Harambee in Nairobi for the purposes of allowing onward lending by KMRC. Further, SASRA continued to monitor the performance of loans on-lent to SACCOs by KMRC and KSh. 226Million was on-lent by KMRC for onward lending to SACCO members.

111. To promote food security and nutrition, SASRA continued to monitor, analyze and report on credit facilities advanced by SACCOs towards the agricultural sector. During the reporting period DT SACCOs advanced credit facilities amounting to KSh.35.3Billion to sacco members engaged in crop farming, animal production, agricultural supporting services, and agri-business.
112. In addition, SASRA continued to conduct onsite inspections on farmer based DT SACCOs for compliance and responsible lending. During the period under review, the following SACCOs were inspected; Kenya Highlands, Patnas and Simba in Kericho, Capital, Dhabiti, and Golden Pillar in Meru, Nawiri, County and Daima in Embu, Taifa in Kiambu, Muki in Nyandarua, Mudete in Kakamega and K-Pillar in Konoin.
113. SASRA continued to facilitate DT-SACCOs to design appropriate credit facilities towards financing health care among their membership including approving new health care-based loan products. During the reporting period, DT SACCOs advanced credit facilities amounting to KSh.4.3Billion towards health care for members including human health and related services.
114. To support the UHC, National Council for Persons with Disabilities issued sunscreen lotion to 3,800 persons with albinism to enhance protection from

skin cancer. In addition, 1,858 persons with albinism underwent skin cancer screening out of which 24 were diagnosed with skin cancer and placed under treatment.

115. The State Department for Development of the ASALs constructed dispensaries and staff houses under the Kenya Development Response to Displacement Impacts Project (KDRIP) and implemented the resilience, food security and livelihood diversification project to enhance Community Resilience against Drought (ECORAD II). Separately, Women Enterprise Fund awarded loans worth KSh.930.8Million to 3,477 women groups to facilitate participation in agricultural activities and value chain addition.
116. National Environment Management Authority (NEMA) issued 71 licences for high risk projects to support food security (14), affordable housing (38), manufacturing (15) and universal health care (4). The Authority also issued 4,091 licences for medium risk projects to support food security (803), affordable housing (2,001), manufacturing (1,230) and universal health care (57).
117. In addition, the Authority issued 3,754 licences for low risk projects to support food security (20), affordable housing (709) and manufacturing (3,025). In addition, NEMA continued to implement the Integrated Programme to Build Resilience to Climate Change & Adaptive Capacity of Vulnerable Communities in Kenya by completing rehabilitation of Thome Smallholder Irrigation Scheme in Laikipia County. The Scheme covers 9km and provides livelihood to over 400 households.
118. National Drought Management Authority (NDMA) continued to implement the Ending Drought Emergency and Support to Drought Risk Management Action through the Common Programme Framework that

operationalizes the Kenya's Ending Drought Emergencies Strategy. In addition, the Authority continued to operate the Drought Early Warning System in 23 ASAL counties and published 23 county and national drought situation updates to inform response activities.

119. Further, NDMA conducted 2 food security surveys to assess the impact of the climatic seasons to livelihoods; short rain assessment and long rain assessment in ASAL counties and generated 46 county reports, 2 national reports which provided food security situation and identified people that require food assistance and developed medium and long term interventions.
120. To enhance the realisation of the Big 4 Agenda, the State Department for Social Protection and Senior Citizens Affairs coordinated the systematic access of National Safety Net Programme beneficiaries to National Hospital Insurance Fund (NHIF) whereby 223,000 households were enrolled in the government subsidized health insurance managed by NHIF.
121. Business Registration Service registered 142,623 business entities comprising of 93,100 business names, 47,750 private companies, 155 public companies, 193 foreign companies, 588 companies limited by guarantee and 477 limited liability partnerships to support manufacturing.
122. To promote the Big 4 Agenda, the Ministry of Education implemented the National Young Innovators Entrepreneurship Programme at Chandaria Business Innovation and Incubation Centre in Kenyatta University, whereby 700 youth were trained. Separately, the Centre for Mathematics, Science and Technology Education in Africa (CEMASTEAM) trained 1,135 county trainers and 10,655 secondary school teachers on Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics (STEM) on pedagogical content knowledge.

123. The Universities Fund financed health related courses benefiting 3,940 students, housing related courses benefiting 28,770 students, manufacturing related courses benefiting 23,869 students and food security related courses benefiting 29,327 students. Separately, TVET Curriculum Development Assessment and Certification Council (TVET CDACC) developed 26 occupational standards and curricula to support food security, 17 occupational standards and curricula to support manufacturing, 7 occupational standards for affordable housing and 12 occupational standards under universal health care.
124. To promote food security, the University of Eldoret established fish ponds, purchased fish genomics lab equipment and produced 1,000,000 fingerlings. In addition, the University trained farmers and youth drawn from Uasin Gishu on fingerlings production, dairy and aquaculture value chains. Separately, the Technical University of Kenya enrolled 4,782 students to pursue various courses in the Faculty of Applied Sciences and Technology, the Faculty of Engineering Science and Technology.
125. Chuka University constructed a dam with a capacity of 15,000,000 litres to facilitate dry land farming in the university farm and developed 3 new curriculum which comprise of Masters of Science in Animal Breeding & Genomics, Doctor of Philosophy in Medical Parasitology and Masters of Science of Clinical Psychology. Separately, Maseno University trained 52 community members on striga resistant maize breed to promote food security. Technical University of Mombasa constructed hostels with a 1,000 bed capacity in Mabokoni campus.
126. Kisii University in conjunction with Kisii Teaching and Referral Hospital operationalized anatomy, histology and microbiology laboratories for

practicum by students admitted to the Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery programme and other health science related academic programmes. In addition, the University collaborated with the Institute of Primate Research to train 5 academic staff on animal research ethics; laboratory animal care and enhance their skills in undertaking and applying ethical practices to routine laboratory work relating to animal welfare.

127. To support the Big 4 Agenda, South Eastern Kenya University introduced the following new courses: Diploma in Automotive Engineering; Diploma in Agricultural Engineering and Degree course in Bachelor of Science in Medical Laboratory. Separately, Dedan Kimathi University trained over 25 engineers on industrial automation and developed a PhD curriculum in chemistry. Friends College Kaimosi Institute of Research and Technology admitted 360 students to different courses and 81 students specifically to agriculture courses. In addition, the Institute entered into partnership with Colleges and Institutes in Canada (CiCan) to provide equipment that supports the CBET courses in agriculture and food technology. Further, the Institute developed and installed a student's portal at a cost of KSh.3.7Million.
128. To promote food security, Meru National Polytechnic trained 22 local farmers, enrolled 7,385 students in technical courses and 73 trainees enrolled for Curriculum Based Education and Training (CBET). Nyandarua National Polytechnic introduced mushroom farming to support food security and produced 500 concrete fencing posts to support manufacturing. Kenya Coast National Polytechnic enrolled 117 students to pursue certificate and diploma courses in community health and development and graduated 39 students.

129. To promote the realization of the Big 4 Agenda, Shamberere Technical Training Institute enrolled and trained 260 students undertaking general agriculture courses and established a CBET course in culinary arts level 6. The Institute also enrolled an additional 30 students in plumbing course. Separately, St. Joseph Technical Institute for the Deaf, Nyang'oma produced 3,600 chicken broilers and cultivated a 6 acre land for cereals farming to reduce food purchase costs. Wote Technical Training Institute trained 6 trainees on welding and fabrication artisan and 3 trainees on welding and fabrication craft. Bukura Agricultural College produced and sold 60,000 tissue culture seedlings and assorted fruits and produced 94,003 tree seedlings.
130. To promote manufacturing, PC Kinyanjui Technical Training Institute trained 86 diploma students in building technology, 63 diploma students in civil engineering and 151 plumbers in certificate and artisan level. In addition, the Institute trained 41 diploma students in agricultural courses. Separately, Gatanga Technical and Vocational College trained 37 students in plumbing and 33 students in building technology. Kaiboi Technical Training Institute enrolled 104 artisan students to undertake craft certificates in building and construction.
131. Nkabune Technical Training Institute trained 22 students and members of one SME on banana and cassava flour production and preservation. Further, the Institute promoted awareness on non-communicable diseases and mental health. To enhance the realisation of the Big 4 Agenda, Thika Technical Training Institute admitted 48 students for diploma and certificate courses in food and beverage and 43 students for diploma and certificate courses in nutrition and dietetics. Further, the Institute admitted

284 students to pursue courses in building technology, 34 in masonry and 283 in plumbing to promote affordable housing.

132. To facilitate the realisation of the Big 4 Agenda, Sang’alo Technical Training Institute enrolled 353 students in engineering courses. Separately, Karen Technical Training Institute for the Deaf graduated 12 deaf trainees in plumbing pipe fitter grade III through the National Industrial Training Authority. Matili Technical Training Institute enrolled 5,049 students for engineering courses. Bandari Maritime Academy trained 3,795 students in maritime education, maritime transport operations training and logistics courses.

II. Implement the Ministry of Health COVID-19 guidelines and protocols including other sector driven protocols to facilitate continuity in the execution of Government policies, programmes, projects, activities and public services.

133. H.E the President flagged off the countrywide distribution of the COVID-19 vaccines at the Central Vaccine Depot in Kitengela, Kajiado County. Further, H.E. the President held 6 briefs to update the citizenry on the COVID-19 status. H.E. the President and H.E the First Lady led senior government officials and the public in receiving COVID-19 vaccines. H.E. the President announced the roll out of COVID-19 booster doses by the Ministry of Health to eligible Kenyans who had completed the primary vaccination from 1st January, 2022.



Figure 6: H.E the President flagging off distribution of the COVID-19 vaccines
Source: State House

134. The Ministry of Health received 23,279,820 doses of the COVID-19 vaccines and administered partial vaccination to 10,002,184 people, while 5,820,951 were fully vaccinated and 5,280 received the booster vaccines. The Ministry also launched *chanjo*-Kenya e-Platform to capture COVID-19 vaccination data which also generated COVID-19 certificates (*Chanjo-Ke*). In addition, the Public Health Emergency Operation Centre coordinated distribution of 24,283 PPE kits to health care workers in response to the COVID-19 pandemic and established 7,411 isolation beds and 319 ICU beds across the 47 counties. To ensure continuity of public services during the COVID-19 period, the Directorate of National Cohesion and Values conducted virtual training and sensitisations on National Cohesion and National Values and Principles of Governance for 932 officers from MDAs and 430 members of Civil Society Organisations.

135. Pharmacy and Poisons Board administered 2 online professional examinations for registration of pharmacists and enrollment of pharmaceutical technologists. The Board also developed and implemented procedures for Remote Interactive Evaluation of Health Products and Technologies (HPT) manufacturers during COVID-19 related travel restrictions whereby 7 companies were evaluated remotely and complied with current good manufacturing practices.
136. Kenya Medical Supplies Authority (KEMSA) procured health products and technologies including SAR-Cov test kits, infrared thermometers, face masks, surgical 3 ply masks, goggles, face shields, overalls, ventilators, ICU beds, sanitizers, patient monitors, high flow nasal cannula and soaps. The Authority procured the products and technologies through Global Fund at a cost of KSh.446Million, World Bank KSh.663.4Million and Ministry of Health KSh.1.8Billion. Separately, Kenya Coordinating Mechanism (KCM) collaborated with the National COVID-19 Task Force and other key stakeholders to submit requests for funding from Global Fund whereby USD139.2Million was received as grants to support COVID-19 response.
137. Kenyatta National Hospital developed a post-Covid recovery strategy for the hospital focusing on service delivery, employee security and safety and business continuity. The Hospital also implemented the MoH guidelines for management of COVID-19 by implementing: Infection prevention and control measures; Diagnosis and management of COVID-19; Guidance for ending isolation for COVID-19 patient background and established 150 Bed capacity facility for COVID-19 at KNH-Mbagathi.
138. Kenyatta University Teaching Referral and Research Hospital expanded the Intensive Care Unit/High Dependency Unit to take care of COVID-19

patients. In addition, the Hospital in conjunction with the Ministry of Health commissioned a 20-litre liquid oxygen tank to bridge the gap in oxygen requirements which have increased due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

139. The Ministry of Foreign Affairs continued to conduct multilateral and bilateral engagements with foreign states to advocate for vaccine equity and obtain COVID-19 vaccines. Consequently, Kenya received vaccines from the United States of America, United Kingdom, Argentina, India, Germany, Greece and Poland. In addition, the Ministry participated in the Forum on China-Africa Cooperation where China committed to supply 1 billion doses of vaccine to 54 African countries.
140. Ministry of Defence facilitated vaccine administration of 1st dose to 71,134, and 2nd dose to 66,044 and over 2,000 booster shots to both civilian and military personnel. In addition, the Ministry established isolation centres at Kabete and Moi Air Bases and developed an intra-connectivity network for virtual conferences and meetings. Further, the Ministry recruited 4 civilian and 9 military counsellors and trained KDF personnel on counselling as an initiative to advocate for COVID-19 psycho-social support.
141. Kenya Revenue Authority (KRA) undertook cargo clearance through online procedures to minimize the physical contact between clients and custom officers and resolved 499 disputes through Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) virtually. Separately, Retirement Benefits Authority established a management COVID-19 response committee and a COVID-19 fund of KSh.5Million to complement existing medical cover in case of severe COVID-19 complications. The Authority provided PPEs to staff and outsourced service providers at a cost of KSh.2.2Million, organised for

- vaccination of staff and provided Vitamin C and Z supplements worth KSh.102,000 to staff in liaison with the medical cover provider.
142. Capital Markets Authority (CMA) facilitated staff to work virtually. In addition, CMA donated KSh.500,000 towards the construction of the Administrative Police Uhuru camp changing rooms. The facility which is 80% complete will decongest the AP camp and create more space in the wake of the COVID-19 pandemic. Separately, Competition Authority of Kenya facilitated 87 staff with laptops to work from home to ensure non-disruption of service delivery.
143. In line with MOH guidelines on facilitating staff to work from home, KIPPRA initiated development of a work from home policy to ensure effective management of staff while working from home. In addition, the Institute put in place a Virtual Private Network system to allow staff to access KIPPRA networks while in remote locations.
144. The State Department for Transport facilitated vaccinations for staff and families as well as PSV drivers and crew. Similarly, Kenya Airports Authority procured 3 COVID-19 screening robots for JKIA and collaborated with Ministry of Health to set up a temporary pre-arrival terminal at JKIA for COVID-19 rapid and Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR) testing to cater for passenger arriving from high-risk countries.
145. Kenya Civil Aviation Authority (KCAA) published information on regular intervals on quarantine exempted states and approved COVID-19 PCR testing labs and protocol for air travel operations. The Authority conducted regular disinfection of office premises at cost of KSh.1Million. Further, the Authority developed and implemented a Post COVID-19 Recovery Marketing Plan. The Authority also facilitated access to Electronic

Aeronautical Information Package to staff and external clients through an online portal <http://eaip.kcaa.or.ke/> and implemented a cloud adoption framework.

146. Further, the Authority facilitated 439 members of staff to access the COVID-19 vaccination in collaboration with JKIA Port Health. In addition, the Authority continued to provide Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) including 175,000 face masks, 1,900 pairs of hand gloves and 7,500 litres of hand sanitizers valued at KSh.4Million for use while on duty.
147. Independent Policing Oversight Authority undertook 30 thematic inspections in compliance with COVID-19 guidelines in police premises and held 153 virtual meetings. Separately, the Directorate of Immigration Services automated services to enhance social distancing through online passport application, online visa application, online work permits application and online alien card application. The Directorate introduced an elaborate appointment system to restrict the number of applicants and introduced online vetting for border communities.
148. National Authority for the Campaign against Alcohol and Drug Abuse in collaboration with World Health Organisation (WHO) and Tobacco Control Board provided tele-counselling and referral services to 921 clients through the 24-hour toll free helpline (1192). The collaboration was part of the global campaign by the WHO to support people quitting tobacco so as to reduce risks of severe COVID-19.
149. The Ministry of Water, Sanitation and Irrigation in collaboration with other government agencies drilled 193 boreholes and installed water service infrastructure within Nairobi Metropolitan to supply water to informal settlements benefiting a population of 620,000 people and 60 schools.

Separately, to enhance COVID-19 protocols, Water Sector Trust Fund funded COVID-19 projects at a cost of KSh.28Million in 4 counties including installation of handwashing stations and 10,000 litre tanks at local slum areas reaching 119,010 people. Further, the Fund under the Upscaling Basic Sanitation Programme disbursed KSh.4.9Million to Homa Bay Town Water and Sanitation Company to carry out COVID-19 intervention measures reaching 24,681 beneficiaries.

150. Central Rift Valley Water Works Development Agency facilitated the provision of 53 tanks to various schools, hospitals, churches, mosques and market areas to support the fight against COVID-19 pandemic. Similarly, Tana Water Works Development Agency (TWWDA) distributed 20 water storage tanks to schools in Nyeri County and renovated an office block at a cost of KSh.3.7Million to ensure social distancing.
151. To cushion the youth and women against COVID-19 economic hardship, the State Department for Housing and Urban Development continued with economic empowerment under National Hygiene Programme (*Kazi Mtaani*) in selected informal settlements whereby 283,000 youths and women were engaged at a cost of KSh.3Billion in all counties. Separately, the State Department for Development of ASALs promoted rapid recovery from COVID-19 and climate induced shocks in West Pokot and Turkana counties under the cross border programme in partnership with UNDP and NDMA and vaccinated staff members against COVID-19.
152. To implement the COVID-19 guidelines, Energy & Petroleum Regulatory Authority (EPRA) developed online issuance of petroleum and LPG business licences. In addition, the Authority received and processed 16,372 petroleum and LPG business licence applications through an online portal.

In addition, the Authority collaborated and organised with Kenyatta National Hospital (KNH) for mass vaccination for all employees and their dependents. Separately, Kenya Pipeline Company Limited provided sanitizers and surgical face masks to staff members and facilitated vaccination of 1,043 employees.

153. To reduce physical interactions, SASRA rolled out renewal of licences of authorization for Non-Withdrawal Deposit Taking (NWDT) SACCOs via electronic media. A total of 178 licence renewal applications and 169 applications for authorisations for NWDTs were received and processed via emails and other online portals.
154. Further, SASRA conducted virtual training on electronic and online submissions of returns by Saccos and authorisation application procedures and compliance with NWDTs Saccos and also conducted virtual meetings on authorisation with Diaspora Saccos namely KENESA, Stoke UK, and Kenya China. In addition, SASRA rolled out campaigns on masking and sensitisation through the *No Mask No Service* campaign through appropriate posters, provision of masks and vaccination services for staff and clients.
155. ICT Authority facilitated the deployment of 2 tele-conferencing platforms (WebEx and Teams) in 66 ministries, departments and agencies to enable the continuity of Government functions through virtual engagement. Separately, Kenya Marine and Fisheries Research Institute (KEMFRI) facilitated COVID-19 testing and vaccination, and installed handwashing points and automatic thermometers.
156. The Ministry of Education developed COVID-19 regulations, trained 800 education and quality assurance officers and sensitized 10,000 Principals,

Head teachers and teachers on the MoH COVID-19 guidelines. Teachers Service Commission (TSC) facilitated vaccination of staff at the headquarters including 340,000 teachers across the country and introduced night shift to reduce congestion in the offices. Separately, the Commission on Administrative Justice (Office of the Ombudsman) in partnership with the Media Council of Kenya hosted an event to launch the *Access to Information in Kenya: A Journalists Handbook* and held a panel discussion on access to information during the COVID-19 pandemic, good practices and challenges in Kenya.

157. Commission for University Education in partnership with the Ministry of Health offered full vaccination against COVID-19 to 74 members of staff. To minimize person to person interactions the Commission acquired an Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system to be used by universities in submitting programmes to accreditation and held 26 meetings virtually. Separately, Jomo Kenyatta University of Agriculture and Technology (JKUAT) in conjunction with the Ministry of Health developed and hosted a Dashboard for COVID-19 reporting to monitor infections in Kenya.
158. Chuka University manufactured 2,000 litres of hand sanitizers, 6,000 litres hand wash detergents, one hundred 50-litre water jericans and stands, digital thermometers, gloves and masks worth KSh. 2.7Million. Separately, Kenyatta University secured a COVID-19 Africa Rapid Grant Fund of USD100,000 to facilitate investigation on the uptake of COVID-19 preventive measure and anti-severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 antibodies commonness in the Kenyan communities.
159. The University also received a grant of KSh.18.2Million from the National Research Fund to undertake a study titled *Optimizing Parameters for the*

Proper Use of Face Masks to reduce the severity of underlying infections for enhanced tolerance to COVID-19. In addition, Kenyatta University secured USD 200,000 to continue producing the *Tiba Vent* ventilator.

160. Kirinyaga University ensured continuity of learning whilst preventing spread of COVID-19 by implementing a web conference platform to facilitate e-Learning and student-lecturer interaction via video conferencing. Separately, Masinde Muliro University of Science and Technology developed COVID-19 tracking application which has since been adopted by Kakamega County Government and the National Government. In addition, the University established a centre for rapid testing and approximately 30% of the staff were tested, the University also provided quarantine and isolation centres and vaccinated over 50% of the staff.
161. Technical University of Mombasa hosted a vaccination centre in the university which enabled vaccination of students and 90% of staff. The University also hosted a COVID-19 quarantine centre with a 1,500 bed capacity for members of the public. The University in conjunction with the County Government of Mombasa constructed and placed sanitizer booths in different locations in the county and donated food to community members during the pandemic.
162. Sang'alo Technical Training Institute produced 4,358 face masks for sale to students at subsidized price. Separately, Nairobi Technical Training Institute minimized congestion in the library by subscribing to online database for e-library through the Kenya Library Services Consortium and served 8,692 students and staff. The Institute further trained 170 members of staff on setting and administering exams through google classroom.

163. Navakholo Technical and Vocational College partnered with the Navakholo Health Centre to create awareness amongst the college fraternity on COVID-19 control and prevention measures. Separately, Masai Technical Training Institute partnered with Kajiado Teaching and Referral Hospital in administering COVID-19 vaccination to learners and staff. Migori Teachers College facilitated vaccination of 100 members of staff and students.
164. Thika Technical Training Institute facilitated vaccination of 191 members of staff and 181 students against COVID-19, and provided N95 masks. Separately, PC Kinyanjui Technical Training Institute trained 2,552 students online to reduce congestion in the institution and collaborated with the Ministry of Health to vaccinate 427 students.
165. St. Joseph Technical Institute of the Deaf, Nyang’oma organized staff and students sensitization programmes on health, set up 2 isolation rooms and contracted St. Anne Medical Centre to provide medical services.

Table 1: Expenditure on COVID-19 mitigation by institutions

No.	Institutions	Amount (KSh) Spent on COVID-19
1.	Athi Water Works Development Agency	3,874,837
2.	Chuka University	2,705,000
3.	East Africa Portland Cement PLC	644,950
4.	Jaramogi Oginga Odinga Univeristy of Science and Technology	1,088,872
5.	Kenya Civil Aviation Authority	4,000,000
6.	KENGEN	68,000,000
7.	Kenya Electricity Transmission Company Limited	10,000,000
8.	Kenya Power and Lighting Company	1,613,945
9.	Kenyatta University	1,262,346
10	Policy Holders Compesation Fund	173,419

Source: MDAs Reports, 2021

Table 2: Number of face masks procured by institutions

No	Institutions	Quantity of Face Masks Procured
1.	Capital Markets Authority	900 boxes
2.	East Africa Portland Cement PLC	65,000pcs
3.	CEMASTEА	22,000pcs
4.	Competition Authority	1,800pcs
5.	County Commissioner of Machakos	50,000pcs
6.	Gatanga Technical and Vocational College	5pkts
7.	Jaramogi Oginga Odinga Univeristy of Science and Technology	1,000 pcs
8.	KCAA	175,000 Pcs
9.	Kenya Institute of Special Education (KISE)	3,200pcs
10.	Kenya National Commission on Human Right	189 boxes, 3,000 pcs
11.	Kenya National Shipping Line Ltd	2,000 boxes
12.	Kenya Power and Lighting Company	156,250 pcs
13.	Kenya Railways	14,400 packets
14.	Kenya Revenue Authority	18,000pcs
15.	Kenya Roads Board	90,050pcs
16.	Lake Victoria South Water Works Development Agency	2,000 pcs
17.	Michuki Technical Training Institute	2,500 pcs
18.	Ministry of Devolution	5,430pcs
19.	New Kenya Planters Cooperative Union, PLC	43,800 pcs
20.	Nyeri National Polytechnic	841 pcs
21.	Sigalagala National Polytechnic	6,000pcs
22.	State Department for Gender	2,140 pcs
23.	State Department for Livestock	200 bags
24.	State Department for University Education and Research	4,945pcs
25.	Thika Technical Training Institute	400 boxes
26.	TVET CDACC	420 boxes

Source: MDAs Reports, 2021

Table 3: Quantity of Sanitizers procured by institutions

No.	Institution	Quantity Procured	
		Litres	Units
1.	CEMASTEА	80	
2.	Chuka University	2,000	
3.	County Commissioner of Machakos	20,000	
4.	East African Portland Cement PLC	750	
5.	Inspectorate of State Corporations	12	
6.	KCAA	7,500	

7.	Kenya Medical Research Institute	2000	
8.	Kenya National Commission on Human Rights		123 bottles
9.	Kenya National Shipping Line Ltd	150	
10.	Kenya Power and Lighting Company	10,000	
11.	Kenya Railways	17,600	
12.	Kenya Revenue Authority		650 boxes
13.	Kenya Roads Board	40	
14.	Kenyatta University	2,000	
15.	Kisumu National Polytechnic	300	
16.	Kitale National Polytechnic	1,000	
17.	Lake Victoria Water Works Development Agency	500,000	
18.	Ministry of Devolution	604	
19.	Nairobi Technical Training Institute	1,045	
20.	Nyeri National Polytechnic	1,527	
21.	Pwani University	200	
22.	Sigalagala National Polytechnic	2,100	
23.	State Department for Gender	3,880	
24.	State Department for Livestock	120	
25.	State Department for University Education and Research	175	
26.	TVET CDACC	350	
27.	Ugunja Technical and Vocational College	1,000	

Source: MDAs Reports, 2021

Table 4: No. of staff and stakeholders vaccinated against COVID-19

No	Institution	Number/Percentage Vaccinated	
		Number	Percentage (%)
1.	Athi Water Works Development Agency	87	100
2.	Capital Markets Authority	93	
3.	Competition Authority	83	
4.	Friends College Kaimosi Institute of Research and Technology	700	
5.	Inspectorate of State Corporations	38	84%
6.	Jaramogi Oginga Odinga University of Science and Technology	183	
7.	Kamwenja Teachers' College	120	
8.	KASNEB	336	
9.	KCAA	438	
10.	Kenya Ports Authority	8,461	
11.	Kenya Power and Lighting Company	3,000	

12.	Kenya Railways	300	
13.	Kenya Revenue Authority	4,647	
14.	Kenya Roads Board	100	
15.	Kenyatta University	36,559	
16.	Kisii National Polytechnic	206	
17.	Kisii University	438	
18.	Kisumu National Polytechnic	458	
19.	Masai Technical Training Institute	430	
20.	Masai Technical University	430	
21.	Meru University of Science and Technology	500	
22.	Michuki Technical Training Institute	712	
23.	Micro and Small Enterprise Authority	98	
24.	Migori Teachers College	100	
25.	Ministry of Devolution	393	
26.	Nakuru County Commissioner	592,806	
27.	National Irrigation Authority	300	
28.	Navakholo Technical and Vocational College	37	
29.	New Kenya Planters Cooperative Union, PLC	328	
30.	Nyeri National Polytechnic	924	
31.	PC Kinyanjui Technical Training Institute	427	
32.	Sigalagala National polytechnic	250	
33.	State Department for Gender	150	
34.	State Department for Livestock	540	
35.	State Department for Wildlife		90%
36.	Teachers Service Commission	610	
37.	Thika Technical Training Institute	372	
38.	TVET CDACC	66	

Source: MDAs Reports, 2021

III. Leverage on and enhance use of Information and Communications Technology (ICT) and other innovations in service delivery.

166. H.E. the President commissioned Konza Technopolis Development Authority headquarters to accommodate administration and onsite projects. The President also opened Konza national data centre and smart city

facilities to provide reliable infrastructure and business friendly services through superior ICT backbone.

167. To enhance use of ICT, KRA installed 2 smart gates in Busia and Malaba border points to control entry and exit of cargo and implemented the Kilindini Metropolitan Network Project to enhance seamless cargo clearance. In addition, KRA introduced the Tax Invoice Management System (TIMS), an upgrade of the ETR regime, pursuant to the public notice on extension of time to comply with the valued added tax (Electronic Tax Invoice) Regulations, 2020. Further, KRA purchased 10,000 WebEx workers zoom webinar licenses with a capacity of 1,000 participants to boost online meetings, trainings and sensitizations.
168. Competition Authority of Kenya through an online platform conducted the 8th Annual Symposium on Competition Law and Policy to provide training on competition economics and consumer protection whereby 300 participants from 18 countries attended. Separately, the Media Council of Kenya in partnership with the Ministry of Health and UNESCO launched a COVID-19 information portal to enable the public and journalists to access data and information on COVID-19 and debunk misinformation.
169. Capital Markets Authority developed a Mobile App to facilitate local and foreign investors in diaspora to access market intermediaries and receive pertinent information. In addition, CMA revamped the web-based financial saving calculator and investor toolkit to assist investors in locating capital markets information in the digital space. Further, the Authority granted licenses to HFM Investments Limited and Windsor Market (Kenya) Limited to operate as non-dealing online foreign exchange trading brokers.

- To facilitate online application, the Authority also developed an online Sandbox Portal for testing of *FinTech* to enhance capital market products.
170. KenTrade implemented an upgraded Single Window System to cater for knowledge transfer, integrated customs management, automated permit processes and cargo release module. The system facilitated processing of 3,365,919 permits. Further, the Agency developed watch list system to help traders screen potential trading partners across borders and developed mobile application for provision of information to stakeholders on KenTrade services. The Agency also developed and implemented the Maritime Single Window System for implementation of the FAL conventions, an ERP system with a module for e-recruitment and e-procurement.
171. KASNEB developed a student portal under Enterprise Resource Planning System whereby 3,794 new students were registered and 19,978 were booked for exams. To improve the efficiency of the e-library service, KASNEB migrated from RemoteXs to MyLOFT authentication service to access and share library resources. Separately, Retirement Benefits Authority enhanced ICT infrastructure at a cost of KSh.5Million per year to facilitate working from home.
172. Kenya Power and Lighting Company rolled out the advanced distribution management system to enhance network flexibility and offer power reliability to enable isolated repairing during breakdowns in Nairobi, Kiambu, Kajiado and Machakos counties. Separately, Energy and Petroleum Regulatory Authority (EPRA) implemented online processing and issuance of petroleum business licenses to enhance efficiency of

service delivery whereby 16,372 Petroleum and LPG business license applications were processed.

173. Rural Electrification and Renewable Energy Corporation deployed an SAP-S/4 HANA system under the ERP Optimisation Project to automate processes. The Corporation also rolled out Virtual Private Network that allows users to securely connect to the Corporations' systems from any location worldwide. In addition, the Corporation installed a secondary high capacity UPS system and collaborated with Nuclear Power and Energy (NUPEA) in research and development, dissemination of renewable energy technologies.
174. Export Processing Zones Authority (EPZA) established Customer Relationship Management System (CRM) and Business Intelligence to improve service delivery. Separately, KEBS procured and installed the Metrology Laboratory Management System and procured the Quality Assurance and Inspection Integrated Process Management System.
175. To enhance the use of ICT, Anti-Counterfeit Authority continued to utilize the Integrated Management System, a web based solution to improve on-source tracking and monitoring of counterfeit goods that are imported into the country. The Authority integrated the system with the regional and international systems thus facilitating intelligence led operations.
176. The State Department for Public Service implemented the Service-by-Appointment Initiative to enable customers make bookings prior to visiting the *Huduma* centres whereby 1,816,863 bookings were made. The State Department registered 522,666 applicants to the Track-My-Service Innovation that enables citizens seeking government services save time and cost while accessing public service.

177. The State Department for Gender established the *Komesha Dhuluma* App for gender based violence reporting and documentation. Separately, Kenya School of Government converted 29 face to face programmes to online mode of delivery and developed *KSG-connect Mobile App* that is available on Google Play Store.
178. Business Registration Service adopted an online platform to enhance cashless payment and reduced time taken to lodge documents at the registry. In addition, the Service upgraded to a two-step process allowing for verification and validation which reduces time taken to link a business.
179. Kenya Film Classification Board launched a user-friendly and easy-to-navigate website whereby 476 films were examined and classified and 735 filming licences were issued. Separately, Kenya Film Commission launched and rolled out the e-Film one-stop shop in filming which was incorporated into the e-Citizen portal.
180. The State Department for Tourism developed a work plan management system for vetting expatriates in the tourism sector and recommended 70 work permits for approval. In addition, the State Department procured ICT equipment and accessories worth KSh.7.6Million. Separately, Kenya Tourism Board (KTB) implemented a Global travel e-Learning Specialist Programme to train overseas travel agents and tour operators who market Kenya as a tourist destination. In addition, KTB also implemented Trello, Slack and ADA communication tools to facilitate members of staff working from home.
181. Water Sector Trust Fund established an online cloud based Access Monitoring System (*SafiApp*) Tool that captures data in real time. The tool captured 215,700 service beneficiaries. Separately, Water Service

Regulatory Board operationalized a knowledge management tool called M-Files that allows sharing and escalation of assignments.

182. Tana Water Works Development Agency (TWWDA) commenced development of an automated Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system at a cost of KSh. 65.4Million funded by African Development Bank which is 37.5% complete. Central Rift Valley Water Works Development Agency adopted an ultra modern ERP system that has a direct impact in increasing the organizational efficiency and utilisation of resources.
183. Water Resource Authority developed the Water Meter Data Management System to capture data on water use and information on overall management of water. In addition, the Authority rationalized an Optimum Surface Water Monitoring Network of 362 stations for river flow monitoring out of which 74 were automated with data loggers and 54 stations were upgraded for real time data transmission.
184. Athi Water Works Development Agency embraced use of Project Issue Management System (PIMS) that facilitates real time update on project issues by implementation teams, knowledge base for how issues were solved, tracking of contractual guarantees like Work Injury Benefits Act insurance and tracking of progress activities and milestones.
185. Kenya National Highways Authority deployed a web-based system for issuance of exemption and roadside development permits accessible on the Authority's corporate website. The System provides for online applications, internal approval and control, payments and issuance of permits and roadside development, and Mpesa billing against an online generated invoice. Separately, Kenya Airports Authority launched a passenger verification System (VERIPAX) at JKIA. Kenya Railways

- procured the Unified Security Management System (USMS) for the SGR to enhance security of passengers and goods along the SGR corridor.
186. KEMSA developed and rolled out a mobile application dubbed *Electronic Proof of Delivery* (ePOD) to inject efficiency in receiving health products and technologies and enhanced end visibility of goods in transit. The application served over 22,090 orders. Separately, Pharmacy and Poisons Board developed and implemented an online platform for receipt, review, tracking and approval or rejection of application of clinical trials of health products and technologies whereby 58 clinical trials applications were processed. The Board also trained Revital (EPZ) Ltd on the use of the single window system to enhance compliance to importation and exportation requirements of health products and technologies. Further, the Board implemented an online system (PVeRS) for safety monitoring of health products and technologies whereby 1,341 safety reports were processed.
187. Moi Teaching and Referral Hospital (MTRH) developed an ERP System that incorporates electronic health medical records module, finance module, procurement module, pharmacy module, assets management module and human resource management module. Separately, the National Research Fund developed an Integrated Fund Management System for disbursement of funds.
188. Kenyatta University Teaching Referral and Research Hospital implemented the Hospital Management Information System dashboard and established a toll free number on the website. Separately, KMTC rolled out the ERP System and introduced e-Learning in all the 71 campuses.
189. The State Department for Crops Development and Agricultural Research through the National Value Chain Support Programme implemented a web-

based e-Subsidy Input Management System to facilitate access to farm inputs. The System was rolled out in 12 counties whereby 450,000 farmers were registered and KSh.360Million subsidy funds were redeemed by 26,000 farmers. The State Department also rolled out the Kenya Agriculture Market Information System to facilitate efficient collection and dissemination of agricultural market prices and volumes.

190. The State Department for Livestock utilized the KenTrade Network portal as a trade facilitation platform whereby 4,191 applications were received and certified for import and export of livestock and livestock products. Separately, Kenya Agricultural and Livestock Research Organization (KALRO) operationalized and commissioned 1 Million Farmers Platform (OMFP) to accelerate the impact and return on investment from disruptive agricultural technologies.
191. KALRO also operationalized an Agro-Advisory Weather System that picks a pinned site and returns a 14 days weather forecast for that location with combination of soil characteristics, seasonal data and crop suitability and issues agro weather advisory to the farmer. In addition, KALRO commissioned Kenya agro-advisory call centre to disseminate agro-weather, market, climate and advisory services to farmers in an interactive voice channel through human agent interaction and an automated interactive voice response.
192. New Kenya Planters Cooperative Union Ltd automated the Weighbridge Management System in Dandora, Sagana and Meru milling stations to increase accuracy and reduce time wastage in weighing coffee. In addition, KPCU developed a Coffee Farmers Information Management Database System and captured 4,808 farmers and 1,200 farmer cooperative societies

to ease reference and verification of coffee farmers information. The Company also developed a bulk SMS system which was coded, programmed and piloted on 500 coffee farmers from various coffee growing areas. Kenya Plant Health Inspectorate Service (KEPHIS) rolled out plant variety protection and seed certification systems for seed and plant variety processes.

193. National Irrigation Authority (NIA) installed 33 digital tension-meters at Galana Kulalu food security model farm and smart irrigation system and web portal for accessing data. In addition, the Authority's research institute developed an intervention to mainstream climate change adaptation as well as soil maps and soil status management recommendation for Mwea and Bura irrigation schemes.
194. Teachers Service Commission (TSC) conducted an online training programme for 44 officers from a multi-agency team on Competency Based Curriculum comprising TSC, MoE, KNEC, KICD and KISE. The Commission also trained 1,065 curriculum support officers, 2,130 competency based curriculum teacher champions as trainers of trainers and 63 special needs education master trainers.
195. The Commission commenced the process of biometric registration and validation of teachers' data through biometric enrolment and validation of teachers. The exercise was conducted in 7 counties whereby 2,362 teachers were registered. In addition, the Commission trained 52,966 teachers on the reviewed Teacher Performance Appraisal and Development to enhance service delivery.
196. Further, the Commission developed an Electronic Document Management System (EDMS) to digitize teachers' and secretariat files to enhance ease

of access. During the period, 3,000 files were released digitally to HR units, 1,738 were released on request for special projects and 1,909 were on teachers' requests. The Commission trained 607 secretariat staff on the system. In addition, TSC automated posting, transfer and deployment of teachers to phase out manual processes whereby 5,000 teachers were recruited, 3,914 replaced through the module and 39,917 transferred.

197. The Commission automated the posting, entry/exit process of teachers whereby 24,927 teachers were posted and 13,361 entry/ exit reports submitted through the system. TSC trained 163,938 teachers in primary and secondary schools on remote learning methodology that caters for learners unable to attend formal learning sessions. In addition, the Commission registered 41,374 teachers through an automated teachers' registration online process. Separately, the Public Service Commission set up regional service delivery centres (ICT hub) which are remote interviewing centres countrywide to minimize distance travelled by candidates to Nairobi to attend interviews for public service jobs.
198. Centre for Mathematics, Science and Technology Education in Africa (CEMASTEIA) trained 4,873 teachers on ICT integration, 77 county trainers and 1,137 teachers in primary programme. TVET CDACC developed a learning management system to facilitate sensitization and training on CBET and Competency Based Assessment. Separately, Kenya Literature Bureau (KLB) partnered with Start Cloud LLC Estonia and Risk Africa Innovatis to digitize and avail books on Opiq platform to enhance e-learning. In addition, KLB partnered with *Mwalimu* Plus to provide e-tutoring solutions to improve learning and teaching processes.

199. Kirinyaga University implemented a web conference platform to facilitate e-learning and student-lecturer interaction via video conferencing. Separately, Technical University of Kenya automated academic processes for students' application for courses, admissions, registration and staff recruitment. To enhance the use of ICT, Multimedia University of Kenya implemented online connectivity infrastructure by acquiring two servers to cater for the e-Learning management platform and installed additional wireless-hotspot access points. Similarly, Siaya Institute of Technology introduced an online reporting system for registration and fee billing to curb the spread of COVID-19 pandemic.
200. Shamberere Technical Training Institute trained 90 staff and students on various online platforms; Google Meet, Teams Microsoft and Moodle and created an online student link. Separately, St. Joseph Technical Institute for the Deaf, Nyang'oma installed an Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) System to synchronize management departments and service delivery and sensitized all staff and trainees on its use. Nkabune Technical Training Institute developed a staff portal to allow teachers input marks online and implemented blended learning that entails physical and online learning.
201. Friends College Kaimosi Institute of Research and Technology renovated 2 ICT labs with a capacity of 100 computers at a cost of KSh.5.2Million and procured 20 more computers in the newly constructed library. In addition, the College entered into a contractual agreement with Internet Service Providers (ISP) to provide internet connectivity at a cost of KSh.1.3Million. The College installed Teams Application to support online learning and sensitized trainers at a cost of KSh.150,000 to support the e-

learning. Additionally, the College automated procurement and finance processes through the ABN system at a cost of KSh.2.7Million.

202. Masinde Muliro University of Science and Technology trained 104 Centre Heads on online delivery of programmes including examinations; and procured ICT infrastructure for 7 lecturers. Separately, Masai Technical Training Institute established a Learning Management System which was utilized by 5,994 trainees and 118 trainers. The Institute also installed a Procurement Management Information System for e-Requisition and system-generated LPOs whereby 1,100 e-requisitions and 73 system generated LPOs were processed. Technical University of Mombasa implemented an online learning portal and developed an Industrial Attachment Portal (IAP) to enable students produce attachment logbooks online. The Univesity also conducted admissions and examinations online.

IV. Continue to enhance the fight against corruption, dispensation of justice and observance of the rule of law.

203. H.E. the Deputy President launched the Open Government Partnership National Action Plan IV 2020-2022. The plan ensured that companies processes remain open, transparent and accessible across national and county governments. In addition, the Office of the Deputy President proposed changes to the amendment of the Anti-Corruption and Economic Crime Act, 2003.
204. The Directorate of Immigration Services developed and piloted a Facial Recognition System at Namanga and Malaba Border Controls. The Directorate also initiated a full-fledged Division of Public Complaints and

Communication. National Registration Bureau initiated disciplinary action against 41 officers with integrity related cases. The Bureau also shared 3,979 identification reports and exhibit memos with Kenya Police and DCI to aid in investigations for criminal cases. The National Police Service sensitized 6,500 officers on corruption prevention mechanisms and, trained and deployed 70 integrity assurance officers. Separately, the Ministry of Labour disciplined 8 officers for unethical behavior.

205. The State Department for Housing and Urban Development established an Ethics and Anti-corruption Committee where 345 complaints were received and 341 were resolved. Separately, the State Department for Youth Affairs undertook the Kenya *Ni Mimi* youth campaign dialogues to sensitize 4,000 youth on leadership, integrity, entrepreneurship, innovation, social cohesion and fight against corruption.
206. NACADA inspected 12 manufacturers of alcoholic drinks and coordinated a multiagency crackdown in 9 regions to enforce compliance with alcohol and drug control legislation. During the crackdowns, 16,862 alcoholic drinks outlets were inspected where 1,642 outlets were closed and 5,625 persons arrested and prosecuted. Separately, Kenya National Bureau of Statistics sensitized 57 members on the code of conduct and ethics.
207. To facilitate observance of the rule of law, Independent Policing Oversight Authority (IPOA) received 2,813 complaints out of which 1,817 were processed at the point of receipt, 337 were submitted for inspection and monitoring and 659 referred for investigations. In addition, the Authority concluded 812 investigations, conducted 423 inspections of police premises and detention facilities and monitored 30 police operations. The Authority also received 119 cases on corruption in the police service,

forwarded 233 case files to ODPP and 141 were ongoing in courts. Further, the Authority utilized KSh.8Million to facilitate witnesses' court attendance and interviews. Separately, the Commission on Administrative Justice (Office of the Ombudsman) received 11,069 complaints out of which 2,783 were resolved and 22 cases initiated.

208. To enhance the fight against corruption, KRA conducted 1,249 interventions on illicit goods valued at KSh.1.37Billion. The Authority also implemented the Information Exchange Standard by leveraging on the international agreements in force to obtain tax information from partner jurisdictions to support tax audits. In addition, the Authority sent 173 requests and received 49 through the Standard. Further, the Authority facilitated ratification of the Multilateral Convention on Mutual Administration in Tax Matters to enable exchange of tax information among 127 countries to combat tax evasion.
209. Teachers Service Commission sensitized 345 staff to enhance efficiency, ethical conduct, and service delivery and finalized 698 cases whereby 95 teachers were deregistered for unethical behavior. In addition, TSC conducted 100 assessments in learning institutions to ensure quality operation of the teaching profession, 99 audit assessments and referred 28 cases to the Directorate of Criminal Investigation for further investigation. The Commission also automated the transfer and recruitment of teachers and digitized 225,701 teachers' files.
210. To ensure observance of the rule of law, the Commission for University Education audited 8 universities. Separately, Kenya Education Management Institute trained 14,779 participants comprising 1,939 school bursars, 8,000 headteachers, 4,500 school board members and 340 TVET

institutions to enhance transparency in the institutional financial management.

211. Public Service Commission (PSC) continued to work with investigating agencies in honouring requests made against public officers under investigation on suspicion of having acquired unexplained wealth. During the reporting period, 21 requests were made by EACC; 10 by DCI; 23 by KRA and 6 by Assets Recovery Agency. In addition, PSC recommended prosecution of 132 officers for various criminal offences under the penal code and Anti-corruption and Economic Crimes Act, 2003 whereby 8 officers were convicted. Further, PSC disciplined 7,151 public officers for various offences.
212. Capital Markets Authority advised the public against trading and investing in institutions which were not licenced such as Fxbitinvest limited, Cryptofx investment, Cytonn investments and online forex traders. The Authority also drafted Capital Market Whistleblower Regulations, 2021 which were approved by the National Treasury and gazetted. The Regulations are aimed at maintaining integrity in the capital industry by issuing incentives to individuals who report on violation of the capital markets laws.
213. Further, CMA initiated enforcement actions against entities which flouted the market rules and regulations in line with its investor protection mandate. The Authority also took action against board members of Real People Kenya Limited (RPKL) and Real People Investment Holdings Limited (RPIHL) for the misapplication of KSh.1.3Billion proceeds where 5 individuals were fined KSh.15Million and disqualified from being a director or key personnel of any issuer, licensed or approved person in the

Kenyan capital market. Separately, East African Portland Cement PLC sensitized 516 employees on corruption prevention, anticorruption laws, ethics and integrity in the workplace. The Company also trained 22 senior managers and members of corruption prevention committee on corruption prevention strategies.

214. Anti-Counterfeit Authority conducted 7,443 inspections which resulted to seizure of assorted suspected counterfeit goods worth KSh.228.8Million and registered cases in court worth KSh.25.5Million and concluded cases worth KSh.233Million through prosecution and Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR). Separately, Retirement Benefits Authority resolved 192 member complaints and trained 10 corruption prevention committee members.
215. Kenya Film Classification Board developed the Technical Service Policy to provide a framework for regulating the creation of film in the country while, the Media Council of Kenya through EACC trained 56 journalists on corruption prevention. Separately, Kenya Copyright Board deregistered 3 collective management organizations to enforce compliance with interventions recommended in the forensic audit report. This was to prevent abuse of funds collected on behalf of creative artists and destroy copyright infringing materials which weighed 2.5 tonnes and whose cases had been concluded in courts.
216. To enhance dispensation of justice, the Pharmacy and Poisons Board sensitized 10 court users committees, judicial officers in the law courts and arrested 785 quacks for contravening the provisions of the Pharmacy and Poisons Act. Separately, the Kenya Roads Board sensitized 68 staff on the Ethics and Anti-corruption Act, the Leadership and Integrity Act and the

Bribery Act while Kenya Power and Lighting Company trained and sensitized 2,221 stakeholders on integrity and ethics.

217. Kenyatta University Teaching Referral and Research Hospital trained 28 integrity officers while St. Joseph Technical Institute for the Deaf, Nyang'oma sensitised 60 staff and 500 students on the rule of law. Separately, Higher Education Loans Board (HELB) traced 2,953 defaulters who were billed to pay KSh.10.4Million per month.
218. Posta Kenya sensitized 159 staff on the code of conduct and ethics in various postal outlets countrywide while the Kenya Post Office Savings Bank established a corruption prevention committee to handle corruption cases whereby 1 employee was interdicted, 2 were terminated and 2 appeals were handled.

V. Enhance the capacity of public institutions and the public to adhere to the provisions of Article 10 of the Constitution through civic education, training and sensitization on National Values and Principles of Governance.

219. The Ministry of Interior and Coordination of National Government through the Directorate of National Cohesion and Values conducted MDA training and sensitisations whereby 900 staff members participated. The DNCV also conducted focal point persons training whereby 116 participants from various MDAs were trained. In addition, the Directorate participated in 7 interview sessions on KBC Y254 TV channel focusing on the role of youth in promoting National Values and Principles of Governance. Further, the Directorate in conjunction with Uraia Trust sensitized the public on National

Values and Principles of Governance through KBC and Citizen Radio stations. In addition, the Directorate in partnership with Uraia Trust developed and disseminated 2,000 IEC materials on National Values and Principles of Governance targeting civil society organisations, youth, education sector and religious organisations.

220. The Ministry of Interior and Coordination of National Government through the County Commissioner, Laikipia conducted 1,540 public *barazas* on peaceful coexistence and security in Laikipia County. Separately, the Independent Policing Oversight Authority undertook awareness training on corporate governance and leadership whereby 20 officers were trained. Government Press printed 1000 copies of the *gazetted* (Kenya Gazette Vol CXXIII-No.250, 2021) 8th Annual President's Report on Measures Taken and Progress Achieved in the Realization of National Values and Principles of Governance.
221. Commission on Administrative Justice (CAJ) trained 1,652 officers from 80 institutions comprising of complaints officers, senior managers and frontline officers in-charge of access to information and complaints management. Kenya Copyright Board (KECOBO) conducted training on copyright law and related rights to enhance awareness and empower artists to protect their creative works in 38 counties. The Board also trained 513 police officers on copyright law and published 4 copyright newsletters and publications on intellectual property rights, copyright and challenges affecting the creative industry in Kenya.
222. Kenya Institute of Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) conducted sensitization on national values in sign language to pupils and staff of the Machakos School for the Deaf. The Institute also sensitized

students and staff of Kisii, Nairobi and Jaramogi Oginga Odinga Universities on national values and principles of governance during the KIPPRA Mentorship Programme for Universities. In addition, KIPPRA organized a university students spoken word competition on national values and principles of governance.

223. Further, KIPPRA distributed 5,000 booklets, 2,000 branded key holders and 3,000 bookmarks branded with National Values and Principles of governance. In addition, the Institute developed a children's booklet on national values and submitted it for review to the Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development to ensure it contains children friendly content and illustrations. The book is aimed at teaching the lower primary pupils on the 17 national values in a language they understand.
224. Kenya Film Classification Board (KFCB) participated in a two-day youth dialogue forum dubbed *Kenya Ni Mimi* that was held in Isiolo County. The forum was aimed at improving national cohesion, as well as promoting youth representation in leadership and governance. In addition, the Board participated in the *Kenya Ni Mimi* Youth dialogue in Kilgoris, Narok County to provide a platform for sharing ideas and best practices on youth empowerment.
225. Agriculture and Food Authority undertook stakeholder sensitization on national values and principles of governance where 120 stakeholders were sensitized in Kwale, West Pokot, Tharaka Nithi, Baringo and Siaya Counties. Separately, Kenya Medical Training College sensitised 300 members of staff on national values during the induction of newly employed staff.

226. NEPAD/APRM Kenya Secretariat constituted and trained 14 committee members, developed and disseminated 300 copies of IEC materials on National Values and Principles of Governance. In addition, the Secretariat facilitated sensitization on county peer review mechanism and undertook citizen engagements on national values and principles of governance in 47 counties.

Table 5: Training and sensitization on National Values and Principles of Governance

No.	Institution	No. trained/ sensitized	Target group
1.	Agriculture and Food Authority,	40	Staff
2.	Anti-FGM Board	3,584	Stakeholders
3.	Biosafety Appeals Board	9	Staff
4.	Bomet University	830	Students
5.	Bondo Technical and Vocational College	69	Students and staff
6.	Bushiangala Technical Training Institute	1,491	Staff and students
7.	Chuka University	49	Staff
8.	Commission on Administrative Justice	60	County staff
9.	Commodities Fund	42	Staff
10.	Competition Authority of Kenya	50	Staff
11.	Council of Legal Education	2	Staff
12.	Department of Sports Development	4,000	Stakeholders
13.	Directorate of National Cohesion and Values	1,048	MDA Staff
14.	Egerton University	6,205	Students
15.	Energy and Petroleum Regulatory Authority	33	Staff
16.	ICT Authority	66	Staff
17.	Insurance Regulatory Authority	5	Staff
18.	Jaramogi Oginga Odinga University of Science and Technology	1,084	Staff and students
19.	Kaiboi Technical Training Institute	1,098	Staff and students
20.	KALRO	420	Stakeholders
21.	Kamwenja Teachers College	258	Staff and students
22.	Kasarani Technical and Vocational College	50	Staff

23.	Kenya Copyright Board	513	Stakeholders
24.	Kenya Education Management Institute	35,000	Teachers
25.	Kenya Film Classification Board	20	Staff
26.	Kenya Medical Training College	300	Staff
27.	Kenya National Commission for UNESCO	50	Youth
28.	Kenya Office Post Savings Bank	210	Staff
29.	Kenya Ports Authority	693	Staff
30.	Kenya Revenue Authority	57,536	Staff and taxpayers
31.	Kenya Roads Board	98	staff
32.	Kenya School of Adventure and Leadership	1225	Participants
33.	Kenyatta University	196	Staff and students
34.	Kibabii University	700	Staff/ Student
35.	Kirinyaga University	26	Staff
36.	Kisii University	369	Stakeholders, staff and students
37.	Kisumu National Polytechnic	50	staff and students
38.	Masai Technical Training Institute	225	Staff and students
39.	Matili Technical Training Institute	80	Staff
40.	Meru National Polytechnic	397	Staff
41.	Ministry of Defence	150	Officers
42.	Ministry of Education	3,056	Staff
43.	Ministry of Information, Communication and Technology	597	Staff and youth
44.	Ministry of Labour	245	Staff
45.	Murang'a University of Technology	1,406	Students
46.	Nairobi Technical Training Institute	139	Staff
47.	National Council for Persons with Disabilities	73	Staff
48.	National Employment Authority	2	staff
49.	National Irrigation Authority	25	Staff
50.	NEPAD/APRM Kenya Secretariat	14	Staff
51.	New Kenya Planters Cooperative Union	13	Staff
52.	Nkabune Technical Training Institute	139	Stakeholders
53.	Nyeri County Commissioner	402	Staff and students
54.	Nyeri National Polytechnic	15	Staff
55.	Nzio Sugar Company Ltd	352	stakeholders

56.	PC Kinyanjui Technical Training Institute	722	Staff and students
57.	Pharmacy and Poisons Board	2	Staff
58.	Posta Kenya	87	Staff
59.	Public Service Commission	600	Public officers
60.	Regional Commissioner Central Region	64	Staff and stakeholders
61.	Sigalagala National Polytechnic	250	Staff and students
62.	South Eastern Kenya University	192	Staff and students
63.	State Department for Interior and Citizen Services	1,063	Staff
64.	State Department for University Education and Research	26	Staff
65.	State Department for Youth Affairs	761	Staff and youth
66.	Tharaka University College	652	Staff and students
67.	Thika Technical Training Institute	60	Staff
68.	Tourism Regulatory Authority	91	Staff
69.	TVETA	300	Staff
70.	Ugunja Technical and Vocational College	15	Staff
71.	University of Embu	261	Staff
72.	Wote Technical Training Institute	57/67	Trainers/ Trainees

Source: MDAs Reports, 2021

VI. Continue enhancing the collaboration between the two levels of government to entrench sharing and devolution of power.

227. State House collaborated with county governments to prepare and host national day celebrations as follows; Madaraka on 1st June, 2021 in Kisumu County, Mashujaa Day on 20th October, 2021 in Kirinyaga County and Jamhuri day on 12th December, 2021 in Nairobi County. Separately, the Ministry of Interior and Coordination of National Government through the County Commissioner Mombasa, collaborated with the County Government of Mombasa to distribute mosquito nets, administer polio vaccine, and provide garbage collection and cleaning services for the county. The Ministry also collaborated with the county government of

Mombasa to conduct engagement forums on violent extremism to reduce recruitment of youth into violent extremist groups.

228. The Senate passed the Investment Promotion (Amendment) Bill Senate Bills No. 2 of 2021 to amend the Investment Promotion Act to ensure the participation of county governments in the promotion of trade in the country. Public Service Commission received and determined 328 appeals from county public service boards.
229. The Ministry of Devolution developed and *gazzetted* the Intergovernmental Sectoral Forums Regulations to enhance cooperation between the two levels of government. Separately, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs conducted training for county officials on Kenya Foreign Policy, diaspora engagement, economic and environmental diplomacy, planning and organization of official functions, principles of diplomacy, protocol and etiquette. The county officials were drawn from Kisumu, Siaya, Homa Bay, Kisii, Migori and Nyamira counties. The Ministry also facilitated official foreign travel for county officials from all the 47 counties to several international destinations including the United States of America, United Kingdom, Turkey, Greece, Sweden, Switzerland, Finland, France, United Arab Emirates, South Africa, Gabon, and Mozambique among others.
230. The Ministry of Health collaborated with county governments to set up primary health care networks to enhance access to basic health care services in Turkana, West Pokot, Samburu, Kakamega, Makueni, Elgeyo Marakwet, Garissa, Mombasa and Kisumu counties. Separately, Kenyatta National Hospital conducted 344 capacity building outreach programmes for county and referral institutions. The Hospital also enrolled 199 students for specialised courses in neuphrology, tracheostomy care, stoma and

- wound management for county hospitals. In addition, the Hospital implemented telemedicine that enables remote consultations, diagnosis, treatment and E-theatre for patients in different facilities in Isiolo County.
231. The Ministry of Water, Sanitation and Irrigation in collaboration with county governments initiated the last mile connectivity under the Kenya Towns' Sustainable Water and Sanitation Programme. Upon completion the project is expected to connect 192,000 people to water and 80,000 people to sewerage. During the reporting period, 3 water projects and 1 sewerage project were completed connecting 97,000 people to water and 40,000 people to sewerage. In addition, the Ministry in collaboration with Nairobi Metropolitan Services cleaned 10km of Nairobi River, mapped sources of pollution in Nairobi and Mbagathi river basin and drafted framework for establishment of County Irrigation Development Units.
232. The State Department for Housing and Urban Development signed county participation agreement with 33 county governments and formed 65 settlement executive committees in 17 counties to coordinate project activities. In addition, the State Department completed the construction of Uhuru Business Park, Oyugis, Buchifi, Gikomba phase I, Musanda and Kamukunji county markets. Separately, the State Department for Livestock participated in the Council of Governors forum on implementation of joint projects and policy reforms and trained 325 animal health service providers on animal health and productivity in collaboration with county governments.
233. Kenya Agricultural Livestock and Research Organization engaged Lamu and Garissa counties to train farmers on milk value addition whereby 40 trainer of trainers were trained. In addition, the Organization developed and

installed solid and liquid waste management technologies for fertigation, sewage clean-up, biogas and bio-slurry in pilot farms in Nyeri, Nyandarua and Taita Taveta counties under the Climate Smart Project. Further, KALRO undertook soil analysis to enhance food productivity through targeted fertilizer application to specific soil requirements in Bomet, Nyandarua, Uasin Gishu, Garissa and Nyeri counties.

234. Kenya Law Reform Commission reviewed the County Governments Act, developed Baringo County Pre-Primary Meals and Nutrition Bill, 2020, and Baringo County Disaster Management Bill, 2020. The Commission also developed Kajiado County Water and Sanitation Services Bill, 2020, reviewed Murang'a County Regulations, 2020 and publicized law reform initiatives for Kisii, Nyamira, Migori, Mombasa, Kilifi, Kwale, Machakos, Kitui and Makueni county governments.
235. National Council for Law Reporting collected and published 2 Statutes, 18 Legal Notices, 21 Bills for National Legislation, and 220 Acts, 45 Legal Notices and 261 Bills for county legislation. Separately, Commission on Administrative Justice trained over 250 officers from the county governments of Vihiga, Kisumu, Marsabit, Turkana, Elgeyo Marakwet and Embu on strengthening complaints handling infrastructure.
236. Kenya Film Commission established a film hub in Bomet County where youth accessed free services and were able to showcase their talents in film. Separately, Kenya National Commission for UNESCO trained 23 county cultural officials on gathering of cultural statistics, 15 county directors of culture from Western and Nyanza Regions on safeguarding cultural heritage to assist counties to improve cultural development programmes.

237. Capital Markets Authority held engagements on capital raising avenues in Trans Nzoia County with key stakeholders including county executive, 14 potential issuers and the county business community representatives. The Authority also engaged Nakuru, Kisumu and Kiambu County Governments, potential issuers, investors and institutions on avenues and opportunities available in the capital market.
238. Kenya Urban Roads Authority collaborated with the county governments of Nairobi, Kiambu and Machakos to upgrade 408Km of roads in the densely populated formal and informal settlements namely; Mukuru, Dandora, Utawala, Mihango, Ruai, Dagoreti, Kawangware, Kangemi, Kibera, Ngomongo, Korogocho, Mathare, Roysambu, Githurai, Kasarani and Mwiki through a Rapid Results Initiative. Separately, Kenya Railways held engagements with the county government of Nakuru on verification of plots within Longonot trading centre which were affected by construction of the Naivasha ICD-Longonot Station new MGR Link Project.
239. National Irrigation Authority partnered with the Tana River County Government through Concern Worldwide for provision of maize, green grams and watermelon certified seeds to support crop diversification. In addition, the Authority partnered with Migori County to support development of Lower Kuja Irrigation Scheme whereby 940 acres were added. The Authority also partnered with Kisumu County Government in provision of machinery, fertilizer and in the expansion of 2,650 acres of irrigation scheme. Further, the Authority partnered with Turkana County Government through Katilu and Lokubae irrigation schemes in provision

- of seed and fertiliser, extension services, tractors and expansion of 1,500 acres under irrigation in Naipa and Lokapel areas.
240. Agriculture and Food Authority (AFA) through the Coffee Directorate collaborated with Bungoma, Busia, Homa Bay, Kisumu, Siaya, Embu and Kirinyaga county governments in capacity building of 149 county agricultural extension and cooperatives officers. The Authority also collaborated with county governments of Taita Taveta and Busia and Trademark East Africa to train 29 exporters on the use of AFA Integrated Management Information System.
241. National Environment Management Authority conducted trainings for county government officers on devolved environmental functions, environment planning, waste management, pollution control and basic enforcement course among others. The number of officers trained were as follows: Nairobi 28, Mombasa 23, and Machakos 30.
242. Anti-Counterfeit Authority seized counterfeit alcohol worth KSh. 10Million in collaboration with officers from Turkana County and undertook 24 public outreach on counterfeit goods reaching 1,845 stakeholders in Trans Nzoia, Uasin Gishu, Nakuru, Nairobi, Kericho, Kiambu, Laikipia and Mombasa counties. Separately, Kenya Medical Supplies Authority (KEMSA) supplied Universal Health Coverage commodities worth KSh. 827.3Million to 33 counties.
243. SASRA trained 264 cooperative officers from Kiambu, Laikipia, Nairobi and the Coastal Region on Sacco management. Further, SASRA prepared and disseminated the county centric sacco supervision report, on performance and operations of SACCOs at the national and county levels. Separately, KIPPRA conducted a capacity building needs assessment for

47 county governments. The assessment was aimed at ascertaining capacity needs in public policy making, policy research and other technical capacity building needs of county government to enable KIPPRA develop relevant training programmes/courses suitable to the county government. In addition, KIPPRA made a presentation on *Embedding Resilience in Trade and Manufacturing Sectors to Mitigate and Adapt to Climate Change Shocks amidst COVID-19* during the 2021 Devolution Conference.

244. Ewaso Ng'iro North River Basin Development Authority in collaboration with counties in North and North Eastern regions constructed Chaffa Chachane earth fill embarkment dam with a capacity of 500,000m³, Eressa Teno homogeneous earth fill dam with a capacity of 200,000m³, Boji Garse earth fill embarkment dam with a capacity of 500,000m³ and Malaba earth fill dam with a capacity of 200,000m³. Tana and Athi Rivers Development Authority in conjunction with the county governments of Kitui, Machakos and Embu desilted Tana and Athi Rivers and also partnered with County Governments of Makueni, Machakos and Kitui on soil environmental conservation and greening programme.
245. Kenya Forest Service conducted 2 regional forums for county governments to facilitate discussions and modalities on implementation of devolved forestry functions. The Forest Service also engaged with the Council of Governors which resulted in the 2 million tree planting campaign in the 47 counties. Separately, Kenya Animal Genetic Resources Centre collaborated with 34 county governments in the provision of subsidized Artificial Insemination (AI) services.
246. Sports Kenya offered technical advice and expertise on the construction and rehabilitation of stadia in Kisii, Kisumu, Nyandarua, Siaya, Elgeyo

Marakwet, Uasin Gishu, Marsabit, Nyeri and Tharaka Nithi Counties. Separately, Kenya Fisheries Service established 9 regional offices and the Nairobi Headquarters. The regional offices are; Marine and Coastal Region in Mombasa, Lake Victoria in Kisumu, Lake Turkana in Turkana, North Rift in Eldoret, Central and South Rift in Nakuru, Central in Nyeri, Eastern in Embu, Nairobi Metropolitan in Nairobi and Western in Kakamega.

247. Water Sector Trust Fund signed a financing agreement with Danida to enhance water supply to the tune of KSh.1Billion targeting 6 counties of Turkana, Garissa, Marsabit, Lamu, Isiolo and Tana River whereby the counties will contribute 15% as co-funding and KSh.166.2Million has already been disbursed. In addition, the Fund under the six joint programmes supported development of prototype water bills/laws in two counties at a cost of KSh.5Million each. The Tharaka Nithi County Water Bill was passed into law which will enable the county to have a legal framework for management of water services provision within the county.
248. Water Sector Trust Fund contributed KSh.150million for implementation of water projects in 8 counties under the Ending Drought Emergency Programme and received 44 proposals which were approved by the respective county governments. Separately, the Central Rift Valley Water Works Development Agency distributed water harvesting and storage tanks as follows; 31 tanks to Baringo, 30 to Narok and 30 to Laikipia Counties.
249. KIRDI provided technical support during the establishment of Rusekebei dairy factory in Londiani and a honey processing centre at Kericho County and participated in the Annual Africa Industrialization Week held in Nanyuki, Laikipia County. Separately, Kenya Marine and Fisheries Research Institute (KEMFRI) took part in the *Jumuiya* Agribusiness and

Blue Economy Investment Conference hosted by *Jumuiya ya Kaunti za Pwani* in collaboration with Mombasa, Kwale, Kilifi, Tana River, Lamu and Taita Taveta county governments.

250. National AIDS Control Council conducted advocacy through multi-sectoral forums to increase uptake of antenatal care and skilled birth delivery services in 20 counties. The Council also held sensitization meetings with all the 47 county directors of health and 18 Council regional coordinators to define priority areas for fast-tracking progress towards elimination of mother to child transmission of HIV and Syphilis. Separately, Kenya National Bureau of Statistics collaborated with the County Governments of Makueni, Kitui, Uasin Gishu and Nandi in the development of 2021 county statistical abstract.
251. University of Kabianga signed an MoU with the Lake Region Economic Bloc and was selected as a centre for research in water environment and climate change. Similarly, Masinde Muliro University of Science and Technology initiated collaboration with the County Government of Kakamega on operationalisation of Kakamega Teaching and Referral Hospital. Further, the University collaborated with the County Governments of Bungoma, Trans Nzoia, and Kakamega in a USAID funded project to support county proximate universities.
252. Jaramogi Oginga Odinga University of Science and Technology partnered with Lake Region Economic Bloc (LREB) to establish 2 centres for research in education, gender, youth and Differently Abled Persons and expanded access to services, products and programmes for persons with disabilities. Wote Technical Training Institute collaborated with the county government of Makueni to launch the Wote Technical Training Institute

Dispensary. Separately, TVET CDACC sensitized trainers and managers of vocational training Centres in Kisii, Kiambu, Machakos, Tana River, Nakuru and Siaya Counties.

VII. Continue to implement measures to protect the environment, mitigate climate change, and improve the national forest cover.

253. H.E the President launched the IGAD Climate Prediction and Application Centre to provide climate and early warning services to 11 East African countries. In addition, H.E. the President during the UN climate change conference in Glasgow (COP26), Scotland, made commitments towards investment in green energy, climate financing and ending deforestation in Kenya. The President further made a commitment to protect 30% of the ocean under national jurisdiction by 2030 following the High Level Panel leader's forum in Glasgow.
254. Ministry of Environment and Forestry produced 54,294,209 seedlings, restored 2,400Ha of degraded land in Makueni and Kitui counties, established 113Ha of bamboo forest and *gazetted* 19,836Ha of new forest reserves. In addition, the Ministry planted 20,596,734 tree seedlings during the national tree planting campaigns, planted 110Ha of fruit orchards, established 4,418Ha of woodlots and rehabilitated 500Ha of degraded dryland.
255. Kenya Forest Service deployed over 2,333 forest rangers to protect the 2.59 million hectares of *gazetted* forest. The rangers intensified patrols and surveillance of all the *gazetted* forests in the country to reduce the incidences of illegal activities in forest blocks. Separately, Kenya Forestry

- Research Institute (KEFRI) produced 2 million seedlings for tree planting and raised 62,000 difficult to propagate tree species.
256. The Ministry of Interior through the Regional Commissioner Nyanza coordinated the planting of 568,467 trees in different areas and nurtured 428,557 tree seedlings for agroforestry. Additionally, the Regional Commissioner's office coordinated tree planting to more than 25 schools whereby 39,416 trees were planted.
257. The Ministry of Interior and Coordination of National Government through the County Commissioner Elgeyo Marakwet planted over 500,000 trees under the *Kazi Mtaani* Programme. In addition, the Ministry through the County Commissioner of West Pokot planted 21,000 trees at Kamatira Forest in a joint partnership with the county government and Equity bank. The Ministry through the Narok County Commissioner planted 16 million tree seedlings in Mau forest and public institutions.
258. The Ministry of Water, Sanitation and Irrigation constructed 4,984 ecosystem water storages to rehabilitate 400Ha of degraded land and desilted 100 colonial dams, restored 180 acres of degraded land ecosystems, rehabilitated and secured Lamu and Kikuyu groundwater conservation areas. Separately, Water Resource Authority inspected 32 effluent discharge facilities and conducted oil spill monitoring in Thange and Kiboko rivers.
259. Ministry of Defence piloted the Integrated Solid Waste Management System at KDF headquarters to address challenges related to waste management. Separately, the State Department for Youth Affairs through the National Youth Council and Kenya Forest Service engaged 3,000 youths to plant 150,000 trees under the Greening Kenya Initiative. The

Competition Authority of Kenya sensitised 2,800 consumers during the World Consumer Rights Day on tackling misleading environmental claims on plastic products and distributed 1,700 eco-friendly bags. Separately, NACADA constructed an incinerator at the Miritini Treatment and Rehabilitation Centre in Mombasa at a cost of KSh.1.1Million.

260. Moi Teaching and Referral Hospital (MTRH) undertook clinical waste management through microwaving as a sterilisation method managing 1,800kg to 2,400kg of biomedical wastes per day. Through this technology, the Hospital provides waste disposal services to other clinical service providers and institutions requiring bulk disposal of hazardous waste at a cost effective rate.
261. Kenya Law Reform Commission reviewed the Model County Forestry and Tree Growing Policy to mitigate climate change and improve the national forest cover. Separately, ICT Authority developed e-waste management standards within the optic fibre, back-bone, metro and last mile connectivity to ensure safe disposal of optical fibre cables during construction and maintenance.
262. National Irrigation Authority conducted 80 Environmental Impact Assessments (EIAs) and continued to oversee implementation of environmental management plans for Mwea, Nzoia and Bura irrigation development projects. The Authority raised and distributed 553,000 fruit tree seedlings in Tana, Bura, Pekerra irrigation schemes, MIAD centre and Katillu Irrigation Project.
263. Water Sector Trust Fund financed 29 projects on environmental conservation activities at a cost of KSh.98.8Million. These included planting of 50,000 bamboo seedlings, 40,000 avocado seedlings and 20,000

indigenous seedlings, and conservation of 27.5km of riparian land through marking, pegging and planting of 11,000 seedlings. In addition, the Fund improved water storage by constructing 30,000m³ of rain water harvesting infrastructures including 2 sand dams and construction of a common water intake. Further, the Fund adopted 10.6 acres of Lambwe forest in Homa Bay County for rehabilitation. Separately, Tana Water Works Development Agency (TWWDA) drilled and equipped 20 boreholes fitted with solar panels as part of green energy use.

264. KCAA collected and submitted data of aircraft carbon dioxide emission to the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) for monitoring with a view to reduce the level of carbon dioxide emissions. Further, the Authority initiated the Draft Civil Aviation regulation 2021 on Carbon Offsetting and Reduction Scheme for International Aviation (CORSIA). In addition, the Authority prepared the Draft Manual of Implementing Standards for CORSIA and implemented a report on Kenya's Action Plan for the reduction of CO₂ emissions in the aviation sector for the period 2015-2020.
265. The Authority conducted post implementation evaluation of the 0.5MW solar PV project at Moi International Airport, Mombasa that saved 1,907,661.43kg of CO₂ emission since installation. Further, the Authority collaborated with the Kenya Forest Service to plant 1,000 trees at Ngong and Poror forests. Separately, Anti-Counterfeit Authority minimized the risks posed to the environment through destruction of counterfeit goods worth KSh.27Million in line with NEMA guidelines and regulations.
266. Agriculture and Food Authority undertook capacity building of nursery operators and farmers to enhance propagation of high quality and pest free

fruit trees and ornamental plants to improve vegetative cover. The Authority developed the bio-fuel for Kenya project in South Nyanza Region aimed at reducing deforestation by use of briquettes from sugarcane bagasse. Separately, Nyayo Tea Zone Development Corporation established over 10 tea and tree seedling nurseries to support buffer expansion, infilling and consolidation projects.

267. Kenya Agricultural and Livestock Research Organisation (KALRO) analyzed 24,353 soil samples, developed and disseminated 3 management technologies of problem soils and 2 soil irrigation/drainage management. In addition, the Organisation developed and disseminated 6 climate smart and natural resource management technologies and 3 conservation agricultural technologies. The Organisation implemented the Kenya climate-smart agriculture project to increase agricultural productivity and build resilience to climate change risk in smallholder farming and pastoral communities in 24 counties.
268. Kenya Marine and Fisheries Research Institute (KMFRI) continued to support the *Mikoko Pamoja* Project in Gazi to create awareness on the importance of mangroves in sustainable coastal development. In addition, KMFRI hosted a regional training course on marine litter monitoring in the Western Indian Ocean Region that drew 20 participants from Kenya, Tanzania, Madagascar and Mozambique.
269. Kenya Power Lighting Company (KPLC) transmitted 86.24% of renewable energy mix comprising 40.07% geothermal, 26.89% hydro, 1.79% solar, 17.49% wind and 0.00% biomass. In addition, the Company partnered with UNEP in donating 13 electric motorbikes for piloting in the country.

270. Rural Electrification and Renewable Energy Corporation jointly with the Ministry of Energy and KPLC implemented the Kenya Off-grid Solar Access Project (K-OSAP) which includes the carbon finance component of the project. The project facilitated the sharing of data by the solar home system companies with the Corporation to monitor carbon emission. In addition, as part of the Green Energy Strategy to mitigate climate change, the Corporation implemented 26 solar mini-grids across the counties of Wajir, Turkana, Marsabit, Mandera and Garissa and retrofitted 22 solar power pumping boreholes in Nyeri County.
271. Nuclear Power and Energy Agency participated in the Regional Nuclear Technology for Controlling Plastic Pollution Roundtables, African Region in which Kenya was earmarked to lead the African Continent through UNEP to develop mitigation policies and measures to tackle oceanic plastic. KenGen registered 6 clean development mechanism projects and issued 4,617,309 certified emission reductions (carbon credits) valued at approximately USD 9,234,618. KenGen also participated in the UN Global Compact becoming the first public institution to join business ambition for 1.5⁰C campaign in the race to carbon neutrality through enhanced use of green energy sources.
272. New Kenya Planters Cooperative Union, (PLC) facilitated training of coffee farmers and supplied them with 4,000 bags of organic and environmental friendly fertiliser and trained 872 farmers on adoption of green houses for coffee cherry drying where 201 farmers adopted the method. In addition, the Company removed and safely disposed asbestos roofs and replaced them with modern roofing sheets in 14 go-downs situated at the headquarter, Dandora, Sagana and Meru branches.

273. Pharmacy and Poisons Board issued 172 certificates for disposal of pharmaceutical waste and safely disposed 26,648kg of waste as per the PPB guidelines. Separately, Kenya Film Classification Board participated in the 4th World Cleanup Day held in Eldoret whereby 10,000 people were involved and 30,000kg of waste was collected.
274. To enhance the protection of the environment, Kenyatta University awarded collaborative research grants worth KSh.87.1Million on governing solar electronic waste in Kenya. Cooperative University of Kenya received donor funding from the Co-operative Bank of Kenya to upgrade the sewer systems to an advanced sequential batch reactor at a cost of KSh.96Million.
275. Technical University of Mombasa established the Department of Environment and Health Sciences to train on environmental conservation. The University also constructed a biogas plant that saves 25-30% of cooking energy and established a Centre for Renewable Energy and a Climate Change Research Centre. Further, the University in partnership with the County Government of Mombasa conducted an ocean clean up exercise and planted 1,000 trees in Kwale County.
276. Technical University of Kenya contributed to vital human resources in environment sciences by graduating 28 students in Environmental Resources Management. Separately, Jomo Kenyatta University of Agriculture and Technology established a partnership with JICA for the installation of a recycling plant for used polyethylene terephthalate bottles and installed air quality equipment at JKUAT.
277. To improve the forest cover, Kenya Pipeline Company Limited signed an MoU with Kenya Forest Service and planted 20,500 trees in selected areas

throughout the country. Nursing Council of Kenya participated in tree planting activities in Kaptagat forest through sponsorship worth KSh.100,000. Kenya Railways engaged Water Resources Authority during project implementation in pegging and marking of riparian land on existing gullies along the MGR link line corridor to control soil erosion and conserve water.

Table 6: Number of seedlings planted by institutions

No	Name of Institution	No. of seedlings planted
1.	Aberdare Diploma Teachers Training College	700
2.	Agricultural Development Corporation	218,080
3.	Alupe University College	23,300
4.	Athi Water Works Development Agency	2,000
5.	Awendo Technical and Vocational College	3000
6.	Bandari Maritime Academy	2,000
7.	Baringo Technical College	1,200
8.	Bomet University	100
9.	Bondo Technical and Vocational College	500
10.	Bukura Agricultural College	1,000
11.	Bunyala Technical and Vocational College	300
12.	Bushiangala Technical Training Institute	2,400
13.	Business Registration Service	500
14.	Butere Technical And Vocational College	4,500
15.	Capital Markets Authority	550
16.	Central Rift Valley Water Works Development Agency	10,000
17.	Chuka University	1,500,000
18.	Coast Development Authority	321,420
19.	Coast Institute of Technology	300
20.	Commission for University Education	600
21.	Communications Authority of Kenya	1,200
22.	Competition Authority of Kenya	2,000
23.	County Commissioner of Elgeyo Marakwet	500,000
24.	County Commissioner of Kajiado	5,000
25.	County Commissioner of Kirinyaga	10,000
26.	County Commissioner of Kisumu	35,000
27.	County Commissioner of Kitui	10,000
28.	County Commissioner of Machakos	7,500
29.	County Commissioner of Meru	4,000

30.	County Commissioner of Mombasa	10,000
31.	County Commissioner of Narok	16,000,000
32.	County Commissioner of Trans Nzoia	10,000
33.	County Commissioner of Vihiga	1,500,600
34.	County Commissioner of Wajir	2,000
35.	County Commissioner of West Pokot	21,000
36.	David Mbiti Wambuli Technical and Vocational College	100
37.	East African Portland Cement PLC	400
38.	Egerton University	2,674
39.	Eldama Ravine Technical and Vocational College	1,000
40.	Endebess Technical Training College	100
41.	Energy and Petroleum Regulatory Authority	6,000
42.	Ewaso Ng'iro North River Basin Development Authority	10,000
43.	Ewaso Ng'iro South Development Authority	500,000
44.	Gatanga Technical and Vocational College	120
45.	Geothermal Development Company	3,000
46.	ICT Authority	5,000
47.	Insurance Regulatory Authority	2,000
48.	Jaramogi Oginga Odinga University of Science & Technology	1,100
49.	Jomo Kenyatta University of Agriculture and Technology	3,000
50.	Kabete National Polytechnic	5,000
51.	Kaiboi Technical Training Institute	450
52.	Kaloleni Technical and Vocational College	231
53.	Kamwenja Teachers College	4,500
54.	Kasarani Technical and Vocational College	300
55.	Kenya Agricultural and Livestock Research Organization	42,062
56.	Kenya Airport Authority	5,000
57.	Kenya Animal Genetic Resources Centre	10,000
58.	Kenya Broadcasting Corporation	1,000
59.	Kenya Civil Aviation Authority	1,000
60.	Kenya Dairy Board	300,000
61.	Kenya Deposit Insurance Corporation	10,000
62.	Kenya Development Corporation	1,000
63.	Kenya Education Management Institute	1,000
64.	Kenya Electricity Generating Company	320,000
65.	Kenya Export Promotion and Branding Agency	2,000
66.	Kenya Film Commission	1,000
67.	Kenya Forestry Research Institute	960,000
68.	Kenya Leather Development Council	4,633
69.	Kenya Library Service	1,052

70.	Kenya Marine and Fisheries Research Institute	7,500
71.	Kenya Medical Training College	1,000
72.	Kenya National Highways Authority	20,299
73.	Kenya Pipeline Company Limited	20,500
74.	Kenya Ports Authority	10,000
75.	Kenya Prisons Service	5,000,000
76.	Kenya Revenue Authority	26,514
77.	Kenya Roads Board	10,000
78.	Kenya Rural Roads Authority	3,500
79.	Kenya School of Adventure and Leadership	8,200
80.	Kenya Shipping Line Limited	2,500
81.	Kenya Urban Roads Authority	21,200
82.	Kenya Water Institute	6,234
83.	Kenya Wildlife Service	80,000
84.	Kenyatta International Convention Centre	300
85.	Kenyatta National Hospital	754
86.	Kenyatta University	1,350
87.	Kenyatta University Teaching Referral and Research Hospital	1,000
88.	Kibabii University	3,000
89.	Kipsinende Technical and Vocational College	200
90.	Kirinyaga University	2,500
91.	Kisii National Polytechnic	120
92.	Kisii University	2,500
93.	Kisumu National Polytechnic	3,000
94.	Kitale National Polytechnic	1,000
95.	Koitaleel Samoei University College	6,000
96.	Laikipia University	3,000
97.	Lake Victoria South Water Works Development Agency	600,000
98.	Maasai Mara Technical and Vocational College	600
99.	Maasai Mara University	700
100.	Mabera Technical and Vocational College	1,000
101.	Machakos University	517
102.	Masai Technical Training Institute	2,100
103.	Maseno University	3,000
104.	Masinde Muliro University of Science and Technology	4,180
105.	Mathira Technical and Vocational College	100
106.	Mawego Technical Training Institute	500
107.	Meru National Polytechnic	6,100
108.	Michuki Technical Training Institute	600
109.	Migori Teachers College	493
110.	Ministry of Defence	580,280
111.	Ministry of Education	4,500

112.	Ministry of Energy	195,070
113.	Moi Teaching and Referral Hospital	2,000
114.	Moiben Technical and Vocational College	300
115.	Mukiria Technical Training Institute	250
116.	Murang'a Technical Training Institute	150
117.	Musakasa Technical Training Institute	200
118.	NACADA	3,750
119.	Nairobi Technical Training Institute	200
120.	National AIDS Control Council	5,693
121.	National Biosafety Authority	300
122.	National Construction Authority	9,560
123.	National Environment Management Authority	156,648
124.	National Government Affirmative Action Fund	12,000
125.	National Hospital Insurance Fund	6,000
126.	National Oil Corporation of Kenya	100,000
127.	National Police Service	13,800
128.	National Social Security Fund	10,620
129.	National Youth Council	3,000
130.	New Kenya Cooperative Creameries LTD	6,500
131.	Northern Water Works Development Agency	9,200
132.	Nuclear Power and Energy Agency	45,000
133.	Nyandarua National Polytechnic	5,000
134.	Nyayo Tea Zone Development Corporation	15,000
135.	Nyeri National Polytechnic	4,350
136.	Nzoia Sugar Company Ltd	150,000
137.	Ol'lessos Technical Training Institute	200
138.	PC Kinyanjui Technical Training Institute	250
139.	Pwani University	2,000
140.	Regional Centre on Groundwater Resource Education	2,050
141.	Regional Commissioner, Eastern	1,022,000
142.	Rift Valley Institute of Science and Technology	1,000
143.	Rongo University	7,550
144.	Rural Electrification and Renewable Energy Corporation	10,000
145.	Sacco Societies Regulatory Authority	1,000
146.	Sang'alo Institute of Science and Technology	5,000
147.	Shamberere Technical Training Institute	5,000
148.	Siala Technical Training Institute	200
149.	Siaya Institute of Technology	2,000
150.	Sigalagala National Polytechnic	5,500
151.	St. Paul Kibabii Diploma Teachers Training College	1,000
152.	State Department for Crop Development and Agricultural Research	196,000

153.	State Department for Housing and Urban Development	112,956,931
154.	State Department for Infrastructure	10,000
155.	State Department for Livestock	21,183
156.	State Department for Planning	2,000
157.	State Department for Public Service	5,000
158.	State Department for Transport	200
159.	State Department for Vocational & Technical Training	200
160.	State Department for Wildlife	110,000
161.	State House	7,035
162.	Taita Taveta University	400
163.	Tana Water Works Development Agency	4,500
164.	Tanathi Water Works Development Agency	1,000
165.	Tharaka University College	1,000
166.	Thika Technical Training Institute	200
167.	TVET-CDACC	1,000
168.	Ugunja Technical and Vocational College	200
169.	University of Eldoret	30,000
170.	University of Embu	5,050
171.	University of Kabanga	3,500
172.	Uwezo Fund Oversight Board	12,000
173.	Water Resource Authority	2,200
174.	Water Sector Trust Fund	112,000
175.	Water Service Regulatory Board	2,500
176.	Women Enterprise Fund	1,000

Source: MDAs Reports, 2021

VIII. Implement measures to promote inclusivity and representation of Kenya's diverse communities in the public service.

278. H.E. the President appointed officials from diverse communities including the Chief Justice, 34 Judges for the Court of Appeal and the Commissioner General of Prisons Service. Separately, the Senate through the Committee on National Cohesion, Equal Opportunity and Regional Integration conducted oversight visits to Busia and Kwale counties to establish the status of ethnic diversity and inclusivity in recruitment within counties.
279. The Public Service Commission (PSC) facilitated the appointment of 15,937 officers out of which 8,522 were new appointments made in 49

MDAs through a competitive process while 7,415 were promotions. Out of the 8,522 appointed, 4,125 were male, 4,397 were female and 150 were PWDs. Out of the 7,415 promoted, 4,431 were male, 2,984 female and 49 were PWDs.

280. The Ministry of Defence conducted 2 national recruitment exercises whereby 10,283 personnel were recruited from all sub-counties across the country and 343 civilians recruited as per PSC guidelines. Further, the Ministry recruited 807 female cadets. Similarly, National Police Service recruited 5,000 officers from all the sub-counties.
281. Separately, the State Department for Correctional Services through Kenya Prisons Service recruited, trained and deployed additional 159 graduate cadets to manage penal institutions. Further, the Prison Service promoted 3,095 officers from diverse communities reflecting the face of Kenya. National Registration Bureau recruited and deployed 144 registration officers and 97 finger print officers from diverse communities among them 18 persons with disabilities.
282. To enhance inclusivity, National Cohesion and Integration Commission conducted ethnic and diversity audits in 31 counties. The audits targeted employment organs in the county governments which included the Office of the Governors, the County Public Service Boards and the County Assembly Service Boards. The audits were carried out in the following counties; Trans Nzoia, Bungoma, Kakamega, Kisumu, Siaya, Vihiga, Narok, Bomet, Kisii, Nyamira, Homa Bay, Migori, Marsabit, Nakuru, Nyandarua, Murang'a, Mombasa, Kilifi, Kwale, Tana river, Makueni, Taita taveta, Lamu, Mandera, Kiambu, Kajiado, Isiolo, Embu, Kericho, Nandi

and Uasin Gishu. Separately, the Ministry of Labour recruited 230 officers including 120 male and 110 female.

283. Kenya National Commission on Human Rights employed 110 staff from various diversities including 65 male, 44 female, 1 intersex and 2 persons with disabilities. The ethnic distribution included; Boran 1, Burji 1, Indian 1, Kalenjin 8, Kamba 12, Kikuyu 20, Kisii 7, Kuria 3, Luhya 12, Luo 13, Maasai 2, Mbeere 2, Meru 3, Mijikenda 5, Pokomo 1, Pokot 1, Somali 8, Suba 2, Taita 3, Teso 2 and Turkana 2.
284. KRA recruited 840 staff drawn from 26 communities and 7 persons with disabilities. In addition, 143 officers were promoted whereby 67 were male and 76 female. The State Department for Wildlife recruited 10 technical officers from different backgrounds. Kenya Railways engaged interns from different backgrounds and enrolled 5,151 students at the Railway Training Institute for courses in rail, marine and logistics.

**CHAPTER
THREE**

**MEASURES TAKEN
IN THE REALISATION
OF NATIONAL VALUES AND
PRINCIPLES OF GOVERNANCE**



CHAPTER THREE: MEASURES TAKEN IN THE REALIZATION OF NATIONAL VALUES AND PRINCIPLES OF GOVERNANCE

This chapter outlines measures taken by MDAs in the realization of national values and principles of governance during the reporting period. These include policy formulation, enactment of legislations, development of regulations and implementation of programmes, projects and administrative actions.

Measures Taken Towards Creation of a National Identity and Exercise of Sovereign Power

Article 10(2)(a): Patriotism, National Unity, the Rule of Law, Democracy and Participation of the People

285. To promote patriotism, H.E. the President bestowed national honours and awards on heroes and heroines for exemplary conduct and service to the nation. To advance national interests, H.E. the President witnessed the signing of agreements on agriculture, public service, foreign affairs, trade, sports and culture between Kenya and Burundi. Further, H.E. the President held talks with the Somalia Prime Minister resolving to reset the Kenya-Somalia relations.
286. H.E. the President and Prime Minister of Barbados witnessed the signing of an air services agreement, development of the national botanical garden of Barbados and establishment of a Joint Committee on Trade and Investment. H.E. the President also witnessed signing of the bilateral agreement between Kenya and Estonia on political consultation, health and environment. The Head of State pledged to promote regional cohesion and integration by ensuring a more united and prosperous East African Community (EAC) during his term as the Chair of the regional bloc.

287. In exercise of sovereign power, the National Assembly passed bills, adopted motions and discussed parliamentary committee reports. The Assembly also received, processed and replied to petitions and made statements on matters of national importance in support of national cohesion and integration. The National Assembly tabled audited reports on various matters and approved National Government Constituencies Development Fund nominees to various committees in 11 constituencies.
288. The Senate represented Kenya at the 26th Conference of Parties Summit (COP 26) as a signatory to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) in Glasgow, Scotland; at the 143rd Assembly of Inter-Parliamentary Union in Spain; and at the 142nd virtual Inter-Parliamentary Union Assembly on the role of Parliaments in overcoming the COVID-19 pandemic. Separately, Kenya International Boundaries Office (KIBO) continued staking out Kenya-Somalia boundary for erection of the security fence and reaffirmation and demarcation of the Kenya-Tanzania boundary in the Mara/Serengeti game parks. KIBO supported Kenya's legal representation on the International Court of Justice maritime case between Kenya and Somalia by providing technical support to boost the Kenyan arguments.
289. The Ministry of Interior and Coordination of National Government through National Government Administrative Officers held public *barazas* to disseminate government policies and established *Nyumba Kumi* clusters. The Ministry further activated more county peace committees, held security and intelligence meetings and resolved community conflicts.
290. Further, the Ministry identified heroes and heroines to be feted during the *Mashujaa* Day celebrations. In addition, the Ministry vetted traditional dancing groups to entertain guests during *Mashujaa* Day celebrations with

- patriotic songs. To promote democracy and participation of the people, the Ministry mobilized persons above 18 years to register as voters.
291. To foster national identity, the Directorate of Immigration Services registered nationals for dual citizenship, reinstated citizenship of eligible nationals and granted citizenship to eligible foreigners. Separately, Independent Policing Oversight Authority (IPOA) monitored police operations, inspected police custodial facilities and received and processed complaints from the public in support of the rule of law. To uphold democracy and participation of the people, the Authority convened stakeholders for validation of regulatory frameworks governing operations.
292. To promote national unity, the National Cohesion and Integration Commission (NCIC) participated in 6 peace football tournaments in Nairobi, Nakuru and Uasin Gishu counties on countering political intolerance and electoral related violence. The Commission also facilitated a peace caravan in Nakuru County during the World International Day of Peace and supported the launch of *Amani* clubs in schools in Kajiado County.
293. Further, NCIC supported Karatina University during the university's national cohesion and integration week. To promote national unity, NCIC continued to promote peaceful coexistence among different ethnic communities through Alternative Dispute Resolution Mechanisms. To promote the rule of law, the Commission continued to enhance compliance with NCI Act, 2008 on ethnic inclusion in recruitment by county governments. To promote democracy and participation of the people, NCIC conducted 2 national forums with *boda boda* riders and religious leaders.
294. To entrench national identity, National Registration Bureau identified, registered and issued IDs to Kenyan citizens above 18 years. To support

the enforcement of the law, Civil Registration Bureau produced exhibit memos and identification reports to the DCI to aid in investigations and serve as evidence in court cases. Betting Control and Licensing Board (BCLB) continued to crack down on illegal gaming machines and ensured all authorized public lotteries gave 25% of proceeds to support needy causes.

295. To promote patriotism, Government Press printed 1,000 copies of the *Kenya Gazette* Vol.CXXIII-No.255 which contained names of Kenyans feted by H.E. the President during *Jamhuri* Day celebrations. To facilitate democracy and participation of the people, Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission carried out nationwide voter registration.
296. To facilitate the rule of law, National Authority for Campaign against Alcohol and Drug Abuse (NACADA) developed guidelines and standards, and enforced alcohol and drug control laws and policies. To promote national identity, the Authority represented the country in various international meetings and provided status reports on drug policy amendment. The Authority also assessed the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on drug demand reduction efforts. To enhance national unity, NACADA in partnership with NCIC sensitized communities in Nakuru, Uasin Gishu, and Narok counties on peaceful elections.
297. The Ministry of Defence continued to safeguard the sovereignty and territorial integrity of the nation through intensified border patrols, establishment of new operation units in Mukutani and Kirimoni in Baringo County and upgrading of the Wajir Forward Operating Base. The Ministry also celebrated KDF Day in honor of serving and fallen heroes and heroines.

298. To defend and protect the sovereignty of the Republic, Kenya Defence Forces established the Strategic Communications Centre (Stratcom), with recording and broadcast studios, to provide information and support services to KDF. To address emerging geopolitical challenges and security threats to national security, National Defence University-Kenya was awarded a Charter to offer strategic training to actors in the security sector. The University commenced construction of the University complex in Lanet, Nakuru County.
299. Kenya Revenue Authority continued to recognize and affirm top taxpayers in the country. The Authority supported the administration of tax justice by deploying alternative dispute resolution mechanisms to resolve 588 tax disputes. To promote the rule of law, Capital Markets Authority developed proposals for amendments to harmonize Commodities Sector Policy and Regulatory Framework with the Capital Markets Act to streamline the multi-billion commodities and coffee sector. The Authority further held a road safety sensitisation for Upperhill *boda boda* riders on adherence and observance of traffic rules to minimize traffic incidents.
300. The State Department for Planning held stakeholder consultations in 15 counties on the preparation of the County Development Planning Handbook. The State Department also sensitized 195 officers on the Public Officers Ethics Act, 2003 (Revised 2016) in support of the rule of law. To promote the rule of law, Retirement Benefits Authority continued to review the legal framework governing management of retirement benefits. The Authority also held sensitization forums for the trustees and members of the retirement schemes on the changes to the Retirement Benefits Act, 1997 and Regulations.

301. To promote the rule of law, Competition Authority of Kenya strengthened enforcement of anti-competitive conduct and penalized firms for non-compliance with relevant consumer information standards and the Competition Act No. 12 of 2010. The Authority engaged stakeholders in reviewing the Buyer Power Guidelines in line with amendments made in the Competition Act No. 12 of 2010 and held a hybrid public lecture themed *Emerging Trends in Competition Regulation and Consumer Protection*.
302. NEPAD/APRM Kenya Secretariat facilitated Kenya's participation at the 21st COMESA Heads of State and Government Orientation Summit and the APRM Forum of Heads of State and Government to promote Kenya's interests and identity. The Secretariat hosted the 7th Programme for Infrastructural Development in Africa (PIDA) on how Africa can take lead in the delivery of infrastructure in the post-COVID era. In addition, the Secretariat continued to market the LAPPSET project at national and regional levels by promoting a regional coordination mechanism for LAPPSET operations in Ethiopia and South Sudan.
303. Office of the Controller of Budget used an interactive website and a mobile application (*Budget Yetu*) to facilitate participation of the public in budget implementation process. The Office developed regulations to enhance operationalisation of the Controller of Budget Act, 2016. The Office held sensitization fora on the role of citizens in budget making and financial reporting. The Office also set up an interactive website to enable the public access budget information and governing frameworks.
304. Kenya Reinsurance Corporation Limited upheld democracy and participation of the people by conducting a survey on *Niko Fiti* Programme and collected views from 770 beneficiaries of assistive devices. The Corporation issued 784 mobility and assistive devices and rehabilitated

1,932 differently abled persons by providing physiotherapy, hydrotherapy and occupational devices. Separately, to promote adherence to the rule of law, Policyholders Compensation Fund developed compensation standard operating procedures and policy guidelines, and regulations to operationalize the Insurance Act, 2020.

305. National Council for Population and Development composed, produced and disseminated 5 patriotic songs and recruited 40 attachees from different parts of the country. The Council held 6 research dialogues in Kwale and Kilifi counties on ending teenage pregnancies and 5 consultative forums on the proposed new population policy to promote democracy and participation of the people.
306. To guide policy on promotion of local content in the energy sector, Kenya Institute for Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) published a research study titled *Prerequisites for Enhancing Local Content in the Energy Sector in Kenya*. The study sought to guide decision makers in the energy sector in formulating strategies which integrate all service providers and indigenous suppliers to establish sustainable indigenous industry capacity to enhance local content.
307. To inform policy on enhancing local innovation, KIPPRA published a blog titled *COVID-19 pandemic: A catalyst for Local Innovation and Change in the Telecommunication Sub-Sector*. The study identified catalysts for local innovation and change in the telecommunication sub-sector with the COVID-19 Pandemic. To inform policy on creating a liberal facilitative investment environment, KIPPRA published a media article on *What Kenya must do to Benefit from Free Trade Agreement with US*. The

article examined measures necessary for a tangible preferential agreement under Africa Free Continental Trade Area.

308. To advance national identity and interests, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs facilitated the assumption of Kenya to the rotational Presidency of the United Nations Security Council. Under Kenya's stewardship 2 Security Council Presidential Statements were adopted. The Ministry also lobbied for election and appointment of Kenya and Kenyans into various international organizations.
309. Further the Ministry of Foreign Affairs led and coordinated Kenya's ratification process for the African Charter on Elections, Democracy and Governance (ACDEG) in line with the statutory ratification procedures under the Treaty Making and Ratification Act, 2012. To promote the rule of law, the Ministry developed a legislative proposal on Foreign Service Bill, 2021.
310. To promote the rule of law, Kenya Industrial Property Institute finalized the commercialization guidelines developed by Kenya School of Government. To promote democracy and participation of the people and guarantee efficiency in service delivery, the Institute conducted sensitization forums and outreach activities in various parts of the country to create awareness on Intellectual Property (IP) rights of citizens. Further, the Institute conducted feasibility studies on various products to determine viability for intellectual property rights protection.
311. Kenya Export Promotion and Branding Agency in collaboration with stakeholders promoted Kenya's iconic products and technologies at the Dubai Expo 2020. The Agency ran a digital campaign to showcase positive stories and celebrate extraordinary Kenyan heroes and heroines.

312. Anti-Counterfeit Authority continued to enforce the Anti-Counterfeit Act No. 13 of 2008 to protect citizens from harmful effects of counterfeit products. The Authority engaged National Police Service, KRA, Kenya Bureau of Standards, Pharmacy and Poisons Board, Pest Control Products Board, KECOBO, KIPI and other enforcement agencies in the fight against trade in counterfeit products.
313. The Ministry of Health revised the Health Financing and Facility Improvement Fund guidelines in consultation with county governments, NHIF, KSG and other stakeholders. The Ministry further held consultative meetings to develop the Food and Drug Administration Bill, 2019, Kenya National Blood Transfusion Bill, 2020, and County e-Health Bill, 2021.
314. Pharmacy and Poisons Board continued to conduct routine inspections and crackdowns on illegal Health Products and Technologies (HPT) in facilities to ensure compliance with the law. The Board participated in international intelligence sharing operations on new psychoactive substances and non-medicinal opioids to identify and interdict key sources and re-distribution points of the substances at airports and post offices.
315. The Board further developed the revised guidelines on recall and withdrawal of medical products and health technologies to enable effective enforcement powers of the Board under the Pharmacy and Poisons Act. To enhance participation of the people, the Board established a mechanism for conduct of public participation during development of regulatory instruments and held a stakeholder forum on strengthening pharmacovigilance and quality safety monitoring of HPTs in Kenya.
316. Fish Levy Trust Fund held 4 stakeholder forums at the Rift Valley, Coast, Western and Eastern regions to develop the Fisheries Management and Development Regulations, 2021 and Fish Levy Order. Separately, Kenya

- Dairy Board launched the Dairy Industry Regulations 2021, conducted public forums in 14 counties to sensitize stakeholders on the regulations and initiated the review of the Dairy Industry Act, CAP 336.
317. To entrench democracy and participation of the people, SACCO Societies Regulatory Authority (SASRA) conducted regional stakeholder consultative fora for development of the Draft Cooperative Bill to streamline the Cooperative Sector in Kenya. To strengthen law enforcement capacity, the Authority signed a memorandum of understanding to operationalize the SACCO Societies Fraud Investigation Unit. In addition, the Authority commenced implementation of Sacco Societies (Non-Deposit Taking Business) Regulations, 2020 aimed at regulating specified Non-Withdrawable Deposit Taking Saccos.
318. National Cereals and Produce Board sponsored the organization's men's and ladies' handball teams to foster cohesion and unity and enhance national identity. The teams emerged second during the 2021 East and Central Africa Handball Championship held in Dar es Salaam, Tanzania.
319. To promote the rule of law, Kenya Fisheries Service developed the draft National Aquaculture Guidelines and Regulations and reviewed the Fish, Fishery Products and Fish Feeds Safety Regulations, 2021. To promote national identity, the Service celebrated the World Fisheries Day themed *Mixture of the Fishing Industry, Nature and Environment*. To promote democracy and participation of the people, KALRO held stakeholders' forums on various crop husbandry practices across the country.
320. To support the rule of law, Warehouse Receipts System Council spearheaded the development of Warehouse Receipts Regulations which were *gazetted* in 2021. The Council also trained stakeholders in different counties on the warehouse receipt systems. Separately, Kenya Veterinary

Vaccines Production Institute developed a technology feature to curb counterfeits on the foot and mouth vaccine product.

321. Tea Board of Kenya complied with the court order on new applications for tea manufacturing and brokerage licenses following a pending case in court by stakeholders challenging provisions of the Tea Act, 2020. To promote democracy and participation of the people, the Board held public engagements with various stakeholders on tea price stabilization.
322. To enhance public participation, the State Department for Transport held public engagements on the development of the Digital Hailing Regulations, 2021; Traffic (Registration Plates) Amendment, Rules 2021 and Traffic (Amendment) Bill, 2021. To promote national unity, Kenya Railways Corporation completed the construction of 23.6km of rail link between the Inland Container Depot (ICD) Naivasha and the Metre Gauge Railway (MGR) line at Longonot, and completed the rehabilitation of the 465.1km Longonot-Malaba line.
323. Kenya Railways Corporation further completed the revitalization of the 278km Nakuru-Kisumu branch line, refurbished 14 stations and constructed the new Kisumu station to ease transport challenges for commuters and transporters across the country. To promote democracy and participation of the people, the Corporation also engaged stakeholders on land compensation and employment in projects in the rehabilitation of the MGR and implementation of Mombasa-Nairobi SGR cargo service.
324. Kenya Civil Aviation Authority (KCAA) published the Aeronautical Information Circular (AIC) and Notices to AirMen (NOTAM) on government policies for domestic and international travelers on COVID-19 protocols. The Authority further ensured Air operators applying for Air Service License (ASL) adhered to the 51% shareholding requirement

before issuance of the ASL whereby 48 licenses were issued. KCAA implemented the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) USOAP Audit Corrective Action Plans and conducted one self assessment during the year to provide information on the status of compliance. The Authority also held stakeholder engagements to review the Civil Aviation Regulations and a parliamentary consultative meeting on proposed Draft Civil Aviation Regulations.

325. To promote the Kenyan brand at international fora, Kenya Ports Authority sponsored the men's team to represent the nation at the Africa Confederation of Volleyball Tournament in Tunisia. To uphold democracy and participation of the people, the Authority continued to engage stakeholders bi-monthly in the maritime industry. Similarly, Engineers Board of Kenya involved key stakeholders in the development of the scale of fees for engineers.
326. Kenya Airports Authority commissioned and installed a CCTV system at the Airport North Road. The Authority also installed security equipment, full body scanners, 2D cabin X-ray machines and walk-through metal detectors at Gate 19. Separately, Kenya Rural Roads Authority involved all the 290 constituency road committees in identifying road projects and procurement processes for all the projects. To promote the rule of law, the Authority undertook a review of the Environment Sustainability Policy, submitted to NEMA 11 environmental management and social impact reports and obtained 17 Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) licenses for various counties from NEMA.
327. To enhance national unity, National Drought Management Authority collaborated with the National Steering Committee on Peace-Building and county governments to mitigate resource-based conflicts in ASAL areas.

The Authority also disseminated information on drought early warning and food security.

328. The Ministry of ICT, Innovation and Youth Affairs through Youth Enterprise Development Fund Board continued to promote social cohesion through the *Kikao* and *Kenya ni Mimi Youth* programmes. Separately, Kenya Film Commission organized the Annual *Kalasha* Awards for Kenyan film makers and held 2 public participation forums in Machakos and Laikipia counties on the establishment of film hubs. The Commission in consultation with the county governments of Laikipia, Makueni, Embu, Isiolo and Uasin Gishu agreed to establish county liaison offices on film production.
329. To promote patriotism through enhancement of communication, ICT Authority established ERP systems and secured government agencies' websites from cyber attacks. The Authority also availed high speed fibre at Lodwar town to enable the private sector roll out 4G network in the region. To enhance cyber security, the Authority conducted a national cyber security awareness assessment. Communications Authority of Kenya (CA) provided an opportunity for public participation ahead of implementing key strategic Universal Service Fund (USF) projects and held stakeholder consultation ahead of implementing cellular mobile infrastructure and services tender.
330. Kenya Film Classification Board continued to equip the Nairobi Film Centre as part of the *Sinema Mashinani* roll-out that provided a platform to showcase different forms of art by the local creative industry. The Board initiated the review of existing legislative frameworks through the development of the National Film Policy, the Kenya Film Bill, 2021 that

provides for regulation of film content in Kenya and for dispute resolution within the industry.

331. The State Department for Sports Development continued to support Kenya's National teams to participate in international championships. The State Department for Culture and Heritage organised a national craft fair themed *Our Heritage of Splendor*, an intercommunity cultural exchange and the Annual National Kenya Music and Cultural Festival. The State Department established the Ronald Ngala monument on Ronald Ngala Street, Nairobi in recognition of national heroes and preserved historical records documenting diversity of Kenyan communities.
332. The State Department also undertook review of Public Archives Act, Cap 19; formulated the National Kiswahili Council of Kenya Bill, 2021; implemented National Culture and Heritage Policy and forwarded to Senate, the Kenya National Library Service Bill, 2020. The Bill provides for preservation of national documentary heritage and distinguishes the functions of the Kenya National Library Service from the other libraries, and Heritage and Museums Bill, 2021. The Bill provides for the conservation, preservation, protection, research and management of cultural and natural heritage at national and county levels of Government.
333. To promote national unity, Kenya National Library Service availed library services to Kenyans from all communities. To promote democracy and participation of the people, the Anti-Doping Agency of Kenya conducted stakeholder forums on the Anti-Doping (Amendment) Bill, 2020 that amends the Anti-Doping Act to comply with the 2021 World Anti-Doping Code and to put in place an enhanced results management system for anti-doping rules violations. Separately, Postal Corporation of Kenya launched United Nations Educational Scientific Cultural Organization (UNESCO)

- commemorative stamps to boost the preservation of indigenous languages in promoting patriotism and national unity.
334. The State Department for University Education in collaboration with Kenya National Innovation Agency (KENIA) in promoting national unity and national identity hosted a Kenya Innovation Week which brought diverse participants from all over the nation and across the world to celebrate, recognize and foster innovation. Kenya National Qualifications Authority (KNQA) sensitized staff members on provisions of the Kenya National Qualifications Authority Act No. 22 of 2014 and the Kenya National Qualifications Authority Regulations, 2018.
335. Higher Education Loans Board conducted a stakeholder engagement forum attended by 105 university staff, student leaders, 36 HELB staff and other stakeholders and conducted a customer satisfaction survey on service delivery reforms. Similarly, Kenya Universities and Colleges Central Placement Services (KUCCPS) convened stakeholder forums to collect views on the Universities and Colleges Placement Policy to guide placement criteria, eligibility for government sponsorship, university and college eligibility, applicant eligibility and processing of government sponsored students.
336. To promote patriotism and national identity, the University of Nairobi conducted research and published papers on *Impact of COVID-19 on the International Education System: Disruptions in Low-income Countries*. The University partnered with the United Nations World Food Program to introduce low-cost storage technologies for traders to reduce food losses at market levels and avail food to vulnerable groups.
337. Further, to promote democracy and participation of the people, the University hosted the 5th Research Week for over 500 delegates to foster

discussions on research activities and created a platform for presentation of academic papers and showcasing of innovations. The University in collaboration with Konrad Adenaur Stiftung held a symposium on *Implications of the Constitution of Kenya (Amendment Bill (2020) on Devolution*.

338. To promote patriotism, national unity and respect for diversity, Kenyatta University offered a common unit on ethics, diversity, and patriotism. The University celebrated the International Mother Language Day to support indigenous Kenyan languages. Kenyatta University also held the Contemporary Art Day where 60 students showcased artwork. Further, the University School of Diplomacy and Peace Studies trained security officers on peace studies. In addition, to promote democracy and participation of the people, the University held a stakeholder consultative forum for the review of academic programmes.
339. Egerton University continued to administer a common course for first year students on national cohesion and integration and sensitized 4,905 first year students on national cohesion and values. Separately, Moi University held a cultural week where different communities participated. To promote the rule of law, the University honored the 2017/2021 Collective Bargaining Agreement for the University employees. To streamline democratic processes on campus, Kirinyaga University embraced electronic voting for the student's governing council posts.
340. To uphold democracy and participation of the people, during COVID-19 restrictions, Rongo University conducted online elections for student council and departmental representatives. The Technical and Vocational Education and Training Authority continued to inspect TVET institutions to ensure compliance and quality in service delivery.

341. Kenya National Commission for UNESCO promoted appreciation of Kenyan cultures by supporting Kenya National Tourism Festival and Lamu Maulid Cultural Festival. Separately, NACOSTI continued to review research proposals to ensure compliance with national development goals and security. To promote patriotism and national unity through education, the Kenya Literature Bureau printed and distributed various curriculum designs.
342. To promote national unity, Centre for Mathematics, Science and Technology in Africa (CEMASTEA) developed and uploaded on the website a service charter in English, Kiswahili and braille languages. To promote democracy and participation of the people, CEMASTEIA held 19 stakeholder consultative forums on development of instructional documents for schools.
343. The State Department for East African Community convened a stakeholder workshop on the status of the implementation of the EAC Common Market Protocol geared towards improving quality of services and reducing associated costs. To observe democracy and participation of the people, the State Department for Regional and Northern Corridor Development invited public participation to review the regional development policy in line with the Constitution.
344. To streamline management of children affairs, the State Department for Social Protection, Senior Citizens Affairs and special programmes spearheaded the finalization of the Children's Draft Bill. The Bill seeks to establish, among others a children's court to handle minors in conflict with the law. In addition, the State Department held a validation workshop with stakeholders for the Draft Action Plan on the implementation of the National Policy on Older Persons and the Ageing. The Ministry of Health

in partnership with National Council for Persons with Disabilities and other stakeholders developed guidelines on disability assessment and categorisation.

345. The State Department for Tourism adopted and enforced the World Health Organization's Travel Health and Safety Protocols to contain the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic and facilitated the safe reopening of tourism. To promote the rule of law, Kenya Wildlife Service continued to plan and execute bush meat operations, livestock drive operations and also established a rapid response unit based in Nairobi National Park.
346. Tourism Regulatory Authority continued to enhance compliance with the Tourism Act, 2011 and the Tourism Authority Regulations, 2014. The Authority also engaged stakeholders from various counties to validate the Tourism Draft Standards in support of democracy and participation of the people.
347. To promote national unity, National Environment Management Authority (NEMA) organized 3 events involving local communities in Marsabit, Garissa and Kilifi counties to create environmental awareness. The Authority also ensured all EIA underwent comprehensive public participation and recognition of government lead agencies. Further the Authority sponsored the 2021 Karen Country Club Stroke Play Championship.
348. To address resource based conflicts, the Ministry of Water and Sanitation constructed 3 dams in conflict prone areas of Northern Kenya. To promote democracy and participation of the people, the National Water Harvesting and Storage Authority conducted a stakeholder consultative forum on the 2022-2027 strategic plan. Water Sector Regulatory Board held public stakeholder meetings on license applications for service providers in 31

areas and held consultations for tariffs with water service providers on proposed licenses. The Board licensed water service providers, enforced tariff guidelines and disseminated standards to guide the water sector in line with the Water Act, 2016.

349. Tana Water Works Development Agency conducted 5 stakeholder consultations on development of Dedan Kimathi University sewerage project in Nyeri County and a stakeholder workshop to validate the reviewed strategic plan. National Irrigation Authority conducted stakeholder forums on frameworks for the establishment of County Irrigation Development Units on organization structure and the National Irrigation Sector Strategy.
350. To mitigate conflicts over water scarcity, Coast Water Work Development Agency distributed water to residents in drought affected areas in Kilifi and Kwale counties. The Agency also held a public participation forum with stakeholders on construction of the Baricho Wellfield Protection Works Project. To curb resource based conflicts in warring communities, Northern Water Works Development Agency constructed Forole Aldere Peace Dam in Marsabit County benefitting an estimated 10,000 households.
351. To promote national identity, Kenya Electricity Generating Company (KenGen) represented the country in a geothermal conference in Iceland. To promote patriotism, KenGen employees voluntarily made contributions towards a COVID -19 kitty to support communities living around KenGen installations. KenGen also collaborated with institutions of higher learning through the Ignite platform to spur innovation and research development in the country.
352. To support nation-wide access to electricity by 2022, the Energy and Petroleum Regulatory Authority (EPRA) developed the Energy

- Regulations, 2021. The regulations operationalized the Energy Act, 2019 by harmonizing the minigrid approval requirements by the national government, county governments, and relevant regulatory bodies; providing for minigrid tariff approvals; providing a clear and competitive process for minigrids licensing and interconnection to the main grid.
353. To promote national unity, Rural Electrification and Renewable Energy Corporation continued to implement the rural electrification programme connecting public facilities and households throughout the country to the main grid. Separately, Nuclear Power and Energy Agency hosted a mentoring workshop on STEM for learners in Nakuru County and held a consultative forum for stakeholders to seek views on the Agency's strategic plan.
354. The Ministry of Public Service and Gender through the State Department for Gender provided leadership for Gender Sector Working Groups in all counties and deliberated on: peace and security; women economic empowerment and financial inclusion; gender based violence and women in leadership. The State Department participated in PPP initiatives that concern gender-responsive strategies and policies; women empowerment index, gender sector statistics plan, women economic empowerment strategy among others.
355. To promote democracy and participation of the people, Women Enterprise Fund engaged stakeholders in the development of the *Thamini* loan product to enable widows access interest free group loans to improve the lives of widows and their families. To enhance patriotism through service delivery, *Huduma* centres continued to ensure all citizens in the republic are offered prompt and efficient government services.

356. To promote national unity and enhance access to justice, the State Law Office and Department of Justice through the Advocates Complaints Commission conducted alternative dispute resolution mechanism sessions in different counties. To enhance the rule of law, National Anti-Corruption Campaign Steering Committee (NACCSC) created awareness on the Kenya Ethics and Anti-Corruption Commission Act No. 22 of 2011 Revised 2016 (2015), celebrated the International Anti-Corruption Day (IACD), 2021, and sensitized County Anti-Corruption Civilian Oversight Committees.
357. Kenya Copyright Board (KECOBO) published an editorial encouraging the broadcasting industry in Kenya to increase local content quotas to 60%. The Board sponsored the *Kuza* Award Gala to acknowledge broadcasters who promote patriotism and Kenyan cultural beliefs and values. To promote the rule of law, KECOBO conducted inspections and raids on premises reported for copyright infringement activities, arrested and arraigned offenders to court. To promote democracy and participation of the people, the Board through 2 public participation notices invited music stakeholders and the public to submit comments and proposals on the proposed changes to the Copyright (Amendment) Bill, 2020.
358. To enhance stakeholder participation, the Judiciary continued to establish and operationalize new Court Users Committees (CUC). The Judiciary also revamped and reconstituted CUC Special Working Group membership to ensure inclusion of all justice agencies. To enhance the administration of justice, the Judiciary recruited judicial personnel, constructed more court facilities and reviewed Kenya's penal laws and prepared draft Bills with proposed amendments to the Criminal Procedure Code and the Penal Code.

359. Commission on Administrative Justice (CAJ) continued to provide strategic leadership to uplift the Kenyan profile in international fora. Further, the Commission's chairperson was elected as the African Region President of the International Ombudsman based in Vienna, Austria.
360. To promote national unity, CAJ partnered with the Ministry of Devolution in developing a generic draft County Complaints Management Policy for adoption by counties in addressing grievances. To promote democracy and participation of the people, the Commission circulated a public notice and received written submissions from stakeholders on the draft Access to Information Regulations, 2020.
361. The Commission continued to receive complaints from members of the public and to comply with the Commission on Administrative Justice Act No. 23 of 2011 to provide for the membership, powers and functions of the Commission on Administrative Justice. Separately, National Construction Authority held a stakeholder consultative forum to review the evaluation criteria for contractors across the country.

Measures Taken to Enhance Sharing and Devolution of Power

Article 10(2)(a); Sharing and Devolution of Power

362. H.E. the President conferred city status on Nakuru municipality making it Kenya's 4th city after Nairobi, Mombasa and Kisumu. The City of Nakuru will enjoy all privileges, powers and authority as provided for in the Urban Areas and Cities Act, 2011 and all relevant laws. In addition, H.E. the President addressed the 7th Annual Devolution Conference at Makueni County on *Multi-Level Governance for Climate Action*. The forum placed specific focus on sub-national mobilization in unlocking the full potential of climate action during and after the pandemic.

363. Further, H.E. the President signed into law the 2021/2022 County Allocation of Revenue Bill, 2021 to facilitate fiscal capacity of county governments. The Bill provided for equitable allocation of revenue raised nationally among the county governments for the 2021/2022 financial year and the responsibilities of national and county governments pursuant to such allocation. Separately, the Cabinet approved the Division of Revenue Bill, 2021; the County Allocation of Revenue Bill, 2021; the Medium-Term Debt Management Strategy, 2021 and the 2021/2022 Budget Policy Statement to enhance efficient and effective management of revenue at both national and county government levels.
364. H.E. the First Lady conducted 5 Beyond Zero medical *safaris* to facilitate access to medical services in Nairobi, Kilifi, Kiambu and Meru counties. The *safaris* adopted an outreach model of service delivery through which service providers and resources were mobilized for provision of free specialized health services.
365. The Office of the Deputy President facilitated 2 Intergovernmental Budget and Economic Council (IBEC) forums on county government borrowing framework and sharing of equitable revenue. The forums adopted the County Government borrowing framework and agreed on sharing of equitable revenue among the 47 county governments.
366. The National Assembly considered and passed the Division of Revenue Bill, 2021 that allocated KSh.1.3Trillion to the National Government, KSh. 370Billion to the county governments and KSh.6.8Billion to the Equalization Fund. This ensured uninterrupted functioning and operations of the 2 levels of government in 2021/2022 fiscal year. The National Assembly also passed the County Allocation of Revenue Bill, 2021 that

provided for equitable allocation of revenue raised nationally among the 47 county governments for the 2021/2022 fiscal year.

367. The Senate, through the Committee on Public Accounts and Investments, considered and tabled a report on the audited accounts for the Financial Years 2014/15, 2015/16, 2016/17 and 2017/18 for Baringo, Elgeyo Marakwet, Homa Bay, Kakamega, Kiambu, Kisii, Mandera, Mombasa, Taita Taveta, Kilifi, Garissa, Wajir, Narok, Kericho and Lamu county governments. The report ensured that the financial records were a fair and accurate representation of the transactions.
368. The Senate considered and approved the county governments' cash disbursement schedule for Financial Year 2021/22. The schedule was published by the National Treasury in line with the provisions of the Public Financial Management Act, 2012 and in consultation with the Intergovernmental Budget Economic Council. To promote the interests of the counties, the Senate processed legislation as shown in Table 7.

Table 7: Legislation supporting sharing and devolution of power.

No	LEGISLATION	OBJECT	STATUS
1.	The Public Private Partnerships Bill (National Assembly Bill No. 6 of 2021)	To provide a framework for participation of the private sector in financing, construction and development of infrastructure through public private partnerships. The bill also provides a framework for county governments' involvement in public-private partnerships.	Passed by Senate
2.	The County Vocational and Training (Senate Bill No. 6 of 2021).	To provide a framework for the establishment of systems for the administration of training in vocational education and training within a county	Passed by Senate

3.	The Prompt Payment Bill (Senate Bills No. 16 of 2021)	To provide for prompt payment for the supply of goods, works or services procured by both the national and county governments.	Passed by Senate
4.	The County Licensing (Uniform Procedures) Bill (Senate Bills No. 32 of 2020)	To establish standards and uniform procedures for licensing by county governments.	Passed by Senate
5.	The Division of Revenue Bill (National Assembly Bill No. 7 of 2021)	To provide for equitable division of revenue raised nationally between the national and county governments in 2021/22 financial year.	Passed by Senate
6.	The County Allocation of Revenue Bill (Senate Bills No. 30 of 2021)	To provide for equitable allocation of revenue raised nationally among the county governments for the 2021/2022 financial year and the responsibilities of national and county governments pursuant to such allocation.	Passed by Senate
7.	County Governments Grants Bill (Senate Bills No. 35 of 2021)	To provide for the allocation of conditional grants to county governments for the 2021/2022 financial year; the responsibilities of county governments pursuant to such allocation.	Passed by Senate
8.	The County Boundaries Bill, (Senate Bills No. 20 of 2021)	To define the boundaries of the counties of Kenya; provide for resolution of county boundary disputes; and give effect to Article 188 of the Constitution on alteration of county boundaries.	Passed by Senate
9.	The Office of the County Printer Bill (Senate Bills No. 13 of 2021)	To establish the Office of the County Printer in each of the forty-seven counties.	Passed by Senate
10.	The Disaster Risk Management Bill	To establish the National Disaster Risk Management Authority and County Disaster	Passed by Senate

	(Senate Bills No. 14 of 2021).	Risk Management Committees; to provide a legal framework for the coordination of disaster risk management activities.	
11.	The Natural Resources (Benefit Sharing) Bill (Senate Bills No. 25 of 2020)	To establish a system of benefit sharing in natural resource exploitation between resource exploiters, the national government, county governments and local communities.	Passed by Senate
12.	The County Licensing (Uniform Procedures) Bill (Senate Bills No. 32 of 2020)	To establish standards uniform procedures for licensing by county governments.	Passed by Senate
13.	The Health (Amendment) Bill (Senate Bills No. 26 of 2020).	To amend the Health Act, to enhance the functions of the Kenya Health Human Resource Advisory Council.	Passed by Senate
14.	The Investment Promotion (Amendment) Bill (Senate Bills No. 2 of 2021).	To ensure participation of County Governments in the promotion of trade in the country as well as in the formulation and implementation of policies and strategies formulated by the Kenya Investment Authority to attract investors, both foreign and local in the counties.	Passed by Senate

Source: Senate Report, 2021

369. The Judiciary operationalised Small Claims Court stations in Kiambu County (Ruiru), Kwale County (Msambweni) and Garissa County (Daadab) vide *gazette* notice No. 3791. The Judiciary also established 2 High Court stations in Vihiga and Kwale, opened the Kapenguria Law Courts Complex and Magistrate Court stations at Ol-Kalou, Etago, Madiany, Zombe, Port Victoria, Borabu, Kendu Bay, Wamuyu, Malaba, Matiliku, Usigu, Kasarani, Kenol, Rumuruti, Garbatulla, Kabiyet, Marigat, Kikima and Kaptumo.

370. In addition, the Judiciary established 5 sub-registries for the Court of Appeal in Busia, Meru, Garissa, Kakamega and Kisii; 4 High Court Sub-registries in Isiolo, Kapsabet, Eldama Ravine and Kilgoris; 4 Environment and Land Court Sub-registries in Kitui, Kisii, Naivasha and Thika. Further, the Judiciary established 6 mobile Magistrate Court stations at Nambale, Butula, Mutuati, Endau, Konoin and Sereolipi.



Figure 7: Hon. Chief Justice and staff during the opening of Kapenguria Law Courts Complex
Source: Judiciary Report, 2021

371. The National Treasury initiated review of the Division of Revenue Bill, 2021 and the County Allocation of Revenue Bill, 2021 on equitable share of revenue to the 2 levels of government and among county governments. In addition, the National Treasury continued to capacity build county governments on measures to improve revenue collection in line with the Own Source Revenue Policy. During the reporting period, the Treasury trained all the 47 County Budget and Appropriation Committees. To further

support implementation of the Own Source Revenue Policy, the National Treasury developed the National Property Rating Bill, 2021. The Bill seeks to modernize and align current rating laws with the provisions of **Article 209 (3)** of the constitution which empowers county governments to impose property taxes.

372. The National Treasury prepared the 2021 Budget Review and Outlook Paper (BSOP) and the Budget Policy Statement (BPS) with a chapter on county government budget issues which highlights among others county financial management, fiscal performance of counties, county own source revenue performance against potential, county government budget absorption, county government compliance with fiscal responsibility principles and prudent management of fiscal risks as well as transfer of devolved functions.
373. The National Treasury in collaboration with county governments settled 79.1% of verified pending bills worth KSh.40.49Billion by June 30th 2021. In addition, KSh.6.8Billion of previously ineligible bills were verified and paid to deserving suppliers through the pending bills committees formed by county governments.
374. Office of the Controller of Budget approved KSh.2.7Trillion to fund operations of both the National and County governments for the period 2020/2021. The amount comprised of KSh.1.0Trillion for MDAs development, KSh.975.8Billion for Consolidated Fund Services and KSh.379.5Billion for county governments' activities. The exchequer approvals amounted to 94.9% of the revised net estimates of the combined budget. Office of the Controller of Budget also trained officers from Busia, Narok, Nakuru and Baringo county governments on the exchequer process to ensure accurate requests for timely approvals.

375. Kenya Institute for Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) trained county officers from Bungoma County Government on the use of online tools (Open Data Kit) for data collection to support monitoring and evaluation of policy. The Institute also developed county technical reports on COVID-19 socio-economic recovery to promote county governments recovery from the socio-economic effects of COVID-19. The reports focussed on fiscal policy, planning and budgeting, agriculture, manufacturing, trade and MSE, transport, ICT and urban development, tourism, health, education, social protection and human resources and mitigation measures. Additionally, KIPPRA conducted a capacity needs assessment for county governments aimed at identifying gaps and strengthening the Institute's role in offering relevant capacity needs development.
376. Capital Markets Authority partnered with the county governments of Uasin Gishu, Kiambu, Kisumu and Nakuru in awareness creation and market deepening engagements. During the engagements, county executives, business community representatives and county officials were presented with possible avenues and opportunities in the capital markets to finance growth and development. In addition, the Authority developed an advisory note on Kisumu County plan to share a KSh.1.2Billion bond to fund infrastructural development projects in the county.
377. Kenya Reinsurance Corporation Limited partnered with county health administrators and National Council for Persons with Disabilities to distribute assistive devices to PWDs in Mount Kenya, Upper Eastern, Rift Valley, Nyanza, Western, Lower Eastern and Coast regions under a corporate social responsibility project dubbed, *Niko Fiti*. The project aimed to uplift and empower PWDs.

378. Kenya Accountants and Secretaries National Examinations Board (KASNEB) continued to offer services through the *Huduma* centres located in Nairobi, Kisumu, Mombasa, Nakuru, Eldoret, Nyeri and Kisii counties. Separately, SACCO Societies Regulatory Authority (SASRA) trained 36 cooperative officers drawn from Kiambu and Laikipia county governments on cooperative financial compliance and prudential standards.
379. NEPAD/APRM Kenya Secretariat initiated the County Peer Review Mechanism (CPRM) process to promote and showcase good governance and champion transformative leadership and sustainable development within county governments. NEPAD also trained and facilitated 10 county governments to undertake self-assessments to identify strengths and weaknesses in governance. These included Embu, Meru, Tharaka Nithi, Nakuru, Siaya, Machakos, Kilifi, Elgeyo Marakwet, Nyeri and Kakamega county governments.
380. Competition Authority of Kenya in collaboration with the Public Procurement Regulatory Authority (PPRA) sensitized 186 members of the executive and county assemblies on competition law and policy and the Public Procurement and Disposal Act, 2015. The sensitization promoted understanding of the legal frameworks around procurement and competition as well as identified areas of collaboration.
381. The State Department for Planning continued to utilize 18 national planning offices at the county level to strengthen linkage between the two levels of government. The State Department also developed and disseminated County Development Planning Frameworks/Guidelines (County Sectoral Integrated Development Plan Mid Term Review Guidelines) to the 47 county governments. Further, the State Department partnered with CoG, UNDP and county governments to build the capacity of County Sustainable

Development Goals (SDGs) Champions to strengthen the capacity of the county governments to track and report on the implementation of SDGs.

382. Kenya National Bureau of Statistics collaborated with the county governments of Makueni, Kitui, Uasin Gishu and Nandi in the development of the 2021 County Statistical Abstract that highlights key statistical indicators at the county level. Separately, the Retirement Benefits Authority in collaboration with the County Government of Kisumu sensitized 179 people on the need to save for retirement.
383. The Intergovernmental Relations Technical Committee (IGTRC) trained 329 county officers on valuation of county assets. IGTRC drafted 2 MoUs between the national government and county governments to facilitate alternative dispute resolution on intergovernmental disputes as provided for by the Intergovernmental Relations Act, 2012. Similarly, County Government of Machakos sensitized staff on the provisions of the Intergovernmental Relations Act that establishes a framework for consultation and co-operation between the national and county governments and amongst county governments and establishes mechanisms for resolution of intergovernmental disputes.
384. The Council of Governors in collaboration with the County Government of Makueni convened the 7th Annual Devolution Conference in Makueni County. The Conference aimed to strengthen county governments in climate change leadership and Kenya's capacity to develop a Green-House Gas (GHG) inventory.
385. The State Department for Public Service in collaboration with the Council of Governors and Kenya School of Government developed a Master Plan for a cohesive and coordinated approach to the development of required skills and competencies. The plan also guides government policy on

recruitment and training for scarce and high priority skills in the public service. In addition, the State Department supported Nyamira, Mombasa, Murang'a and Narok county governments in the development of the public service competency framework to support county governments to institutionalise competence-based recruitment and Results Based Management (RBM) in the service.

386. Kenya School of Government trained county officers under the EU Instruments for Devolution Advice and Support (IDEAS) programme. The IDEAS is a KSh. 3.1 Billion bilateral programme between the Government of Kenya and the European Union (EU). Further, KSG inducted county officers from Kitui; Bungoma, Kajiado and Kilifi. The School also trained officers from the county governments of Taita- Taveta, Lamu, Kwale, West Pokot, Migori, Samburu, Baringo, Marsabit and Wajir on audit, revenue and resource management. In addition, the School trained staff from Vihiga, Kilifi and Kitui county governments on supervisory skills. Further, KSG trained county government staff from Homa Bay on human resource management and officers from the county governments of Nyandarua and Baringo on Project Cycle.
387. The State Department for Gender collaborated with County Gender Sector Working Groups in the dissemination of the international treaty on Convention on the Elimination of all Forms of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW) and the Commission on the Status of Women (CSW) under the Intergovernmental Framework. Separately, Anti- FGM Board in partnership with the United Nations Population Fund facilitated sharing of policy frameworks to all 22 hotspot county governments to guide development of government policies on eradication of female genital mutilation.

388. National Government Affirmative Action Fund (NGAAF) continued to discharge services through county coordinators and NGAAF county committees in all the 47 counties. Separately, Ewaso Ng'iro South Development Authority (ENSDA) established 6 sub-basins in Nakuru, Narok, Nairobi, Kajiado and Nyandarua counties. Youth Enterprise Development Fund Board continued to utilize devolved offices in all the 47 county governments in mobilizing, sensitizing, training and mentoring youth across the country. The Board worked with all county governments in aligning the Fund's services to the needs of the youth and other stakeholders.
389. The State Department for Development of the ASALs continued to implement the Enhancing Community Resilience Against Drought (ECORAD) II project in partnership with the Turkana County Government. The project is meant to enhance community resilience against drought through livelihood diversification, improvement of livestock value chain among others.
390. National Drought Management Authority (NDMA) conducted Drought Risk Reduction, Climate Change Adaptation, Sector Planning whereby 18 county staff were trained on PVC assessment tool to improve capacity for climate risk assessment, and trained 388 county staff from Embu, Tharaka Nithi, Makueni, Kitui, Kilifi, Kwale and Taita Taveta counties. Further, NDMA trained 1,664 National Government Administration Officers (NGAO) and 120 county government officers on social protection and implementation of the Hunger Safety Net Programme.
391. The Ministry of Interior and Coordination of National Government through NGAOs continued to collaborate with the 47 county governments in delivery of public services. This included jointly hosting national day

celebrations, security management, conduct of public *barazas* and intergovernmental meetings. In addition, NGAOs and county governments coordinated COVID-19 response measures, implemented alcohol and drugs control measures, coordinated drought mitigation measures, Anti-FGM campaigns, fight against counterfeit and contraband goods, 2022 election preparedness, and disaster management.

392. Kenya School of Adventure and Leadership (KESAL) continued to capacity build county governments on leadership and team building. During the period under review, KESAL trained officers from 4 county governments. Further, KESAL in collaboration with the County Government of Meru organized a marathon that attracted over 625 participants.
393. Government Press printed and published county legislations including the Division of Revenue Act, 2021, County Allocation of Revenue Act, 2021, the Appropriation Act, 2021, the County Boundaries Bill, 2021, the County Resource Development Bill, 2021, the County Statistics Bill, 2021, the County Government (Amendment) Bill, 2021, the County e-Health Bill, 2021 and the County Oversight and Accountability Bill, 2021.
394. National Authority for the Campaign against Alcohol and Drug Abuse (NACADA) partnered with the county governments of Kisii and Bomet to construct the Koiwa and Kiamwasi treatment and rehabilitation centres. The Authority allocated KSh.17.2Million towards the 2 projects bringing the total number of constructed and equipped centres to 11. The Authority also collaborated with the County Government of Busia to equip 33 Community Health Workers with basic knowledge and skills on alcohol prevention and treatment, provided prevention information to families, and

- conducted early screening and referral for treatment to people with substance use disorders.
395. In addition, NACADA partnered with the Mandera County Government to train 15 County Drug Enforcement officers on existing laws and policies related to alcohol and drug abuse. Further, the Authority operationalised one office in Garissa County to serve the North Eastern region, bringing the total number of operational offices to 9 (Nairobi, Nyanza, Central, Western, South Rift, North-Rift, North Eastern, Coast and Eastern). National Cohesion and Integration Commission disseminated the Ethnic Audit and Validation Report which covered all the 47 counties to improve staff recruitment within county governments.
396. Betting Control and Licensing Board in collaboration with county governments continued to issue licenses to casino operators. In addition, the Board collaborated with county governments to audit licensed gaming premises and devices across the country, implement COVID-19 protocols in gaming premises and undertake regular sharing of information on gaming matters.
397. Kenya Defence Forces in conjunction with the county government of Nakuru and Kenya Airports Authority expanded the Lanet Airstrip to an international airport status for public and military use. In addition, KDF in cooperation with the county government of Lamu renovated the Bodhei and Mangai primary schools, constructed the Basuba water pans and the Qarabey bridge, renovated the Kiunga Health Centre, provided medical equipment and drugs for Faza Health Centre and rehabilitated the Mbwajumwali underground water storage tanks (jabias).
398. The Ministry of Foreign Affairs trained Nyanza county governments officials on policy guidelines on international and diplomatic engagements.

The training was attended by 22 officials from the county governments of Kisumu, Siaya, Homa Bay, Kisii, Migori and Nyamira. The training sought to position the county officials within the prevailing contextual framework of diplomacy, protocol and etiquette principles operating within the working environment for the county.

399. Kenya Medical Research Institute (KEMRI) partnered with county governments to address health priorities through research and training of county health workers on laboratory services. Further, KEMRI conducted capacity building on county public health management for Taita Taveta, Kitui, Makueni, Nyandarua, Isiolo, Narok, Migori, Kwale and Busia county governments. In addition, KEMRI trained 165 county government officials on research evidence and knowledge management to inform decision making on health programmes. KEMRI further disseminated research findings on health priorities to the 47 county governors and county health management teams to inform decision making on health programmes. KEMRI also established a new research centre in Mandera County to decentralize research services to the county.
400. ICT Authority signed a memorandum of understanding with the Frontier Counties Development Council (West Pokot, Turkana, Lamu, Tana River, Mandera, Isiolo, Samburu, Garissa, Marsabit and Wajir) to improve ICT infrastructure, develop digital skills and mainstream ICT policies, regulations and guidelines. The Authority also deployed 29 Presidential Digital Talent Programme interns to county governments to support ICT functions.
401. Konza Technopolis Development Authority continued to implement the Konza Buffer Zone Management Project in partnership with county governments of Makueni, Kajiado and Machakos. The Authority continued

to engage governors from Makueni, Kajiado and Machakos county governments through the Konza Governors Forum. The Forum provides a platform for governors to monitor progress and discuss matters affecting the Technopolis. Kenya Broadcasting Corporation advertised and aired the 7th Annual Devolution Conference. The Conference themed *Multilevel Governance for Climate Action* sought to mobilise and unlock county governments' potential in climate action during the COVID-19 period and beyond.

402. New Kenya Planters Cooperative Union, PLC collaborated with county governments to sensitize farmers on growing coffee techniques and built the capacity of county cooperative officers from Trans Nzoia and Nyeri county governments on the Coffee Cherry Advance Revolving Fund. The Company also opened regional offices and service points in Rift Valley, Nyanza and Western regions to cascade cooperative services to the regional level.
403. Kenya Veterinary Board continued to collaborate with county governments in improving veterinary services at the county level. During the period under review, the Board sensitized chief officers and county directors of various county governments on the Veterinary Surgeons and Veterinary Paraprofessionals (VSVP) Act, 2011. The Board also collaborated with 3 county public service boards to ensure recruited veterinary practitioners were registered and retained as per the VSVP Act, 2011.
404. Kenya Leather Development Council (KLDC) in collaboration with the Nairobi City County Government operationalised the Kariokor Common Leather Manufacturing Facility. The facility supports Micro and Small Enterprises (MSEs) engaged in the production of leather goods with

- environmentally friendly premises installed with modern technological equipment that facilitates production of standardized goods.
405. Kenya Accreditation Service (KENAS) continued to work with county governments in assessing and accrediting county medical laboratories within hospitals in counties. Additionally, KENAS established 4 service desks at the Biashara Centre in Kariobangi to offer services at the grassroots level. Similarly, Kenya Bureau of Standards continued to offer services across the country through 6 regional offices located in the Coast, North Rift, Lake Region, Mt. Kenya, South Rift and North Eastern.
406. Kenya Export Promotion and Branding Agency signed an MoU with the County Government of Nyandarua on product development, packaging and branding for export market, development and promotion of the county's goods and services. In addition, the Agency trained 30 County Executive Committee members and 49 county government officials from 20 county governments on devolved environmental functions, compliance and basic enforcement. The county governments involved were Nyandarua, Mandera, Laikipia, Nakuru, Kilifi, Kwale, Kisii, Lamu, Machakos, Kisumu, Nyeri, Samburu, Uasin Gishu, Elgeyo Marakwet, Nandi, Kiambu, Baringo, Taita Taveta and Homa Bay.
407. Kenya Trade Network Agency held engagements with Mombasa, Nyeri, Laikipia, Nakuru and Kilifi county governments on review of intercounty domestic trade, sensitization of county officials on KenTrade products and tools, identification of areas of automation and most traded commodities for mapping on the *infotrade* portal.
408. National Environment Management Authority (NEMA) enhanced the capacity of county governments to undertake devolved environmental functions including environmental planning, waste management, and

pollution control among others. During the reporting period, 28 county officers undertook the basic enforcement course, 23 officers on principles of compliance and enforcement and 30 officers on devolved environmental functions.

409. The Ministry of Energy developed Integrated National Energy Planning (INEP) Regulations with input from county energy CECs and Directors in consultation with the Council of Governors. The regulations are under consideration by EPRA. Separately, Rural Electrification and Renewable Energy signed MoUs with county governments of Siaya, Makueni, Kisumu and Busia to independently source for funds to implement rural electrification and renewable energy projects.
410. The State Department for Early Learning and Basic Education deployed officers in 336 sub-counties and recruited 60 school auditors and 100 adult education instructors to support service delivery in devolved units. Kenya National Commission for UNESCO trained 23 county cultural officials on gathering of cultural statistics and 15 county directors of culture from western and Nyanza Region on safeguarding cultural heritage to assist counties to improve cultural development programmes. TVET Curriculum Development Assessment and Certification Council (CDACC) partnered with Kisii, Kiambu, Machakos, Tana River, Nakuru and Siaya county governments in the sensitization of instructors of vocational institutes on Competency Based Assessment (CBA).
411. Technical and Vocational Education and Training Authority (TVETA) shared the comprehensive quality audit report for vocational training centres with the Council of Governors and respective County Executive Committee members to form a basis for their continuous improvement. National Council for Nomadic Education in Kenya continued to collaborate

with the county governments of Garissa and Mandera in monitoring and evaluation of programmes and integration of Duksi and Madrassa into the formal education framework in conjunction with county education committees.

412. Ewaso Ng'iro North River Basin Development Authority (ENNDA) established a regional office in Laikipia County and 3 desk offices in Samburu, Isiolo and Garissa counties to enhance service delivery. In addition, the Authority collaborated with Marsabit County Government in the construction of the Walensu Water Pan in Marsabit county at a cost of KSh.18.6Million that serves an estimated 4,500 households and 300,000 livestock; the Chaffa Chachane Earth Fill Embankment Dam (500,000m³) at a cost of KSh.230Million serving an estimated 28,000 residents and 272,000 livestock; and Malalba Earth Fill Dam (200,000m³) at a cost of KSh.89Million that serves an estimated population of 21,000 residents and 263,000 livestock.
413. Ewaso Ng'iro North River Basin Development Authority (ENNDA) also collaborated with the Mandera County Government in the construction of Boji Garse Earth Fill Embankment Dam (500,000m³) at a cost of KSh222Million that serves an estimated population of 44,000 residents and 375,000 livestock. Similarly, the Authority partnered with Wajir County Government in construction of the Eressa Teno Homogeneous Earth Fill Dam (200,000m³) at a cost of KSh.95Million that serves an estimated population of 55,000 residents and 230,000 livestock.
414. Tana and Athi Rivers Development Authority collaborated with the county governments of Kitui, Machakos and Embu in desilting Tana and Athi Rivers. This was to ensure the Seven Forks Dams were maintained to decrease the risk of evaporation, blooming of algae in the water supply and

- to increase the capacity of the dams. In addition, the Authority established service points in 19 counties.
415. The State Department for Crop Development and Agricultural Research through the Joint Agriculture Secretariat in consultation with the Council of Governors held joint intergovernmental forums and sector-wide meetings to domesticate policies and strategies to counties. The State Department, under the Agriculture Sector Development Support Programme also built capacity for 141 trainer of trainers from all the 47 county governments on County Agriculture Sector Steering Committee (CASSCOM).
416. Agricultural Food Authority in collaboration with Kilifi, Migori, Nyandarua, Nakuru, Bungoma, Kisii, Makueni, Machakos, Embu, Meru, Kiambu and Kakamega county governments trained 31 county officials comprising county inspectors (fish, dairy and crop sectors), county directors of agriculture and public health officers on new principles of inspection under the Agricultural Finance Initiative (Agrifi). Further, the Authority collaborated with Kitui, Machakos, Makueni, Isiolo, Embu, Tharaka Nithi, Muranga and Kirinyaga county governments in setting up cotton demonstration farms.
417. The Authority also collaborated with county governments in issuance of coffee pulping station licenses, nurseries and parchment movement permits and assisting in allocating coffee codes. Separately, Kenya Veterinary Vaccines Production Institute (KEVEVAPI) signed MoUs with Kiambu, Nyeri, Laikipia, Kirinyaya, Meru, Tharaka Nithi, Murang'a and Nyandarua county governments on supply of vaccines.
418. Tea Board of Kenya held consultative meetings with the County Executive Members of Agriculture from 19 tea growing counties to develop a robust

tea industry price stabilization framework and evaluate resource requirements. The county governments involved included Bomet, Narok, Nakuru, Kericho, Kirinyaga, Embu, Meru, Nyamira, Kisii, Kakamega, Bungoma, Vihiga, Nandi, Elgeyo Marakwet, Trans Nzoia, Kiambu, Murang'a, Nyeri and Tharaka Nithi.

419. The State Department for Infrastructure carried out a number of capacity building programmes conducted for stakeholders in various devolved units in all the 47 counties. This was through a knowledge transfer programme where staff from select counties were attached to national urban road projects for technical skills. In addition, the State Department offered technical audits to road agencies and county governments.
420. Kenya Railways Corporation partnered with the county governments of Nakuru, Kisumu, Uasin Gishu and Kwale on development of railway projects and logistics hubs along the railway line. Further, the Corporation collaborated with the county government of Kisumu for development of Uhuru Market. The Corporation also collaborated with the county government of Nakuru to decongest the Nakuru City by developing a *matatu* terminus on Kenya Railways land.
421. Kenya National Highways Authority (KeNHA) continued to operate in all regions in the country through the 10 regional offices that provide oversight and maintenance works of the Authority. Separately, Kenya Civil Aviation Authority provided technical support to the county government of Narok on the upgrading of Olkurruk Airstrip. Kenya Roads Board allocated and disbursed KSh.8.5Billion Road Maintenance Levy Fund conditional grant to county governments for the maintenance, rehabilitation and development of 15,000 Kms of county roads.

422. Kenya Roads Board (KRB) continued to perform technical audits and offer assistance to road agencies, county governments and development partners in the auditing of roadworks funded programmes. In addition, KRB built capacity for technical staff in roadworks from both county governments and national road agencies. The training focused on road management systems, annual road inventory and condition surveys sensitisation on road reclassification.
423. Kenya Ports Authority entered into a memorandum of understanding with Coast Water Works Development Agency on designing, constructing and maintaining the water supply facilities for the Mombasa Special Economic zone at Dongo Kundu in Mombasa County. The project is expected to secure and supply water to Mombasa and Kwale Counties.
424. The State Department for Housing and Urban Development disbursed KSh.4.8Billion Urban Development Grants and trained 59 municipalities on financial management under the Kenya Urban Support Programme. The State Department also distributed firefighting vehicles to Nairobi City, Kiambu, Machakos, Murang'a and Kajiado county governments. National Construction Authority deployed 104 staff members to all *Huduma* centres across the country. In addition, NCA and Makueni county government held a consultative meeting to discuss strategies for enhancing participation of local contractors in the construction industry.
425. The State Department for Fisheries, Aquaculture and the Blue Economy collaborated with the county government of Kilifi in hosting the World Fisheries Day. The State Department also partnered with the county governments of Mombasa, Kwale, Kilifi, Tana River and Lamu in the implementation of Kenya Marine Fisheries Socio-Economic (KEMFSED) Project to improve management of priority fisheries and mariculture and

increasing access to complementary livelihood activities in coastal communities.

426. Further, the State Department implemented the Aquaculture Business Development Programme in collaboration with the county governments of Meru, Tharaka Nithi, Embu, Nyeri, Kirinyaga, Machakos, Kajiado, Kiambu, Migori, Siaya, Kakamega, Bungoma and Kisii. The Programme enables existing and potential aquaculture producers to benefit from fish production in an economically and environmentally sustainable manner as well as promote local income-generating businesses that provide support services to the aquaculture sector.
427. Fish Levy Trust Fund participated in an Intergovernmental Technical Working Group on policy standards and legislation forum organized by Joint Agricultural Sector Consultation and Cooperation Mechanism (JASCCM) to review the Fisheries Management and Development (FLTF) Regulations, 2021 and the Fish Levy Order.
428. Kenya Agricultural and Livestock Research Organization (KALRO) collaborated with county governments in training stakeholders on various crop and livestock husbandry in all the 47 counties. During the reporting period, KALRO held 60 forums with the youth and other stakeholders and trained 94 Agricultural Product Value Chain (APVC) and Innovation Platform champions.
429. National Cereals and Produce Board (NCPB) utilized 110 facilities across the country and the 6 regional offices and partnered with county governments in the distribution of fertilizers and aflasafe to boost food security across the country. In addition, NCPB in collaboration with the county government of Taita-Taveta opened a Hub Centre (one stop shop)

- in Timbili that serves the community in the area with commodities ranging from fertilizer, maize, *pishori* rice, *sindano* rice and agrochemicals.
430. National Biosafety Authority trained county government officials on containment principles, strategies, and practices that are adopted to prevent exposure to pathogens and toxins. The Authority also opened 4 border post offices in Mombasa, Busia, Kajiado and Nairobi counties to support decentralization of services. Similarly, Nyayo Tea Zones Development Corporation continued to operate in 20 zonal offices across the country and 3 regional offices in Kirinyaga, Eldoret and Kericho.
431. The State Department for Social Protection, Senior Citizens Affairs and Special Programmes disseminated the findings of the Violence Against Children Survey (VACS) and strategies in the National Prevention and Response Plan on VACS in 20 counties to facilitate preparation of county specific plans. Further, the State Department launched a model home in Kirinyaga County to serve as a rescue centre for neglected, abused and abandoned elderly people in the county.
432. Anti-Counterfeit Authority sensitized 695 participants comprising enforcement officers, county officers, business persons from the county governments of Trans-Nzoia, Uasin Gishu, Nakuru, Nairobi and Wajir on counterfeiting and illicit trade. The Authority also collaborated with the county governments of Turkana and Nandi and seized counterfeit alcohol worth KSh.12Million.
433. The State Department for Tourism and the county government of Kwale jointly organized the celebration of the United Nations World Tourism Day. To promote tourism products in counties, the State Department also engaged county government of Narok on securing the wildebeest migration experience; collaborated with county government of Mombasa in

- undertaking a pre-feasibility study on Mombasa Aquarium Theme Park; and initiated the Nairobi Regeneration Agenda (Tourism Information Centre) with the county government of Nairobi.
434. The State Department for Wildlife in partnership with the Taita Taveta and Narok county governments prepared and disseminated Ecosystem Management Plans for Tsavo and Maasai Mara. The plans outlined specific management programmes and actions to improve the value of wildlife conservation and quality of life of people in the targeted areas. Kenya Tourism Board in collaboration with the county government of Turkana undertook a media familiarization trip to showcase attractions and experiences that the county offers to both local and international travellers.
435. The State Department for Culture and Heritage collaborated with county governments to streamline records management for effective service delivery. Separately, Bomas of Kenya Ltd collaborated with the county governments of Marsabit and Murang'a to enhance awareness on culture through participation in cultural festivals.
436. Kenya National Library Service signed a memorandum of understanding with the Intergovernmental Relations Technical Committee for the transfer of earmarked public libraries to the county governments as per the Legal Notice No. 142 of 2019. The Service also supported the construction and equipping of Voi Library by the county government of Taita Taveta.
437. Sports Kenya appointed and deployed a project implementation committee to oversee construction and rehabilitation of stadia including Wote (Makueni), Kirubia (Tharaka Nithi), Kinoru (Meru), Kipchoge Keino (Uasin Gishu), Ruringu (Nyeri), Kamariny (Elgeyo Marakwet) and Karatu (Kiambu). Separately, National Council for Persons with Disabilities continued to award grants to persons with disabilities. This was done

through the 47 county vetting committees and the Council's Board of Trustees.

438. Business Registration Service facilitated sharing of information with the county governments for ease of business verification. The agency partnered with the Mombasa County Government to allow for verification of registered businesses and ascertain authenticity when issuing permits. Kenya Copyright Board continued to collaborate with county governments by facilitating copyright education and training across the country. During the period under review, the Board held a training and distributed IEC materials to 38 counties.
439. Kenya School of Law trained 17 county government officials on Policy Making and Legislative Process in Devolved Governments. The course provided practical knowledge and skills on policy making and legislative processes in county governments. Separately, Kenya Law Reform Commission continued to provide technical assistance to county governments in the development and review of county legislation as mandated under Section 5(3) of the County Governments Act, 2012 as presented in Table 8.

Table 8: Bills drafted for counties by Kenya Law Reform Commission

No.	BILL	OBJECT
1.	Baringo County Disaster Management Bill, 2020	To provide for a more effective organization of the mitigation of, preparedness for, response to and recovery from emergencies and disasters.
2.	Baringo County Pre-Primary Meals And Nutrition Bill, 2021	To provide for a legal framework for the access to quality meals, nutrition, and health education to all learners in the county pre-primary centres.

3.	Kajiado County Water and Sanitation Service Bill, 2021	To provide a legal and institutional framework for the provision of high quality water and sewerage services.
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Source: Kenya Law Reform Commission, 2021

440. National Anti-Corruption Campaign Steering Committee (NACCSC) trained 96 county government officials including County Executive Committee members, Members of County Assemblies and county staff from Isiolo and Mombasa county governments on corruption prevention. The Committee built the capacity of 6 County Anti-Corruption Civilians’ Oversight Committees (CACCOCs) to enhance the fight against corruption at the county level. The committees trained included those from Embu, Meru, Laikipia, Nyandurua, Kirinyaga and Marsabit counties.
441. Commission on Administrative Justice supported county governments in conferring 82 county officers from 46 county executives and 36 county assemblies with delegated powers of Information Access Officers. In addition, the Commission in partnership with GIZ trained 250 county officers to strengthen complaints handling under the Strengthening Good Governance Programme. The officers were drawn from Vihiga, Kisumu, Marsabit, Turkana, Elgeyo Marakwet and Embu county governments. Further, CAJ maintained the regional offices in Mombasa, Kisumu, Isiolo and Eldoret to ensure services are closer to the people. The Commission also maintained a presence in 12 *Huduma* centres.
442. National Gender and Equality Commission in collaboration with the State Department for Gender and the Council of Governors capacity built the Lamu Gender Technical Working Group on implementation of a one year programme titled *Enhancing and Sustaining Gender Resilience for Sub - National Local Economic Development in the Post COVID-19 Era*. In

addition, the Commission participated in the Intergovernmental Consultative Framework for Gender Sector Working Group to provide a mechanism for consultation and cooperation between the national and county governments on issues of gender equality and women empowerment.

443. Technical University of Kenya in partnership with the Nairobi City County Government and the *Jua Kali* sector designed, produced and distributed 400 mobile market stalls within the city. Similarly, Murang'a University of Technology collaborated with the county government of Murang'a in the vaccination of 250 members of staff and 1,500 students.
444. Koitalel Samoei University College signed a memorandum of understanding with the county government of Nandi on the use of county health facilities to enhance COVID-19 vaccination and clinical placement for students and staff in the National Hospital Insurance Scheme. In addition, the University collaborated with the county government of Nandi to sensitize 350 staff and students on COVID-19 prevention. Equally, South Eastern Kenya University collaborated with the county government of Kitui to enhance knowledge, expertise and resources of health and agricultural workers.
445. Jomo Kenyatta University of Agriculture and Technology in collaboration with Kiambu County Government launched a feeding programme for Early Childhood Development Education centres in the county. The KSh.52Million Kiambu County Instant Porridge programme benefited 37,000 children in the 528 Early Childhood Development and Education Centres across the county. The University also partnered with the Nairobi Metropolitan Services to promote the development of Korogocho Level 5 Hospital by offering training in health sciences.

446. Rongo University developed a curriculum on county governance and management and signed a memorandum of understanding with the Migori County Government on training of county staff on leadership and governance. Separately, Nkabune Technical Training Institute partnered with the Meru County Government in sensitizing Meru residents on drug abuse and lifestyle diseases.
447. Kenya Medical Training College collaborated with Taita Taveta County Referral Hospital in conducting free medical checkups, treatment, referrals and administration of drugs to the local community. In addition, KMTC signed a memorandum of understanding with health facilities of different county governments to enhance clinical placement and teaching of medical students. Similarly, Ugunja Technical and Vocational College partnered with Siaya County Government in offering attachment opportunities to students.
448. Masinde Muliro University of Science and Technology (MMUST) continued to collaborate with Kakamega County Government in the fight against COVID-19 pandemic whereby members of staff from the university formed part of the County Rapid Response Team to offer technical support. Similarly, University of Embu collaborated with the Embu County Government and developed the Integrated Solid Waste Management Programme to address recycling, composting and waste disposal.
449. Garissa University collaborated with the Garissa County Government to establish a Nature Park at Garissa. Separately, Bushiangala Technical Training Institute signed a memorandum of understanding with the Kakamega County Government and trained 300 *boda boda* riders on road safety. Separately, Kirinyaga University trained 13 Kirinyaga County

Government senior staff on a senior management course to enhance service delivery.

450. Michuki Technical Training Institute in partnership with the Murang'a County Government offered short courses to 350 members of the community and conducted health camps where vaccination against COVID-19 was administered and other health services offered. Similarly, Sigalagala National Polytechnic partnered with Kakamega County Government to offer vaccination services to 250 teaching and non-teaching staff. Separately, Matili Technical Training Institute in partnership with the county government of Bungoma awarded bursaries to 200 needy students.
451. Jaramogi Oginga Odinga University of Science and Technology implemented the *Boresha Jamii* Programme in collaboration with Kisumu, Kakamega, Vihiga and Nyamira county governments. The programme provided technical support for delivery of HIV, Family Planning, Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn and Adolescent Health (FP/RMNCAH) and Orphans and Vulnerable Children (OVC) health services.
452. The Ministry of Water, Sanitation and Irrigation conducted regional stakeholder workshops in various parts of the country for the development of the National Investment and Financing Plan in the Water and Sanitation Sector in line with the Water Act 2016, Section 64(5). The Ministry also carried out asset verification across the country and is awaiting *gazettement* of assets transfer to county governments. Northern Water Works Development Agency (NWWDA) provided technical assistance to water service providers in recruitment of board of directors for Wajir, Marsabit, Garissa, Isiolo and Samburu counties.
453. Water Sector Trust Fund (WSTF) collaborated with county governments in the implementation of the Aid on Delivery and Conditional Liquidity

Support Grant Programme at a cost of KSh6.5Billion. The programme seeks to provide short term liquidity support to water service providers to maintain operations and service levels during the COVID-19 crisis. The WSTF also signed funding agreements with county governments under the Conditional Liquidity Support Grant Programme (CLSG) whereby KSh.3.1Billion was disbursed to 45 county governments.



Figure 8: H.E the President Commissioning the Siaya Bondo Water and Sanitation Project
Source: Lake Victoria South Water Works Development Authority

454. Lake Victoria South Water Works Development Agency collaborated with 8 county governments to construct 20 boreholes, small pans and dams and distributed 160 handwashing facilities under the water supply and sanitation projects. Similarly, Tana Athi Water Works Development Agency (TAWWDA) in partnership with Machakos, Makeni, Kitui and

Kajiado county governments implemented water projects to enhance access to clean and safe water in the 4 counties.

455. The Water Resources Authority in collaboration with Japan International Cooperation Agency developed the Integrated Flood Management Plans (IFMP) for 3 flood prone pilot areas of Lower Kuja-Migori, Lumi and Isiolo. The Authority implemented structural measures in the 3 areas including revetment works (gabions), evacuation centres, raised roads, raised toilets and flood early warning systems. In addition, the Authority processed and issued 36 water abstraction authorisations for Nakuru Water and Sanitation Services Company Limited, Naivasha Water and Sanitation Company Limited and Nakuru Rural Water and Sanitation Company Limited for realization of the county function to provide water and sewerage services.

Measures Taken to Enhance the Protection of the Bill of Rights

Article 10(2)(b): Human Dignity, Equity, Social Justice, Inclusiveness, Equality, Human Rights, Non-Discrimination and Protection of the Marginalized

456. H.E. the President unveiled East Africa's first state of the art public Integrated Molecular Imaging Centre at the Kenyatta University Teaching and Referral Hospital to offer comprehensive cancer management services. In addition, H.E. the President unveiled a new Level IV Military Hospital with a 150 bed capacity at Kahawa Garrison. H.E. the President also presided over a ground breaking ceremony for construction of Kenya National Research and Referral Hospital with a 700 bed capacity at Kabete Army Barracks. Similarly, H.E. the President presided over a ground

breaking ceremony for construction of the National Police Service Referral Hospital, Mbagathi, Nairobi County.



Figure: H.E. the President viewing a design model of the NPS Referral Hospital at Mbagathi
Source: National Police Service Report, 2021

457. H.E. the President commissioned 5 new hospitals offering 24 hour services to Nairobi residents namely: Gichagi Level 2 Hospital in Kangemi; Gatina Level 2 Hospital in Kawangware; Our Lady of Nazareth Level 3 Hospital in Mukuru kwa Njenga; Mukuru kwa Reuben Level 3 Hospital and Tassia kwa Ndege Level 3 Hospital. H.E. the President also commissioned the Uthiru-Muthua Health Centre in Kabete; Kiamaiko Dispensary in Mathare; Kibra Level 3 Hospital in Kibera and Soweto Level 2 Hospital.
458. To promote access to decent housing, H.E. the President commissioned a public private partnership housing project for the Kenya Defence Forces to be rolled out in Nakuru, Nairobi, Laikipia and Mombasa counties. H.E. the

President signed into law the Central Bank of Kenya Amendment Act, 2021 to regulate digital lenders and ensure existence of fair and non-discriminatory practices in the credit market for small and medium enterprises.

459. H.E. the First Lady, through the Beyond Zero Initiative, in partnership with Beth Mugo Cancer Foundation and Lions Kenya conducted medical mobile safaris in various counties to offer free medical services to the vulnerable. In addition, H.E. the First Lady through the Beyond Zero Initiative conducted a free national fistula camp at Kenyatta National Hospital to commemorate International Day to End Obstetric Fistula where women from 11 counties underwent screening and surgical repairs. Further, H.E. the First Lady witnessed the signing of an MoU between Beyond Zero and the Kenya School of Government on the establishment of the Margaret Kenyatta Institute for Gender and Social Development.



Figure 9: H.E. the First Lady witnessing signing of an MoU between Beyond Zero and KSG
Source: PSCU, 2021

460. To promote human dignity and protection of the marginalized, H.E. the First Lady in partnership with the State Department for Culture and Heritage, United Nations Population Fund, Anti-FGM Board and Ecobank launched the *Johari* Beads Initiative to empower women from pastoral communities and support efforts to end Female Genital Mutilation (FGM). In addition, H.E. the First Lady launched the National Police Service (NPS) Integrated Response to Gender Based Violence Policy (PoliCare) to strengthen the capacity of NPS in prevention and response to sexual and gender based violence cases by establishing a one-stop victim support centre.

461. Further, H.E. the First Lady participated in the launch of Phase II of the Child Online Protection Campaign organized by the Ministry of ICT,

Innovation and Youth Affairs and various ICT stakeholders to promote awareness on benefits and vulnerabilities in the cyberspace amongst children. The Office of the First Lady also launched a report on *Getting it Right* to reduce stunting in children under the age of 5 years.

462. To foster protection of the marginalized, H.E. the First Lady officiated the 60th anniversary celebration of Kianda Foundation where funds were raised to sponsor education of 900 vulnerable girls from less fortunate families. Further, H.E. the First Lady officiated the opening of the 2021 World Athletics Under 20 (U20) Championship at the Moi International Sports Centre, Nairobi County for young athletes to grow their talents and achieve sporting aspirations.
463. To upscale the basic rights of children, the Senate adopted a motion calling on county governments to allocate at least 10% of their budget on early childhood education towards playgroup class. In addition, the Senate adopted a motion on development of a policy to incorporate the needs of children under three years of age. To enhance support for cancer treatment, the Senate adopted a motion calling on the Ministry of Health in partnership with the Council of Governors to incorporate county cancer support services in the annual development plans; partnered with stakeholders to create support including counselling services and provide cancer patients with free prescriptions, wigs for those suffering from hair loss, improvised breast prostheses and subsidy for prostheses.
464. The National Assembly approved Sessional Paper No. 1 of 2021 on the National Water Policy to among others accelerate delivery of water and sanitation services. In addition, the National Assembly approved a petition on the review of abnormal increments in prices of petroleum and petroleum products in the country. To enhance the welfare of the marginalized, the

National Assembly considered a petition on resettlement of squatters of Tucha-Kiandogoro forest and a petition on dispossession of land belonging to residents of Kilifi South.

465. Parliament continued to promote the Bill of Rights through processing of various Bills as illustrated in Table 9.

Table 9: Legislation relating to the Bill of Rights

No.	Legislation	Objects	Status
1.	Mental Health (Amendment) Bill (Sen. Bill No. 28 of 2020)	To provide for the prevention of mental illness; to provide for the care, treatment and rehabilitation of persons with mental illness; and to provide for procedures of admission, treatment and general management of persons with mental illness.	Considered and passed
2.	Community Health Services Bill (Sen. Bill No. 34 of 2020)	To provide a framework for the delivery of community health services; to promote access to primary health care services at the community level and reduce health disparities between counties; and to provide for the training and capacity building of the community health workforce.	Considered and passed
3.	Basic Education (Amendment) Bill (Sen. Bill No. 4 of 2021)	To ensure that school going children in Kenya are provided with milk to boost nutritional requirements of children as well as ensure retention in school.	Considered and passed
4.	National Health Insurance Fund (Amendment) Bill, (National Assembly Bill No. 21 of 2021)	To amend NHIF Act, 1998 and to establish the National Health Scheme and to enhance the mandate and capacity of National Hospital Insurance Fund to deliver Universal Health Coverage.	Considered and passed
5.	Division of Revenue Bill, 2021	To provide for the equitable division of revenue raised nationally between the national and county level of governments as stipulated under Article 218 of the Constitution.	Considered

6.	Kenyan Sign Language Bill (Sen. Bill No. 5 of 2021)	To provide for the use of sign language in judicial proceedings, schools and public institutions to ensure that deaf learners are given the same opportunities as all other learners to be productive members of the society.	Bill awaiting Committee of the Whole Stage
7.	Law of Succession (Amendment) Bill (Sen. Bill No. 15 of 2021)	To amend the Law of Succession Act to provide for gender equity in succession matters.	Bill due for Committee of the Whole Stage
8.	County Early Childhood Education Bill (Sen. Bill No. 26 of 2018) (Short title of Bill amended to: The Early Childhood Education Bill)	To provide a framework for the implementation of early childhood education by the county government in line with its functions as set out under the Fourth Schedule of the Constitution.	Passed
9.	Preservation of Human Dignity and Protection of Economic and Social Rights Bill (Sen. Bill No. 21 of 2021)	To give effect to Article 43 of the Constitution in order to ensure the preservation of human dignity as set out under Article 19 of the Constitution. Article 43 of the Constitution guarantees economic and social rights for all persons.	Passed
10.	National Cohesion and Peace Building Bill (Sen. Bill No. 19 of 2021)	To provide for a coordinated structure for peace building and cohesion in Kenya.	Second reading
11.	Health (Amendment) Bill (Sen. Bill No. 26 of 2020)	To enhance the functions of the Kenya Health Human Resource Advisory Council in order to empower it to advise the National and the respective county governments on health human resources.	
12.	Special Needs Education Bill (Sen. Bill No. 44 of 2021)	To provide a proper legal framework in order to ensure the actualization of the right to basic education for learners with disabilities in Kenya at all the three levels of education in Kenya.	Due for second reading
13.	Kenya Citizenship and Immigration (Amendment) Bill (Sen. Bill No. 33 of 2021)	To put in place mechanisms for the protection of the interests of Kenyans living abroad and to ensure their active participation in the socio-economic development of the country.	Bill awaiting Committee of the Whole Stage

14.	Refugees Bill, 2019	To provide for the recognition, protection and management of refugees.	Passed
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Source: Parliament (Senate and National Assembly) Reports, 2021

466. The Judiciary through Witness Protection Agency sensitized the public on human trafficking related issues during the World Day Against Human Trafficking. In addition, the Judiciary through the National Committee on Criminal Justice Reforms engaged Witness Protection Agency and Victim Protection Board on handling and protecting victims and witnesses. Further, the Judiciary through the Legal Foundation Trust supported the Nakuru Children’s Court Users Committee on the application of child therapy to promote juvenile justice systems.
467. To promote the right to safety, the State Department for Interior and Citizens Services in collaboration with NACADA, KRA, KEBS, NPS and NGAOs launched a Rapid Results Initiative on countering substandard and counterfeit alcoholic drinks and drugs.
468. Directorate of Immigration Services upheld the right to nationality by continuing to issue citizenship certificates to widows, widowers and orphans of Kenyan citizens to enable enjoyment of rights and privileges as enshrined in the Constitution. The Directorate also protected the rights of refugees by facilitating issuance of work permits, United Nations conventional travel documents and letters to those returning home voluntarily. To promote the right to safe asylum, the Directorate facilitated the issuance of letters to asylum seekers being relocated to third countries.
469. To foster human dignity, National Registration Bureau facilitated identification of unknown dead bodies using fingerprints and linkage to the next of kin for decent burial. In addition, the Bureau continued to issue

- identity cards across the country to enable citizens access government services and participate in public affairs. Separately, Civil Registration Services continued to issue birth and death certificates to facilitate access to public services such as universal health care, national exam registration, acquisition of identity cards and passports, and as a proof of legal identity.
470. To improve access to treatment and rehabilitation services for drug users, National Authority for Campaign against Alcohol and Drug Abuse (NACADA) procured medical insurance from National Hospital Insurance Fund (NHIF) for female drug users from various counties. In addition, the Authority continued to partner with county governments in the construction of additional treatment and rehabilitation centres in various counties.
471. To promote the right to information, NACADA partnered with Kenya Prison Services to equip prison officers across the country with basic skills on alcohol prevention and treatment. The training enabled prison officers to disseminate preventive information to prisoners, conduct early screening and organize referrals for treatment for those with substance use disorders. The Authority enhanced access to safe and quality goods and services by inspecting manufacturers and licensing importers of alcoholic drinks. Further, the Authority in partnership with the Ministry of Health and county governments inspected treatment and rehabilitation centres across the country.
472. County Commissioner, Baringo conducted monthly inter-agency meetings to coordinate the campaign against illicit brew and counterfeited alcohol. Separately, to foster protection of the marginalized, County Commissioner, Wajir continued to identify needy students in the county for the *Elimu* Scholarship Programme of the Ministry of Education.

473. To enhance human dignity and protection of the marginalized, County Commissioner, Machakos coordinated the distribution of sanitary towels to girls from poor families and continued to provide assistance to poor, vulnerable and marginalized groups. In addition, the Office of the County Commissioner continued to coordinate sensitization forums for the public on enrolment in NHIF and other healthcare programmes. Separately, County Commissioner, Kitui continued to mobilize the elderly for registration into the *INUA Jamii* Programme that provides support through a cash transfer system to foster protection of the marginalized.
474. County Commissioner, Uasin Gishu collaborated with the Ministry of Health to promote the right to information by sensitizing the public on the *Linda Mama* Programme that offers free maternal healthcare services. Similarly, County Commissioner, West Pokot continued to undertake monthly public education and awareness campaigns on prevention of alcohol, drug and substance abuse. In addition, the County Commissioner assisted in the coordination of the Cash Transfer Programme to enhance protection of the marginalized in the county.
475. To promote the right to health, Kenya Prisons Service continued to provide assorted medical drugs and pharmaceuticals for treatment of inmates. The Service also facilitated provision of psychological and spiritual counselling services to members of staff and inmates. In addition, the Service continued to provide inmates with uniforms, blankets and mattresses to enhance their welfare and dignity. To enhance the right to education, the Service continued to offer formal education and vocational training to long serving inmates.
476. Kenya National Commission on Human Rights (KNCHR) protected the rights of persons with albinism through the review of the Witchcraft Act,

2012. To protect the right to life, the Commission initiated the process of developing a strategic litigation on decriminalization of attempted suicide. The Commission also submitted an advisory on the Mental Health (Amendment) Bill 2020 to the Senate Committee on Health.
477. To end violence towards women and girls, National Gender and Equality Commission (NGEC) launched the Gender Based Violence (GBV) in Emergencies Report to provide information on mechanisms of preventing and responding to GBV. In addition, the Commission implemented Phase I of the European Union-NGEC Project in Isiolo, Laikipia and Nyandarua counties to build capacity of community based organizations, PWDs organizations and male champions in addressing issues of GBV among Special Interest Groups (SIGs) in Kenya. To foster human dignity, the Commission received and processed complaints on child neglect, child access, domestic violence, discrimination in cash transfer and matrimonial property disputes.
478. To enhance protection of the marginalized, NGEC reviewed the County Gender Model Draft Policy for the County Assembly's Forum to mainstream issues of Special Interest Groups (SIGs) and ensure integration of equality and inclusion aspects. Further, the Commission launched the Maputo Protocol Scorecard to aid Kenya in the biennial reporting obligations to the African Charter on Human and People's Rights.
479. In addition, NGEC conducted a sensitization forum in Kakululo, Mwingi West Sub-county and documented challenges faced by women in accessing affirmative action funds. To promote the right to information, the Commission sensitized special interest groups from minority and marginalized communities in Baringo and Elgeyo Marakwet counties on the bill of rights and uptake of affirmative action opportunities. To foster

human dignity, the Commission participated in the review of the Sexual Offences (Amendment) Bill, 2020 aimed at providing for the manner of collection, analysis, tracking and access to forensic evidence relating to sexual assault.

480. The National Treasury continued to prioritise and allocate funds for the Hunger Safety Net Programme and the rs to elderly persons with disabilities, Orphans and Vulnerable Children (OVC) and Persons with Severe Disabilities (PWSD) to reduce extreme hunger and vulnerability. Separately, Kenya Revenue Authority (KRA) enhanced non-discrimination and protection of the marginalized by recruiting Persons with Disabilities (PWDs) and training sign language interpreters to facilitate service delivery to PWDs.
481. To foster human dignity and social justice, Competition Authority of Kenya (CAK) donated food stuff and assorted goods to elderly and children's homes. In addition, the Authority sensitized the public on competition and consumer protection through radio talk shows. Further, the Authority sensitized consumers on rights and responsibilities during the World Consumer Rights Day. Separately, Capital Markets Authority (CMA) developed a Mobile App to facilitate access to information to local and foreign investors.
482. To promote human dignity and social justice, Unclaimed Financial Assets Authority (UFAA) ensured reunification of unclaimed assets to the rightful owners and supported the livelihood of widows living around Ndakaini dam. Further, the Authority enhanced equality by continuing to use the USSD-SMS service and internet web-based portal to enhance the claim process by claimants. Separately, to foster equity, Kenya Deposit Insurance Corporation (KDIC) developed a risk based premium assessment model for

member institutions to enable the Corporation move from a blanket approach of charging the same rate for all member institutions to charge based on the risk exposure.

483. To enhance human rights and protection of the marginalized, Kenya Accountants and Secretaries National Examinations Board (KASNEB) launched the KASNEB Foundation to issue loans and bursaries to needy students pursuing KASNEB courses. In addition, KASNEB signed an MoU with HELB to facilitate issuance of loans and bursaries to needy KASNEB registered students. In addition, the Board continued to set up examination centres across the country and in missions abroad to facilitate administration of exams to students at their convenience.
484. NEPAD/APRM Kenya Secretariat sensitized the public on their right to public services and obligations of duty bearers to provide services in line with Kenyan laws. In addition, the Secretariat donated ICT equipment to Butere Technical and Vocational Training College, Kakamega County.
485. Commission on Revenue Allocation (CRA) in partnership with various stakeholders continued to review the Guidelines on the Administration of the Equalization Fund to facilitate allocation of funds to marginalized areas for improved development. Further, the Commission published and disseminated the annual recommendation on revenue sharing between the national and county government for FY 2020/21 to stakeholders. To enhance inclusiveness, the Commission partnered with UN Women and UNDP to develop a Gender Responsive Revenue Assessment Tool to assess the impact of tax policy and revenue administration on economic opportunities for both men and women using gender lens.
486. To promote equality, Kenya Institute for Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) conducted a research titled *Access to Agricultural*

Markets: Gender Considerations Towards Improved Households' Dietary Diversity in Kenya to avail evidence of gendered access to organized agricultural markets. To inform policy on alleviating effects of drought and floods, KIPPRA undertook a study on *Reducing Health Emergencies of Drought and Floods in Kenya*. Further, to inform policy on workplace safety, the Institute published an article on the *Overview of Workplace Safety and Health in Kenya*. The article proposed measures to prevent and control economic losses from unsafe and unhealthy work environment.

487. To inform policy on job creation for the youth, KIPPRA conducted 4 research studies on exploiting: *Job Creation Potential for Youth in the Horticulture Industry in Kenya*, *Job Creation Potential for Youth in Information and Communication Technologies Sector in Kenya*, *Job Creation Potential for Youth in Industries Without Smokestacks in Kenya*, and *Job Creation Potential for Youth in Tourism Sector in Kenya*. The objective was to evaluate the capacity of these sectors to generate large-scale formal employment opportunities for the youth. In addition, KIPPRA promoted inclusiveness by publishing a research paper titled *Has Kenyan Growth Been Inclusive? Examining Employment Intensity of Sectoral Output* to inform policy on inclusive economic growth.
488. To protect the rights of Kenyans in diaspora, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs through an inter-ministerial committee reviewed bilateral labour agreements between Kenya and the Gulf states and adopted measures to mitigate challenges faced by Kenyan migrant workers. Further, the Ministry initiated the development of a Migrant Labour Policy to protect the rights of Kenyan workers abroad.
489. Micro and Small Enterprises Authority (MSEA) enhanced access of service for PWDs by continuing to construct ramps in Constituency Industrial

Development Centres (CIDCs) across the country. Separately, to foster inclusiveness, Kenya Export Promotion and Branding Agency (KEPROBA) engaged stakeholders in the development of an Integrated Marketing and Communication Plan.

490. Anti-Counterfeit Authority (ACA) continued to enhance consumer rights to quality goods by seizing and destroying assorted counterfeit goods in the market. Separately, Kenya Bureau of Standards (KEBS) promoted equity by establishing a new office in Lwakhakha in Western region to stem out the influx of substandard goods.
491. To foster social justice, Export Processing Zones Authority donated water storage tanks to residents of Athi River town and constructed a matatu terminus. Similarly, Kenya Trade Network Agency donated laptops, desktop computers and other assorted computer accessories to support Nairobi Primary School.
492. To improve provision of health services, the Ministry of Health inaugurated the End Malaria Council-Kenya Chapter to advocate for additional resources in the fight against malaria. In addition, the Ministry enhanced provision of preventive health care services by completing a countrywide Kenya Malaria Indicator Survey and disseminated findings to inform policy in the health sector. Further, the Ministry in collaboration with the Ministry of Defence launched the National Breast Cancer Action Plan 2021/2025 in Nakuru County Referral Hospital.
493. The Ministry also held a cancer awareness campaign to enable members of the public access free breast, cervical and prostate cancer screening services. To foster protection of the marginalized, the Ministry in collaboration with county governments registered poor and vulnerable households through NHIF to promote delivery of healthcare services.

Further, the Ministry continued to implement health insurance for older persons and persons with severe disability.

494. To promote the right to quality healthcare, National Hospital Insurance Fund (NHIF) partnered with the World Bank through the Health Insurance Subsidy Programme to sponsor the vulnerable access healthcare services. During the period under review, the Fund continued to contract healthcare providers across the country to ease access to quality care. In addition, the Fund facilitated patients requiring specialized treatment not locally available to seek overseas specialized services.
495. Kenya Medical Training College (KMTC) graduated middle level health workers in various disciplines to address the shortage of health care workers in the country. Separately, to promote the right to life, Kenya Medical Research Institute (KEMRI) continued to spearhead research in human health.
496. Kenya Medical Supplies Authority (KEMSA) promoted the right to health by expanding the Authority's facility network distribution of anti-retroviral commodities and continuing to distribute health products and technology to all public health facilities across the country. In addition, the Authority distributed more nutrition commodities to ASAL counties. The Authority in collaboration with the Global Fund protected the marginalized in all 47 counties through distribution of nutrition commodities to support expectant mothers, children and adults suffering from acute malnutrition.
497. To protect the dignity of girls, National AIDS Control Council (NACC) in collaboration with Safaricom, Sunda Kenya and Plan International distributed sanitary pads to teenage girls across the country during the World AIDS Day. The provision of sanitary pads ensured that teenage girls remained in school. Separately, Pharmacy and Poisons Board (PPB)

continued to sensitize the public on access to safe health products and technologies to foster access to information.

498. Moi Teaching and Referral Hospital (MTRH) enhanced the right to quality healthcare services by establishing *Nawiri* Recovery Centre to provide mental healthcare through novel approach of providing a transition care from hospital to family set up. The Hospital fostered social justice by conducting a medical camp in Ndhiwa, Homa Bay County and donating drugs to Ndhiwa Sub County Hospital. Separately, Kenyatta National Hospital promoted human dignity by exempting and offering waivers on outstanding medical bills owed by patients.
499. To foster social justice, Tea Board of Kenya in partnership with Kenya Tea Development Agency (KTDA) Holdings Limited and small holder tea factories distributed computers donated by Zhengzhou Two Straits Company to selected public secondary schools to enhance digital literacy. In addition, the Board distributed sanitary towels to Kinyanjui Road Primary School and Ndurarua Primary School in Dagorretti South Constituency. Similarly, Nyayo Tea Zones Development Corporation donated bursary to needy students in Kipchabo catchment area and water tanks in Meru County.
500. The State Department for Livestock launched the Kenya Livestock Commercialization Project to boost rural smallholder farmers' incomes and enhance food and nutrition security. In addition, the State Department launched the Towards Ending Drought Emergencies Project to strengthen climate change adaptation in ASAL areas. The State Department also implemented the Regional Pastoral Livelihood Resilience Project to enhance resilience of pastoral and agro-pastoral communities in cross-border drought prone areas. Separately, to enhance safety, Pest

Control Products Board (PCPB) sensitized farmers in Sololo, Marsabit County on responsible use of pesticides.

501. Kenya Veterinary Vaccines Production Institute continued production and supply of Pasteurella (PASTREVAX R), Enterotoxaemia (CLOSTIVAX R) and Rift Valley Fever (RVF) Clone 13- RIFTOVAX 19 R) vaccines for livestock farmers in the marginalized areas. Separately, to enhance access to fresh water, Kenya Animal Genetic Resources Centre donated water pipes to several communities.
502. Agricultural Finance Corporation (AFC) opened a new branch in Marsabit to cater for the marginalized community in the county. The Corporation also held a farmers' field day at Sololo Livestock Market grounds in Marsabit County themed *Crop and Livestock Development for Sustainable Economic Growth and Improved Livelihood* attended by 600 farmers. New Kenya Planters Co-operative Union promoted the right to information by sensitizing coffee farmers across various counties on access and use of the Coffee Cherry Advance Revolving Fund.
503. Kenya National Highways Authority (KeNHA) continued to promote social justice and inclusiveness by engaging stakeholders and project affected persons on environmental social impact assessment to ensure fairness in compensation and resettlement of persons affected by road projects. Separately, to foster inclusiveness, Kenya Rural Roads Authority (KeRRA) continued to engage constituency roads committees to identify road projects for implementation across the country. To enhance social justice, Kenya Railways Corporation introduced affordable rail services from Nairobi to Kisumu and Nairobi-Lukenya. In addition, Kenya Railways Corporation continued to refurbish commuter coaches to give comfort and safety to passengers.

504. The State Department for Housing and Urban Development continued to implement the National Hygiene Programme (*Kazi Mtaani*) to enable the youth be self-sustaining during and after the COVID-19 pandemic. In addition, the State Department continued to refurbish Government rental houses across the country and supervised the repainting of Government owned office buildings within Nairobi Central Business District to improve working conditions of employees. The State Department enhanced equity, through balloting process, during allocation of stalls at Gikomba Phase I, Kamukunji, Karandini, Juja, Mwariro, Kikuyu, Ngong, Kihara markets and Uhuru Business Park Market Complex.
505. The State Department for Public Works constructed footbridges to improve movement of people in slums and villages. Further, the State Department constructed an industrial waste effluent treatment plant at Kenya Leather Park, Kenainie, Machakos County to protect citizens and the environment from hazardous liquid waste from factories. Separately, to promote equality, Kenya National Shipping Line Ltd maintained a universal tariff for both large scale and small-scale importers and exporters in the shipping industry.
506. The Ministry of Devolution disbursed Level II grants to 38 eligible counties for projects under the Annual Capacity & Performance Assessment Report (ACPA IV). Separately, to promote protection of the marginalized, the State Department for Development of the ASALs continued to implement the Kenya-Development Response to Displacement Impacts Project (DRDIP) to improve access to basic social services, expand economic opportunities and enhance environmental management for communities hosting refugees in Garissa, Wajir and Turkana counties.

507. To improve access to food in ASAL areas, National Drought Management Authority (NDMA) implemented Kenya Social and Economic Inclusion Project-Hunger Safety Net Programme III in Turkana, Marsabit, Wajir, Mandera, Samburu, Isiolo, Tana River and Garissa counties. In addition, the Authority implemented the Ending Drought Emergencies (EDE)-Drought Risk Management and Coordination Project, Resilient Livelihoods and Drought Risk Management Project and Kenya Drought Early Warning Project in 23 ASAL counties.
508. Communications Authority of Kenya initiated the review of mobile and fixed termination rates to reduce the cost of calling and offered a variety of affordable voice products for customers. In addition, to promote equity and enhance service delivery, the Authority operationalized regional offices in Eldoret serving western region, Kisumu serving Nyanza region, Nyeri serving central and eastern regions and Mombasa serving coastal region.
509. The Authority signed an MoU and a Technical Cooperation Agreement with KICD to develop an open education resource portal to train teachers to effectively deliver on the CBC. The portal also facilitates training of content creators, online evaluators, assess ICT integration in teaching and learning as well as monitor learner's academic progress. In addition, to promote access to universal healthcare services, the Authority signed an MoU with the Ministry of Health to support the rollout of e-Health facilities in all hospitals across the country.
510. The Ministry of ICT, Innovation and Youth Affairs established additional constituency innovation hubs. Separately, ICT Authority signed an MoU with Frontier Counties Development Council to support ICT development and use in marginalized frontier counties. To protect children from inappropriate film content, Kenya Film Classification Board (KFCB)

continued to examine and classify films to impose age-appropriate restrictions.

511. To foster human rights and protection of the marginalized, the State Department for Youth Affairs implemented the *Vijana Vuka na Afya* Project to improve the health of young people. In addition, the State Department implemented the Future *Bora* Initiative under the Kenya Youth Employment and Opportunities Project. The initiative aimed to expand economic opportunities for vulnerable and under-served Kenyan youth between the age of 18 and 29 years. Separately, to promote protection of the marginalized, Youth Enterprise Development Fund (YEDF) continued to disburse affordable loans and provide business development services to youth entrepreneurs.
512. National Youth Council fostered human rights and protection of the marginalized by continuing to conduct inter-generational dialogue through the *Sawazisha Gumzo* Programme to create awareness on harmful practices including FGM, early marriages and teenage pregnancies amongst the youth. In addition, the Council implemented the *Fursa* Programme to champion youth empowerment for national stability and prosperity. The Council also developed a Draft National Youth Inclusion Bill which seeks to include youth in boards, committees, government institutions and other decision making entities.
513. To enhance the right to information, State Department for Culture and Heritage through the Kenya National Archives continued to provide access to records and archives by researchers and citizens. Separately, to promote human dignity and the right to clean and safe water, Coast Development Authority (CDA) continued to implement drought mitigation projects to provide water and source of livelihood to communities. National

Employment Authority (NEA) continued to facilitate recruitment of Kenyans to work in Saudi Arabia through the *Musaned* System. Kenya Broadcasting Corporation (KBC) installed technical equipment to address poor signals and increase signal coverage.

514. To promote the right to health, the State Department for Social Protection, Senior Citizens Affairs and Special Programmes in collaboration with Ministry of Health and NHIF continued to enroll *Inua Jamii* beneficiaries to attain universal health coverage. In addition, the State Department, through Street Families Rehabilitation Trust Fund conducted a Rapid Result Initiative (RRI) to protect street families from the COVID-19 virus.
515. National Environmental Management Authority (NEMA) promoted social justice by carrying out cleanup exercises to unblock sewer lines in Mukuru Kwa Reuben, Embakasi South, Kamukunji grounds and Lucky Summer Ward during the World Clean-Up Day. Separately, Water Services Regulatory Board (WASREB) conducted sensitizations on guidelines for provision of water and sanitation services in rural and marginalized areas in Kenya.
516. To foster social justice and protection of the marginalized, Tana Water Works Development Agency (TWWDA) implemented borehole water projects in schools and marginalized areas of Garissa, Isiolo, Tharaka Nithi, Mandera, Marsabit and Meru counties. Separately, Northern Water Works Development Agency (NWWDA) continued to implement urban water supply and sanitation services in Mandera and Marsabit counties.
517. To promote access to clean water, Coast Water Works Development Agency (CWWDA) provided stand pipes to supply free drinking water to low income communities residing along the main transmission water pipelines. Separately, Athi Water Works Development Agency (AWWDA)

continued to drill, rehabilitate and equip boreholes and construct elevated pre-stressed steel tanks in informal settlements within Nairobi metropolitan areas. Ewaso Ng'iro North River Basin Development Authority supplied water to drought stricken communities through water trucking. In addition, the Authority constructed mega dams in the North and Eastern regions to mitigate against severe drought.

518. The Ministry of Energy continued to implement the Last-Mile Connectivity Project towards achieving 100% connectivity by 2022. In addition, the Ministry continued to implement the Kenya Off-Grid Solar Access Project (KOSAP) to provide electricity and clean cooking solutions in remote, low density and traditionally underserved areas of the country. The Ministry constructed and commissioned biogas projects and selling of clean cook stoves. Further, the Ministry identified boreholes for retrofitting with solar for water pumping to serve communities and institutions.
519. To promote social justice, Kenya Electricity Generating Company Limited (KenGen) distributed food stuff and sanitary towels to schools around KenGen installations and supported local communities to access and store water. In addition, the Company, through KenGen Foundation, awarded scholarships to bright but needy children in areas near KenGen installations. Separately, Geothermal Development Company (GDC) provided piped water to residents in Baringo-Silali and donated desks to schools to facilitate learning. In addition, the Company offered job opportunities to surrounding communities through affirmative action initiatives to improve the standards of living.
520. Kenya Electricity Transmission Company Limited (KETRACO) continued to compensate or resettle project affected persons before commencement of projects. Separately, to enhance equality, Kenya Power & Lighting

Company (KPLC) continued to implement the Last Mile Connectivity Project phase I and II to improve access to electricity.

521. To entrench social justice, Rural Electrification and Renewable Energy Corporation (REREC) partnered with the County Government of Meru to conduct a one-day free medical camp at Githongo Sub County Hospital for cancer screening and awareness. In addition, the Corporation donated books, stationaries, sanitary towels, water tanks, clothing, foodstuff and desks to various schools. Separately, Energy & Petroleum Regulatory Authority (EPRA) constructed a modern classroom at St. Mary's Girls' Secondary School, Nakuru County.
522. The State Department for Gender through Women Enterprise Fund (WEF) introduced *Thamini* loan, an interest free product to cater for widows. The Fund also continued to distribute loans and grants to qualified women groups to enhance socio-economic empowerment. In addition, the Fund fostered access to information on their products and services by sensitizing the public through vernacular radio stations in Kwale County. Separately, to promote human dignity, *Uwezo* Fund Oversight Board continued to provide affordable credit to all beneficiaries in the 290 constituencies for initiating income generating activities.
523. To enhance equality and non-discrimination, Public Service Commission continued to implement the service policies and guidelines towards ensuring equal gender representation across the public service as required by **Article 232(1)(i)** of the Constitution. In addition, the Commission customized services and facilities for PWDs in compliance with ILO Employment (Disabled Persons) Convention No. 159 Section 21 of the Persons with Disabilities Act, 2003.

524. National Government Affirmative Action Fund (NGAAF) continued to mentor young girls in various counties on prevention of teenage pregnancies. The Fund also constructed Bungoma Gender Based Violence (GBV) Rescue Centre and Meru *Mwangaza* Resource and Rescue Centre to provide shelter to the abused. Further, the Fund in partnership with various stakeholders continued to undertake campaigns against GBV. To enhance protection of the marginalized, the Fund continued to issue bursaries to needy students in marginalized communities.
525. The State Law Office and Department of Justice (SLO&DoJ) developed the Victim Protection (General) Regulations, 2021 and Victim Protection (Trust Fund) Regulations, 2021. Further, to enhance human rights, SLO&DoJ developed the National Action Plan on Business and Human Rights to provide guidance to private and state-owned businesses on their obligations to respect human rights. Separately, to promote the right to privacy, Kenya Law Reform Commission (KLRC) in collaboration with the Ministry of ICT, Innovation and Youth Affairs and other agencies developed the Data Protection (General Regulations), 2021 and the Data Protection (Registration and Licensing) Regulations, 2021 to give effect to the provisions in the Data Protection Act, 2019.
526. Kenya School of Law provided legal aid to Dunga fishing community and organized awareness workshops on human rights. The School availed free online learning resources for students. Separately, to promote the right to information, Kenya Copyright Board (KECOBO) through *Hakimiliki ya Mziki* sensitized musicians on the need to protect creative rights.
527. The Ministry of Education conducted the 2021 Kenya Certificate of Primary Education (KCPE) and Kenya Certificate of Secondary Education (KCSE) examinations in month of March 2022. The State Department for

Early Learning and Basic Education continued to implement the second cohort of *Elimu* Scholarship Programme to facilitate payment of fees and hygiene pack for top learners in secondary schools. In addition, the State Department through global partnerships continued to distribute early grade mathematics books and teacher guides for grade one and two. The State Department continued to provide capitation at the rate of KSh.22,224 per learner for all learners in public secondary schools. The State Department continued with provision of School Health, Nutrition and Meals Programme for enhanced retention in basic education institutions.

528. Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development (KICD) continued production of competence based programmes through radio and TV (Edu channel). Separately, Kenya National Commission for UNESCO, through the Education Programme, enhanced protection of the marginalized by training stakeholders in Narok and Kajiado counties on gender responsive pedagogy to ensure girls remain in school and sensitized stakeholders on retrogressive cultural practices.
529. Kenya Education Management Institute rolled out teacher professional development courses whereby 40,000 teachers and officers were trained on the Kenya Teaching Standards, a component of the Competency Based Curriculum (CBC). The Institute trained primary school teachers in Laikipia County on gender issues to ensure the girl child gets access to compulsory quality education.
530. To promote the right to education, the State Department for University Education and Research facilitated the nomination of students for the award of scholarships to pursue higher education in foreign universities. Separately, to enhance human dignity and the right to education, Higher Education Loans Board (HELB) continued to offer scholarships for

Masters and PhDs courses. Further, the Board continued to offer loans to university and TVET students to facilitate their upkeep. To promote protection of the marginalized, the Board continued to award full loans to orphans, PWDs and students from marginalized counties.

531. To improve provision of quality healthcare, Jomo Kenyatta University of Science and Technology (JKUAT) in partnership with Kenyatta National Hospital launched a Master's Degree Programme in Emergency Medicine and Dermatology to improve the initial care received by patients. Further, to increase access to pre-exposure prophylaxis services, the University in collaboration with various stakeholders developed an e-Health startup (*MYDAWA*) to support the fight against HIV&AIDs.
532. To foster protection of the marginalized, JKUAT in collaboration with REREC provided clean and renewable energy to Olderkesi town in Narok County. In addition, the University in partnership with the Centre for International Migration and Development conducted a career guidance fair dubbed *SHEAspires* for female students on uptake of STEM courses. To promote the right to information among students, JKUAT sensitized secondary school students on engineering programmes offered in the University.
533. To promote the right to life, Kisii University organized an online discussion themed *Mental Health Amidst the COVID-19 Pandemic* to address increased cases of arson and suicide among students within Kisii County. In addition, the University continued to implement the Work Study Programme to provide financial support for needy students. The University also conducted school outreaches in 7 secondary schools in the surrounding community to enable the youth make informed career choices. Further, the University enhanced access to education by continuing to admit, train and

graduate students in various fields. In addition, the University promoted social justice by distributing food, household items, sewing machines and clothes to Kisii prison, Kisii Vocational Health Centre, Nyakooro Parish and Oresi Sub County Hospital.

534. Technical University of Kenya (TUK) fostered human dignity and human rights by sensitizing first year students on drug abuse, HIV&AIDS, occupational and safety health, tobacco use cessation and COVID-19 as part of the first-year orientation programme. As part of COVID-19 prevention, the University in partnership with the Ministry of Health conducted COVID-19 tests and provided vaccines for students and staff. The University also enhanced service delivery at the clinic by purchase of additional medical equipment. Separately, South Eastern Kenya University (SEKU) installed an assistive software in the library to aid learners with disabilities access services.
535. The University of Nairobi (UoN) marked the World Aids Day by giving updates on HIV vaccines and rolling out COVID-19 vaccines to people with HIV&AIDs. In addition, the University in partnership with Kenya Education Network Trust (KENET) negotiated with Safaricom to provide discounted bundles package for use in remote teaching and learning during the COVID-19 pandemic. Separately, Laikipia University awarded bursaries and conducted work study placements for needy students to enhance protection of the marginalized.
536. Kenyatta University promoted the right to education by acquiring Speechelo Software to convert written content to speech to facilitate learning of visually impaired persons. Separately, to foster social justice and protection of the marginalized, University of Embu awarded bursaries, donated food stuffs to needy students residing outside the university and

- Embu Women Prison. Similarly, Kirinyaga University awarded bursary to needy students and distributed non-food items to the needy in the university community during the university charity week.
537. Meru National Polytechnic donated hand sanitizer equipment to various institutions and upgraded Management Information Systems to support e-Learning for trainers and trainees. Further, the Polytechnic promoted human dignity by installing modified hand washing stations within the polytechnic for use by PWDs.
538. To promote human dignity and protection of the marginalized, St. Joseph Technical Institute for the Deaf, Nyang'oma installed a multimillion hearing impairment assessment kit and trained members of staff on the use of the kit. In addition, the Institute carried out a campaign to identify and enroll more hearing impaired learners. Separately, Machakos Technical Institute for the Blind constructed an ablution block and ramps to ease the movement of PWDs.
539. To enhance social justice, PC Kinyanjui Technical Training Institute offered scholarships to needy students and donated assorted items to Talitha Kim Children's Home. Similarly, Nkabune Technical Training Institute donated food stuff to the elderly in the community, clothes to Meru Children's Home and sensitized youth on health issues. Separately, Bushiangala Technical Training Institute constructed a borehole to promote access to clean water by the community. Navakholo Technical and Vocational College continued to provide borehole water to the surrounding communities, the Navakholo Sub-County Hospital and Chebuyusi Primary School.
540. To promote human dignity, Matili Technical Training Institute constructed a modern library, opened a town campus to ease congestion in the main

campus and purchased a college bus for ease of movement for students. Separately, Kiminini Technical and Vocational College employed 2 PWDs and constructed ramps for ease of movement of PWDs which is 90% complete. Similarly, Tharaka Technical and Vocational College constructed an ablution block with ramps to ease movement of PWDs.

Measures Taken to enhance Good Governance, Integrity, Transparency and Accountability

Article 10(2)(c): Good Governance, Integrity, Transparency and Accountability

541. To entrench integrity and protect public resources, H.E. the President received from the EACC 39 title deeds for parcels of land corruptly acquired from various public entities and county governments. H.E. the President unveiled the State Department for Implementation of Curriculum Reforms within the Ministry of Education to oversee the ongoing implementation of the CBC. Further, H.E. the President unveiled a Digital Land Information Management System dubbed *Ardhisasa* to enhance the security of land records, speed up land transactions and curb fraud through digitization of land records. H.E. the President also delivered the 8th State of the Nation Address to a joint sitting of the Senate and the National Assembly. Separately, H.E. the First Lady participated in the virtual Organization of African First Ladies against HIV/AIDS (OAFLA) General Assembly Meeting which discussed essential building blocks towards the achievement of UHC.



Figure 10: H.E. the President inspecting the Guard of Honor during the 8th State of the Nation Address

Source: PSCU, 2021

542. To promote good governance, State House trained 17 integrity assurance officers on mainstreaming ethics and integrity at the workplace, prepared and submitted the 2020/21 statutory reports and financial statements to the Office of Controller of Budget, Auditor General, National Treasury and Commission on Revenue Allocation for auditing.
543. Further, State House maintained interactive media accounts and offered live coverage of Presidential and State functions among them, State of the Nation Address and issued press releases. State House through the Presidential Strategic Communication Unit (PSCU) produced 23 documentaries and features showcasing H.E. the President and H.E. the First Lady's development initiatives, uploaded on the State House social media platforms and aired them on KBC TV.

544. To entrench good governance and integrity, the Cabinet Affairs Office through Inspectorate of State Corporations (ISC) continued to provide advisory to state corporations on accountability, transparency and prudent use of public resources. Further, ISC in collaboration with the State Corporations Advisory Committee conducted board evaluations as part of corporate governance analysis and recommendations, carried out management audits and inspection of projects in state corporations to ensure good corporate governance.
545. The Corporation also recommended for surcharge of staff in state corporations for breach of law and policies and sponsored 8 officers to attend professional seminars in Institute of Certified Public Accountants of Kenya (ICPAK), Kenya National Secretaries Association (KENASA) and Kenya Institute of Supplies Management (KISM). In addition, ISC upgraded the State Corporations Management Informations System (ISCMIS) to incorporate board evaluations and performance management modules.
546. The Cabinet approved the Public Private Partnership Bill, 2021 that provides for participation of the private sector in the financing, construction, development, operation and maintenance of infrastructure projects through public private partnerships. To enhance integrity in the public sector, the Cabinet approved the Public Procurement and Assets Disposal (Amendment) Bill, 2020 to streamline public procurement in both national and county governments for effective management of public resources.
547. To enhance ease of doing business, the Cabinet approved Business Laws (Amendment No.2) Bill, 2020 to reposition the economy onto a steady and sustainable growth trajectory as part of the government's post-COVID-19

Economic Recovery Strategy (ERS) by reviewing various statuses of the existing business Acts.

548. The Senate debated and passed Bills, adopted motions, conducted county visits, prepared committee reports, participated in international conferences, received, processed and replied to petitions, and made statements on matters of national importance. Similarly, the National Assembly considered, debated and passed various Bills as shown in Table 10:

Table 10: Legislation relating to Good Governance

No.	Legislation	Object	Status
1.	Tax appeals Tribunal (Amendment) Bill, 2021	To address the challenges affecting the performance of the Tax Appeals Tribunal in its mandate of facilitating the expedition of tax disputes in the country. Specifically, the Bill sets out the definitions and roles of membership of the Tribunal including the Chairperson, Secretary and Members, provides for electronic avenues of communication, provides for appeal mechanisms for persons aggrieved by decrees as well as procedures for notification of affected parties regarding appeals to Tribunal decisions.	Passed
2.	The Land (Amendment) Bill, 2019	To provide that where public land has been allocated to a public body by the National Land Commission for a public purpose or where land set aside by persons or land buying companies for a public purpose, the Registrar of Lands shall issue a certificate of title in the name of the public body, public institution or the relevant ministry as the case may be. This will address the existing challenges where lack of issuance of the title deeds for such public lands has led to land grabbing for private purposes.	Passed and forwarded to the Senate for consideration

3.	Narcotics, Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Abuse (Control) (Amendment) Bill, 2020	To reinforce the existing framework for combating abuse of narcotics, drugs and psychotropic substances in Kenya by addressing current loopholes observed in the parameters attributable to the control, possession, transportation, trafficking and use of narcotics, drugs and psychotropic substances	Passed
4.	The Public Private Partnership Bill, 2021	To instil integrity in the government's official interactions with private sector. The Bill seeks to provide for the participation of the private sector in the financing, construction, development, operation or maintenance of infrastructure or development projects through public- private partnerships. Once enacted, this law will provide openness and transparency in how public bodies engage the private sector in public service delivery and will streamline the regulatory framework for public- private partnerships.	Passed and forwarded to the Senate
5	Public Collections Bill, 2019	To establish a regulatory mechanism at the national and county levels which oversee the conduct of fundraising appeals and also seeks to provide for the licensing and regulation of fund raisers.	Passed and forwarded to the Senate

Source: MDAs Reports, 2021

549. To enhance management of the taxation regime in the country, the National Assembly approved the Value Added Tax (Digital Market Place Supply) Regulations, 2020 and the Value Added Tax (Electronic Tax Invoice) Regulations, 2020 and adopted the Report on *Ascertaining the Impact of Revenue Enhancement Initiatives on Revenue Collection* to facilitate effective revenue management. Further, in cementing Kenya's diplomatic relations with regional partners, the National Assembly approved a motion

to Note the Address to the Parliament of Kenya made by the President of the United Republic of Tanzania.

550. To enhance integrity in the education sector, the National Assembly vetted and approved for appointment of a chairperson and 6 members of the Teachers Service Commission (TSC). Further, to strengthen electoral systems and processes, the National Assembly vetted and approved for appointment 4 applicants as members of the Independent Electoral and Boundaries Commission (IEBC). In addition, the National Assembly vetted and approved the appointment of the Inaugural Data Commissioner to safeguard citizens' private data as well as sovereignty in data management and processing.
551. The National Assembly tabled and disseminated the first and second Quarterly Reports of the EACC covering the period from 1st January to 31st June 2021; the reports of the Auditor General and financial statements for the year ended 30th June 2021; Staff House Mortgage and Car Loan Scheme; and petition regarding the integrity of the process of marking and release of the KCPE examinations. Further, the National Assembly approved the Treaty on the Agreement for the Avoidance of Double Taxation between the Government of the Republic of Kenya and the Government of the Republic of Mauritius and tabled and disseminated the Kenya County Budget Transparency Survey 2020 from the 47 counties.
552. To guarantee sound fiscal oversight, the National Assembly approved appointment of M/S. Ronalds Limited Liability Partnership to audit the accounts of the Office of the Auditor General for the year 2018/2019 and 2019/2020 fiscal years. Further, the National Assembly conducted a public petition regarding payment of pending bills owed to suppliers of the National Youth Service (NYS) for the period 2013-2018. The National

Assembly also approved Sessional Paper No. 1 of 2020 on the Wildlife Policy to create a concise framework for the effective management of wildlife resources.

553. The Judiciary carried out court users and employee satisfaction survey to establish employee satisfaction index, work environment index, trained and promoted judicial employees to enhance productivity. Further, the Judiciary audited ICT systems to enhance robustness and security, Case Management System, Registry Management System, Judiciary Financial Integrated System (JFMIS) and developed the draft institutions Internal Audit Policies and Procedures Manual.
554. To strengthen corruption reporting mechanisms, the Judiciary retrained Station Liaison Officers on the complaint handling mechanisms to ensure timely and accurate reporting. Further, the Judiciary audited ICT governance and security, payroll management, pending bills of the Judiciary, Judicial Service Commission (JSC), Judicial Training Institute, Transport Management and Expenditure Management at the Tribunals.
555. To enhance good governance and integrity, Kenya School of Law complied with *Mwongozo* code of governance and good corporate practices for prudent management of the school. In addition, the School trained finance and procurement staff on corruption risk prevention and submitted quarterly reports to EACC. The School also continued to use ERP systems in all departments and conducted external auditing of the School activities.
556. Kenya Law Reform Commission (KLRC) continued to participate in the review of the Supplies Practitioners Management Act, 2007 and development of the Supply Chain Management Professionals Bill, 2021. The objectives of the Bill include establishing and monitoring the standards of professional competence and practice among supply chain management

- professionals. Further, KLRC participated in the review of the Public Service Human Resource Management Bill, 2021 to standardize the human resource component across various agencies in both levels of government.
557. The Office of the Attorney General and Department of Justice (OAG&DoJ) domesticated the African Charter on Democracy, Elections and Good Governance that was ratified by the National Assembly. Further, OAG&DoJ developed the Conflict of Interest Bill, 2020, regulations under the Bribery Act, 2016, and the Whistleblower Protection Bill, 2020 which provides a mechanism for the protection of whistleblowers.
558. To enhance integrity, OAG&DoJ investigated, prosecuted and conducted alternative dispute resolution sessions on complaints from members of the public against advocates in Kenya. OAG&DoJ collaborated with other stakeholders including the Inter-Religious Council of Kenya in sensitizing citizens on corruption prevention.
559. National Anti-Corruption Campaign Steering Committee (NACCSC) in partnership with Inter-Religious Council of Kenya launched the scripture referenced anti-corruption booklet titled *Faith Communities Against Corruption in Lower Eastern and South Rift Regions*. In addition, NACCSC held engagements with governors, county commissioners and senior religious leaders in Nakuru and Makueni to disseminate anti-corruption messages and change attitudes of citizens on corruption. NACCSC also trained County Anti-Corruption Civilian Oversight Committees on enhancing transparency and accountability in public funded projects.
560. National Anti-Corruption Campaign Steering Committee continued to implement the Kenya Integrity Plan 2019-2023 on the fight against corruption and sensitized citizens on the need to demand for transparency

and accountability in the implementation of public projects. In addition, the Steering Committee in partnership with the Kenya Leadership Integrity Forum conducted outreach caravans, trainings and sensitisations, youth debates and distributed IEC materials to mark the International Anti-Corruption Day.

561. Assets Recovery Agency identified, traced, froze, seized and instituted recovery proceedings in court for recovery of proceeds of crime. Further, the Agency cooperated with other law enforcement agencies and stakeholders in the fight against economic crimes through recovery of proceeds of crime. Separately, National Council for Law Reporting prepared and submitted to EACC corruption risk assessment and mitigation plan and quarterly performance reports.
562. Business Registration Service (BRS) developed a corruption risk mitigation plan which was periodically updated with input from all departments. Further, BRS established access to information tab on the website, proactively disclosed information to the public, and reviewed the Beneficial Ownership Regulations on procurement related issues. Separately, Kenya National Commission on Human Rights (KNCHR) automated planning, budgeting and reporting system to enhance service delivery.
563. To strengthen legal and policy frameworks in the fight against corruption, Ethics and Anti-Corruption Commission (EACC) developed and *gazetted* Bribery Act guidelines to assist public and private entities to develop procedures for prevention of bribery and corruption under Section 12 (1) of the Bribery Act of 2016. Further, EACC compiled a report on the assessment of compliance with the law on declaration of income, assets and liabilities by public officers for the year 2019.

564. The Office of the Auditor General (OAG) undertook auditing and reporting on effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance of various government entities. Separately, Office of the Controller of Budget (OCOB) reviewed the procedure manual to guide authorization of withdrawals from public funds and trained all management staff on ethics and integrity.
565. Commission on Administrative Justice (CAJ) continued to receive and address public complaints on maladministration, inefficient service delivery and undertook research on various emerging trends on complaints handling and access to information. Separately, National Police Service developed policy and regulations to guide human resource management, developed a code of conduct for officers, trained officers on transparency, accountability and good governance and retrained integrated officers from the administration police.
566. The National Treasury rolled out the quarterly reporting module under the Government Investment Information System to facilitate effective reporting, oversight and management of state corporations' finances. Further, the National Treasury issued a number of circulars to ensure effective management and governance amongst MDAs and state corporations. These included guidelines on year-end closing procedures FY 2020/2021, guidelines on the implementation of FY 2021/2022 and Medium Term budgets issued on 28th June 2021, guidelines for preparation of the annual budgets for state corporations issued on 28th October, 2021, and Circular on implementation of invoice register and online payment tracking issued on 6th September 2021.
567. The National Treasury also supported establishment and operationalization of audit committees in the public sector which provide an independent

expert assessment of the activities of public entities including the quality of risk management among others. Further, the National Treasury in collaboration with other relevant agencies spearheaded the drafting of the Proceeds of Crime and Anti-Money Laundering (Amendment) Bill, 2021 which was *gazetted* into an Act of Parliament.

568. The National Treasury continued to oversee the implementation of IFMIS at the national and county levels of government and introduced the Cash Management Module under IFMIS to ensure timely disbursement of funds, effective management of Public Private Partnership (PPP) fiscal risks and analysis of Fiscal Commitment and Contingent Liabilities (FCCL) for PPP projects. In addition, the National Treasury rolled out electronic National Integrated Monitoring and Evaluation Systems (e-CIMES) and supported state departments and counties on its use.
569. The National Treasury further disseminated the FY 2021/2022 budget statement highlights to the public through the *Mwananchi* Guide publication and submitted a Treasury Memorandum to Parliament providing the implementation status of Public Accounts Committee recommendations. The National Treasury *gazetted* the Public Finance Management (Equalization Fund Administration) and constituted an Advisory Board to administer Equalization Fund in consultation with county governments.
570. To promote good governance, Kenya Revenue Authority (KRA) held training for stakeholders in business and professional associations, and on iTax enhancements and changes in tax law. Further KRA reviewed ISO recertification for compliance with quality management systems and implemented Complaints Management Framework to resolve complaints within stipulated timelines.

571. In addition, KRA set up a modern ICT Software Innovation Centre to support and maintain in-house critical business application systems. The centre reduced the turnaround time by delivering ICT solutions and enhancing innovation capability for KRA. The Authority facilitated the taxpayers through Mservice to apply for PINs and file returns. Kenya Revenue Authority continued enhancing capacity of its staff through training and mentorship programmes for revenue mobilisation.
572. KRA improved efficiency by implementing the Performance Management System whereby staff were rewarded for exemplary performance and some sanctioned for poor performance. Further, KRA collaborated with the National Treasury to develop the National Tax Policy to guide the progressive development of the Kenya tax system and administration and provide a framework for granting incentives and concessions to various sectors of the economy. The Authority in partnership with Kenya National Chamber of Commerce and Industry (KNCCI) implemented the regional tax roundtable to improve tax administration processes, systems and service delivery.
573. The Ministry of Defence developed and disseminated IEC materials on code of conduct, Integrity Moral and Ethical Guidelines to members of staff, prepared and submitted 2021 statutory reports which included annual performance reports, parliamentary reports, audit reports and PSC reports. Separately, the Ministry of Devolution aligned policies, programmes and projects to national government goals and developed a National Relief Assistance Policy to enhance the management of relief assistance and inclusivity.
574. The Ministry of Health (MoH) continued to build the capacity of health care workers on COVID-19 response, disease prevention and control. The

Ministry also established community outreach centres for maternal neonatal and child health, COVID-19 and other preventive and promotive health services. Further, MoH reconstituted the boards of directors for KEMSA, Mathari National Teaching and Referral Hospital and KEMRI. In addition, the Ministry created public awareness through the website, media briefs, print and electronic media on the COVID-19 vaccination electronic system (*Chanjo-Ke*) as part of the efforts to create demand among the public.

575. The State Department for Interior and Citizen Services enforced sanctions to promote adherence to codes of conduct, issued show cause letters to staff who failed to fill out wealth declaration forms and maintained the conflict of interest registers. The State Department also established an interactive and updated ministerial website to enable fast access to security information and quick response to security alerts and automated processes and procedures. Further, the State Department through County Commissioners continued to sensitize NGAOs on corruption prevention and unethical practices, addressed the anti-corruption week and submitted quarterly performance contract evaluation reports to the Principal Secretary.

576. The State Department for Post Training and Skills Development conducted internal and external audits, developed corruption prevention and mitigation plans, set up an anti-corruption committee and trained integrity assurance officers. The State Department also established and maintained an interactive website and engaged stakeholders through media platforms which included radio, TV, internet and print media and automated financial processes and procedures.

577. The State Department for Early Learning and Basic Education continued to centrally procure and distribute text books for learners, provide capitation through National Education Information Management System (NEMIS) in primary and secondary schools and conduct selection and nomination of members to county education boards and boards of management.
578. To enhance implementation of the prudent public financial management, the State Department for University Education and Research undertook continuous capacity development on supplies management and put in place a monitoring and evaluation tool for projects in universities. Further, the State Department introduced a participatory budgeting process that involved the universities and SAGAs, and developed the Universities (Amendment) Bill, 2021.
579. The State Department for Vocational and Technical Training operationalized the quality assurance unit, developed and submitted a corruption mitigation plan to EACC and annual financial reports to the Auditor General's Office. Separately, the State Department for Tourism developed a communication strategy, formed the National Tourism Crisis Committee, developed and implemented the National Tourism Recovery Strategy, appointed the Audit Committee in the Ministry, and established a taskforce to audit Ronald Ngala Utalii College project.
580. The State Department for Public Service installed CCTV monitoring systems in all *Huduma* centres to enhance surveillance. Further, the State Department trained staff on customer service excellence to inculcate the values of integrity, adherence to the country's laws, rules and regulations in the roll out of the *Huduma* Kenya programme.
581. National Youth Council (NYC) developed capacity building and youth leadership development programmes and conducted forums and clinics to

empower youth in leadership positions in various counties. Separately, the State Department for Infrastructure, continued conducting interim and annual audits on projects implemented by its agencies. The State Department for Culture and Heritage undertook a corruption risk assessment and developed a Corruption Risk Mitigation Plan.

582. The State Department for Regional and Northern Corridor Development reviewed Cap 441, Cap 442, Cap 443, Cap 447, Cap 448 and Cap 449 through the Regional Development Authorities Bill, 2021. In addition, the State Department disbursed KSh.2.85Billion to regional development authorities for implementation of projects and programmes. Further, the State Department uploaded the draft Regional Development Policy on the website as part of promoting transparency and accountability in the policy review process.

583. The State Department for Sports facilitated the signing of the Mwongozo Code of Governance by boards of directors of semi-autonomous government agencies (SAGAs) under the State Department and continued to implement corruption risk mitigation plans. Further, the State Department appraised the sports, culture and tourism committee and parliamentary accounts committee of the National Assembly on audit queries and financial matters relevant to the sports sector. The State Department also sensitized the sports federations on integrity in sports, full disclosure and accountability for public resources and trained the workforce on ethics, anti-corruption and integrity.

584. Kenya Power and Lighting Company (KPLC) initiated the review of existing organization structure to align it to recommendations by State Corporations Advisory Committee (SCAC). The Company also carried out corruption risk assessment, developed and implemented mitigation plans,

conducted ethics and integrity survey to determine the Company's ethical culture and provided an index to monitor progress. To enhance transparency and accountability, the Company availed on their website information on electricity tariffs and any applicable charges and sensitized customers on the tariffs and charges through video and leaflets.

585. To improve operational efficiency, KETRACO operationalized an Integrated Location Intelligence System (ILIS) to streamline the company's business operations. To promote transparency and accountability, KETRACO published all project milestones in the company's magazine (the GRID) and published 2020/21 financial reports.
586. Kenya Electricity Generating Company PLC. (KenGen) developed a suppliers' code of conduct and provided a platform where stakeholders can provide reports on breach of ethics. Further, KenGen sensitized suppliers on the ethics related breaches during the procurement process and 19 incidences were reported. Separately, Rural Electrification and Renewable Energy Corporation employed the use of ICT and other innovations which included Enterprise Resource Planning system (ERP) optimization, Virtual Private Network, Data Centre Backup Power upgrade and e-Board Solution to enhance efficiency.
587. To enhance efficiency in service delivery, Energy and Petroleum Regulatory Authority (EPRA) continued to issue petroleum and liquefied petroleum gas as well as electricity and renewable energy licenses through an online portal and implemented the Customer Relationship Management System to efficiently track and respond to customers' queries and complaints. Further, EPRA sensitized youth, women and persons with disabilities (PWDs) on the available business opportunities on the supplier

and vendor portal registration process, preference, reservations and bidding process.

588. Further, EPRA continued to publish monthly Electricity Pass to ensure legitimate costs are passed to consumers and for transparency in electricity pricing. These included fuel energy cost, foreign exchange rate fluctuation adjustment, Water Resource Management Authority (WRMA) levy and inflation adjustment. Further, the Authority developed a quick response code for authentication of licenses and permits via android mobile phones.
589. Kenya Pipeline Company Limited mainstreamed ethics and integrity by undertaking; corruption risk assessment, developed corruption prevention plans, corruption prevention surveys to determine corruption index, developed and implemented a code of conduct, and sensitised staff on the code of conduct. Further, the Company facilitated reporting of corruption cases through anonymous email address and trained general managers, chief and senior officers on corruption prevention.
590. To enhance good governance, Kenya Roads Board (KRB) engaged Parliamentary Committee on Delegated Legislation (CDL) to review regulations operationalizing the Kenya Roads Board (Amendment) Act, 2019 on the oversight of road network. Further, KRB conducted technical, financial and performance audits for the programmes and projects undertaken by road agencies and county governments and funded through the Road Maintenance Levy Fund to provide assurance that the funds were utilized appropriately.
591. To encourage prudent utilization of resources, KRB in collaboration with the European Union developed a training curriculum for Roads 2000 Programme targeting officers and staff of all road agencies and Kenya Wildlife Service. Further, the Board reviewed the annual roads

programmes submitted by various road agencies and consolidated the Annual Roads Works Programme (ARWPs) into Annual Public Roads Programme (APRP). The Board also received and resolved complaints, sensitized suppliers on Public Procurement & Assets Disposal Act 2015. and revised standard tender documents.

592. Kenya Urban Roads Authority (KURA) conducted a legal governance audit to check on the level of compliance and put in place an automated risk management platform to monitor the management of risks in the organization. Further, KURA digitized processes to ensure integrity, transparency and accountability, and conducted regular integrity advocacy programmes and audits to inculcate a culture of integrity. Kenya Airports Authority conducted a corruption perception survey targeting both internal and external stakeholders to identify areas of improvement in service delivery. Separately, KCAA sensitized members of staff on integrity and ensured that they sign the code of conduct.
593. To promote good governance, the Sacco Societies Regulatory Authority (SASRA) collaborated with the Institute of Certified Public Accountants of Kenya (ICPAK) to develop suitable criteria for external auditors. Further, SASRA conducted physical inspection on deposit-taking SACCO societies and revised the guidelines on good corporate governance for SACCOs in Kenya. To promote integrity, SASRA continued to collaborate with the DCI and EACC to prevent fraud and embezzlement of funds within the SACCO subsector.
594. Capital Markets Authority (CMA) *gazetted* guidelines on share buybacks for listed companies in Kenya vide notice No.12325. The new Guidelines compliment the general provisions under Part XVI of Companies Act, 2015 through which share re-purchase was first introduced in Kenya. Further,

CMA completed review of the Warehouse Receipt Systems Regulations which are fundamental in reducing post-harvest losses, enhancing quality, facilitating credit and structured commodities trading in centralized exchanges. The Authority also facilitated the Nairobi Security Exchange to roll out the Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) guidelines to the market to improve and standardise ESG information reported by listed companies in Kenya.

595. Capital Markets Authority conducted stakeholder and public feedback on the Capital market soundness and the draft Capital Markets Whistle Blower Regulations 2021 which were submitted to National Treasury and subsequently *gazetted*. The Regulations aimed at incentivizing individuals to report on possible violations of the Capital Market laws to the Authority and to provide for reward for the whistle blowers, submission of reportable misconduct, payment of rewards and appeals to the Capital Markets tribunal. The Authority launched the Capital Markets Mobile Application to create convenience on conducting operations and accessing information including investor protection that is accessible on the Google *App* Store.
596. Salaries and Remuneration Commission (SRC) undertook a salary survey to inform review and setting of remuneration and benefits for state officers and conducted stakeholder engagement and public participation on proposed remuneration and benefits. SRC also build capacity of the public service on job evaluation through virtual and physical trainings whereby 2,835 participants were trained.
597. The Commission reviewed the Public Sector Remuneration and Benefits Policy Guidelines to address emerging challenges in the management of the public wage bill, including non-compliance to the Public Finance Management Act, 2012; non-compliance with the SRC advisories; double

compensation through automatic wage increase and negotiated pay. The Commission revised the collective bargaining negotiations guidelines in the public service to create industrial harmony and commenced development of a framework for recognizing and rewarding productivity and performance.

598. Insurance Regulatory Authority (IRA) held a capacity building workshop for claims managers of medical underwriters on treating customers fairly and held a training for insurance industry players on IFRS 16 and 17, on the upgraded ERS and anti-money laundering. Further, IRA procured a consultant to conduct a legal and governance audit to determine their compliance with applicable laws and regulations and propose areas of need.
599. Further, the Insurance Regulatory Authority held Anti-Money Laundering and Combating Financing of Terrorism (AML/CFT) training for senior staff in the insurance industry and customers. The Authority also participated in an evaluation to assess the existence and effectiveness of measures put in place to fight AML/CFT and continued to sensitize staff and the public on the anonymous reporting e-mail (ethics@ira.go.ke) that is published on the IRA website. In addition, IRA published on the website quarterly claims statistical reports, quarterly insurance industry financial industry reports and the Annual Insurance Industry Financial Report to improve access to information by investors and consumers.
600. Kenya Reinsurance Corporation Limited trained the board of directors on good corporate governance and required potential clients to disclose sources of funds to prevent money laundering and terrorism financing. Further, the Corporation trained staff on anti-money laundering and counter-financing of terrorism and developed a digital anonymous whistle blowing channel for reporting corruption.

601. Kenya Deposit Insurance Corporation integrated a whistleblowing portal on the website to enable citizens report corrupt activities anonymously. Separately, Women Enterprise Fund continued to conduct sensitization forums on good governance and code of conduct, and terminated services of staff who contravened the code of conduct. Youth Enterprise Development Fund Board developed a code of conduct for staff, reviewed organizational policies and continued to disseminate information on all the products, programmes, projects and services on social media and website.
602. To enhance integrity of systems, National Social Security Fund (NSSF) conducted ISO audits of the Integrated Management System (IMS) covering; Quality Management Systems (QMS), Information Security Management System (ISMS), Knowledge Management System and Business Continuity. The audit recommended recertification under QMS and continued certification under KMS, ISMS and BCMS.
603. Tea Board of Kenya adopted the Integrated Management Information System (IMIS) portal, automated tea processes to facilitate online registration and licensing for tea value chain players, digitized issuance of licenses, export and import permits to stakeholders. Further, the Board Integrated IMIS portal with the Kentrade's Trade Facilitation Platform (TFP) as a one stop shop for respective government agencies.
604. To promote good governance, KIPPRA conducted capacity building for NSSF staff on Revenue and Forecasting Model. To enhance public awareness on policy research and analysis, KIPPRA distributed its publications to private and public universities, county governments and other stakeholders in both hard and electronic copies. KIPPRA also organized public dissemination forums to inform stakeholders on research outputs.

605. Jomo Kenyatta University of Agriculture and Technology (JKUAT) conducted elections for new deans to manage schools in the college of agriculture and natural resources, organized training for newly elected Jomo Kenyatta University Students Association (JKUSA) on leadership skills. Further, JKUAT enforced the signing of the conflict of interest register and instituted disciplinary action against students who cheated in exams or engaged in other malpractices. The University also hosted the Public Finance and Governance in Kenya webinar to empower the public on public finance.
606. To enhance integrity, Kenyatta University embedded corruption risk assessment in the staff performance contracts to inculcate a culture of zero tolerance to corruption. Further, the University developed and implemented the 2021 Corruption Mitigation Plan. Separately, Technical University of Kenya (TUK) provided equal opportunities for staff members to access external and internal scholarships and granted paid study leave to staff members pursuing MSc and PhD degrees within and outside Kenya. Further, TUK trained integrity assurance officers and sanctioned students involved in exam irregularities.
607. University of Embu sensitized newly elected student council members on leadership and good governance, members of staff on leadership and integrity code, and student leaders on information security. Separately, Rongo University conducted corruption risk assessment and developed a mitigation plan, developed rules and regulations for students, and created and implemented gift and conflict of interest registers. The University also trained heads of departments on leadership and management of resources.
608. Turkana University College trained Council members on principles of good governance and developed Turkana University College procurement policy

and regulations. Further, the University College appointed a quality management systems Director and administered an oath of secrecy for the University College Management Board members. Separately, Murang'a University of Technology inducted the University Council and newly elected student leaders and acquired ISO 9001:2015 certification.

609. Jaramogi Oginga Odinga University of Science and Technology (JOUST) operationalized the Community Liaison Committee consisting of selected university staff and student leadership and the Association of Hostel Owners and Landlords within the community to address matters affecting non-resident students and the local community. The University also introduced a new ERP system and automated services to improve efficiency and implemented Information Security Management System (ISMS) and Business Continuity Policy and Risk Management Policy to ensure continuity of operations and consistency in service delivery in the event of major disruptions.
610. Kisii University conducted quality assurance audits to determine the level of compliance with set teaching standards and procedures. Separately, Machakos University established a corruption prevention committee to sensitize staff and students on the dangers of corruption. Maseno University automated nominal and course registration platforms which reduced turn around time in student registration process from 1 month to 2 weeks. South Eastern Kenya University developed a common unit on ethics, integrity and values and sensitized staff and students on national values and principles of governance.
611. To enhance good governance, Teachers Service Commission (TSC) developed a Reward and Sanctions Policy where staff are appraised on different yardsticks and are either rewarded or sanctioned as applicable.

The Commission also appointed and trained a Creativity and Innovation Committee to mainstream an innovative culture, established a Quality Assurance and Improvement Programme for Internal Audit, and conducted a financial audit and professional investigative assessments. In addition, TSC carried out standard assessment for professional support in sampled schools across the country.

612. Further, TSC sponsored staff members for a training on fraud prevention and forensic audit, and investigations to enable identification of integrity risk areas and develop appropriate interventions. The Commission also continued to undertake investigations on incidences of unethical behavior among staff and teachers and trained regional directors, county directors and integrity patrons on integrity and anti-corruption initiatives.
613. Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development (KICD) broadcasted content on good governance and integrity on EDU radio and TV stations and conducted periodic customer surveys. Further, KICD appointed and operationalized an integrity committee and recognized staff for outstanding performance. The Institute also issued regular updates on activities through quarterly News Flash magazine and weekly *WhatsApp* reports.
614. National Commission for Science Technology and Innovation (NACOSTI) conducted capacity building for staff in line with training needs assessments and ensured all applicants for research permits submitted clearances from relevant bodies. Further, NACOSTI trained integrity assurance officers, submitted quarterly and annual reports to EACC and other statutory bodies, and conducted internal and external audits. The Commission also shared information through the website, social media platforms and newsletters and automated systems (RIMS and ERP). In addition, NACOSTI created awareness on Access to Information Act, 2016

and developed a Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) Framework to monitor and evaluate two registered research institutions.

615. Kenya Literature Bureau trained board members on good governance and facilitated financial audits by OAG. Separately, Kenya National Library Service sanctioned staff for violating **Articles 10** and **232** of the Constitution. Centre for Mathematics, Science and Technology Education in Africa trained school principals on transformative leadership. Kenya Accountants and Secretaries National Examinations Board (KASNEB) launched and availed a revised syllabus on the website and social media platforms. Further, KASNEB sensitized students on the revised KASNEB syllabus in 90 training institutions.
616. Nairobi Technical Training Institute continued conducting audits and trained staff members on corruption prevention. Similarly, Wote Technical Training Institute conducted audits and trained staff members on corruption prevention. Nkabune Technical Training Institute constituted and trained an integrity committee to enhance ethical conduct within the institution. Thika Technical Training Institute introduced the use of Enterprise Resource Planning System to expedite service provision and fight against corruption.
617. Mawego Technical Training Institute carried out corruption risk assessment and submitted the report to EACC. Separately, Ekerubo Gietai Technical Training Institute submitted financial reports to the relevant authorities and trained staff on integrity and anti-corruption. To promote integrity Meru National Polytechnic developed and implemented a corruption mitigation plan. To enhance integrity, Bumbe Technical Training Institute trained heads of departments on integrity. Tharaka

- Technical and Vocational College automated processes and procedures through installation of a Management Information System.
618. Kisumu National Polytechnic (KNP) revised the citizen's service delivery charter to update and capture new functional areas. Further, the Polytechnic developed an anti-corruption policy to serve both the staff and interested parties in addressing integrity issues and conducted an internal and external ISO audit to enhance accountability. Separately, Sigalagala National Polytechnic integrated ABNO software technology in the entry and analysis of student academic results and introduced Microsoft Teams platform to enhance online learning.
619. Kisiwa Technical Training Institute implemented ISO 9001:2015 and aligned the strategic plan to Big 4 Agenda. Ahmed Shahame Mwidani Technical Training Institute constituted an integrity committee to deal with integrity issues. Nyandarua National Polytechnic established a complaints committee which was trained by CAJ to resolve public complaints, adhered to the code of conduct and ethics and trained staff on leadership and integrity through EACC.
620. Shanzu Teachers Training College promoted 30% of staff to senior positions, conducted election of a new student council and reprimanded trainees with disciplinary cases. Separately, Awendo Technical and Vocational College prepared a gifts register and submitted quarterly financial statements to relevant institutions while Kajiado West Technical and Vocational College conducted nominations for the Board. Aldai Technical Training Institute carried out regular audits to ensure prudent use of resources.
621. Bukura Agricultural College developed a risk policy, trained staff on corruption risk assessment and mitigation, and implemented a corruption

prevention plan. Further, the College trained staff members on quality management system, audit and gender inclusiveness. Separately, Mukiria Technical Training Institute (MTTI) developed a policy on integrity, ethics and corruption eradication and MTTI Code of Conduct. Kenya Medical Training College operationalized the ERP system and continued implementing online applications at the college.

622. Karumo Technical Training Institute (KTTI) sensitised staff on integrity and facilitated audit of the institution's accounts by the Office of the Auditor General and Ministry of Education. Separately, Kiambu Institute of Science and Technology (KIST) implemented KIST code of conduct and ethics as well as the anti-corruption policy to strengthen the fight against corruption. Similarly, Machakos Technical Institute for the Blind, established an anti corruption and complaint committee. Maasai Mara Technical and Vocational College constituted an anti-corruption and ethics committee and developed and implemented a corruption prevention policy.
623. Water Sector Trust Fund (WSTF) implemented the governance assessment tool in 78 Water Service Providers in the country. Further, WSTF under the Joint Six Programme supported the development of Prototype County Water Bills in Tharaka Nithi and Laikipia counties at a cost of KSh.5Million each and conducted sustainability capacity building training for Nandi, Narok and Migori counties' Water Utilities (WUs) and sub-county water officers.
624. Further, WSTF trained the Board of Trustees and Water Fund staff on governance and integrity, ethics and anti-corruption. The Fund also sensitized newly employed officers on national values and public service code of ethics, developed gift and conflict of interest policies and reviewed the Anti-Corruption Policy. The Fund monitored and reported progress of

projects implemented to the relevant stakeholders and received monthly financial reports as per signed financing contracts from water utilities. The Trust Fund through the Office of the Auditor General audited projects under the World Bank funded Output Based Aid and Conditional Liquid Support Grant. Separately, National Water Harvesting and Storage Authority published a newsletter for the year 2021 and engaged stakeholders on social media posts.

625. Tanathi Water Works Development Agency sensitized project beneficiaries on ethics and integrity. Separately, Lake Victoria South Water Works Agency trained Board of Governors and senior staff on corporate governance. Ewaso Ng'iro North River Basin Development Authority formed a corruption prevention committee and trained integrity assurance officers. Kenya School of Government re-established the integrity assurance committee and sensitized staff on integrity and ethics.
626. To promote good governance and integrity, Tana and Athi Rivers Development Authority (TARDA) engaged stakeholders through their website and social media platforms and appointed board members. Separately, Anti-Counterfeit Authority continued the process of integrating the Kenya Electronic Single Window System for ease of surveillance and electronic clearance of imports into the country with Integrated Product Marking and Authentication System to implement the mark of genuine. Similarly, ICT Authority (ICTA) operationalized policies that include; ICT Policy, Gifts, Benefits and Hospitality Policy, HIV& AIDS Workplace Policy, Compliant Handling Policy and Procedure, Travel Management Policy, Stakeholder Management Policy and Succession Management Policy.

627. Micro and Small Enterprises Authority (MSEA) conducted protocol training, maintained a declaration of conflict of interest register and submitted corruption quarterly reports to EACC. The Authority also undertook a corruption risk assessment and ensured accurate data was captured on the data base, publicized tenders on the Public Procurement Information Portal and developed a digital registration system with log activity.
628. To entrench good governance and integrity, Competition Authority of Kenya (CAK) developed model contracts for use by buyers and suppliers in the retail and insurance sectors to minimize conflicts between contracting parties in the retail and insurance sectors. Further, CAK imposed financial penalties against PZ Cussons for failure to disclose information on date of manufacture and expiry on some of its products which violated section 60 (1) of the Act on product information standards. The Authority was also feted at the 2021 Financial Report (FiRe) Awards and emerged top for its excellence in applying the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) Accrual basis of reporting.
629. Further, Competition Authority of Kenya issued new orders to bread manufacturers to curb use of misleading information to consumers through press release dated 24th May, 2021. The Authority also issued an advisory on price fixing to professional associations through a press release dated 5th October, 2021. The professional associations included Law Society of Kenya, Engineers Society of Kenya, Architectural Association of Kenya, Marketing Society of Kenya, Media Council of Kenya, Institute of Certified Public Accountants of Kenya among others. The Authority also carried out surveillance on various entities to curb unfair trade practices in the products market.

630. In addition, Competition Authority of Kenya developed and implemented the External Guidelines on the Informant Reward Scheme Policy aimed at guiding the role of informants. The guidelines further provided applicable procedure for disclosure of information, the nature of cooperation expected between informant and the Authority, the principles governing reward payments and persons eligible for rewards.
631. Anti-Counterfeit Authority (ACA) developed a web-based Integrated Management System (AIMS) that facilitates monitoring flows of import counterfeits while providing data on players in the supply chain of different products. Further, ACA continued the process of integrating with the Kenya Electronic Single Window System that links all stakeholders involved in cargo clearance including Kenya Revenue Authority, Kenya Ports Authority and Kenya Bureau of Standards. The Authority also continued the process of integrating with Integrated Product Marking and Authentication System (IPMAS) that involves other government agencies in order to implement a single government sticker under the IPMAS programme.
632. National Employment Authority (NEA) continued to exercise oversight and regulation over private recruitment agencies to ensure compliance to Labour Institutions Act, 2007, Code of Regulations and Code of Conduct governing recruitment agencies. Further, NEA sensitized newly recruited staff on the Public Officer Ethics Act, 2016.
633. Export Processing Zones Authority (EPZA) provided information to the public through an interactive website, newsletters and social media platforms. Separately, the Kenya Investment Authority (KenInvest) conducted an anti-corruption sensitisation workshop and developed standard operating procedures. Similarly, Technical and Vocational

Education and Training Authority (TVETA) trained integrity assurance officers. Kenya Ports Authority sensitized members of the public and staff on corruption prevention, public complaints, national values and principles of governance.

634. NACADA continued conducting inspections on treatment and rehabilitation centres and manufacturers of alcoholic drinks across the country to ensure adherence to the national standards. Further, NACADA trained integrity assurance officers and sensitized members of the corruption prevention committee.
635. Unclaimed Financial Assets Authority (UFAA) conducted holder audits to enhance compliance and trained key stakeholders in carrying out holders audits. Further, UFAA published details of owners of unclaimed financial assets and statements for the Trust Fund and trained the OAG and ICPAK in carrying out holders' audits. The Authority also published the details of the owners of the received unclaimed financial assets in the website and published the financial statements for Trust Fund for FY 2019/20 in the daily newspapers, Kenya *gazette* and the website. Separately, National Industrial Training Authority (NITA) carried out an online customer satisfaction survey and audit.
636. To enhance the fight against corruption, Policyholders Compensation Fund established a Corruption Prevention Committee to identify issues within the Fund that constitute corruption; develop, review, monitor and evaluate corruption risk assessment and mitigation plans; conduct corruption risk assessment and submit progress reports to EACC on implementation of corruption prevention strategies within the Fund.
637. Kenya Medical Supplies Authority (KEMSA) developed a mobile application dubbed Electronic Proof of Delivery (EPOD) to enhance

efficiency in delivery of health products and technologies and enable end-to-end visibility of goods on transit. Separately, Kenya Medical Research Institute (KEMRI) through the State Corporations Advisory Committee trained 10 board members on national values and principles of good governance, undertook risk management training for the board of directors and top management and ensured all members of staff signed the revised code of conduct under KEMRI human resource policy and procedures manual.

638. Public Procurement Regulatory Authority (PPRA) continued to monitor compliance with respect to contracts awarded to youth, women and persons with disability. The Authority upgraded the Public Procurement Information Portal (PPIP) and created awareness on the portal through stakeholders forums and adverts. Further, PPRA enforced compliance with the Public Procurement Disposal Act, 2015 and Public Procurement and Asset Disposal Regulations, 2020 through procurement review, audits, assessments, inspections and critical analysis of mandatory reports submitted by procuring entities. The Authority also prepared and issued a quarterly market price index to inform reasonable pricing decisions. In addition, PPRA issued and published guidelines on Mandatory Reporting Requirements for Procuring Entities Circular No. 01/2021.
639. Kenya National Innovation Agency (KeNIA) enhanced public awareness on legal provisions regarding the conduct of public officers through staff sensitisation and training of integrity officers, conducted corruption risk assessment in all areas of the institution and developed and implemented mitigation plans. Further, KeNIA engaged stakeholders through social media platforms, *YouTube* channel and automated the processes and procedures for awards (NIA awards process).

640. Kenya Railways Corporation trained and evaluated its board members and sensitized staff members on National Values and Principles of Governance. The Nuclear Power and Energy Agency carried out a corruption risk assessment, developed a corruption risk mitigation plan and implemented measures emanating from the corruption risk mitigation plan.
641. Kenya Space Agency sensitized senior management staff on the ethics and anti-corruption issues. Separately, Kenya Export Promotion and Branding Agency generated and disseminated an analysis report on Kenya's Export Performance for the year 2021. Kenya Broadcasting Corporation (KBC) inducted new board members and trained integrity assurance officers. To promote integrity, Nzoia Sugar Company sanctioned staff members for ethical breaches.
642. To promote good governance and integrity, Kenya Trade Network Agency appointed a new board, created awareness on the newly upgraded TradeNet System and trained members of staff on Information Security Management as well as risk management. Further, the Agency conducted audits and trained integrity assurance officers.
643. Kenyatta International Convention Centre (KICC) conducted internal and external audits of accounts, and undertook open tendering. Separately, Universities Fund continued to allocate funds to universities, trained integrity assurance officers, conducted a risk assessment, and reported quarterly to EACC on the promotion of integrity in the organization.
644. Privatization Commission developed a Commission Board Charter that clearly spells out the principles of good corporate governance, separation of powers and the roles and responsibilities of the Board members. Further, the Commission developed a risk and compliance framework to monitor

and mitigate against potential risks in the Commission and ensured all members of staff signed the leadership and integrity code.

645. Public Service Commission (PSC) continued to facilitate development, review and implementation of service legislations, policies and regulations, continued to provide advisories and technical assistance to counties and MDAs in the development of their human resource policy documents.
646. Kenya Plant Health Inspectorate Service (KEPHIS) put in place a corruption prevention policy and whistle blowing policy, undertook a corruption risk assessment and developed a corruption mitigation plan. Further, KEPHIS sensitized all staff on corruption issues in all stations and trained integrity assurance officers. The Service also put in place a code of conduct and aligned it to the government's reviewed code of regulations.
647. Kenya Industrial Property Institute (KIPI) published updated industrial property information in the industrial property journal on a monthly basis. The Institute continued to update the website with industrial property information including IP statistics, removal of expired marks through special journal issues and removal of expired patents that can be commercialized in Kenya.
648. New Kenya Planters Co-operative Union PLC initiated development of Bespoke System to automate the processing of Coffee Cherry Advance Revolving Fund applications to enhance efficiency and promoted development of staff competencies through training and sensitization programmes. Further, the Company developed coffee farmers information management data base system and a bulk SMS system to enhance communication between the Company and its stakeholders and installed and commissioned CCTV surveillance system to enhance security of farmers'

coffee. The Company also created public awareness on Coffee Cherry Advance Revolving Fund and best farming practices.

649. New KPCU automated weighing of coffee by installing a weighbridge management system to ensure accuracy in weighing farmers' coffee. The Company also implemented an interactive website to enable stakeholders access information about New KPCU as well as track coffee auction sale reports and trained top management on national values and principles of governance. Further, New KPCU conducted internal and external compliance and system audits and implemented the recommendation of audit reports. In addition, the Company installed CCTV cameras at the head office and 3 branches in Meru, Sagana and Dandora.
650. Kenya Film Classification Board (KFCB) continued to issue filming licenses and approval certificates through the online film licensing platform and appointed new board of directors to provide oversight to the Board. Further, KFCB developed a corruption risk mitigation plan, continued to facilitate access to information by periodically updating the website and continued to compile and disseminate media briefs on activities and programmes through the website and newsletter.
651. To enhance good governance, Pharmacy and Poisons Board (PPB) developed an online system for receiving and processing applications for the advertisement of health products and technologies, and conducted a pilot of the new online system. The Board through the drug crime unit participated in multi-agency enforcement operations to identify, interdict and prosecute offenders found culpable of illicit trade practices. The Board confiscated illicit goods from the market and developed a draft policy on corruption prevention. The Board also continued to engage stakeholders

through media platforms and conducted regular audits of internal processes and systems.

652. Kenya Bureau of Standards (KEBS) trained the National Standards Council and senior management on *Mwongozo* Code of Governance and adhered to the provisions of the Standards Act, 2021. Further, KEBS developed and implemented an SMS based secure quality marks checking system using SMS code 20023 with a track and trace capability to enable consumers to instantly check the validity of product certification marks. Kenya Bureau of Standards also enforced the pre-Export Verification of Conformity (PVoC) programme by directing that all consolidated cargo should undergo 100% verification at the port of entry to reduce substandard goods in the market.
653. National Cohesion and Integration Commission (NCIC) sensitized over 700 aspiring and current political leaders and community members on the need for responsible leadership and peaceful 2022 general elections. The aspirants also signed the Peace and Accountability Charter that commits them to advocate for peace during elections. The Commission further availed project reports to internal and external actors and published financial statements in the annual report to promote accountability.
654. Warehouse Receipt System Council established the Audit Department and constituted an Audit and Risk Committee. Further, the Council developed gift policy, whistle blowing policy, anti-corruption policy, internal audit charter, carried out inspection of warehouses and issued certificates of conformity to warehouse operators. The Council also facilitated the establishment, maintenance and development of the warehouse receipt system for agricultural commodities produced in Kenya and oversees to ensure efficiency, effectiveness and integrity of the system.

655. Kenya Tourism Board (KTB) initiated gift declaration registers, adopted an anti-corruption policy, placed adverts and tenders on the website and shared relevant information with the public and stakeholders through the Magical Kenya website and *Sherpa* platforms. Separately, Tourism Regulatory Authority automated finance, human resource and licensing functions.
656. Kenya Veterinary Vaccines Production Institute (KEVEVAPI) inducted new members of the board of directors and conducted an annual board evaluation to comply with good governance practices. Further, KEVEVAPI applied good manufacturing practices and standards in business operations, carried out internal audits of ISO implementation process and conducted periodic accountability forums.
657. Nyayo Tea Zones Development Corporation conducted corporate governance training for board of directors, sanctioned staff for embezzling public funds and implemented corruption risk mitigation measures as per EACC guidelines. Further, the Corporation installed CCTV cameras at the head office and factories, provided access to information to the public through the website, events and social media and facilitated conduct of the annual audit by the Office of the Auditor General. Separately, Bandari Maritime Academy (BMA) trained the board of directors on corporate governance, established a corruption prevention committee, mapped out corruption grey areas and submitted quarterly reports on corruption mainstreaming to EACC.
658. Kenya National Bureau of Statistics (KNBS) in collaboration with Central Bank of Kenya (CBK) and Kenya Investment Authority (KenInvest) published the 2020 Foreign Investment Survey (FIS 2020) Report to guide decision making and policy formulation in the economic and investment sectors.

659. Kenya School of Adventure and Leadership continued to offer experiential leadership courses for officers working in government, armed forces and corporate organizations to equip them with skills necessary for good governance. To promote integrity, KUCCPS developed a corruption risk mitigation plan for the financial year 2021/22. Separately, HELB continued to refund loan overpayments and send notifications on the loan management process.
660. Kenyatta National Hospital implemented initiatives to improve leadership and governance in the health care services. The initiatives included review of hospital policies and strategies; implementing business process re-engineering; implementing of ERP and HMIS; and introduction of cashless payments. Separately, Kenya Industrial Research and Development Institute developed a Corruption Risk Assessment and Mitigation Plan.
661. NEPAD/APRM Kenya Secretariat reviewed initiatives for realizing the Big 4 agenda and conducted a study on the National Governance Reporting to enhance good governance in the country. Further, the Secretariat in collaboration with the Committee of Experts in Public Administration (CEPA) conducted a survey on the implementation of effective principles of good governance in the corporate world and reviewed the progress in resolution of challenges highlighted in the Country Review Report, 2017.
662. The Secretariat also implemented the National Action Plan to improve public sector performance within the context of the county peer review and collaborated with the continental secretariat to develop a report on credit rating. In addition, the Secretariat conducted internal and external audits on financial and procurement systems.
663. NEPAD/APRM Kenya Secretariat developed a draft National Governance Report on national governance indicators and coordinated the launch and

adoption of the Report on the implementation of effective principles of good governance by APRM member states. The Secretariat also developed a draft report on the progress made in addressing the challenges on cross-cutting issues including youth unemployment, gender mainstreaming, diversity management and corruption prevention. Further, the Secretariat collaborated with the continental secretariat, key stakeholders and policy makers under the National Treasury to collect data on the development of credit rating.

664. Kenya Animal Genetic Resources Centre appointed and trained senior managers as integrity assurance officers. Similarly, National Housing Corporation sensitized staff on integrity and trained integrity assurance officers to champion integrity awareness in the corporation.
665. Media Council of Kenya constituted an anti- corruption committee and trained members of staff on anti-corruption and integrity. Separately, Kenya Film Classification Board continued to issue filming licenses and approval certificates through an online film licensing platform.
666. To enhance good governance in the coffee sector, Agricultural and Food Authority (AFA) continued to conduct periodic monitoring inspections and enforced sanctions to enhance adherence to codes of conduct. Further, AFA through the Sugar Directorate launched the *Miwa Bora* mobile App which offers solutions to stakeholder concerns and enhances access to information relating to sugar value chain. Separately, Biosafety Appeals Board introduced an online form to enhance the process of filing appeals through the website while IPOA continued to conduct capacity building for the members of staff in various fields.
667. Kenya Year Book Editorial Board trained Board members and integrity assurance officers on good governance. Separately, Kenya Agricultural and

Livestock Research Organisation (KALRO) initiated a cashless mode of payment for goods and services in the institutes. Further, the Organisation implemented KALRO Customer Relation Management System at the headquarters and at the Tea Research Institute. Kenya Dairy Board developed and launched the Dairy Industry Regulations and sensitized staff and stakeholders on the *gazetted* Dairy Industry Regulations.

668. To promote good governance and integrity, NGOs Co-ordination Board conducted quarterly customer satisfaction surveys and engaged stakeholders online to create awareness of the new ERP system. Further, the Board trained staff on service charter and handling complaints.
669. The National Government Constituencies Development Fund Board (NG-CDF) constituted a Board and issued guidelines for the operations of constituency committees. Further, NG-CDF in collaboration with county governments implemented projects funded under the Sports and Environment Components of Constituencies' allocations. The Fund also forwarded 6 internal audit reports to EACC which revealed economic criminal activities in constituencies in accordance with Section 56 of the NG-CDF Act 2015.

Measures Taken to Enhance Realisation of Sustainable Development

Article 10(2)(d) Sustainable Development

670. H.E. the President made commitments towards investment in green energy, climate financing and ending deforestation in Kenya during the UN Climate Change Conference (COP26) in Glasgow, Scotland. In addition, State House implemented climate change mitigation and adaptation interventions and developed a framework for development of marine spatial plans for Kenya to promote ocean sustainability.

671. H.E. the President commissioned the Last Mile Connectivity Project at Kimahuri village in Kiini East projected to connect 216 households to the national electricity grid. H.E. the President launched the 2020-2024 Youth Enterprise Development Fund (YEDF) strategic plan aimed at raising the revolving fund from KSh.4.5Billion to KSh.5.5Billion.



Figure 11: H.E the President visiting a beneficiary of the Last Mile Connectivity Project in Kiini East
Source: PSCU, 2021

672. To facilitate the ease of doing business in the country, the National Assembly passed the Business Laws (Amendment)(No.2) Bill, 2020. The Bill amended the Law of Contract, eliminating the requirement of a company seal in execution of company documents; amended the Insolvency Act, 2015 enabling an administrator to distribute routine payment to unsecured creditors without court permissions; amended the Stamp Duty Act (Cap 480) exempting payment of fixed stamp duty of

KSh.100 on contracts; and amended the Small Claims Courts Act, 2016 to provide for a 60-day timeline for adjudication of small claims.

673. Further, the National Assembly passed the Investment Promotion (Amendment) Bill (Senate Bills No. 2 of 2021) to ensure participation of County Governments in the promotion of trade in the country; the Prompt Payment Bill (Senate Bills No. 16 of 2021) to facilitate prompt payment for supply of goods, works and services procured by governments entities; the County Vocational Education and Training Bill (Senate Bills No. 14 of 2020) to provide a framework for the establishment of systems for the administration of training in vocational education and training within counties; and the Start-up Bill (Senate Bills No. 1 of 2021) to provide a legal framework that fosters a culture of innovative thinking and entrepreneurship.
674. To enhance the realisation of sustainable health services, the National Assembly passed the National Hospital Insurance Fund (Amendment) Bill, 2021 and forwarded it to the Senate for consideration. The Bill seeks to establish the National Health Scheme; enhance the mandate of the National Hospital Insurance Fund; and provide for the liability of employers to make a matching contribution to the Fund equal to that which the employees are liable.
675. In addition, the National Assembly considered and approved the Finance Bill, 2021 which formulated proposals contained in the 2021/2022 Budget highlights. The Bill amended the Capital Markets Authority Act (Cap 485A) to specify timelines for determination of appeals by the Capital Market Tribunal; amended the Insurance Act (Cap 487) providing for regulation of foreign reinsurance brokers; amended the Retirement Benefits Act, 1997 providing for regulation of corporate trustees that provide

- services to pension schemes; and amended the Central Depositories Act, 1991 regulating the opening of omnibus accounts by an entity investing on behalf of others in the securities market.
676. The National Assembly advanced Kenya's multilateral base abroad by approving the Ratification of Treaty on the International Convention on the Standards of Training, Certification and Watch-keeping for Fishing Vessel Personnel, 1995 alongside the Treaty on Cape Town Agreement of 2012 on Safety of Fishing Vessels.
677. To enhance the realisation of sustainable development, the Senate considered, passed and referred to the National Assembly the Cooperative Societies (Amendment) Bill (Senate Bills No. 11 of 2020); Investment Promotion (Amendment) Bill (Senate Bills No. 2 of 2021); Prompt Payment Bill (Senate Bills No. 16 of 2021); County Vocational Education and Training Bill (Senate Bills No. 14 of 2020); and the Start-up Bill (Senate Bills No. 1 of 2021).
678. To promote sustainable development, the Judiciary continued with resolution of commercial disputes, employment and labour disputes, environmental and land disputes, nurturing of work skills for Kenyan workforce and implementation of judiciary digital strategy.
679. Kenya Law Reform Commission in partnership with the Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock, Fisheries and Cooperatives developed the Animal Disease (Animal Identification and Traceability) Rules, 2020; collaborated with the Council of Governors to develop a model law on Forest Management, a Tree Growing Policy, 2021 and Tree Growing Bill, 2021.
680. Assets Recovery Agency preserved proceeds of crime under investigation and assets under forfeiture proceedings valued at KSh.3.3Billion and KSh.1Billion respectively. Separately, Kenya School of Law carried out an

environmental impact assessment audit; developed a Master Plan on water harvesting and underground water; and undertook recruitment of adjunct lecturers.

681. To promote fiscal and monetary management, the National Treasury prepared the 2021 macro fiscal framework: 2021 Budget Review Outlook Paper (BROP); 2021 Budget Policy Statement (BPS); and the 2021 Debt Management Strategy used for 2021/2022 Medium Term Expenditure Framework (MTEF) for sustainable economic development. To ensure Kenya's public debt is within sustainable thresholds, the National Treasury developed the Debt and Borrowing Policy to manage Kenya's Public Debt that had risen to KSh.8Trillion against the fiscal threshold of KSh.9Trillion. The policy strengthens coordination in implementation of monetary and fiscal policy operations to minimise costs and risks inherent in the management.
682. Further, the National Treasury made allocations through the National Safety Net (*Inua Jamii*) Programme to share benefits of the economic growth through cash transfers to the vulnerable group and made allocations to health and well-being; quality education, gender equality, clean water and energy. In addition, the National Treasury allocated Funds to industry, innovation and infrastructure; allocated to affordable housing programmes and mobilised funds for locally-led climate resilient action and revitalised the PPP programme.
683. Kenya Revenue Authority continued to expand the tax base by registering additional taxpayers. To enhance staff capacity for mobilisation of taxes, KRA established effective knowledge retention and transfer strategy to mitigate loss of critical knowledge from retiring staff. To facilitate safe and secure passage of goods through airports for sustainable development, the

Authority installed a second x-ray baggage scanner at Jomo Kenyatta International Airport Terminal 1-E to reduce human intervention in handling passengers' baggage and reduce clearance turnaround time of arriving passengers at the airport.

684. Kenya Revenue Authority (KRA) entered into agreement with Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs Office to build the technical capacity of the Authority in the area of data analysis for tax compliance, talent management and tax transparency. To promote sustainability in business, the Authority continued to implement business continuity and disaster preparedness programmes. To promote sustainable environmental conservation, KRA participated in the International Day for Conservation of mangrove ecosystem to raise awareness on mangrove ecosystems at Tudor Creek in Jomvu, Mombasa. KRA implemented a tree planting programme to increase forest cover.
685. Capital Markets Authority continued to implement business continuity plans and undertook austerity measures for financial sustainability of operations. The Authority facilitated the Nairobi Security Exchange to roll out Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Guidelines to the market aimed at standardising the ESG information reported by listed companies in conformity to International Standards on ESG reporting. The guidelines improve the capital markets in Kenya by providing information to investors for decision making and capital allocation. Separately, Office of the Auditor General continued auditing the implementation of Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).
686. Insurance Regulatory Authority completed the upgrade of the Electronic Regulatory System (ERS) to enhance capabilities for better service delivery. The Authority also implemented the micro insurance framework,

received applications from 5 companies and approved 4 to operate as micro-insurers. The Authority completed formulation of the National Agricultural Insurance Policy fostering development and growth of agriculture insurance for sustainable food and nutrition security.

687. To provide sustainable financial solutions, Kenya Reinsurance Corporation Limited (Kenya Re) injected financial capital into the economy through payment of dividends to shareholders and investing in government securities. Separately, Kenya Accountants and Secretaries National Examinations Board (KASNEB) launched new qualifications in the post graduate, vocational, professional and diploma levels.
688. The Ministry of Energy continued to increase the production of renewable energy power generation, conducted investment grade energy audits and maintenance of solar PV systems in public institutions to enhance energy efficiency. To enhance environmental conservation, the Ministry undertook afforestation of water catchment towers and rehabilitation of riparian areas.
689. Further, the Ministry signed an implementation agreement with the County Government of Murang'a for rehabilitation of Mathioya riverine; assisted 18 industries, public institutions and SMEs to carry out investment grade energy audits; and installed and maintained 1,100 solar PV systems in public institutions along off-grid areas. The State Department for Petroleum initiated the process of constructing Lokichar-Lamu Port crude oil pipeline, provided geoscientific data on the open oil and gas exploration blocks to oil companies, and marketed oil and gas exploration blocks.
690. Kenya Electricity Transmission Company Limited (KETRACO) continued to carry out regular maintenance of power lines and sub-stations to mitigate incidences of imminent fault by implementing preventive solutions. Further, KETRACO implemented 132/33Kv Isinya sub-station, adopted

and automated the Integrated Location Intelligence System (ILIS) to wayleave acquisition and engineering construction processes. In addition, KETRACO adopted the use of High Voltage Direct Current (HVDC) technology for efficient and reduced transmission losses.

691. Energy and Petroleum Regulatory Authority (EPRA) continued to update Least Cost of Power Development Plan (LCPDP) 2020-2040; processed applications for power generation, transmission, distribution and retail; computed fuel pump prices; and monitored the security of supply of petroleum products. The Authority also reviewed Environmental Impact Assessment Study Reports; assessed Electricity Transmission and Distribution Projects and Electricity Generation Projects; implemented the Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Regulations; and conducted compliance inspections and enforcements.
692. Further, EPRA participated in the 7th Clean Energy Conference and Expo 2021 themed the *Resilience of Clean Energy Markets during Uncertain Times*. The Conference discussed issues affecting sustainability and industrial green growth and showcasing the innovations in renewable energy, water and water waste efficiency, e-Mobility, green building, clean cooking energy besides linking up with various financial models in clean energy.
693. To ensure sustainable generation of electricity, KenGen continued to invest in growth of energy capacity by harnessing renewable and sustainable sources that are cost effective. Separately, Kenya Power and Lighting Company (KPLC) reduced the use of paper by using hand held devices for metre readings, billing system, and complaint management systems. In addition, KPLC promoted use of clean energy by reducing the uptake of

thermal (fossil fuels) power in favour of renewable sources of electricity such as solar, wind, hydro and geothermal.

694. Kenya National Highways Authority (KeNHA) continued the construction of the 27.1km Nairobi Expressway which is 99.8% complete including off-site works. The Expressway will have a 4-lane and 6-lane dual carriageway within the existing median of Mombasa Road, Uhuru Highway and Waiyaki Way as well as 10 interchanges. The Authority continued to develop roads in the country while ensuring environmental sustainability. Similarly, Kenya Roads Board continued to disburse funds to KeNHA, KeRRA, KURA and KWS for development, rehabilitation and routine maintenance of road networks; facilitated installation of static weighbridge stations and virtual weighbridges to curb overloading; and prepared Annual Public Roads Programme for Financial Year 2021/2022 detailing the planned maintenance of National Trunk Road Networks.



Figure 12: A section of the Nairobi Expressway under construction
Source: KeNHA, 2021

695. In addition, KRB continued to undertake technical, financial and performance audits on road agencies; partnered with Kenya Wildlife Service to acquire road maintenance and construction equipment and deployed graduate engineering trainees for professional training. In addition, KRB in collaboration with the European Union developed a training curriculum on road construction.
696. To provide efficient and reliable transport services, the State Department for Transport through Kenya Railways Corporation implemented major infrastructure projects; initiated environmental studies to establish environmental and social impact of the projects; undertook capacity building of workers and employees and involved locals on all Kenya railways projects.

697. The State Department for Shipping and Maritime conducted sensitization workshop and awareness campaigns to promote sustainable utilization of blue economy resources. Separately, Kenya National Shipping Line Ltd (KNSL) developed and piloted a system infrastructure for seamless cargo booking and tracking online; and lifted 123 TEUs containing manufacturing goods. Separately, Kenya Ports Authority in collaboration with Tudor Creek community carried out mangrove tree planting in Mombasa to enhance environmental conservation and fish resources. Kenya Civil Aviation Authority continued to use new technology including performance based navigation to ensure optimum utilisation of airspace and implemented solar projects in air navigation service stations to supply power to the air navigation equipment.
698. To facilitate sustainable housing programmes and environmental conservation, the State Department for Housing and Urban Development continued to promote Appropriate Building Materials and Technologies (ABMTs); constructed markets; established tree nurseries and planted trees. The State Department also conducted an environmental assessment review to assess the impact of social and environmental aspects of the projects on the neighborhood.
699. Commodities Fund procured and distributed coffee and coconut seedlings to farmers. Separately, KALRO evaluated and developed climate smart varieties of crops. National Cereals and Produce Board in partnership with the national government and county governments, continued distributing government subsidised fertiliser for improved crop production and provided a market for various grain commodities. Agricultural Finance Corporation in partnership with the African Development Bank implemented the *Enable Youth Kenya Programme*, using an incubation

- model for agricultural entrepreneurship (agripreneurship) that entailed training, nurturing, mentorship, coaching and financing successful youth.
700. Kenya Veterinary Vaccines Production Institute (KEVEVAPI) continued to enhance the capacity of assorted quality vaccines for control of animal diseases in compliance with the international practises for vaccines production and good manufacturing practises certification. In addition, KEVEVAPI constructed biosecurity facilities, effluent treatment systems, and wheel washers to address emerging biosecurity challenges. Separately, Kenya Animal Genetic Resources Centre continued maintaining strategic reserve of germplasm and decentralization of semen storage and ensured optimum productivity of the national animal population.
701. To enhance sustainable coffee production, New Kenya Planters Cooperative Union promoted the coffee industry by: educating and sensitising coffee farmers on adoption of new coffee varieties that are more adaptive to climatic conditions; advancing farmers with organic farm inputs; promoting and donating greenhouses for natural drying of coffee; and developing demo plots to educate coffee farmers on best farming practises.
702. The Co-operative Union undertook measures to prevent environmental pollution including removing asbestos roofing and conducting environmental impact assessment on disposal of asbestos; and contained coffee husks in coffee chambers. Similarly, Kenya Dairy Board completed review of the Dairy Industry Act Cap 336 and collaborated with development partners in the implementation of the Dairy Industry Regulations, 2021.
703. To effectively protect the *gazetted* forest cover, Nyayo Tea Zone Corporation continued maintenance and expansion of conservation buffer

zones around *gazetted* forests across the country and constructed and maintained tea processing factories. Separately, Kenya Veterinary Board uploaded on the website guidelines for delivery of tele-veterinary medicine to enable farmers access veterinary care during the COVID-19 pandemic period and conducted election of the board members. In addition, the New KCC sponsored the Eldoret City Marathon and planted trees during the event.

704. Kenya Fisheries Service continued to implement the Lake Turkana and Lake Victoria management plans consistent with recommendations made by the South West Indian Ocean Fisheries Commission and the Indian Ocean Tuna Commission. Similarly, Kenya Marine and Fisheries Research Institute (KEMFRI) developed and reviewed KEMFRI Strategic Plan 2018-2022, Research and Development Standard Operating Procedures, 2021, Kenya Marine and Fisheries Research Institute Draft Bill, 2021 and Draft Ethical Research Policy, 2021.
705. Ministry of Water, Sanitation and Irrigation continued to develop water harvesting and storage facilities; flood control structures; community based irrigation projects and implementation of trans-boundary water resource projects. Separately, National Irrigation Authority installed lighting sensors and energy saving lighting systems and introduced tension metres to monitor soil moisture levels for precision farming at Galana Kulalu Food Security Project. Tana Water Works Development Agency developed Earth dam in Meru County, drilled boreholes and planted indigineous tree seedlings at Marinduko hill of Mt. Kenya.
706. Coast Water Works Development Agency continued with the protection of boreholes located on the banks of river Sabaki in Baricho from flood waters, environmental protection and construction of solar-powered

boreholes. Similarly, Regional Centre on Groundwater Resource Education, Training and Research continued applying the managed aquifer recharge technology to increase groundwater storage and quality. The Centre planted 2,000 trees during World Water Day; collaborated with county, national and international partners, including International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) in training stakeholders and public during awareness forums.

707. Kenya Water Towers Agency implemented the Community Livelihood Improvement Programme. The Agency also implemented the following projects: Mitigation and Management of Soils; Securing and Protection of Water Towers; and Innovative Approaches on Sustainable Management of Water Towers. Separately, Water Resources Authority continued to evaluate the environmental assessment reports for various projects, carried out water quality and pollution surveillance, inspected water structures, drilled wells and undertook riparian markings and pegging.
708. Water Sector Trust Fund (WSTF) invested in the development of grazeland management plans in the arid areas of Turkana County within Kakuma Water Resource Users Association (WRUA) catchment area and implemented tsetse fly control measures. WSTF, under Water and Livelihoods Programme (WLP), conducted capacity building training for the implementing partners and the end users.
709. Water Sector Trust Fund enhanced sustainability of projects under the Aid on Delivery Programme financing. Under the Conditional Liquidity Support Grant (CLSG) Programme, WSTF monitored all projects for sustainability. The Fund programmes considered the climate proofing aspects for sustainability of the projects in extreme weather conditions. Water Service Regulatory Board set conditions for commercial viability of

Water Service Providers (WSP) before licensing and recommended funding for WSP by development partners through Performance Based Financing.

710. Ministry of Environment and Forestry through National Environment Management Authority (NEMA) restored Enapuyaipui and Ondiri swamps in Nakuru and Kiambu counties respectively; identified and marked structural developments encroaching Nairobi river; and cleaned the area in the upstream of Thwake Dam and its catchment through the Athi-Galana-Sabaki river pollution control strategy.
711. Numerical Machining Complex Ltd continued to manufacture water pumps for irrigation purposes and hydraulic brick to facilitate the realisation of affordable housing. Micro and Small Enterprises Authority (MSEA) developed a database to capture and secure MSE data for planning. Further, the Authority continued to sensitise and register MSE associations. The Authority facilitated MSEs access to markets including KICC Expo, Nandi Agricultural Trade Fair, Kericho Enterprises Expo, and EAC Expo in Mwanza.
712. To promote sustainable development, Competition Authority of Kenya (CAK) approved mergers and acquisition of firms that were becoming insolvent. Separately, Kenya Trade Network Agency adopted new technologies for hosting systems to cut on capital expenditure (CAPEX) and operating expenses (OPEX), adopted Open Compute Platform and OCP Green Technology to protect environment, adopted Cloud solutions (e-mail and e-learning), adopted Business Intelligence Solution-Leveraging on Artificial Intelligence and adopted Security Operation Centre as a service to ensure information and cyber security. Kenya Export Promotion and Branding Agency ensured Kenya's products gained

international market access and facilitated Kenyan exporters and producers access the international export market.

713. National Industrial Training Authority (NITA) developed quality standards and approved training; and engaged indentured learners. Further, the Authority upgraded and implemented Industrial Training and Attachment Placement (ITAP) to boost service delivery; developed a module of tracking project progress under the Enterprise Resource Planning platform; and rebranded NITA industrial training centres across the country. Separately, Kenya Leather Development Council (KLDC) continued to develop the leather park at Kariokor Common Machine Facility and strengthened the training and production centre for shoe industry.
714. The Ministry of Tourism developed and implemented the Remodelling in Tourism Kenya Strategy to aid recovery of the tourism and growth trajectory. Similarly, Kenyatta International Convention Centre (KICC) conducted environmental audits, participated in tree planting at Kenyatta University and procured services of licensed waste collection service providers. To support conservation and sustenance of wildlife, Kenya Tourism Board partnered with Kenya Wildlife Service (KWS) to unveil *Tembo* Naming Festival to rally Kenyans, donors and conservationists towards protection and conservation of elephants.
715. The State Department for Wildlife operationalized the Wildlife Research and Training Institute to enhance capacity on wildlife conservation through training and providing reliable data to stakeholders for decision making. The State Department developed and implemented species recovery and action plans for highly endangered species including roan, antelope, lion and spotted hyena. Further, the State Department secured funding and

launched the White Rhino Propagation Programme to restore the white rhino population.

716. In addition, the State Department designed the National Marine Aquarium in Mombasa ensuring sustainable conservation of marine resources including sea turtles. The State Department participated in climate change mitigation and adaptation activities including: Long Term Strategy 2050 on green-house gases emission; and reviewed the Wildlife Climate Change Strategy that ensured all cross-cutting issues on flora and fauna are captured in policy documents. The State Department also provided water in protected areas that ensured survival of wildlife during drought especially large mammals and cats.
717. The State Department for Regional and Northern Corridor Development through Coast Development Authority undertook construction of drought mitigation projects: Abaq qiiq (Tula) Earth Fill Pan Project; Yaqhrit Earth Fill Project; Galmagalla Earth Fill Pan Project and Mwache Catchment Project. In addition, the Authority carried out food security projects in Chakama Smallholder Irrigation Project and Lake Challa SmallHolder Irrigation Project.
718. Further, Coast Development Authority undertook the Kenya Climate Change Adaptation Programme to increase resilience to the effects of rise in sea level and shoreline changes through integrated shoreline and mangrove ecosystem management at Vanga and Gazi regions. Similarly, Lake Basin Development Authority continued to implement systems of intensifying productions, rice production, aquaculture, apiculture, livestock promotion and water projects.
719. To promote a sustainable environment, Ewaso Ng'iro South River Basin Development Authority used geographical system to map out projects,

carried out capacity building of community on environmental protection and fully utilised and recycled all materials used in the tannery. Separately, Ewaso Ng'iro North River Basin Development Authority organised and participated in the Annual Camel Caravan celebration whose theme was *Saving the Ewaso Ng'iro River*, restoration of the ecosystem through climate change actions, securing livelihoods and promotion of peaceful co-existence; implemented water resource development projects and continued with gum and resin programme by re-engineering the Wajir Gum Plant.

720. The State Department for Early Learning and Basic Education undertook infrastructural development in secondary schools, implemented curriculum reforms and built the capacity of education personnel. Separately, the State Department for University Education and Research amended the Universities Bill, 2021 currently before the National Assembly to include provisions for appointment of members of university council and top managers. Further, the State Department developed a policy on sustainable financing for universities.

721. The State Department for Post Training and Skills Development formulated the National Skills Development Policy. The Policy seeks to empower the Kenyan workforce with the required skills, knowledge and qualifications for employability, mobility and global competitiveness. The State Department also held national exhibitions on utilisation of locally available resources and opportunities in Kisumu, Nairobi and Mombasa; and reviewed the National Education Sector Strategic Plan (2018-2022). Commission for University Education developed an Information Resource Centre (CUE-IRC), a specialised reference and resource facility.

722. Kenya National Commission for UNESCO conducted a training programme on sustainable education; promoted inclusive cities; undertook activities to clean up the Indian ocean in Lamu; and sensitised stakeholders in Baringo on protection of biosphere reserves. The Commission also automated services and developed a draft Science Technology and Innovation for SDG Roadmap.
723. The Commission trained TVETs on education for sustainable development and global citizenship education; supported Nakuru City to promote UNESCO best practises for sustainable and inclusive cities. Separately, National Commission for Science, Technology and Innovations continued to enhance the capacity of staff, mentor interns, engage in external Institutional Ethics Review Committee mentorship and research chair programmes.
724. To sustain funding for higher education, Higher Education Loan Board (HELB) continued to recover mature loans from past beneficiaries; send notifications on loan management process; prepare periodic reports on managed funds; establish partnership with financial institutions, education institutions and corporate entities to bridge the funding gaps; and implement students loan self-protection scheme to cover credit risks on loans.
725. Kenya National Innovation Agency (KENIA) continued creating innovation champions by implementing capacity building and mentorship programmes for IP policy development and technology transfer. The Agency also established commercialization desks or offices in institutions to support innovation. Similarly, School Equipment Production Unit (SEPU) carried out a job evaluation exercise and developed human resource instruments. Kenya Education Management Institute enhanced

sustainable education by establishing additional Education for Sustainable Development (ESD) centres in all counties.

726. Koitalel Samoei University College increased post-graduate students enrolment by 10% and continued to fast-track tea processing, bee hives project and water bottling for increased sustainable income generation. In addition, 24 academic staff attended a mentorship workshop hosted by University of Nairobi on sustainable development. Separately, Laikipia University conducted mentorship sessions for schools in the surrounding community, placed needy students on work study programmes and engaged students on internship and attachment.
727. Technical University of Kenya enrolled 3 students for Master of Science in Environmental and Natural Resources to support the strategic management of the resources and protect the environment. Further, the University supported innovations in bio-fuel. Separately, Kisii University trained 30 youth on entrepreneurship skills in Kisii County, continued to improve the quality of research through funding opportunities, organised 2 scientific research training workshops for postgraduate students and lecturers, and initiated construction of Phase II of the ICT Learning and Business Centre. The University also collaborated with KENIA and organised a research, innovation and enterprise workshop; organised 2 international conferences; strengthened the mentorship programme, and in partnership with KIPPRA organised a conference on public policy; and published university scientific academic articles in peer reviewed journals.
728. To enhance the realisation of sustainable development through training and research, Turkana University College introduced new programmes in Dry Land Agriculture, Diploma in Oil and Gas Economics and Mentorship. Further, the University College in collaboration with Equity Bank and

Kenya Forest Service planted 1,000 tree seedlings. Similarly, Rongo University constructed a tuition block and modern library and provided improved seed variety to farmers in Migori and Homa Bay counties. Tom Mboya University College continued the construction of Administration and Lecture Halls Phase II to provide additional facilities and infrastructure.

729. To promote acquisition of technical skills, PC Kinyanjui Technical Training Institute trained learners in building and construction, masonry and plumbing. The Institute completed the construction of the mechanical workshop, and manufactured soap detergents and sanitisers. Separately, Musakasa Technical Training Institute carried out capacity building on gender mainstreaming and entrepreneurship for staff. Machakos Technical Institute for the Blind participated in community planting of trees and safe waste disposal.
730. Kaloleni Technical and Vocational College introduced hands-on skills programmes including arc welding, hairdressing and beauty therapy, and trained students on entrepreneurial skills. Separately, Runyenjes Technical and Vocational College planted 400 tree seedlings. Siala Technical Training Institute constructed an incinerator and planted over 100 trees. Keroka Technical Training Institute introduced NITA approved courses and implemented CBET programmes.
731. The Ministry of Health with support from the Government of Belgium continued to implement the Medical Waste Microwave Equipment Project for treatment of biohazardous waste from healthcare facilities. Similarly, Pharmacy and Poisons Board ensured disposal of pharmaceutical waste at approved facilities in compliance with NEMA regulations. Further, the Board safely disposed off pharmaceutical waste from court cases and drugs

and poison seized from unauthorised pharmaceutical practitioners' premises. Separately, Kenyatta National Hospital developed a Master Plan to guide on physical and infrastructure development and ensured all projects were completed on time.

732. ICT Authority continued to promote universal access to ICT through implementation of the Presidential Digital Youth Talent Programme and the Digital Literacy Programme. Further, the Authority continued to implement the School Net Programme to boost learners' innovation skills. Separately, the State Department for Youth Affairs planted trees under the Greening Kenya Initiative and supported youth entrepreneurs to actualize their business ideas by providing financial and business development support services. In addition, Youth Enterprise Development Fund Board continued to disburse affordable loans to youth enterprises. Media Council of Kenya conducted training for journalists and stakeholders on sustainable cities and communities in Kisumu County.
733. Kenya Broadcasting Corporation Board approved the commercial utilization of idle KBC Komarock and Lang'ata lands through PPP to generate revenue. The Board also approved a feasibility study for adoption of solar power. Further, the Board conducted a re-launch of Radio Taifa and English Service and Channel 1 TV station, placing KBC in a competitive space. In addition, KBC developed a new revenue stream by sub-letting offices to the Media Council of Kenya in Mombasa and Kisumu.
734. The Ministry of Public Service, Gender, Senior Citizens Affairs and Special Programmes collaborated with SDG Kenya Forum to build capacity of stakeholders on reporting for SDG; supported implementation of a GBV Toll-free line (1195); established the Gender Climate Unit under the Anti-GBV Directorate; implemented the Women Economic Empowerment

Strategy; and included women in blue economy projects for socio-economic empowerment.

735. Kenya School of Government continued to conduct capacity building of county officers on local economic development projects implementation and sustainability. Separately, Anti-FGM Board continued sensitizing communities on dangers associated with FGM and issued participants with tree seedlings.
736. The Ministry of Interior and Coordination of National Government through the National Registration Bureau constructed additional registration offices. Further, the Ministry through Civil Registration Services continued to register, process, analyse vital statistics of births and deaths in the country to facilitate national planning. National Crime Research Centre conducted research titled *Election Crime and Offences in Kenya*. Separately, the Office of Inspector General of Police through National Police Service continued training and deploying specialized police officers to provide sustainable peace and security.
737. The County Commissioner of Laikipia continued to ensure completion of all government projects; conservation of environment and enhanced fight against corruption. The County Commissioner Kitui established environmental management structures; cooperated with the County Government on environment and disaster management initiatives; enforced the county legislation on sand harvesting and charcoal burning; and mainstreamed tree planting and soil conservation in public awareness programmes.
738. North Eastern Regional Commissioner's Office continued to coordinate implementation of the Livestock Off-Take Programme; planting of drought resistant trees; mentoring of newly appointed officers; and ensured good

use of government resources through auditing mechanisms. Kenya Prisons Service continued implementing the Greening Kenya Campaign, contained and supervised inmates and offered vocational training to long serving inmates.

739. Ministry of Defence continued to adopt renewable energy in KDF facilities; miniaturised DEFKITCH; processed vegetables (dehydration) at KDF Gilgil Food Processing Factory; implemented KDF Environment Soldier Programme; and established the National Defence University-Kenya.
740. To promote sustainable development, the Ministry of Devolution disbursed KSh.2Billion under the Kenya Devolution Support Programme (KDSP) Level 2 grants to 20 counties; undertook county civic education campaigns for improved governance and management of public resources; conducted value for money audit to enhance social accountability. Further, the Ministry implemented the Instruments for Devolution Advice and Support (IDEAS) to strengthen fiscal decentralisation. In addition, the Ministry supported local economic development projects in 15 counties creating job opportunities and supported food security through value addition projects.
741. The State Department for Development of the Arid and Semi-Arid Areas continued to implement peace dividend projects under the Kenya-Uganda Cross Border Programme. The programme equipped youth and women with skills for income generation. In addition, the State Department implemented a water reticulation project in Nasal, West Pokot; and conducted entrepreneurial and financial training for groups in Tana River County.
742. The State Department for Social Protection, Senior Citizens Affairs and Special Programmes collaborated with UNICEF and WFP to implement the Kenya Social Economic Project (KSEP) to enhance the coverage of

Inua Jamii Safety Net Cash Transfers, modernise delivery systems for beneficiaries' identification and payments. The collaborative effort led to accelerated data collection of vulnerable populations to the Enhance Single Registry (ESR) in 4 counties. The State Department refurbished 3 Community Capacity Support Centres in Ahero, Mbooni and Kigumo. In addition, Street Families Rehabilitation Trust Fund organised a capacity building workshop for personnel in institutions undertaking rescue and rehabilitation of street families.

743. The Ministry of Foreign Affairs in collaboration with the Slovakia Embassy and Slovakia Agency for International Development Cooperation in Kenya unveiled digital hubs in 7 Schools in Bunyala, Busia County. Further, the Ministry co-hosted a Blue Economy exhibition on the sidelines of Kenya's Presidency of the UN Security Council for the month of October alongside Canada, Japan and Portugal. In addition, the Ministry participated in the United Nations Oceans Advisory Committee Meeting held at the Permanent Mission of Portugal to the United Nations in New York.

744. Kenya Cultural Centre continued building an Ultra-Modern International Arts and Culture Centre in Nairobi and established an audio-visual recording studio. The Centre developed a theatre application to digitally market and provide an opportunity for producers to attract higher numbers of audiences. Further, the Centre collaborated with 5 county governments to implement Performance After Lunch programme and mentored 1,200 artists countrywide. Separately, Anti-Doping Agency of Kenya in collaboration with the Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development mainstreamed value based education in primary and junior secondary schools and developed scope and sequencing for the curriculum for

secondary school grades 10, 11, and 12. Similarly, Kenya Academy of Sports benchmarked on Sports Academy Model in South Africa and published 2 research papers.

**CHAPTER
FOUR**

**PROGRESS ACHIEVED
IN THE REALISATION OF
NATIONAL VALUES AND
PRINCIPLES OF GOVERNANCE**



CHAPTER FOUR: PROGRESS ACHIEVED IN THE REALISATION OF NATIONAL VALUES AND PRINCIPLES OF GOVERNANCE

This Chapter presents progress achieved by MCDAs in the realisation of national values and principles of governance as provided for under Article 10. During the reporting period, government institutions implemented and reviewed various policies, legislation, regulations, guidelines, programmes, projects and activities. The progress is presented in 5 thematic areas:

Creation of a National Identity and Exercise of Sovereign Power

Article 10(2)(a): Patriotism, National Unity, the Rule of Law, Democracy and Participation of the People

745. H.E. the President conferred national honours and awards on 622 heroes and heroines from across the Republic for exemplary conduct and service to the nation. The awards were as follows: Elder of the Order of the Golden Heart (EGH)-5, Moran of the Order of the Golden Heart (MGH)-3, Chief of the Order of the Burning Spear (CBS)-15, Elder of the Order of the Burning Spear (EBS)-64, Moran of the Order of the Burning Spear (MBS)-99, Distinguished Conduct Order (DCO)-1, Distinguished Service Medal (DSM)-3, Order of the Grand Warrior (OGW)-149, Silver Star (SS)-21, Head of State's Commendation (HSC-Military Division)-87 and Head of State's Commendation (HSC-Civilian Division)-175 persons.
746. H.E. the President assented to the Copyright (Amendment) Bill, 2021 which provides for a fair formula for sharing revenue from ring back tunes between the artists/copyright holders (52%), telecommunications companies (16%) and premium rate service providers (7%). The Bill also

repeals the provisions on take-down notices and requirements, the role of internet service providers and application for injunction in order to remove ambiguity in the role of the internet service provider.

747. To foster national unity and promote patriotism, H.E. the President led the nation in the 2021 *Madaraka* Day in Kisumu City, *Mashujaa* Day in Kirinyaga County and *Jamhuri* Day celebrations at Uhuru Gardens, Nairobi attended by guests from across the country.



Figure 13: H.E the President during the 58th Madaraka Day celebrations in Kisumu City
Source: PSCU, 2021

748. The National Assembly considered and passed the Foreign Service Bill, 2021 to provide for the establishment, management, administration, accountability and functioning of a professional service of the Republic of Kenya. The National Assembly presented a statement on the issuance of permits to foreign nationals and approved ratification of the Economic

Partnership Agreement between Kenya, United Kingdom and Northern Ireland.

749. The National Assembly further received petitions on negligence by the Directorate of Immigration Services to enforce COVID-19 protocols on Kenyans arriving from India; mistreatment of Kenyan domestic workers in Saudi Arabia, UAE and other Persian countries; land disputes between citizens and the KDF; and adopted the Report on the Petition concerning recognition of the Pemba People as citizens of Kenya. The National Assembly vetted and approved appointment of the Chief Justice.
750. To promote the rule of law, the National Assembly tabled and audited reports on the Judicial Service Commission; Commission on Administrative Justice; ODPP; Kenya Law Reform Commission; Office of the Ombudsman and Kenya School of Law among other institutions. To safeguard the welfare and rights of maritime labourers, the National Assembly approved: Treaty on the 2014 and 2018 Amendments to the Maritime Labour Convention, 2006; Treaty on the International Labour Organisation Convention C185; and International Labour Organisation Convention C188. The National Assembly debated and approved the Treaty on Kenya's Accession to the African Charter on democracy, elections and governance.
751. Senate invited the public to submit memorandum on the Budget Policy Statement and bills for consideration and on the suitability of the shortlisted candidates for nominees to the Equalization Fund Advisory Board. The senate committees visited various counties to hold meetings with members on various issues and considered a petition by citizens on the enactment of Military Veteran Law to address the needs of the military and their

dependents. Parliament considered and passed Bills as shown in Table 11 and 12.

Table 11: Bills considered and passed by Senate.

No.	Legislation	Object
1.	National Flag, Emblems and Names (Amendment) Bill No. 36 of 2020	To safeguard the National Anthem from improper use and ensure the National Anthem's copyright is vested in government.
2.	Natural Resources (Benefit Sharing) Bill No. 25 of 2020	To establish a system of benefit sharing in natural resource exploitation between resource exploiters, national government, county governments and local communities.
3.	Office of the County Printer Bill No. 13 of 2021	To establish the office of the county printer in each county; to provide for the functions, mandate, management and administration of the office
4.	Start-up Bill No. 1 of 2021	To provide a framework to encourage growth and sustainable technological development and new entrepreneurship employment; create a more favourable environment for innovation and to attract Kenyan talents and capital
5.	County Boundaries Bill, No. 20 of 2021	To provide for county boundaries; provide for a mechanism for the resolution of county boundary disputes; give effect to Article 188 of the Constitution by providing for the procedure for alteration of county boundaries and provide for establishment of an independent county boundaries commission.
6.	Prompt Payment Bill, No. 16 of 2021 governments	To provide for prompt payment for the supply of goods, works or services procured by both the national and county governments.
7.	Public Private Partnerships Bill No. 6 of 2021	To provide a framework for participation of the private sector in financing, construction and development of infrastructure through public private partnerships
8.	Coffee Bill No.22 of 2020	To provide for the development and regulation of the Coffee industry in Kenya.

Source: Senate Report, 2021

Table 12: National Assembly processed the following legislations

NO.	LEGISLATION	OBJECT
1.	Plant Protection Act, 2021	To provide for the prevention and control of introduction, establishment and spread of plant pests and facilitation of safe trade in plants and plant products.
2.	Central Bank of Kenya (Amendment) Bill, 2021.	To amend the Central Bank of Kenya Act.
3.	Computer Misuse and Cybercrimes (Amendment) Bill, 2021	To amend the Computer Misuse and Cybercrimes Act (CMCA), 2018, and; provide for the prohibition against the sharing of pornography through the internet; prohibit the use of electronic mediums to promote terrorism, extreme religious or cult activities; and provide an additional function of the National Computer and Cybercrimes Coordination Committee Cybercrimes Committee) which is to recommend websites that may be rendered inaccessible within the country.
4.	Irrigation (Amendment) Bill, 2021	To provide, manage, and administer land in national or public irrigation schemes as well as inter-county schemes for public use.
5.	Kenya Roads (Amendment) Bills, 2021	To amend the Kenya Roads Act, No. 2 of 2007 to align the Act with the provisions of the Constitution with regard to the auditing functions of the Office of the Auditor-General.
6.	Health (Amendment) Bill, 2021	To amend the Health Act, No. 21 of 2017 to provide that the national government and county governments shall, in consultation through the existing inter-governmental relations mechanisms establish regional cancer centres.
7.	Finance Bill, 2021	To provide that the deduction on capital allowance shall be done in equal installments after the first year of use (straight line basis).
8.	Tax Appeals Tribunal (Amendment) Bill, 2021	To amend the Tax Appeals Tribunal Act, 2013 to address the challenges affecting the performance of the Tax Appeals Tribunal to facilitate the expedition of tax disputes in the country.
9.	Community Groups Registration Bill, 2021	To provide a framework for the mobilisation, registration, coordination, and regulation of community groups in Kenya in a bid to formalise and make them viable.

10.	National Hospital Insurance Fund (Amendment) Bill, 2021	To enhance the mandate and capacity of the National Hospital Insurance Fund (NHIF) to facilitate and deliver universal health care coverage.
11.	Sustainable Waste Management Bill, 2021	To establish an appropriate legal and institutional framework for the efficient and sustainable management of waste in the framework of the green economy, the realization of the zero waste goal, the realization of the constitutional provision on the right to a clean and healthy environment for all, and for connected purposes.
12.	Law of Succession (Amendment) Bill, No. 15 of 2021	To ensure that the Act provides for gender equity with regards to succession matters. The Bill thus ensures that the widow and widower lose their life interest in the whole of the remainder of the net intestate estate once they re-marry.

Source: National Assembly Report, 2021

752. To enhance national unity and the rule of law, the Ministry of Interior and Coordination of National Government through National Government Administrative Officers held over 168,012 public *barazas*; established over 1,339 *Nyumba Kumi* clusters; reactivated 4 sub-county peace committees, held over 467 peace committee meetings; resolved 768 community conflict cases; 5,064 security and intelligence meetings and resolved 2 community conflict cases in Marsabit. In addition, 1,556,910 litres of illegal brews were destroyed.

753. To enhance national unity, the State Department for Interior and Citizen Services deployed 801 newly appointed Assistant County Commissioners across the country and honored 8 officers for exemplary service to Kenyans. The Directorate of Immigration Services fostered national identity by registering 2,519 nationals for dual citizenship, reinstating citizenship of 390 eligible nationals and granting citizenship to 573 eligible

foreigners. To support the rule of law, the Directorate investigated and presented for prosecution 70 cases on immigration offenses.

754. To support the rule of law, Independent Policing Oversight Authority monitored 30 police operations, conducted inspections in 423 police facilities to assess compliance and received and processed 2,813 complaints from the public. The Authority observed democracy and participation by inviting stakeholder validation of the Draft Independent Policing Oversight Authority Regulations that seek to further operationalize the Independent Policing Oversight Authority Act, 2011.
755. To foster national identity, the National Registration Bureau identified, registered and issued IDs to 1,956,822 Kenyan citizens above 18 years where 1,068,891 were male and 887,931 were female. To support the rule of law, the Civil Registration Bureau prepared and presented 49 exhibit reports to the DCI to aid investigations and serve as evidence in court. Further, the Bureau's legal officers attended 121 court sessions and participated in the drafting of the *Huduma* Bill, 2019 to provide a primary law on civil registration and legal identification management; establish National Integrated Identity Management System; provide for enrollment into the NIIMS; assigning of the *Huduma Namba* and issuance of legal identity documents; facilitate registration of births and deaths and promote delivery of public service.
756. Betting Control and Licensing Board (BCLB) continued to enforce the law by conducting 18 crackdowns on illegal gaming machines across the country, confiscated and destroyed 2,735 illegal machines and shut down 11 betting shops for violating regulations. The Board continued to ensure all authorized public lotteries surrendered 25% of proceeds amounting to KSh.263Million from 21 licensed public lotteries to support needy causes.

757. To promote national identity, NACADA represented the country in the following forums: the Head of National Drugs Laws Enforcement Agencies (HONLEA); 59th session of the UN Commission for Social Development (CSOcd) where the Authority made a presentation on the role of digital technology in realizing Sustainable Development Goals at the 64th session of the Commission on Narcotic drugs organized by the United Nations Office of Drug and Crime.
758. To facilitate democracy and participation of the people, NACADA reached 1,411,650 parents through community dialogues, religious forums, schools, media engagements and webinar forums on positive parenting and the need for a healthy social environment. To promote the rule of law, the Authority developed the National Guidelines for Alcohol and Substance Use Prevention and Management in Basic Education institutions, National Guidelines on Alcohol and Drug Use Prevention, 2021 and National Standards for Management of Substance Use Disorder. The guidelines established minimum requirements for conducting effective alcohol and drug use prevention programmes.
759. The Authority further conducted crackdowns in Nairobi, Nyanza, Central, Western, South Rift, North Eastern, Coast and Eastern regions to enforce compliance with alcohol and drug control legislations. During the crackdowns 16,862 outlets were inspected, 1,642 were closed and 5,625 persons arrested. The Authority also conducted a two-day consultative forum with 14 stakeholders drawn from Public Health Department, Pharmacy and Poisons Board, Tobacco Control Board and various rehabilitation centres to align the inspection checklist for treatment and rehabilitation centres with the national standards for management of substance use disorders.

760. To promote national unity, NCIC conducted 9 community dialogue forums and peace processes in Baringo East, Samburu North; Banisa and Takaba sub counties; Upper Baragoi; Marakwet East and Tiaty, and between Garreh and Marule, and Tugen and Pokot communities. The Commission conducted 3 trainings of local peace actors on hate speech, ethnic based political violence and peaceful coexistence reaching over 174 people in Mombasa, Kakamega and Kisumu counties. Further, the Commission trained over 40 peace actors in Nakuru county on peace building and conflict transformation for local peace structures. To promote the rule of law, the Commission conducted 32 ethnic and diverse audits in counties.
761. To promote national identity, 13 participants from the Kenya Prisons Service represented the country at the Tokyo Olympics and volleyball competition. The athletics team won a silver medal and the volleyball team won a bronze medal for the country. The Service also recruited, trained and deployed 159 cadets and in consultation with the Public Service Commission, promoted 3,095 junior officers.
762. To promote national unity, the Ministry of Defence recruited 10,283 personnel from all counties and supported the Buy Kenya Build Kenya policy through procurement of KDF uniforms from local manufacturers and food products from Kenya Meat Commission and Gilgil Food Processing Factory. To promote patriotism, Kenya Defence Forces conducted 12 medical camps in far flung areas of the republic and provided assistance in 6 emergency response operations. The Ministry continued to implement and adhere to legal provisions through court martialing of corrupt officers and 7 out of 21 cases were concluded in the review period.
763. The National Treasury engaged 400 stakeholders during public sectoral budget hearings. Kenya Revenue Authority resolved 588 cases via dispute

resolution mechanisms that yielded KSh.24Billion in tax revenue. Further the Authority investigated and forwarded for prosecution 106 tax evasion cases with a tax implication of KSh.4.5Billion.

764. To strengthen maritime border control, the Authority partnered with development partners to launch a new surveillance vessel to combat smuggling. In promoting patriotism amongst taxpayers, Kenya Revenue Authority awarded 16 top taxpayers in the Republic. To curb trade on illicit/counterfeit goods and other transnational economic crimes, KRA intercepted a consignment worth KSh.2.7Million in taxes in Siaya County. KRA also intercepted 4.88Kg of gold and jewellery worth KSh.31Million and seized USD28,000 shipped into Kenya as a parcel from USA.
765. Capital Markets Authority donated KSh.500,000 towards the construction of Administration Police Uhuru Camp to decongest the camp in the wake of the COVID-19 pandemic. The Authority issued 4 statements to the public cautioning against trading or investing in entities that are not licenced by the Authority and published an enforcement manual that guides on processes to administer fair justice for breach of the capital markets regulatory framework.
766. In addition, the Authority engaged stakeholders on the development of: Draft Capital Markets (Investment-based crowdfunding) Regulations; Draft Capital Markets (Collective Investment Schemes) Regulations; Capital Markets (Whistleblower) Regulations; Share Buyback Guidelines; and Quarterly Capital Markets Soundness Report. CMA also undertook 28 online consultative initiatives which reached over 3,000 participants. Further, the Authority conducted public participation on the draft Capital Markets Whistle Blower Regulations, 2021.

767. Competition Authority of Kenya shared the Buyer Power Guidelines with over 76 stakeholders drawn from private firms, legal entities, academic institutions and government agencies for comments and published in the *gazette* notice on retail code of practice. The Authority further investigated and concluded 167 cases which led to the imposition of KSh.60Million in penalties. The Authority also facilitated 4 Consumer Grassroots Association officials to engage over 2,800 consumers in Mombasa and Kisumu counties to recruit more members from diverse backgrounds. In promoting the rule of law, the Authority outlawed bid-rigging, price-fixing, abuse of dominance and market allocation.
768. To promote the rule of law, Kenya National Bureau of Statistics released quarterly reports on the labor force, producer price index, gross domestic product, balance of payment, construction input price index, monthly leading economic indicators, the consumer prices and inflation rates to inform policy decisions.
769. The Office of the Controller of Budget held 5 sensitization fora on the role of citizens in budget making and financial reporting. The Office also supported the rule of law by providing expert opinion to the Judiciary on cases involving budget implementation in the counties of Wajir, Garissa, Vihiga and Bungoma. Separately, the Unclaimed Financial Assets Authority commissioned 23 compliance audits amongst financial assets holders.
770. To promote the rule of law, Retirement Benefits Authority made 4 amendments to the Retirement Benefits Act. The Authority also held 95 sensitization forums for the trustees and members of the retirement schemes in Nairobi, Kisumu, Eldoret, Kakamega and Mombasa on the amendments to the Retirement Benefits Act, 1997 and Regulations.

771. To advance national identity, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs facilitated the appointment of Phoebe Okowa to the UN International Law Commission. Phoebe Okowa became the first African Woman appointed to the Commission. Kenya was also successfully re-elected to the Council of the International Maritime Organization under category ‘C’ for the 2022-2032 term. To promote the rule of law, the Ministry developed a legislative proposal on Foreign Service Bill, 2021 to provide for the establishment, management, administration, accountability and functioning of a professional service of the Republic of Kenya.
772. The State Department for Industrialization convened a stakeholder consultative forum on the Nyamira Integrated Agro-Industrial Park Project involving representatives from 9 counties. Kenya Export Promotion and Branding Agency held the Expo 2020 campaign which reached over 2,631,111 people through the digital platform from local and international audiences. The Agency held the Kenyan of the Week campaign through which over 20 Kenyan heroes and heroines were profiled. The campaign reached over 166,776 people.
773. Anti-Counterfeit Authority (ACA) conducted 6,964 inspections at border entry points, facilitated forfeiture of counterfeit goods worth KSh.91Million and destroyed assorted goods worth KSh.27Million to protect local manufacturers. The Authority also conducted outreach programmes to 2,671 stakeholders in collaboration with enforcement agencies under the Multi-Agency Anti-Illicit Trade Outreach and held 8 webinars on the Provisions of the Anti-Counterfeit Recordation Regulations reaching 200 supply chain players.
774. The Authority further facilitated prosecution of court cases on counterfeit goods worth KSh.233Million and conducted 7,443 inspections resulting in

- seizure of suspected counterfeit goods worth KSh.228Million. In addition, the Authority undertook 24 consultative public outreach activities reaching 1,845 stakeholders on the risks of counterfeit products to health and safety.
775. The Ministry of Health facilitated the vaccination of over 10 million Kenyans against COVID-19 and procured locally manufactured PPEs. The Ministry identified 1,052,358 beneficiaries of the social protection insurance. To enforce the rule of law, Pharmacy and Poisons Board confiscated harmful and unapproved medical products smuggled into the country worth KSh.2.2Million and laboratory equipment worth KSh.500,000.
776. The Board further participated in inspection of health facilities in North Rift, Western, Nyanza and Central regions in compliance with the requirements of the Health Act, 2017. The Board conducted inspections and crackdowns leading to the arrest of 738 unauthorized pharmaceutical practitioners and held meetings to review the Kenya Food and Drugs Authority Bill, 2019 and developed the draft Pharmacy Practice Bill, 2021.
777. Kenya Medical Research Institute advanced national identity in public health research by facilitating Kenyan researchers publish 537 research papers in reputable peer reviewed international journals namely; Lancet, Paediatric International Child Health and American Journal of Tropical Medicine Hygiene among others. In safeguarding public health, the Institute conducted 455,696 COVID-19 PCR tests, 864,000 Malaria tests and 963,120 HIV/AIDS tests. The Institute also participated in the development of the Tobacco Control Fund Draft Regulations.
778. The State Department for Co-operatives through the relevant regulatory agencies continued to maintain order in the co-operatives sector by surcharging and removing from office 148 errant co-operatives officials

and deregistering one co-operative society. The State Department observed democracy and participation of stakeholders by inviting public input during the formulation of the Co-operatives Bill, 2021.

779. To safeguard national heritage, livestock and the livelihood of Kenyan people, Kenya Veterinary Vaccines Production Institute (KEVEVAPI) produced and distributed 53.6 million doses of 13 assorted types of various vaccines that included Foot and Mouth Disease, Contagious Bovine Pleuropneumonia, Rift Valley Fever, *Peste des Petits Ruminants* and Newcastle Disease. To promote peaceful coexistence among communities in Meru and Isiolo counties, the Institute in collaboration with livestock keepers at Kamuketha in Meru County initiated the drilling of a borehole at a cost of KSh.2.5Million to provide water for livestock farmers in the semi-arid area.
780. Agriculture and Food Authority (AFA) enforced compliance to food safety regulations by deregistering 10 companies for non-compliance with set minimal residual levels. The Authority also inspected cotton ginneries in 2 counties and 5 sisal plantations. In adhering to democracy and participation of the people, the Authority held 3 forums to validate *Miraa* regulations in Embu and Meru. The Authority through the Sugar Directorate requested the public to submit views on the draft Quality Based Cane Payment Policy.
781. To uphold national unity, Kenya Veterinary Board registered 920 veterinary medicine and animal health graduates drawn from diverse corners of the republic. To ensure compliance with regulations, the Board inspected and licensed 25 veterinary clinics and 494 veterinary service facilities. To promote democracy and participation of the people, the Tea Board of Kenya held public engagements with stakeholders in Mombasa, Nairobi and Rift Valley on the tea price stabilization validation.

782. New Kenya Planters Co-operative Union PLC disbursed KSh.148Million through the Coffee Cherry Advance Revolving Fund (CCARF) to 216 small holder farmers and 13,200 coffee co-operatives across the nation. The Company represented the country at the International Coffee Day celebrations whose theme was *Appreciate the effort of millions of farmers* to promote national identity. In addition, the Company held 104 stakeholders fora and 52 public *barazas* for coffee farmers to address challenges facing the sector and trained 15,443 farmers on the CCARF Regulations to support the rule of law.
783. Sacco Societies Regulatory Authority (SASRA) enforced the Sacco Societies (Non-Deposit Taking business) Regulations, 2020 aimed at regulation of specified Non-Withdrawable Deposit Taking Saccos. The exercise netted 11 non-compliant organizations and appropriate remedial action was commenced. To strengthen law enforcement, SASRA signed a memorandum of understanding with the Directorate of Criminal Investigations to operationalize the SACCO Societies Fraud Investigations Unit.
784. Further, SASRA continued to enforce prudential standards by sanctioning 3 saccos whose leadership and top management were suspended for violations. To observe democracy and participation of the people, SASRA carried out 4 regional consultative forums on the Draft Cooperative Bill, 2021.
785. Pest Control Products Board continued to enforce the law by investigating 19 cases, assessing 95 new products for licensing and inspecting 4,278 premises nationwide. The Board invited and incorporated views from Agrochemical Industry Association and county governments during review of the Pest Control Products Regulatory System.

786. To promote the rule of law, the State Department for Transport developed; the Traffic Act 403 Amendments; Draft Railway Bill, 2021 and Draft Interoperability Railway Bill EAC laws. Separately, to support national unity, State Department for Public Works constructed the Mokowe Jetty to ease movement between Lamu Island and mainland and 12 footbridges in Kilifi, Nyamira, Kisii, Nakuru, Machakos, Isiolo, Wajir, Mandera and West Pokot counties. The State Department completed construction of Tharaka Nithi, Nyandarua and Isiolo county headquarters while Lamu and Tana River county headquarters are 60% and 15% complete respectively.
787. The State Department for Housing and Urban Development completed construction of 6 markets across the republic with 28 others under construction to foster national unity. Further, the State Department allocated 597 market stalls in Gikomba market to traders from diverse backgrounds. The State Department conducted 2 stakeholder fora on the proposed Housing Bill, 2021 to give effect to **Article 43(1)(b)** of the Constitution; to provide for effective coordination, facilitation and monitoring of housing and human settlements sector.
788. To promote national unity, State Department for Infrastructure through the Kenya Roads Board disbursed funds for maintenance of 60,000km of road in all parts of the country. Kenya Roads Board developed and maintained 25,982km of roads. The Board through the Annual Public Roads Programme disbursed funds for maintenance of 60,000km of road across the country and recruited 34 graduate engineers from different communities as interns.
789. Kenya Rural Roads Authority disbursed KSh.5.3Billion to the 290 constituencies with each constituency receiving KSh.19.1Million for road maintenance. The Authority also disbursed KSh.1.9Billion being 10% of

- Road Maintenance Levy Fund to the 290 constituencies each receiving Ksh.6.5Million. Further, the Authority disbursed KSh.4.9Billion equitably being 10% equitable allocation to all the 47 counties for road maintenance.
790. Kenya Urban Roads Authority completed construction of 108km of roads in 18 areas, 9 bridges and 174 lane kilometres of footpaths. The Authority also conducted periodic maintenance of 488km of the national urban road network and routine maintenance of 2,544 lane kilometres. The Authority further conducted 14 fora to sensitize the public on projects and developed Stakeholder Engagement Policy to guide implementation.
791. KeNHA conducted public participation for implementation of the following road projects: Nairobi Western Bypass (B33), Kibwezi-Mutomo-Kitui; Mombasa-Kwa Jomvu Rd (A109), James Gichuru-Rironi, dualing of Magongo (A109L) Road Phase II, Eldoret Bypass (A&R), Kalobeiyet River-Nadapal (Lot3), Lokitaung junction-Kalobeyei River (Lot2)(AI), Lodwar-Lokitaung junction (Lot1)(AI) and Loichangamatak-Lodwar (Lot 0)(AI).
792. National Drought Management Authority collaborated with the National Steering Committee on Peace-Building to convene 23 peace building meetings in 23 counties and 2 cross-border meetings between the counties of West Pokot and Baringo, Marsabit and Isiolo, Turkana and Samburu.
793. Media Council of Kenya conducted a training for journalists, community groups, county security agents and administrative officers from various counties on the BBI proposal, national values, respecting the rule of law and holding leaders accountable. Kenya Film and Classification Board screened, licensed and classified 1,211 local films which promoted the cultural diversity of the Kenyan people.

794. To promote democracy and participation of the people, ICT Authority established ERP systems and secured 566 government agencies' websites. The Authority availed 50% of the National Optic Fibre Backbone to the private sector. Under the Presidential Digital Programme, the Authority recruited 400 interns from across the country.
795. The State Department for Sports advanced national identity by sponsoring over 600 sports persons from different sports disciplines to Kenya's National teams. To enhance compliance with sports regulations, the State Department conducted 70 sensitization forums for sports federations registration requirements. The Anti-Doping Agency of Kenya upheld democracy and participation of the people by inviting stakeholders' feedback on the Anti-Doping (Amendment) Bill, 2020. The Agency sensitized 10,844 persons across the country through the various anti-doping awareness education programmes.
796. To promote national unity through sports, Sports Kenya continued construction of stadia across the nation which are at various stages of completion as follows: Chuka stadium 99%, Ruringu stadium 75%, Marsabit stadium 77.73%, Kipchoge Keino Stadium Phase 1, 65%, Wote stadium 65%, Karatu Stadium 47%, and Kamariny Stadium 30%.



Figure 14: CS Sports inspecting the Chuka stadium
Source: Ministry of Sports and Culture

797. The State Department for University Education in collaboration with Kenya National Innovation Agency (KENIA) hosted the Kenya Innovation Week, attended by 1,404 national and international participants. During the event 29 exhibitors and 463 institutions drawn from different sectors showcased innovations.
798. To promote democracy and participation of the people, the National Council for Nomadic Education in Kenya carried out stakeholder validation workshops on integration of *Duksi* and *Madrassa* into the formal education policy. To promote the rule of law, NACOSTI issued 6,593 permits to researchers in public, private institutions and individuals carrying out research in the country.

799. Kenya Universities and Colleges Central Placement Services (KUCCPS) convened 2 stakeholder fora on admissions to colleges and universities with representation from 59 universities, 195 TVETs, 3 teachers training colleges and 11 regulatory bodies. To foster national unity, the Service placed 265,085 students in different universities and colleges nationwide.
800. To observe democracy and participation of the people, the Higher Education Loans Board held a Board-Universities consultative forum to deliberate on higher education financing. The exercise was attended by 105 university staff and students. Further, the Board conducted a customer satisfaction survey during which 10,000 responses were registered from 4,700 students, 4,900 loanees, 300 institutions' administrators and 100 service providers.
801. Centre for Mathematics, Science and Technology Education in Africa (CEMASTEIA) trained 1,135 secondary school county trainers, 1,873 teachers drawn from all the 47 counties and also established 118 secondary school In-Service Education and Training (INSET) centres in different counties. Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development aired 4,500 local content programmes on the EDU TV and 655 on Radio channels to showcase Kenya's rich culture through drama and music festival transmissions.
802. Technical and Vocational Education and Training Authority ensured compliance and quality in service delivery by enforcing the Technical and Vocational Education and Training ACT (TVET) Act No. 29 of 2013. The Authority inspected 409 institutions for registration and 360 institutions for quality assurance.
803. To promote patriotism through supporting local innovations, Jomo Kenyatta University of Agriculture and Technology showcased 22 students

innovations on Automated Aquaponics Monitoring Systems. The innovations seek to automate aquaponics by ensuring that the PH and temperature parameters of the fish in aquarium are controlled and can be monitored remotely through a mobile app.

804. To promote national unity, JKUAT hosted the Kenya Universities Sports Association (KUSA) national playoffs where 19 universities participated in the games. Further, the University hosted the African Universities cross country championships that brought together over 200 athletes and officials from various universities in Africa. To promote democracy and participation of the people, JKUAT held the Kenya Food Fortification Summit for stakeholders to take stock and engage on milestones realised in the previous summit.
805. Kenyatta University trained 565 first year students on ethics, diversity, and patriotism. To promote the rule of law and democracy and participation of the people, the University revised the KUSA constitution to allow for e-Voting. To enhance the capacity of the security personnel in peace building, the University trained 403 officers from the Defence Forces, Police Service and Kenya Prisons on peace studies.
806. To promote patriotism, the Kenya Literature Bureau printed and packaged grade 6 curriculum designs worth KSh.8.6Million, printed, packaged and delivered grade 5 curriculum designs worth KSh.3Million and CBC course materials for grade 6 worth KSh.269Million. Further, the Bureau supplied books worth KSh.136Million and distributed 1,039,019 copies of Grade 5 course book for Kiswahili, 70,576 for IRE and 5,000 teachers guides.
807. Kisii University organized training for 85 security and administration police seconded to the University on investigation and reporting cases of violence and crime. To enhance road safety, Murang'a

University distributed 120 reflector jackets to boda boda riders in Murang'a town and constructed 2 *boda boda* resting sheds in Kenol and Kiriani towns.

808. Bondo Technical and Vocational College upheld national unity in the posting of 353 students for industrial attachment to different parts of the country. Separately, Kenya Institute for the Blind advanced national identity by contributing two players to the national goalball team that participated in the Africa Goalball Championships in Ghana.
809. The State Department for East African Community coordinated the drafting of Business Laws (Amendment) Act No. 1 of 2021 as well as gazettelement of 8 Legal Notices. Ewaso Ng'iro North River Basin Development Authority held the Ewaso Peace and Conservation Camel Caravan where 480 people from different ethnic backgrounds participated to save the Ewaso Ng'iro River through the promotion of peaceful coexistence. The Authority subjected the draft Regional Development Authorities Policy and the Regional Development Authorities Bill, 2021 to public consultation. The Authority invited the public in the identification and commissioning of various water projects in Marsabit, Wajir, Mandera and Samburu counties.
810. National Council for Persons with Disabilities in partnership with the Ministry of Health received input from 60 stakeholder representatives on development of guidelines for disability assessment. Separately, in observing the rule of law, the Kenya Wildlife Service planned and executed 7 bushmeat operations; 3 in Tsavo, 2 in Kajiado and 2 in Naivasha. The Service also executed 3 livestock drive operations in Tsavo East, Tsavo West and Kora National Park and also established a rapid response unit base in Nairobi National Park to safeguard and secure wildlife within the sheep and goat area.

811. To promote national identity, Kenya Tourism Board undertook 2 campaigns on destination preparedness *#rediscoverthemagic* for local and international travelers amidst the COVID-19 pandemic and *#inanitasha* to rally Kenyans to love and explore attractions in the country. Separately, Tourism Regulatory Authority in compliance with the Tourism Act, 2011 and the Tourism Authority Regulations, 2014 inspected 5,475 tourism enterprises. To promote democracy and participation of the people, the Authority engaged 149 stakeholders in Nakuru, Mombasa, Machakos, Embu, Kisumu and Eldoret to validate draft standards.
812. Kenya Water Towers Agency presented the Draft Water Tower Policy and draft Water Tower Bill, 2019 to the Cabinet Secretary, Ministry of Environment and Forestry. The Agency also held stakeholder participation in community livelihood projects around water towers across the country. National Environment Management Authority facilitated prosecution of environmental offenders for discharging effluent into the environment, undertaking quarrying activities without licences, and for operating waste disposal without effluent discharge licences. NEMA also prosecuted 19 offenders of the ban on plastic carrier bags.
813. In implementing the rule of law, Water Services Regulatory Board (WASREB) licensed 66 new water service providers, ensured 15 water service providers are operating with new cost tariff guidelines and disseminated updated standards to guide the sector. In exercise of democracy and participation of the people, the Board held public stakeholder meetings on license applications for 33 sites and tariff public consultations for Thika, Kisumu, Kakamega and Kericho where water service providers attended to submit views on proposed licenses.

814. To curb the effects of drought and support peace among communities, Coast Water Works Development Agency distributed 240,000 litres of water per day to 4,000 residents of Kilifi and Kwale benefiting people from different communities in the counties. Water Sector Trust Fund inspected 70 water resource projects situated in 20 counties to ensure compliance with programme regulations. Further, the Fund supported development of Laikipia and Tharaka Nithi counties water bills.
815. To promote patriotism, KenGen employees voluntarily contributed KSh.10.7Million towards a COVID -19 kitty to support communities living around KenGen installations. Further, KenGen constructed a KSh.300Million outpatient block at the Naivasha Level 5 hospital. In addition, KenGen facilitated 100 employees to participate in the Standard Chartered Marathon.
816. Rural Electrification and Renewable Energy Corporation completed and connected electricity to 556 public facilities and installed a total of 492 transformers across the country under the rural electrification programme. To ensure compliance with the law amongst fuel retail stations, Energy and Petroleum Regulatory Authority inspected 4,670 sites, out of which 56 were found to be in violation of the law.
817. *Uwezo* Fund Oversight Board vetted 4,830 groups for award of KSh.491Million and conducted public sensitisation forums while the Women Enterprise Fund disbursed KSh.3Billion to 11,361 women groups across the 47 counties in promotion of national unity. The Fund further engaged stakeholders in the development of *Thamini* Loan product targeting vulnerable widows through social media interactions.
818. To enhance access to justice, the State Law Office and Department of Justice through the Advocates Complaints Commission handled 70 cases

through ADR as follows; 21 in Mombasa, 3 in Kilifi, 3 in Kwale, 20 in Kisumu 13 in Kakamega and 10 in Kisii. Separately, Commission on Administrative Justice received 11,069 complaints from members of the public out of which 2,783 were resolved. In compliance with Section 29 of the Commission on Administration Justice Act, 2011 the commission initiated 22 cases out of which 18 were handled by way of inquiry and 4 subjected to formal investigations.

819. To promote patriotism, Kenya Copyright Board (KECOBO) published an editorial encouraging the broadcasting industry in Kenya to increase local content quotas to 60%. KECOBO also sponsored the *Kuza* award Gala to acknowledge broadcasters who promote patriotism, Kenyan culture, belief and values. To enforce the rule of law, KECOBO conducted 50 inspections and raids on premises reported for copyright infringement activities, filed 25 cases and presented 16 cases to court for prosecution, of which 3 were finalized through court process, 6 are pending, and 3 were settled out of court. To promote democracy and participation of the people, the Board invited views from the public and stakeholders in the creative industry on proposed changes to the Copyright Act, 2001 to make provision for copyright in literary, musical and artistic works, audio-visual works, sound recordings, broadcasts.
820. The Judiciary bolstered stakeholder participation and engagement in the judicial sector through establishing and operationalizing 3 new Court Users Committees (CUC). Through the Judicial Service Commission, the Judiciary facilitated the administration of justice by concluding the recruitment of the Chief Justice, 7 Court of Appeal judges, 18 Environment and Land Court judges and 9 Employment and Labour Relations Court judges, 191 Judiciary staff and 49 Resident Magistrates. Further, the

Judiciary completed construction of 11 court projects, 6 high court buildings and 4 Magistrates' courts. National Council for Law Reporting reviewed and published 6,556 cases collected from superior courts and revised 486 out of 505 statutes of the Laws of Kenya.

821. The Judiciary further dispensed with 294,837 cases while the Office of the Judiciary Ombudsman processed 1,829 complaints out of which 1,569 were closed. The Judiciary sensitized 500,000 people in Makueni, Taita Taveta, Nandi, Nyandarua, Mombasa, Garissa, Nandi and Wajir Counties on complaints handling and access to information.
822. To promote national unity, learning institutions admitted students from across the Republic for different courses as shown in Table 13.

Table 13: Students admitted to learning institutions

No.	INSTITUTION	No. OF STUDENTS ADMITTED
1.	Bomet University College	949
2.	Bukura Agricultural College	2,000
3.	Ekerubo Gietai Technical Training Institute	47
4.	Jaramogi Oginga Odinga University of Science and Technology	1,465
5.	Kenya Medical Training College	19,922
6.	Kisumu National Polytechnic	12,720
7.	Kitale National Polytechnic	3,054
8.	Mathenge Technical Training Institute	1,523
9.	Meru National Polytechnic	9,976
10.	PC Kinyanjui Technical Training Institute	3,175
11.	Sang'alo Institute of Science and Technology	3,844
12.	Shamberere Technical Training College	2,030
13.	Siaya Institute of Technology	1,535
14.	Sigalagala National Polytechnic	9,244
15.	Thika Technical Training Institute	11,000
16.	University of Nairobi	6,000
17.	Wote Technical Training Institute	1,020

Source: MDAs Reports, 2021

823. Kenya National Commission on Human Rights reviewed and made submissions to Parliament on: *Huduma* Bill, 2020; County Licensing (Uniform Procedures) Bill, 2020; Wildlife Conservation and Management (Amendment) Bill, 2020; Persons with Disabilities Bill, 2021; Salaries and Remuneration Commission (Amendment) Bill, 2020; Mental Health (Amendment) Bill, 2020; Community Health Services Bill, 2020; and Parliamentary Powers and Privileges (Amendment) Bill, 2020.
824. The Commission reviewed the Political Parties Primaries Bill, 2020; East African Community Gender Equality and Development Bill, 2020; Data Protection (General) Regulations Bill, 2021; Health (Amendment) Bill, 2021; Public Finance Management (Amendment) Bill, 2020; Isiolo County Conservancies Bill, 2021; Alternative Dispute Resolution Bill, 2021; Kenya Citizenship and Immigration (Amendment) Bill, 2021; National Cohesion and Peace Building Bill, 2021; Victim Protection (General) Regulations Bill, 2021; and Children Bill, 2020.
825. Public institutions implemented the Buy Kenya Build Kenya Initiative through procurement of local goods and services as shown in Table 14.

Table 14: Amounts spent by institutions under Buy Kenya Build Kenya Initiative

No.	INSTITUTION	AMOUNT(KShs)
1.	Aberdare Diploma Teachers Training College	9,384,650
2.	Agricultural Development Corporation	337,300,000
3.	Agriculture and Food Authority	173,711,300
4.	Anti-doping Agency of Kenya	18,620,411
5.	Biosafety Appeals Board	875, 000
6.	Bomas of Kenya	15,000,000
7.	Bondo Technical and Vocational College	32,064,880
8.	Bushiangala Technical Training Institute	17,301,924
9.	Business Registration Service	179,110,000
10.	CEMASTEK	97,009,389
11.	Chuka University	385,827,727
12.	Civil Registration Services	76,466,190
13.	Coast Development Authority	29,589,290

14.	Coast Water Works Development Agency	161,626,751
15.	Co-operative University of Kenya	58,247,732
16.	Directorate of Immigration Services	49,711,780
17.	Energy & Petroleum Regulatory Authority	410,179,965
18.	Ewaso Ng'iro North Development Authority	55,459,193
19.	Ewaso Ng'iro South Development Authority	94,000,000
20.	Gatanga Technical and Vocational College	4,019,348
21.	Higher Education Loans Board	378,066,964
22.	Inspectorate of State Corporations	1,542,772
23.	Insurance Regulatory Authority	252,210,312
24.	Jaramogi Oginga Odinga University of Science and Technology	245,967,674
25.	JKUAT	318,309,338
26.	Kagumo Teachers Training College	64,471,956
27.	KALRO	169,495,194
28.	KASNEB	72,346,971
29.	Katine Technical Training Institute	40,881,306
30.	KenGen	6,921, 300
31.	Kenya Accreditation Services	60,411,641
32.	Kenya Airports Authority	3,686,964,417
33.	Kenya Animal Genetics Resource Centre	178,500,000
34.	Kenya Civil Aviation Authority	254,700,000
35.	Kenya Industrial Properties Institute	81,474,402
36.	Kenya Medical Supplies Authority	7,595,000,000
37.	Kenya National Library Service	536,351,473
38.	Kenya National Shipping Line Limited	321,485
39.	Kenya Plant Health Inspectorate Service	133,000,000
40.	Kenya Ports Authority	5,417,820,235
41.	Kenya Post Office Savings Bank	250,582,678
42.	Kenya Power and Lighting Company	2,000,000,000
43.	Kenya Reinsurance Corporation Limited	287,791,086
44.	Kenya Roads Board	701,080,274
45.	Kenya School of Adventure and Leadership	49,400,000
46.	Kenya School of Government	222,012,574
47.	Kenya Trade Network Agency	54,487,110
48.	Kenya Veterinary Board	111,125,777
49.	Kenya Veterinary Vaccines Production Institute	64,200,200
50.	Kenya Water Towers Agency	47,621,389
51.	Kenyatta University	313,909,348
52.	KETRACO	1,152,995,690
53.	KIPPRA	157,418,255
54.	KIRDI	68,979,457
55.	Kisii University	103,533,740

56.	KUCCPS	26,700,000
57.	Laikipia University	32,253,091
58.	Lake Victoria South Water Works Devpt Agency	598,564,729
59.	Maseno University	543,458,137
60.	Masinde Muliro University of Science & Technology	178,986,165
61.	Michuki Technical Training Institute	56,614,684
62.	Micro and Small Enterprises Authority	8,953,170
63.	Migori Teachers College	9,856,760
64.	Ministry of Devolution	49,283,801
65.	Ministry of Energy	121,757,877
66.	Ministry of Water & Sanitation	315,011,054
67.	Moi Teaching & Referral Hospital	887,959,362
68.	Multi-Media University	71,025,413
69.	NACADA	176,476,874
70.	NACOSTI	21,209,823
71.	Nairobi Centre for International Arbitration	20,186,107
72.	Nairobi Technical Training Institute	73,446,885
73.	National Employment Authority	81,519,883
74.	National Hospital Insurance Fund	2,346,042,272
75.	National Industrial Training Authority	532,308,000
76.	National Irrigation Authority	730,282,795
77.	National Research Fund	18,352,677
78.	National Social Security Fund	866,273,788
79.	New Kenya Cooperative Creameries	5,842,287,533
80.	New Kenya Planters Co-operative Union PLC	72,000,000
81.	NGOs Coordination Board	145,830,835
82.	Nkabune Technical Training Institute	64,781,461
83.	Nuclear Power & Energy Agency	241,095,485
84.	Nyandarua National Polytechnic	83,611,129
85.	Office of the Deputy President	106,197,389
86.	PC Kinyanjui Technical Training Institute	42,400,000
87.	Pharmacy and Poisons Board	118,000,000
88.	Policyholders Compensation Fund	7,421,222
89.	Retirement Benefits Authority	230,217,753
90.	Sacco Societies Regulatory Authority	29,210,000
91.	Sang'alo Institute of Science and Technology	52,277,401
92.	Shamberere Technical Training College	18,318,248
93.	Sigalagala National Polytechnic	108,083,280
94.	State Department for Co-operatives	56,601,136
95.	State Department for Infrastructure	43,871,861
96.	State Department for Interior & Citizen Services	4,438,215,225
97.	State Department for Petroleum	260,312,929

98.	State Department for Planning	100,000,000
99.	State Department for Tourism	206,673,486
100.	State Department for Transport	57,000,000
101.	State Department for University Education & Research	5,595,485
102.	Tana Water Works Development Agency	318,096,983
103.	Tanathi Water Works Development Agency	149,500,000
104.	Tea Board of Kenya	31,200,000
105.	Turkana University College	202,750,000
106.	Unclaimed Financial Assets Authority	277,409,303
107.	University of Nairobi	680,000,000
108.	Warehouse Receipts System Council	15,000,000
109.	Water Sector Trust Fund	10,364,763
110.	Witness Protection Agency	28,808,015
111.	Women Enterprise Fund	58,862,187
112.	Youth Enterprise Development Fund Board	53,272,905

Source: MDAs Reports, 2021

Progress Achieved in Sharing and Devolution of Power

Article 10(2)(a): Sharing and Devolution of Power

826. The National Treasury under the Kenya Devolution Support Programme (KDSP) released KSh.4.6Billion in April 2021 for continued enhancement of capacity at the county governments. Separately, Kenya Revenue Authority (KRA) established Tax Service Offices in Amuna, Elwak and Nairobi (JKUAT towers). This increased KRA coverage nationwide bringing the number of Tax Service Offices to 41, service centres to 43 and *Huduma* centres desks to 52.

827. Civil Registration Service operationalised an additional 4 service stations in Garabatula, Lare, Mutito North and Gatanga to improve access to services. National Registration Bureau operationalized one new registration office in Mandera County.

828. The Ministry of Health continued to service all medical equipment in the county referral hospitals. These included 54 dialysis sites, 219 new theaters,

- 14 ICU facilities and state of the art radiology equipment in 98 hospitals. The Ministry further implemented the Intergovernmental Relations Act, 2012 by holding 4 health sector intergovernmental consultative forums. Separately, Nursing Council of Kenya (NCK) continued to decentralize services by opening 3 offices in Meru, Kisumu and Eldoret.
829. To strengthen the professional and teaching capacity of county governments, Moi Teaching and Referral Hospital entered into MoUs with county governments from Western Region of Kenya to use county referral hospitals as training centres. During the reporting period, the Hospital conducted 17 county consultative fora to discuss needs, share experiences and exchange information to scale up efforts on COVID-19 prevention and streamline referral mechanisms in the management of other communicable and non-communicable diseases. The Hospital also conducted specialized multi-disciplinary medical outreaches in 22 counties. Further, the Hospital implemented Primary Health Integrated Care Project for Chronic Conditions, a Ministry of Health World Bank funded project for Integrated Model of Care for Non-Communicable Disease (NCD).
830. During the review period, National Hospital Insurance Fund in collaboration with the 47 county governments identified and registered 984,367 indigents for the Universal Health Coverage scale up. In addition, the Fund continued to utilize 70 branches, 33 satellite offices and 53 *Huduma* centres to enhance service delivery across the country.
831. Kenyatta National Hospital conducted 344 capacity building programmes for county referral institutions. The Hospital admitted 199 students enrolled for specialized courses for county hospitals in neurology, tracheostomy care, and stoma and wound management. Further, the Hospital introduced 3 new courses namely; telemedicine that enables remote consultations,

- diagnosis, treatment and e-Theatre of patients in different facilities linked with Isiolo County.
832. The Ministry of Information, Communication and Technology continued implementing internet connectivity through the National Fibre Optic Backbone Infrastructure (NOFBI) and an additional 2472.17 km was laid. In this regard, the Last Mile County Connectivity Project (LMCCP) is 70% complete as all CRD stations were connected. This was to improve access to ICT services in all counties and sub-counties.
833. In addition, the Ministry operationalized offices in the 47 county governments and 23 sub-counties to promote access to information at grassroots levels. The Ministry also capacity built 400 youths who graduated in ICT through President Digital Youth Talent Programme (PDTP) and posted to all counties to facilitate ICT services in County Commissioner's offices and public primary schools. In addition, the Ministry operationalised offices in the 47 county governments and 23 sub-counties to promote access to information at grassroots levels.
834. Kenya Film Commission signed a memorandum of understanding with Bomet County to establish a film hub open to students and film professionals from across the country. The Hub serves a crucial role in nurturing talent of the creatives in Bomet County and its environs.
835. Higher Education Loans Board continued to provide services to customers through help desks in 28 *Huduma* centres and served 104,803 customers through *Huduma* centres. Separately, Pharmacy and Poisons Board in an effort to increase efficiency in service delivery at the county level, opened 3 additional offices in the counties of Kisii, Kiambu and Murang'a.
836. Kenya Animal Genetic Resources Centre (KAGRC) continued to utilize the Nyahururu, Eldoret, Sotik, Tharaka Nithi and Kirinyaga sub-centres for

distribution of KAGRC products and services at the grassroot level. In addition, KAGRC maintained partnership with 28 county governments to enhance uptake of products. During the reporting period, county governments procured Bull Semen and Liquid nitrogen worth KSh.20.8Million from the Centre.

837. The State Department for Public Works collaborated with Kilifi, Nyamira, Kisii, Nakuru, Machakos, Isiolo, Wajir, Mandera and West Pokot county governments to construct footbridges to provide access to pedestrians. The State Department also partnered in the construction of Kirigiti Stadium in Kiambu County, Wang’uru Stadium in Kirinyaga County and Mamboleo Stadium in Kisumu County.
838. The State Department also collaborated with county governments in the construction of county headquarters in Isiolo (completed), Tharaka Nithi (completed), Lamu (60% complete), Tana River (15% complete) and Nyandarua (completed) counties. In addition, the State Department partnered with Kiambu, Embu and Machakos County governments in the construction of the proposed Civil Servants Housing Schemes in Kiambu town, Embu town and Machakos town respectively.
839. Kenya Forest Service continued to work with the County Governments CECs responsible for forest matters to complete the signing and operationalisation of the Transition Implementation Plans (TIPs) by county governments. Currently, 36 county governments have signed the TIPs.
840. Anti-Doping Agency of Kenya continued to collaborate with county governments, department of sports in conducting Anti-Doping Education and Awareness Programmes. During the period under review the Agency sensitized 10,884 persons. Separately, National Oil Corporation of Kenya continued to work with county governments in implementing retail

stations, refurbishments and upgrades and maintained an efficient retail network of 113 stations.

841. Energy and Petroleum Regulatory Authority opened an additional regional office in Kitui County to provide accessible services to the public. This was in addition to the already established and operationalized regional offices in Nairobi, Kisumu, Mombasa, Nyeri, Eldoret, Isiolo, Nakuru and Lodwar. Separately, KETRACO partnered with the Kajiado County Government to resolve wayleave challenges with the Maa community for 2 major transmission lines (Kenya - Tanzania and Isinya and Namanga). The 2 lines are 92% and 90% complete respectively.
842. Geothermal Development Company (GDC) signed a Collaboration Framework Agreement (CFA) with the County Government of Nakuru and established 2 committees to spearhead achievements of the Collaboration Framework Agreement deliverables.
843. Micro and Small Enterprises Authority established 160 county industrial development centres and over 400 worksites in all 47 counties. Separately, National Employment Authority allocated KSh.8.4Million to field offices in the 2020/2021 FY to enhance service delivery.
844. Salaries and Remuneration Commission in collaboration with Intergovernmental Relations Technical Committee (IGRTC) held 6 technical committee meetings to discuss progress, share experiences and provide guidance to actors on implementation of the National Wage Bill Conference resolutions which were adopted by the 8th Annual National County Government Coordinating Summit.
845. Kenya Universities and Colleges Central Placement Services increased presence in *Huduma* centres by establishing 5 new help desks and deployed 5 additional officers to Kiambu, Narok, Trans Nzoia, Laikipia and Isiolo

Huduma centres. KUCCPS is currently operational in 15 *Huduma* centres across the country.

846. Kisii University continued to implement a memorandum of understanding signed with the County Government of Kisii, County Health Department on undertaking training, and research and outreach activities in the provision of health services. During the period under review, the University admitted 35 additional students to the Bachelor of Medicine and Bachelor of Surgery (MChB) programme increasing the number to 101. Further, the University conducted practicum for health science in the laboratories for anatomy, histology and microbiology as well as the Kisii County ultra-modern mortuary.
847. University of Kabanga collaborated with 13 county governments within the Lake Region Economic Bloc in the implementation of Blue Economy Initiatives. During the reporting period, the University launched a Multi-Agency Action Plan for the implementation of blue economy initiatives in the lake region. Similarly, Kenya Institute of Mass Communication signed a memorandum of understanding with Uasin Gishu County Government to establish a campus in Eldoret and 34 students graduated from the pioneering class of 2021.

Progress achieved in the Protection of the Bill of Rights

Article 10(2)(b): Human Dignity, Equity, Social Justice, Inclusiveness, Equality, Human Rights, Non-Discrimination and Protection of the Marginalized

848. To promote protection of the marginalized, H.E. the President flagged off a consignment of emergency relief supplies to 23 arid and semi-arid

counties affected by drought. The intervention was set to benefit 2.3 million Kenyans in the affected counties. In addition, to enhance social justice, H.E. the President issued 2,169 land title deeds to residents of Rabai in Kilifi County.



Figure 15: H.E. the President issuing land title deeds to residents of Rabai in Kilifi County.
Source: PSCU, 2021

849. To enhance access to clean water and sanitation services, H.E. the President commissioned Siaya Bondo Water Supply and Sanitation Project, targeting to serve 201,258 people with a steady water supply and 51,060 people with sanitation services.
850. To mitigate the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, H.E. the First Lady donated food stuff and medical supplies to 100 elderly persons in *Nyumba ya Wazee*, Nairobi County, 210 mine workers in Kilifi County and 950 vulnerable persons at Nyumbani village, Kitui County. In addition, H.E.

the First Lady donated 10 wheel chairs in Makueni County to ease movement by PWDs.

851. To promote the right to health, H.E. the First Lady through the Beyond Zero Initiative conducted a free national fistula camp at Kenyatta National Hospital to commemorate International Day to End Obstetric Fistula where 258 women underwent screening and 45 underwent surgical repairs. In addition, H.E. the First Lady fostered protection of the marginalized by offering grants and sponsorships to 1,500 children and youth from Korogocho and neighboring communities during the Ghetto Classics Thanksgiving Concert.
852. The Judiciary through the HIV and AIDS Tribunal promoted human rights by resolving 27 HIV&AIDs related cases and registered 639 cases on human trafficking and smuggling. In addition, the Judiciary through the National Council on the Administration of Justice Special Taskforce (NCAJ) trained 30 prosecutors from various regions in the country on handling children cases to enhance protection of the marginalized.
853. To facilitate access to justice, the Judiciary trained 42 elders, chiefs and assistant chiefs drawn from Starehe and Langata sub-counties on the Alternative Justice System (AJS) Policy. The Judiciary also established new court stations in Diani, Kwale County and Dadaab in Garissa County. To protect the rights of witnesses, the Judiciary through the Witness Protection Agency (WPA) protected 80 witnesses and 161 related persons under the Witness Protection Programme. To enhance access to court services, the Judiciary established sub-registries for Employment and Labour Relations Courts in Kitui, Kisii, Naivasha, Thika, Kilgoris, Isiolo and Vihiga.

854. To enhance access to healthcare, Nairobi Metropolitan Service (NMS) set up an intensive care unit in Mama Lucy Kibaki Hospital and constructed 19 health facilities across Nairobi City County. In addition, to promote access to water, NMS commissioned water supply projects across all the informal settlements in Nairobi City County.
855. To promote the right to safety, the State Department for Interior and Citizens Services inspected 34,007 premises for substandard and counterfeit alcoholic drinks and drugs. In addition, the State Department fostered protection of the marginalized by recruiting 37 assistant county commissioners from marginalized communities. Separately, Civil Registration Services upheld human rights by registering 1,180,267 births and 233,757 deaths during the reporting period compared to 1,126,762 births and 185,385 deaths in 2020. Further, the Service issued 1,874,578 birth and 206,393 death certificates to facilitate access to government services.
856. Directorate of Immigration Services upheld the right to nationality by issuing citizenship certificates to 573 widows, widowers and orphans of Kenyan citizens. The Directorate also protected the rights of refugees by facilitating issuance of 26 work permits, 317 United Nations conventional travel documents and 4,064 letters to those returning home voluntarily. To promote the right to safe asylum, the Directorate facilitated the issuance of 2,768 letters to asylum seekers being relocated to third countries. Separately, Refugee Affairs Secretariat protected the rights of refugees by giving recognition letters and registering 6,547 refugees from different nationalities. The Secretariat also issued refugee identification cards to 3,691 refugees and facilitated 30 refugees to open bank accounts.

857. To enhance human dignity, National Registration Bureau facilitated identification of 7,800 unknown dead bodies using fingerprints to link them to their next of kin for decent burial. In addition, the Bureau issued 1,956,822 identity cards out of which 887,931 were female and 1,068,891 were male to support the right to personal identity. The Bureau promoted the right to a nationality by issuing 880 identity cards to the Shona community after being granted citizenship by the State. Further, the Bureau fostered protection of the marginalized by issuing identity cards in the following ASAL areas: North Eastern region (59,990), Turkana County (15,506), West Pokot County (15,180), Marsabit County (9,308), Lamu County (6,910), Tana River County (11,657) and Isiolo County (7,131). This enabled citizens to access government services and participate in public affairs.
858. To improve access to treatment and rehabilitation services for drug users, NACADA procured medical insurance from NHIF at a cost of KSh.696,000 for 116 female drug users drawn from Nairobi, Kwale, Mombasa, Nakuru and Kajiado Counties. In addition, the Authority provided outpatient and inpatient rehabilitation services to 278 clients. The Authority also funded the construction of Koiwa and Kiamwasi treatment and rehabilitation centres in Kisii and Bomet counties at a cost of KSh.17.2Million.
859. Further, the Authority in partnership with World Health Organization and Tobacco Control Board provided tele-counselling and referral services to 921 clients with tobacco use disorders. To enhance social justice, NACADA commenced construction of a multi-purpose hall and kitchen at the Miritini Treatment and Rehabilitation Centre which is 20% complete.

- The Authority also inspected 12 manufacturers and licensed 46 importers of alcoholic drinks to enhance access to safe and quality goods and services.
860. To promote the right to information and inclusiveness, the Authority in partnership with Kenya Prisons Service sensitized 446 prison officers on alcohol prevention and treatment. The prison officers were drawn from Trans Nzoia, Laikipia, Busia, Homa Bay, Kiambu, Meru, Kwale, Wajir, and Nairobi counties. Further, the Authority in partnership with various community based organizations conducted public awareness campaigns on alcohol and drug abuse reaching 1,341 school going youth in Taita Taveta, Mombasa, Kilifi, Kwale, Nakuru, Kajiado, Uasin Gishu, Nairobi and Nakuru counties.
861. To enhance human dignity, Independent Policing Oversight Authority (IPOA) offered psychosocial support to 62 victims and witnesses (24 male and 38 female) of police misconduct and 266 members of staff (121 male and 145 female). Separately, National Police Service trained 7,680 officers on gender mainstreaming and Gender Based Violence (GBV) to strengthen the capacity of the Service to prevent and respond to GBV cases.
862. Kenya School of Adventure and Leadership (KESAL) promoted the right to information by training 1,225 participants on leadership and drug and substance abuse. Separately, Government Press enhanced access to information by printing 2,000 copies of the curriculum taskforce Report on Enhancing Access, Relevance, Transition and Quality for Effective Implementation of the Curriculum Reforms.
863. To promote human dignity and protection of the marginalized, the County Commissioner, Nakuru facilitated disbursement of KSh.361.6Million cash transfer to 30,141 older persons, KSh.13Million cash transfer to 1,084 PWSD, and KSh.180Million cash transfer to 7,503 OVC. Further, the

County Commissioner enhanced the right to education by coordinating disbursement of KSh.15.1Million as bursaries to 573 OVC. In addition, the County Commissioner facilitated the transition of 53,864 children from primary to secondary school in line with the Government's 100% Transition Policy. To foster inclusiveness and non-discrimination, the County Commissioner facilitated recruitment and selection of 14,423 youth from diverse representation to work under the *Kazi Mtaani* Programme.

864. County Commissioner, Kericho fostered human dignity and protection of the marginalized by coordinating and supervising disbursement of KSh.362.6Million to 13,985 older persons, 619 PWSD and 5,467 OVC through the Cash Transfer Programme. The County Commissioner enhanced the right to education by facilitating 28,675 children to transit from primary to secondary school in line with the 100% Government Transition Policy. In addition, the County Commissioner coordinated disbursement of KSh.8.2Million Presidential Secondary School Bursary to 414 needy students. To foster inclusiveness, the County Commissioner facilitated recruitment and selection of 3,386 youth from diverse representation to work under the *Kazi Mtaani* Programme.

865. To enhance human dignity and protection of the marginalized, County Commissioner, Uasin Gishu coordinated implementation of the Cash Transfer Programme which benefitted over 14,400 older persons, 5,100 OVC and 900 PWSD. Further, to promote inclusiveness, the County Commissioner facilitated the recruitment of 8,003 youth from diverse backgrounds to work under the *Kazi Mtaani* Programme. Separately, County Commissioner, Wajir coordinated the identification of 75 girls and 41 boys for the award of scholarships to promote the right to education. The County Commissioner also facilitated the enrollment of 30,000

beneficiaries in the Cash Transfer Programme to foster human dignity and protection of the marginalized.

866. County Commissioner, West Pokot enhanced human dignity and the right to information by coordinating sensitization of 100 *boda boda* riders on the COVID-19 regulations. The County Commissioner also held 4 radio talk shows in Kalya, North Rift Radio and Kokwo FM stations to create awareness on the importance of preserving the dignity of the girl child. In addition, the County Commissioner coordinated enrollment of 5,079 OVC, 640 PWSD and 807 older persons in the Cash Transfer Programme to foster protection of the marginalized. To promote the right to food, the County Commissioner facilitated the distribution of 3,500 bags (90kg) of beans and 1,500 bags (90kg) of rice as relief food within the county.
867. County Commissioner, Kitui promoted human dignity and the right to food by facilitating distribution of 8,000 bags (50kg) of maize, 8,000 bags (50kg) of beans, and 11,200 bags (50kg) of rice as relief food to vulnerable households. The County Commissioner also identified 34,021 vulnerable households and coordinated disbursement of KSh.3,000 to each household. Similarly, County Commissioner, Makueni identified 29,630 households and coordinated disbursement of KSh.3,000 to each household affected by drought.
868. To foster human dignity and protection of the marginalized, the County Commissioner, Mandera coordinated recruitment and selection of 5,355 youth from diverse backgrounds to work under the *Kazi Mtaani* Programme. In addition, the County Commissioner coordinated the distribution of 5,920 bags of rice (50kg) and 3,046 bags of beans (50kg) as relief food for distribution to vulnerable households. The Commissioner also coordinated identification of 11,739 older persons, OVC and PWSD

- to benefit from the Cash Transfer Programme. The County Commissioner further promoted the right to information by organizing 120 barazas on issues including gender and disability mainstreaming and uptake of AGPO by youth, women and PWDs.
869. To promote the right to a nationality, the County Commissioner, Mombasa through the Refugee Office in Bombolulu Nyali Sub County identified and mobilized for registration of 5,000 members of the Frere community aimed at recognizing them as Kenyan citizens. Separately, County Commissioner, Kirinyaga in collaboration with Children Welfare Society of Kenya coordinated awarding of bursaries to 50 needy students to enhance protection of the marginalized. To foster the right to information, County Commissioner, Embu sensitized 200 officers and 50 religious leaders on Female Genital Mutilation (FGM). Similarly, County Commissioner, Elgeyo Marakwet coordinated 2 campaigns against FGM leading to 85% reduction in FGM activities within the county.
870. County Commissioner, Marsabit fostered inclusiveness and protection of the marginalized by facilitating recruitment and selection of 4,500 youth from diverse representation under the *Kazi Mtaani* Programme. Separately, County Commissioner, Vihiga enrolled 26,300 older persons, OVC and PWSN to benefit in the Cash Transfer Programme. The County Commissioner also facilitated recruitment of 2,735 youth for the *Kazi Mtaani* Programme to enhance human dignity and protection of the marginalized.
871. Kenya Prisons Service provided 4,327 pairs of uniform, 85 pieces of blankets and 20 pieces of mattresses to inmates to enhance their welfare. To promote the right to health and medical treatment, the Service facilitated provision of psychological counselling services to 3,511 members of staff

and 40,205 inmates and spiritual counselling to 15,403 members of staff and 20,538 inmates. In addition, the Service completed construction of health facilities at Kehancha and Kitengela prisons to improve provision of healthcare services to inmates and staff.

872. Further, Kenya Prisons Service enhanced the right to education by offering formal education to 2,457 and vocational training to 1,500 long serving inmates. The Service enhanced equity by recruiting, training and deploying additional 159 graduate cadet prison officers to manage penal institutions across the country. In addition, the Service in consultation with the Public Service Commission fostered human dignity by promoting 3,095 uniformed junior officers to higher ranks.
873. To protect human rights, Kenya National Commission on Human Rights (KNCHR) received 1,183 complaints out of which 581 cases were admitted, 599 given legal advice and 3 cases were pending for further action. In addition, the Commission conducted 86 investigations on alleged human rights violations and trained 416 public officers, 203 private actors and 256 CSO members on various human rights issues. Further, the Commission enhanced social justice by reaching out to 5,264 members of the public on various human rights themes through advocacy forums and distributing 1,250 IEC materials to the public.
874. To promote the right to information, National Gender and Equality Commission (NGEC) sensitized 119 gender mainstreaming committee members from Bomet University College, Laikipia University, Kenyatta National Hospital and Ministry of Petroleum and Mining on gender mainstreaming and GBV issues. The Commission also sensitized 23 senior members of management of University of Kabianga on sexual harassment at the workplace.

875. Further, the Commission sensitized 100 members of the public in Kitui County on strategies to enhance women participation in national and county development. In addition, the Commission in collaboration with Centre for Enhanced Democracy and Good Governance sensitized 45 members of the public in Nakuru County on human rights based approach with a gender perspective.
876. The Commission also sensitized members of the public and county government officials of Samburu, West Pokot, Turkana and Laikipia counties on gender sensitive governance and development. To promote the rights of children, the Commission in partnership with various stakeholders sensitized 370 children in Nakuru County through skits, poems and spoken word to commemorate the Day of the African Child. To promote equality, the Commission in collaboration with ministries, counties, departments and agencies reviewed 5 gender related policies.
877. To enhance human dignity and social justice, the Ministry of Defence through Kenya Defence Forces (KDF) conducted 45 airlifts for humanitarian civil-military cooperations within Lamu County and participated in 6 emergency response operations. In addition, KDF rehabilitated, trained, reassigned and deployed over 40 personnel who had sustained battle disabilities. To entrench social justice, KDF sank 65 boreholes in different parts of the country and held 17 medical camps in Muumandu Level 3 Hospital, Matuu Level 4 Hospital, Ewaso Kedong Level 3 Hospital, Mathare North, Baba Dogo and Kahawa West dispensaries, Ngoisua, Longal and Survey Area in Laikipia County.
878. To promote the right to information, KDF conducted 16 sensitization campaigns on counter-terrorism in Lamu, Kilifi, Mombasa, Isiolo, Garissa and Tana River counties. To foster human dignity, KDF, through Kenya

Meat Commission, created employment opportunities for 350 youth. Further, KDF increased the number of females attending leadership courses from 5 in 2020 to 14 in 2021 to promote protection of the marginalized in the service. The KDF also appointed and seconded 5 female officers to both local and international leadership positions and provided assistive devices to over 100 children with disabilities.

879. The National Treasury fostered human dignity by disbursing KSh.4.1Billion towards the Hunger Safety Net Programme out of which KSh.1.7Billion was allocated to elderly persons with disabilities and KSh.7.9Billion to OVC to reduce extreme hunger and vulnerability. Further, the National Treasury allocated KSh.16.7Billion to the Cash Transfer Programme out of which KSh.1.2Billion was allocated to PWSD and KSh.7.9Billion to OVC. To enhance protection of the marginalized, the National Treasury allocated KSh.1Billion for Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) in addition to KSh.3Billion allocated as seed capital for the scheme.
880. In addition, the National Treasury promoted the right to clean water and sanitation services by entering into a credit facility agreement with the Agence Française de Développement (AFD) amounting to €100Million (equivalent of KSh.12.8Billion) to be advanced to Athi Water Works Development Agency towards funding of Nairobi Water and Sanitation Project.
881. The National Treasury also enhanced the right to adequate housing by injecting KSh.4.2Billion to the Kenya Mortgage Refinancing Company to be on-lent to primary mortgage lenders. Further, KSh.7Billion was allocated to the Affordable Housing Programme to provide decent housing to different segments of the population. In addition, KSh.503.9Billion was

allocated to foster access to education and KSh.60Billion to promote food security in the country.

882. To promote the right to health, the National Treasury disbursed KSh.121.1Billion to universal health care and KSh.4.1Billion towards the Free Maternity Programme to reduce maternal mortality and mitigate associated maternal health risks. Further, the National Treasury allocated KSh.8.8Billion to enhance the fight against the COVID-19 pandemic. In addition, KSh.1.9Billion was allocated towards medical cover related to COVID-19 for the elderly and severely disabled and KSh.14.3Billion was mobilized to procure COVID-19 vaccines.
883. To ensure equity and protection of the marginalized, the National Treasury allocated KSh.6.8Billion to the Equalization Fund to finance projects and programmes in 14 marginalized regions and counties. The National Treasury also disbursed KSh.3Billion to the *Kazi Mtaani* Programme towards cushioning the youth and creating employment. In addition, to promote protection of the marginalized, the National Treasury disbursed KSh.3.7Billion for bursaries for OVC, KSh.933Million to Children Welfare Society of Kenya and KSh.200Million for PWDs.
884. To foster equity and protection of the marginalized, Ministries, Departments and Agencies (MDAs) continued to award tenders to women, youth and PWDs as indicated in Table 15.

Table 15: Value of tenders awarded by MDAs under AGPO

No.	Institution	Amount (KSh.)
1.	Agricultural Development Corporation	41,660,000
2.	Anti-Counterfeit Authority	15,327,553
3.	Anti-FGM Board	18,241,709
4.	Athi Water Works Development Agency	219,176,200
5.	Bondo Technical and Vocational College	17,485,009
6.	Bukura Agricultural College	30,666,815
7.	Business Registration Service	116,800,000

8.	Capital Markets Authority	8,344,099
9.	Chuka University	121,136,779
10.	Coast Water Works Development Agency	14,000,000
11.	Commodities Fund	4,367,057
12.	Competition Authority Kenya	27,557,796
13.	Competition Authority Kenya	27,557,796
14.	Co-operative University of Kenya	106,748,468
15.	Directorate of Immigration Services	82,457,552
16.	East Africa Portland Cement	22,611,230
17.	Energy & Petroleum Regulatory Authority	22,495,834
18.	Ewaso Ng'iro North River Basin Development Authority	21,092,262
19.	Export Processing Zones Authority	22,440,000
20.	Fish Levy Trust Fund	113,850
21.	Friends College Kaimosi – Institute of Research and Technology	28,214,873
22.	Geothermal Development Company	120,221,570
23.	Government Press	158,166,960
24.	Independent Policing Oversight Authority	15,780,485
25.	Jaramogi Oginga Odinga University	31,308,126
26.	Jomo Kenyatta Foundation	178,594,740
27.	JKUAT	114,601,361
28.	Katine Technical Training Institute	40,881,306
29.	KASNEB	50,893,514
30.	Kenya Bureau of Standards	33,043,271
31.	Kenya Civil Aviation Authority	67,200,000
32.	Kenya Development Corporation	29,000,000
33.	Kenya Electricity Generating Company	1,273,800,000
34.	Kenya Electricity Transmission Company Limited	83,699,672
35.	Kenya Film Classification Board	100,998,327
36.	Kenya Fisheries Service	6,454,892
37.	Kenya Forestry Research Institute	277,636,348
38.	Kenya Industrial Property Institute	37,405,049
39.	Kenya Industrial Research and Development Institute	9,489,276
40.	Kenya Institute for Public Policy Research and Analysis	52,307,580
41.	Kenya National Highways Authority	1,870,000,000
42.	Kenya National Library Services	52,391,028
43.	Kenya National Shipping Line	369,465
44.	Kenya Plant Health Inspectorate Services	81,770,000
45.	Kenya Ports Authority	1,295,574,960
46.	Kenya Power & Lighting Company PLC	284,000,000
47.	Kenya Railways	789,000,000
48.	Kenya Revenue Authority	461,051,388
49.	Kenya Rural Roads Authority	3,599,543,189
50.	Kenya School of Government	210,018,869
51.	Kenya Tourism Board	95,961,449

52.	Kenya Trade Network Agency	40,049,688
53.	Kenya Veterinary Vaccines Production Institute	45,403,044
54.	Kenya Water Towers Agency	35,960,441
55.	Kenyatta National Hospital	445,900,000
56.	Kenyatta University	216,151,610
57.	Kisii National Polytechnic	91,369,612
58.	Kisii University	71,863,994
59.	Kisiwa Technical Training Institute	474,533
60.	Laikipia University	11,262,244
61.	Lake Victoria South Water Works Development Agency	271,767,297
62.	Michuki Technical Training Institute	79,449,743
63.	Ministry of Devolution	10,186,203
64.	Ministry of Energy	66,751,375
65.	Ministry of ICT, Innovation and Youth Affairs	129,495,116
66.	Ministry of Water, Sanitation and Irrigation	262,797,328
67.	Moi Teaching and Referral Hospital	428,974,754
68.	Murang'a University of Technology	15,000,000
69.	Nairobi Centre for International Arbitration	12,590,051
70.	National AIDS Control Council	105,340,531
71.	NACCSC	13,980,250
72.	NACADA	116,923,222
73.	NACOSTI	12,165,823
74.	National Construction Authority	221,213,236
75.	National Council for Law Reporting	38,204,100
76.	National Council for Persons with Disabilities	109,729,550
77.	National Crime Research Centre	15,540,462
78.	National Employment Authority	59,146,994
79.	National Hospital Insurance Fund	1,871,041,668
80.	National Housing Corporation	300,000,000
81.	National Industrial Training Authority	116,250,656
82.	National Oil Corporation of Kenya	84,438,280
83.	National Research Fund	1,171,770
84.	National Social Security Fund	450,053,335
85.	National Treasury	157,034,569,740
86.	NEPAD/APRM Kenya Secretariat	6,084,153
87.	New KCC	443,156,585
88.	New Kenya Planters Co-Operative Union	24,000,000
89.	NGOs Co-ordination Board	8,503,183
90.	Numerical Machining Complex	50,204,616
91.	Nyandarua National Polytechnic	38,148,854
92.	Nyeri National Polytechnic	56,696,998
93.	Pharmacy and Poisons Board	130,000,000
94.	Policy Holders Compensation Fund	9,963,164
95.	Privatisation Commission	2,445,225
96.	Pwani University	98,596,063

97.	Regional Centre for on Groundwater Resource Education, Training and Research	9,000,000
98.	Retirement Benefits Authority	50,839,991
99.	Sacco Societies Regulatory Authority	26,200,000
100.	Shamberere Technical Training Institute	29,216,005
101.	Sigalagala National Polytechnic	5,383,788
102.	State Department for Co-operatives	2,871,910
103.	State Department for Culture and Heritage	228,337,897
104.	State Department for Fisheries, Aquaculture and the Blue Economy	1,940,905,510
105.	State Department for Gender	61,043,775
106.	State Department for Housing and Urban Development	114,000,000
107.	State Department for Infrastructure	71,401,935
108.	State Department for Planning	70,000,000
109.	State Department for Regional and Northern Corridor Development	5,355,300
110.	State Department for Tourism	68,833,937
111.	State Department for Transport	1,700,000 pwds only
112.	State House	307,762,460
113.	Tea Board of Kenya	19,500,000
114.	TVETA	27,616,930
115.	Technical University of Kenya	18,540,750
116.	Tharaka University	235,127,262
117.	Unclaimed Financial Assets Authority	49,373,518
118.	Uwezo Fund Oversight Board	15,344,951
119.	Water Sector Trust Fund	16,346,027 (Jan-June)
120.	Youth Enterprise Development Fund Board	10,760,000

Source: MDAs Reports, 2021

885. To enhance social justice, Kenya Revenue Authority (KRA) commissioned an ablution block for Sergoit Health Centre, Elgeyo Marakwet County and donated beddings, foodstuff and books to Rivers of Joy Children’s Home, Kirinyaga County. The Authority also donated 40 cartons of sanitary towels to various girls’ schools during the International Women’s Day. To curb the spread of COVID-19, KRA partnered with Trademark East Africa to distribute 6,000 face masks, 1,000 hand washing detergents, 1,000 alcohol based sanitizers and 300 disinfectants to the community living around the Namanga One-Stop Border Point.

886. The Authority enhanced non-discrimination and protection of the marginalized by recruiting 7 PWDs and training 13 members of staff as sign language interpreters to enable ease of service delivery to PWDs. Further, the Authority exempted 514 PWDs from tax and tax implication totaling KSh.405Million and recruited 35 members of staff from marginalized communities.
887. Competition Authority of Kenya (CAK) enhanced access to information by conducting sensitizations on consumer rights to over 2,800 Kenyans from Mombasa and Kisumu counties during the World Consumer Rights Day. Separately, to foster human dignity, Capital Markets Authority (CMA) donated KSh.500,000 towards the construction of changing rooms at the Administrative Police Uhuru Camp which is 80% complete.
888. Unclaimed Financial Assets Authority (UFAA) promoted human dignity and social justice by reunifying 8,344 claimants with KSh.429.9Million, 6 claimants with 24,402USD, 535 claimants with 13,940,253 units of shares valued at KSh.114.6Million, 2 units trusts valued at KSh.630,871 and 23 safe boxes to the rightful owners. The Authority also conducted 4 holder's education forums and 4 reunifications clinics to create awareness on the Unclaimed Financial Assets Regime. Further, UFAA promoted social justice by disbursing KSh.1.5Million to support widows living around Ndakaini Dam. In addition, to enhance access to information, the Authority sensitized the public on UFAA's mandate of receiving, safeguarding and reuniting unclaimed financial assets through 8 radio and 4 television stations.
889. To foster social justice, Kenya Institute for Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA) donated 500 washable masks, 500 sanitizers, 250 sanitary towels, 1 white board and 1 projector to Machakos School for the

Deaf. Separately, Insurance Regulatory Authority (IRA) sponsored a medical camp in Turkana County at a cost of KSh.2.5Million and donated KSh.300,000 during the Mt. Elgon Cycling race to promote conservation and healthy living. To promote access to information, Retirement Benefit Authority (RBA) conducted sensitization forums to 45 Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) in 17 counties aimed at creating awareness on the importance of saving for retirement. The Authority fostered social justice by donating KSh.400,000 to 2 elderly persons homes and 2 children's homes.

890. Kenya Reinsurance Corporation Limited enhanced the rights of PWDs by providing 861 assistive devices through the *Niko Fiti* Programme. In addition, the Corporation facilitated modernization of 8 lifts with disability friendly functionalities at the Anniversary Towers Building. Separately, to promote the right to education, Kenya Accountants and Secretaries National Examinations Board (KASNEB) registered 13,478 new students to pursue various courses. In addition, the Board launched a portal for new student registration and examination booking whereby 615 students registered.

891. NEPAD/APRM Kenya Secretariat promoted the right to information by sensitizing 940 Kenyans on their right to descent public services. In addition, the Secretariat promoted social justice by donating 5 computers, 12 printers, 19 monitors, 18 CPUs and 15 UPSs to Butere Technical and Vocational Training College, Kakamega County. Separately, Kenya Post Office Savings Bank fostered equity by disbursing welfare loans amounting to KSh.128.1Million to employees based on their needs and repayment abilities. To enhance social justice, the Bank donated KSh.100,000 to the Mater Foundation to improve cardiac centres.

892. To promote access to information, the State Department for Industrialization coordinated training of 1,500 SMEs on value addition and entrepreneurial skills. Separately, Kenya Industrial Research and Development Institute (KIRDI) fostered social justice by supporting 901 MSMEs in common manufacturing facilities, business incubation services, product development and capacity building. In addition, the Institute collaborated with County Government of Kericho to train community members in Londiani on dairy and honey processing. The Institute partnered with Liverpool VCT Health to sensitize 110 adolescent girls and young women (9-24 years) to live a HIV-free life.
893. To foster human dignity, Micro and Small Enterprises Authority (MSEA) completed an ablution block at the Kariobangi Micro and Small Enterprises Centre of Excellence. Further, the Authority enhanced non-discrimination and protection of the marginalized by conducting business start-up trainings and issuance of grants to 10,015 youth out of which 339 were youth with disabilities. The youth represented marginalized counties of Mandera (213), Turkana (544) and Kwale (964).
894. To protect Kenyans from unsafe products, Anti-Counterfeit Authority (ACA) seized and destroyed harmful assorted counterfeit goods worth KSh.27.4Million. The Authority also seized counterfeit products worth KSh.228.8Million in over 15 counties including Tana River, Garissa, Isiolo, Turkana and Marsabit. In addition, the Authority seized counterfeit tea leaves, maize flour, alcohol and milk worth KSh.7.4Million and alcohol worth KSh.10Million in Lodwar, Turkana County. To enhance public safety against transmission of COVID-19 virus, the Authority seized counterfeit face masks valued at KSh.21.3Million. Further, the Authority

promoted access to information by conducting 38 sensitization forums on identification of counterfeit products reaching 2,701 stakeholders.

895. The Ministry of Health promoted provision of preventive healthcare services by recording improved immunization coverage from 81% to 84% with 1,251,289 children getting immunized. The Ministry also facilitated vaccination of 10,002,184 Kenyans against COVID-19 and distributed 9.7 million mosquito nets in 17 counties reaching over 16 million residents. Further, the Ministry conducted indoor residual spraying of mosquito flies in Homa Bay and Migori counties protecting over 2 million residents and administered 671,762 doses of malaria vaccine to children under 5 years in malaria endemic areas.
896. To support primary healthcare services, the Ministry allocated KSh.900Million which covered the cost of 57,170,883 outpatient visits in Level 2 and 3 health centres. The Ministry also facilitated 1,163,712 pregnant mothers to benefit from the *Linda Mama* Programme where KSh.3.6Billion was disbursed to NHIF compared to KSh.4Billion in the previous year. In addition, the Ministry scaled up diagnostic capacity where 38 public and private laboratories in Nairobi, Kisumu, Mombasa, Kilifi, Wajir, Kericho, Uasin Gishu, Machakos, Busia, Nakuru, Kajiado, and Trans Nzoia counties were able to conduct confirmatory tests for COVID-19.
897. To improve access to quality healthcare services, the Ministry of Health equipped dialysis sites, 219 theatres, 14 ICU facilities and 98 hospitals with state of the art radiology equipment across all the 47 counties. The Ministry enhanced protection of the marginalized by facilitating the vetting process of PWDs for tax relief where 3,140 tax exemptions were awarded. The Ministry also implemented the Health Insurance Subsidy Programme for

the poor and vulnerable where additional 653 households benefited bringing the total number of beneficiaries to 181,968 households. Further, the Ministry implemented the Health Insurance Subsidy Programme for older persons and PWSN where 42,000 households benefited.

898. To enhance quality healthcare, National Hospital Insurance Fund (NHIF) through Health Insurance Subsidy Programme administered benefits to 181,315 beneficiaries. In addition, the Fund registered 984,367 indigents against a target of 1 million, translating to 98% achievement. The Fund also disbursed KSh.4.3Billion to the *Linda Mama* Programme and KSh.618,600 to OVCs. To foster equality, the Fund registered 2,423,808 secondary students in public schools and disbursed KSh.425.5Million towards the *EduAfya* Scheme. Further, the Fund disbursed KSh.62.1Billion to members to facilitate access to medical services.
899. To enhance access to quality healthcare, NHIF contracted 7,666 healthcare providers that included 5,831 government hospitals, 311 faith based hospitals and 1,524 private hospitals across the country. In addition, the Fund disbursed KSh.57Million to patients requiring specialized treatment in overseas medical facilities. To foster social justice, the Fund donated an ambulance to Kenyatta National Hospital to support ambulatory care for patients.
900. Kenya Medical Training College (KMTTC) promoted the right to education by graduating 12,659 students in various disciplines from 71 campuses. In addition, the College admitted 19,933 students to various courses during the reporting period. The College further facilitated 9,915 needy students to receive funding from HELB, 2,455 students from Constituency Development Fund and 61 students from Rattansi Educational Trust.

901. To enhance social justice, Kenya Medical Research Institute (KEMRI) conducted a medical camp at Christ is the Answer Ministries, Kiambu road benefitting 425 people. In addition, the Institute donated 250,000 sanitizers to Government offices, ports of entry to Kenya, medical institutions and the public. To enhance human dignity, the Institute conducted 150 research studies on human health to improve the quality of life.
902. To promote the right to healthcare, Kenya Medical Supplies Authority (KEMSA) donated medical commodities worth KSh.81.4Million to 40 health facilities in various counties. In addition, the Authority in partnership with the Max Foundation donated 1,048 packets of Imatinib 400mg amounting to KSh.257.8Million. The Authority also procured and distributed HIV commodities worth KSh.5.3Billion. To foster protection of the marginalized, approximately 78,000 children below 5 years benefited from nutritional commodities supplied in Turkana County targeting both moderate and severe malnutrition cases. In addition, 12,000 malnourished women also received therapeutic food supplements in Turkana County.
903. To enhance equity, KEMSA distributed anti-malaria drugs worth KSh.157Million to malaria endemic counties in Nyanza and Western regions while non-malaria prone regions received drugs worth KSh.4.7Million. Further, the Authority supplied nutrition commodities worth KSh.536.6Million to ASAL counties compared to non-ASAL regions that received KSh.130.5Million worth of commodities. To promote equality, KEMSA distributed methadone worth KSh.35.5Million and condoms, lubricants and syphilis drugs worth KSh.267.5Million to all 47 counties.
904. The Authority also expanded network distribution of ARV commodities by 300 facilities and distributed Health Products and Technology worth

KSh.26.7Billion to 8,904 health facilities in all 47 counties. KEMSA in collaboration with Global Fund distributed nutrition commodities worth KSh.175.4Million to the 47 counties to support expectant mothers, children and adults suffering from acute malnutrition. In addition, the Authority procured and distributed sun screen lotion and lip care worth KSh.32.6Million to protect persons with albinism from negative effects of direct sunlight and HIV commodities worth KSh.5.3Million.

905. To protect the dignity of girls, National AIDS Control Council (NACC) in partnership with Safaricom, Sunda Kenya and Plan International distributed 8,520 sanitary pads to 17,477 teenage girls across the 47 counties during the World Aids Day. Further, to reduce teenage pregnancies and HIV infections, the Council conducted 4 dialogue forums in Kilifi, Homa Bay, Narok and Nakuru counties on factors fueling high teenage pregnancies and HIV among young women.
906. To enhance the right to quality healthcare services, Moi Teaching and Referral Hospital (MTRH) attended to 42,748 inpatients and 464,754 outpatients. In addition, the Hospital conducted 11,978 deliveries and implemented a waiver and exemption system that enabled the public access treatment amounting to KSh.503.3Million. The Hospital also served over 12,932 youth through the Rafiki Centre for Excellence in Adolescent Health. Further, the Hospital graduated 449 students with Diplomas and Higher National Diplomas in Nursing and Clinical Medicine.
907. The Hospital through the Academic Programme for Access to Healthcare (AMPATH) tested and counseled 522,318 individuals on HIV/AIDS out of which 185,762 were enrolled on anti-retroviral therapy and a 95.42% viral suppression rate was achieved. To promote the right to information, the

Hospital sensitized 42,670 clients on NHIF to enhance access to healthcare services out of which 5,872 clients enrolled into the scheme.

908. To foster human rights and social justice, MTRH conducted a medical camp in Ndhiwa, Homa Bay County whereby drugs worth KSh.250,000 were donated to Ndhiwa Sub County Hospital and specialized multi-disciplinary healthcare services were provided. In addition, the Hospital in collaboration with Lions Club screened over 3,200 eye patients and undertook over 300 surgeries free of charge. Further, the Hospital through the Alcohol and Drug Abuse Unit treated and rehabilitated 66 patients suffering from drug and alcohol complications. Separately, to enhance access to healthcare services, Kenyatta National Hospital (KNH) attended to 694,795 inpatients and 360,565 outpatients during the period under review. The Hospital promoted human dignity by offering KSh.7.3Billion as waivers and exemptions to indigent patients.
909. Commodities Fund enhanced human dignity by disbursing loans amounting to KSh.358Million to coffee, coconut and sugarcane farmers for development. To foster protection of the marginalized, the Fund disbursed loans to qualified applicants amounting to KSh.358.1Million out of which KSh.30.1Million was awarded to women and youth and KSh.11.8Million to regions that had no access to funding. Separately, to promote social justice, Tea Board of Kenya in collaboration with KTDA small holder tea factories distributed 140 computers in selected public secondary schools in 11 tea growing counties to enhance digital literacy.
910. National Cereals and Produce Board (NCPB) handled and stored 163,000 of 50Kgs bags of assorted famine relief stock which were distributed to various food deficit areas across the country. Separately, Warehouse Receipt System Council enhanced social justice by distributing over 2,000

maize storage bags in various counties to farmers. To promote the right to information, the Council trained farmers from Nakuru, Baringo, Trans Nzoia, Kakamega and Bungoma counties on the warehouse receipt system during the harvest season.

911. The State Department for Livestock fostered protection of the marginalized by conducting livestock disease surveillance on MERS-COV in Garissa, Marsabit and Isiolo counties. In addition, the State Department promoted equity and non-discrimination by distributing 2 million doses of Peste des Petis Ruminants (PPR) vaccines in the counties as shown in Table 16.

Table 16: PPR vaccine distribution

No.	County	PPR Dose
1.	Baringo	50,000
2.	Samburu	100,000
3.	Laikipia	50,000
4.	Isiolo	100,000
5.	Kajiado	350,000
6.	Meru	30,000
7.	Narok	350,000
8.	Taita Taveta	200,000
9.	Trans Nzoia	30,000
10.	Kirinyaga	30,000
11.	Elgeyo Marakwet	30,000
12.	Embu	30,000

Source: State Department for Livestock Report, 2021

912. Kenya Agricultural and Livestock Research Organization (KALRO) improved the livelihood of farmers by conducting 420 stakeholder sessions on various crops and livestock husbandry practices throughout the country. In addition, to enhance access to information, the Organization trained 60 agricultural product value chain and innovation platform champions. To foster human dignity through food security, the Organization availed over 581,938 breeding chicks to county governments for distribution to farmers.

913. To foster social justice, Kenya Veterinary Vaccines Production Institute distributed 5 million doses of assorted animal vaccines to farmers in ASALs. Separately, Kenya Animal Genetic Resource Centre donated 4,000 doses of semen to livestock farming communities in Homa Bay, Meru and Migori counties. In addition, the Centre issued 65 artificial insemination kits to farming communities at a subsidized rate in Homa Bay, Kirinyaga, Uasin Gishu, Nairobi, Nyeri, Meru, Siaya, Vihiga, Trans Nzoia and Kisii counties. The Centre also enhanced access to water by supporting establishment of 4 water projects in Mariara Kauthene, Mutethia, Thingithu Kauthene and Manthi Kanywee.
914. New Kenya Planters Co-operative Union (PLC) fostered human dignity by marketing and selling 906.6 tonnes of coffee to the international market to ensure maximum return to farmers and advanced 4,000 bags of fertilizers to coffee farmers. The Company promoted the right to information by conducting 52 public barazas for farmers. In addition, the Company conducted 104 sensitization forums for coffee farmers on access and use of the Coffee Cherry Advance Revolving Fund.
915. To promote human dignity, Sacco Societies Regulatory Authority (SASRA) received 307 complaints and resolved 221 relating to operations and activities of SACCOs. Separately, to encourage women to engage in dairy farming, the New Kenya Cooperative Creameries Limited donated 30 milk cans (50 litres each) to Kajiado Women Cooperatives and donated a milk cooler to Purko community.
916. To enhance human dignity, Kenya Civil Aviation Authority (KCAA) completed the construction of a guard house at a cost of KSh.5.4Million in Ngong Air Navigation Service Station and a Disaster Recovery Centre Building at a cost of KSh.381.5Million. To promote the right to decent

housing, the Authority completed the construction of 3 staff houses at a cost of KSh.14.9Million in Wajir Air Navigation Service Station. Further, the Authority, through the East African School of Aviation, promoted the right to education by training 2,689 students on various courses. To foster social justice, the Authority sensitized students from Inkuisok Primary School, Kajiado County, Mikinduri Girls' Secondary School, Meru County and Scout Association, Siaya County on various aviation training opportunities available to school leavers.

917. Kenya Airports Authority (KAA) fostered social justice by donating KSh.800,000 towards various community programmes. Further, the Authority supported the Government's COVID-19 vaccination drive by facilitating shipment of 23,279,820 COVID-19 vaccines out of which 9,614,540 were Astrazeneca, 2,325,260 Moderna, 7,272,000 Johnson & Johnson, 3,868,020 Pfizer and 200,000 Sinopharm. Separately, to promote protection of the marginalized, Bandari Maritime Academy partnered with KeNHA to train 74 students from needy families in various technical skills. To enhance human dignity, Kenya Ports Authority in partnership with NACADA trained 90 employees on drug abuse and prevention.
918. The State Department for Infrastructure, through the National Roads 2000 Strategy, created 1,010 jobs for unemployed youth to foster protection of the marginalized. Separately, Kenya Roads Board (KRB) promoted equity through equitable allocation of KSh.25Million to 290 constituencies to undertake road maintenance of constituency link roads. The Board enhanced access to information by undertaking road safety awareness sensitizations for 350 boda boda operators in Kajiado central. Further, the Board fostered social justice by participating in the Standard Chartered Bank marathon and donated KSh.360,000 towards the event.

919. Kenya Rural Roads Authority (KeRRA) upgraded 1,165.8km of roads to bitumen standards and maintained 22,130.63Km of rural roads to enhance access to social amenities. The Authority also designed 2,253.20km of rural roads and constructed 8 bridges across the country creating 46,298 jobs. To promote equity and equality, the Authority disbursed KSh.4.9Billion accounting for 10% equitable allocation to the 47 counties. In addition, the Authority disbursed KSh.5.539Billion to 290 constituencies with each constituency receiving KSh19.1Million for road maintenance. Further, the Authority disbursed KSh.1.911Billion being 10% of Road Maintenance Levy Funds to the 290 constituencies with each constituency receiving KSh.6.5Million for road maintenance.
920. To promote human dignity, Kenya Urban Roads Authority (KURA), through the Informal Settlement Programme, constructed 408km of roads in low income areas to improve security and access to services. Further, the Authority, under the Outer Ring Road Development Programme, constructed a fresh produce market along Kangundo Road at a cost of KSh.800Million whereby 1,345 people, including 15 PWDs were allocated stalls.
921. The State Department for Housing and Urban Development promoted human dignity by implementing the National Hygiene Programme (*Kazi Mtaani*) which benefited 283,000 youths. In addition, the State Department continued to refurbish 922 Government rental houses across the country at a cost of KSh.518.7Million. To enhance security of tenure in informal settlements across the country, the State Department, under the Kenya Informal Settlements Improvement Project (KISIP) I, coordinated issuance of 12,624 land titles in selected informal settlements in counties.

The State Department also leased new office space for 16 MDAs with a total space of 227,337ft² at a cost of KSh.423.9Million per annum.

922. To support livelihood and provide a conducive business environment, the State Department constructed 6 markets while construction of 29 markets are ongoing. The State Department also allocated market stalls to 6,385 beneficiaries as follows; Kikuyu (555), Kihara (364), Juja (395), Ruiru (1,200), Mwariri (362), Karandini (207), Ngong (1,685), Gikomba Phase I (597) and Uhuru Business Park Market Complex (1,030). The State Department promoted equity by distributing the Urban Development Grant to 59 municipalities based on population. In addition, the State Department, under KISIP II, identified 65 settlements in 33 participating counties for tenure and infrastructure improvement based on population and infrastructural needs.
923. The State Department for Public Works promoted human dignity and social justice by constructing 12 footbridges in Kilifi, Nyamira, Kisii, Nakuru, Machakos, Isiolo, Wajir, Mandera and West Pokot counties. In addition, the State Department constructed Wang'uru Stadium in Kirinyaga County and Mamboleo Stadium in Kisumu County while Kirigiti Stadium in Kiambu County is under construction.
924. To enhance access to ICT services, Communications Authority of Kenya supported roll out of Phase 2 of Universal Service Fund Cellular Project targeting 17 counties. In addition, the Authority, through Phase I of the Broadband Connectivity to School Project, provided internet to 886 public secondary schools to enhance access to educational material. To foster protection of the marginalized, the Authority facilitated supply, delivery and installation of software for visually impaired in 56 e-Resource centres located in public libraries.

925. To foster protection of the marginalized, Kenya Film Classification Board (KFCB) examined and classified 476 films to impose age restrictions. Separately, Kenya Yearbook Editorial Board enhanced social justice by donating KSh.100,000 to support persons affected by COVID-19 pandemic.
926. The Ministry of ICT, Innovation and Youth Affairs established 135 constituency innovation hubs with ICT infrastructure to provide access to e-Government services at grass root level. Separately, ICT Authority enhanced inclusiveness by recruiting 400 interns from the 47 counties to participate in the Presidential Digital Talent Programme whereby 29 represented marginalized communities and 3 PWDs.
927. To promote the right to information, the State Department for Youth Affairs through the *Vijana Vuka na Afya* Project trained 150 youth peer educators on sexual reproductive health in Mombasa, Nairobi and Kisumu counties. In addition, the State Department disbursed KSh.36Million to 4 firms to implement the Future *Bora* Initiative under the KYEOP to expand economic opportunities for vulnerable and under-served Kenyan youth. The State Department implemented the KYEOP (cycle 6 and 7) enlisting 13,438 youth for cycle 6 and selecting 43,139 youth during the cycle 7A intake. Further, the State Department implemented the *Kazi Mtaani* Programme which benefited 283,210 youths in 900 informal settlements across the country.
928. To enhance youth empowerment, Youth Enterprise Development Fund (YEDF) facilitated 1,250 youths to market their products both locally and internationally through trade fairs and other forums. In addition, 1,271 youths entrepreneurs were facilitated to secure affordable trading spaces to enable them compete with other established business enterprises. The Fund

also disbursed KSh.580.7Million to youth enterprises benefiting 82,991 youths and provided business development services to 87,081 youths.

929. Further, to promote protection of the marginalized, YEDF in collaboration with the State Department for Youth Affairs and Youth Employment Scheme Abroad (YESA) facilitated 2,656 youths to access jobs in foreign countries. To promote the right to information, the Fund, through the Enterprise Development Programme, trained 82,560 youths, women and PWDs on entrepreneurship and AGPO. Separately, National Youth Council, through the *Fursa* Programme, trained 1,318 youths on youth empowerment for national stability.

930. During the period under review, MDAs offered attachment and internship opportunities as indicated in Table 17.

Table 17: Attachments and internships offered by MDAs

No.	Institution	No. of Interns/Attachees
1.	Anti-Counterfeit Authority	41
2.	Athi Water Works Development Agency	41
3.	Bukura Agricultural College	265
4.	Capital Markets Authority	17
5.	Chuka University	52
6.	Coast Water Works Development Agency	104
7.	Dedan Kimathi University of Technology	49
8.	Directorate of Immigration Services	91
9.	East Africa Portland Cement	122
10.	Energy & Petroleum Regulatory Authority	38
11.	Ewaso Ng'iro North River Basin Development Authority	25
12.	Fish Levy Trust Fund	3
13.	Government Press	24
14.	Jaramogi Oginga Odinga University of Science and Technology	124
15.	Judiciary	1,358
16.	Katine Technical Training Institute	9
17.	Kenya Bureau of Standards	247
18.	Kenya Coast National Polytechnic	26
19.	Kenya Fisheries Service	18

20.	Kenya Industrial Property Institute	25
21.	Kenya Industrial Research and Development Institute	406
22.	Kenya Medical Research Institute	84
23.	Kenya National Highways Authority	173
24.	Kenya National Library Service	70
25.	Kenya Power & Lighting Company PLC	1,499
26.	Kenya Railways	348
27.	Kenya Revenue Authority	768
28.	Kenya School of Adventure and Leadership	12
29.	Kenya School of Government	240
30.	Kenya Trade Network Agency	22
31.	Kenya Veterinary Vaccination Production Institute	63
32.	Kenya Water Towers Agency	5
33.	Kenya Wildlife Service	158
34.	Laikipia University	100
35.	Lake Victoria South Water Works Development Agency	84
36.	Michuki Technical Training Institute	2
37.	Ministry of Devolution	16
38.	Ministry of Energy	56
39.	Moi Teaching and Referral Hospital	3,972
40.	Multimedia University	133
41.	National Commission for Science, Technology and Innovation	15
42.	National Council for Persons with Disabilities	132
43.	National Hospital Insurance Fund	894
44.	National Social Security Fund	741
45.	The National Treasury	26
46.	New Kenya Cooperative Creameries	259
47.	NEPAD/APRM Kenya Secretariat	1
48.	Nyeri National Polytechnic	35
49.	PC Kinyanjui Technical Training Institute	8
50.	Pwani University	59
51.	Retirement Benefits Authority	21
52.	Sacco Societies Regulatory Authority	17
53.	Shamberere Technical Training Institute	50
54.	Sigalagala National Polytechnic	32
55.	State Department for Fisheries, Aquaculture and the Blue Economy	30
56.	State Department for Gender	21
57.	State Department for Infrastructure	34
58.	State Department for Livestock	794
59.	State Department for Regional and Northern Corridor Development	20
60.	State Department for University Education and Research	25
61.	Tea Board of Kenya	8
62.	Teachers Service Commission	32

63.	Unclaimed Financial Assets Authority	47
64.	Warehouse Receipt System Council	5

Source: MDAs Reports, 2021

931. Kenya Academy of Sports fostered non-discrimination and protection of the marginalized by training 10 deaf coaches and 1 member of staff on the Kenya sign language. The Academy enhanced access to information by sensitizing 200 youths in Uasin Gishu, Elgeyo Marakwet and Nandi counties and 50 athletes in Iten town on a safeguarding policy to prevent harassment, abuse and exploitation in sports.
932. The State Department for Culture and Heritage fostered protection of the marginalized by training 1,600 women on modern beading techniques. To enhance the right to information, the State Department through Kenya National Archives provided access to records and archives to 641 researchers. The Archives also provided access to 150 historical boundary records to address boundary and land disputes. Separately, Kenya National Library Service provided access to library services to 1,243,592 adults and 3,996,997 children in all the 64 branches across the country. In addition, the Library facilitated access to services for 164,234 people from marginalized areas through mobile libraries. To promote the right to information, Kenya Broadcasting Corporation (KBC) in partnership with other stakeholders donated 260 radio sets to schools.
933. Coast Development Authority (CDA) promoted access to water by excavating an earth fill water dam for the Yaqrith community with a capacity of 80,000m³, 2 earth fill pans for Abaq Qiiq community with a capacity of 200,000m³ and for the Galmagala community with a capacity of 350,000m³. In addition, the Authority implemented Chakama

Smallholder Irrigation Project in Kilifi County covering 350 acres of land benefiting 568 farmers.

934. To promote the rights of labour migrants, National Employment Authority (NEA) facilitated recruitment of 94,233 Kenyans to work in Saudi Arabia through the *Musaned* system. Further, the Authority in collaboration with International Labour Organization sensitized 168 migrant workers and other stakeholders in Nairobi, Mombasa, Nandi and Busia counties on the Fairway Project aimed at providing migrant worker returnees with psychosocial support.
935. In addition, the Authority in collaboration with NITA trained 121 homecare providers and 534 Trainers of Trainers on homecare training. The Authority also trained and accredited 116,168 domestic workers and registered 7,440 job seekers and 1,041 interns during the period under review. Separately, National Social Security Fund (NSSF) promoted equity by establishing 59 service points to enhance service delivery across the country.
936. The State Department for Social Protection, Pensions and Senior Citizens Affairs, through Street Families Rehabilitation Trust Fund, fostered protection of the marginalized by rescuing, rehabilitating and reintegrating over 500 street persons back to society. Separately, National Council for Persons with Disabilities (NCPWD) promoted the right to information by sensitizing 138 MDAs on disability mainstreaming. In addition, the Council trained 364 public officers offering essential services on Kenya Sign language to offer services to PWDs across the country. To enhance protection of the marginalized, the Council disbursed cash transfers to 35,536 poor and vulnerable households taking care of persons with severe disability.

937. The State Department for Tourism disbursed KSh.2.20Billion for implementation of the Economic Stimulus Programme in the hospitality industry during the COVID-19 pandemic. In addition, the State Department enhanced protection of the marginalized by purchasing disability assistive devices worth KSh.1.4Million for staff with disability. Separately, the State Department for Wildlife disbursed KSh.1.1Billion as compensation for human-wildlife conflict. The claims were attributed to loss of life, injuries and destruction of crops by wildlife.
938. To promote the right to clean environment, National Environment Management Authority (NEMA) received and responded to 884 environmental complaints and incidents on air quality, waste management, water quality, oil spills, noise and excessive vibration. In addition, the Authority fostered protection of the marginalized by establishing 17 adaptation villages for water harvesting in the counties of Kajiado (4), Machakos (1), Laikipia (1), Kisumu (2), Homa Bay (4), Wajir (3) and Garissa (2) which are 60% complete. Separately, Kenya Water Towers Agency (KWTA) enhanced social justice by donating a briquette making machine to *Jikaze* self-help group, Kilifi County and 100 beehives to Gwasssi CFA, Homa Bay County as an alternative source of livelihood.
939. The Ministry of Water, Sanitation and Irrigation improved access to clean water from 62.9% in 2019 to 65.5% in 2021 and increased sewage coverage in urban areas from 26.1% to 27.7% in 2021. In addition, the Ministry increased the national sanitation coverage to 82.5% during the period under review. Further, the Ministry supported the construction of 23,306 water pans for household irrigation in ASAL regions.
940. To promote equity and equality, the Ministry implemented 685 water and sanitation projects and 610 irrigation projects across the country. The

Ministry also established Central Rift Valley Water Works Development Agency and North Rift Valley Water Works Development Agency to enhance service delivery in underserved areas. Further, the Ministry fostered access to information by conducting sensitizations for community and irrigation personnel in 23 counties. To boost food security, the Ministry increased the area under irrigation from 504,880 acres to 552,000 acres.

941. To enhance protection of the marginalized, the Ministry increased access to water services to an additional 164,880 people and sanitation services to 15,920 people in ASAL and underserved areas. The Ministry also constructed 91 small dams/ pans with storage capacity of 0.6 billion m³ in ASAL areas. Further, the Ministry through the Equalization Fund completed 28 water projects in marginalized areas benefiting 100,000 people and 3.5 million livestock. In addition, the Ministry, through the Drought Resilience Programme, increased area under irrigation in Turkana and Marsabit counties at a cost of KSh.399.45Billion. The Programme is expected to benefit 340,000 people in Marsabit and 255,000 in Turkana counties.

942. To improve access to water and sanitation services, Water Sector Trust Fund (WSTF), under the Joint Six Programme, supported 3 water projects, 7 sanitation projects, 2 community led sanitation projects and 6 COVID-19 response projects in Laikipia, Nandi, Tharaka Nithi, Narok, Migori and Kwale counties benefitting 41,712 people. Further, the Fund, under the Water and Livelihood Programme, supported 5 water projects, 5 sanitation projects and 5 water resource projects in Turkana County. The Fund also disbursed KSh.34.2Million to implementing partners in Turkana West to improve access to water for 11,916 people and sanitation for 10,122 people.

943. In addition, WSTF, under the Conditional Liquidity Support Grant Programme, improved access to water and sanitation among the urban poor areas by disbursing KSh.3.1Billion to support 77 water service providers to maintain operations and service delivery in 45 counties. Further, the Fund, through the Upscaling Basic Sanitation for the Urban Poor Project, completed 5 decentralized treatment facilities and a public sanitation facility serving 115,000 people. The Fund also, through the Output Based Aid Programme, funded 9 water and sewerage service providers in Makueni, Kajiado, Nyeri, Kisumu, Nakuru, Embu and Murang'a counties at a cost of KSh.1.1Billion benefiting 120,000 people. The Fund, through the Ending Drought Emergencies Programme, continued to implement 27 water and sanitation projects in Kajiado, Baringo, Kitui, Mandera, Kilifi, West Pokot, Samburu and Taita Taveta counties which are 70% complete.
944. Tana Water Works Development Agency (TWWDA) enhanced access to water and sanitation services by implementing 7 sanitation infrastructure projects in the counties of Tharaka Nithi, Kirinyaga, Meru, Nyeri, Marsabit and Mandera at a cost of KSh.4.3Billion expected to benefit 316,172 people. In addition, the Agency, under the Universal Health Coverage Programme, implemented water and sanitation projects in 15 health facilities in Kirinyaga County at a cost of KSh.101.5Million benefitting 4,320 people.
945. Tana Water Works Development Agency also commenced construction of 6 dedicated pipelines from existing water supplies at Kianyaga sub-county Hospital, Kimbimbi sub-county Hospital, Sagana sub-county Hospital, Mureru Dispensary, Kiambere Dispensary and Mutuati sub-county Hospital. In addition, the Agency erected 3 steel water tanks at Gatunga Model Health Centre, Kerugoya sub-county Hospital and Kangungi

Dispensary. To enhance protection of the marginalized, the Agency commenced implementation of 8 water supply and sanitation projects in Mandera, Marsabit, Garissa, Tharaka Nithi, Meru and Isiolo counties at a cost of KSh.5.3Billion, benefiting 776,732 people.

946. Northern Water Works Development Agency (NWWDA) fostered social justice by purchasing 60 collapsible tanks for communities affected by drought. In addition, the Agency provided fuel for boreholes in Marsabit, Samburu, Wajir and Garissa counties to promote the right to water and sanitation services.
947. The Agency constructed 3 water pans in Ntulet serving 1,300 households in Samburu, Wargadud serving 1,400 households in Mandera East and Bulla Nyanga serving 1,400 households in Garissa county. The Agency further rehabilitated 4 boreholes in Luragi serving 700 households, drilled and equipped Resmi borehole serving 550 households in Samburu county, Qurdodo borehole serving 800 households in Mandera and Qarsa Simiti dam serving 900 households in Marsabit.
948. Coast Water Works Development Agency (CWWDA) increased water supply by 1,203,814m³ from its bulk water sources which enabled 56,982 additional people access clean water. The Agency also installed 2 draw-off points along the 40km Marere pipeline, Kwale County to supply water to the communities living along the pipeline. Further, the Agency provided water bowsers to distribute free water to Magarini, Kaloleni, Rabai and Ganze sub counties.
949. To enhance access to water, Athi Water Works Development Agency (AWWDA) constructed 193 elevated pre-stressed steel tanks in informal settlements within the Nairobi Metropolitan area. The elevated tanks yield 27,770m³/hr of water and serve 1,388,952 people. In addition, the Agency

drilled, rehabilitated and equipped several boreholes which yield 14,068m³/hr of water to serve 703,400 beneficiaries. Separately, Lake Victoria North Water Works Development Agency (LVNWWDA) promoted the right to safe and clean drinking water by implementing the Water for Schools Project in 12 schools.

950. Ewaso Ng’iro North River Basin Development Authority (ENNDA) fostered equity and protection of the marginalized by providing 14,400,000 litres of water through water trucking to the remote regions of Isiolo County, serving approximately 1,400 households. Further, the Authority provided 7,200,000 litres of water to Wajir County, serving approximately 720 households and 7,200,000 litres to Garissa County, serving approximately 720 households. The Authority also constructed Walensu water pan with a capacity of 43,000m³ at a cost of KSh.18.6Million in Marsabit County to serve approximately 4,500 households.

951. In addition, the Authority constructed 4 mega dams in the northern and eastern regions to address severe drought as indicated in Table 18:

Table 18: Dams constructed by ENNDA

	Dam	County	Capacity (m ³)	Cost (KSh.)	Beneficiaries	
					Human	Animal
1.	Chaffa Chachane Earth Fill Embarkment	Marsabit	500,000	230,582,110	28,000	272,000
2.	Eressa Teno Homogeneous Earth Fill	Wajir	200,000	94,884,910	50,000	272,000
3.	Boji Garse Earth Fill Embarkment	Mandera	500,000	222,119,425	44,000	375,000
4.	Malalba Earth Fill	Marsabit	200,000	88,815,583	21,000	263,000

Source: ENNDA Report, 2021

952. North Rift Valley Water Works Development Agency (NRVWWDA) increased access to water and sanitation by constructing Kakiteitei water

pan to serve 500 people and 2 sanitation facilities in Chepchor and Merur. The Agency also sunk boreholes in Flax, Chepareria, Nakurio and Kapua and implemented last mile sanitation projects in Cheparia and Kapenguria. In addition, to foster protection of the marginalized, the Agency commissioned Kosich-Embobut Water Supply Project to improve social economic livelihood among the Sengwer community in Elgeyo Marakwet County. Separately, Kenya Water Institute enhanced access to clean water by drilling 6 boreholes in Kakamega County.

953. The Ministry of Energy facilitated access to power by connecting 250,695 customers through the Last-Mile Connectivity Project. To enhance human dignity and protection of the marginalized, the Ministry continued to implement the Kenya Off-Grid Solar Access Project (KOSAP), resulting in the sale of 77,438 solar home systems and 5,478 cook stoves. The Ministry promoted clean cook technologies by constructing and commissioning 100 biogas projects and selling 3,704 clean cook stoves. In addition, the Ministry identified 145 mini grid sites for construction of mini grids for households, enterprises and community facilities in Mandera, Narok, Kwale, Samburu, Kilifi, Lamu, Wajir, Turkana, Isiolo, Garissa and Tana River counties.

954. To promote social justice, Kenya Electricity Generating Company (KenGen) donated 70,000 litre water tanks to communities around KenGen installations. In addition, the Company donated 120 tonnes of food in Turkana, Marsabit, Murang'a, Mbeere, Kisumu, Kitui, Olkaria and Mombasa. The Company also donated 2,000 sanitary towels to school girls in Turkana and Kiambere. The Company enhanced protection of the marginalized by awarding 187 scholarships to secondary and university students amounting to KSh.13.5Million in 7 operational areas.

955. Kenya Electricity Transmission Company Limited (KETRACO) promoted human dignity by compensating and resettling 100 persons affected by the 132kv 105km Sultan Hamud-Merueshi-Loitokok transmission line project. In addition, the Company compensated and resettled persons affected by the 240km 220kv Garsen-Hola-Bura-Garissa transmission line project, 40km 400kv Isinya-Konza transmission line project, 308km 400/220/132kv Olkaria-Lessos-Kisumu transmission line project, 100km 400kv Kenya Tanzania interconnector project, 96km 132kv Isinya-Namanga transmission line project, and 148km 220kv Kamburu-Embu-Thika transmission line project.
956. KETRACO enhanced protection of the marginalized by implementing the 240km 220kv Garsen-Hola-Bura-Garissa transmission line project, which is 48% complete, to supply reliable power to Hola, Bura and surrounding regions in Tana River and Garissa counties.
957. To promote equity and social justice, Kenya Power & Lighting Company PLC through the Last Mile Connectivity Project (Phase 1) increased the number of customers from 202,216 in the year 2020 to 208,032 in the year 2021, representing an overall achievement of 92%. The Last Mile Connectivity Project (Phase 2) increased customers from 173,563 in 2020 to 290,131 in 2021. In addition, the Company installed electric pumps, fitted overhead tanks, water kiosks, powerhouse and cattle troughs in Eshibinga, Kakamega County and Hapruoth, Homa Bay County at a cost of KSh.8Million. The Company also recruited 76 members of staff from marginalized areas of north eastern region, Lamu and Turkana counties.
958. Rural Electrification and Renewable Energy Corporation (REREC) fostered human dignity by connecting power to 556 public facilities and installing 492 transformers across the country under the Rural

Electrification Programme. Separately, Energy & Petroleum Regulatory Authority (EPRA) enhanced social justice by donating 2,000 reflector jackets and 1,000 face masks to the *Kazi Mtaani* Initiative.

959. To promote social justice, Nuclear Power and Energy Agency (NuPEA) donated 20,000 sanitaryware and accessories to primary and secondary schools in Kericho, Kisumu and Vihiga counties. Separately, National Oil Corporation of Kenya (NOCK) constructed a dormitory and purchased 40 double-decker beds for Oloika Secondary School in Kajiado and organized eye camps in Mombasa and Kwale counties where cataract surgeries were performed.

960. The State Department for Gender promoted human dignity and human rights by campaigning against GBV and FGM whereby 4,009 GBV cases were reported through the toll free line 1195. Separately, Women Enterprise Fund enhanced protection of the marginalized by disbursing KSh.3Billion to 11,361 women groups as loans and grants to improve livelihoods. To enhance human dignity, Uwezo Fund Oversight Board disbursed KSh.491Million to 3,474 women groups, 1,199 youth groups and 157 PWD groups to initiate income generating activities. In addition, to foster equity, the Board approved funding proposals from all the 290 constituencies amounting to KSh.6.9Billion to finance 74,655 groups.

961. National Government Affirmative Action Fund (NGAAF) fostered human dignity and social justice by donating sanitary pads in Busia County to 280 students in Wakhungu Primary School, 749 students in St. Annes Bunyala Girls, 700 students in Busagwa Primary School, 50 students in Erapu Girls and 21 teenage mothers from Busia YMCA Youth Centre. Separately, to promote the right to information, Anti-FGM Board sensitized 3,584 stakeholders in 22 hotspot counties on human rights, negative effects of

FGM, provisions of the Prohibition of Female Genital Mutilation Act, 2011 and the need to preserve the dignity of women and girls.

962. To enhance the right to fair administrative action, Commission on Administrative Justice (CAJ) resolved 2,783 complaints and received over 100 complaints in relation to the right to access to information. To foster protection of the marginalized, the Commission recruited 16 members of staff from marginalized and minority communities.
963. Public Service Commission promoted equality and non-discrimination by appointing 5,324 new officers (2,521 males, 2,803 females who included 132 PWDs). In addition, the Commission conducted a survey which established that 71.7% of the institutions supported PWDs by providing assistive devices, flexi hours, wellness programmes, customized furniture and sanitary facilities, personal aids, psychological and counseling services, training and provision of institutional housing. Further, 63.7% of the institutions supported PWDs by providing sign language interpreters, signages and customized furniture while 62.6% of the institutions transcribed documents into Braille. This was an increase by 7.9% compared to 2019/2020.
964. During the reporting period, over 1,225,000 candidates sat for the KCPE examinations from over 28,000 examination centres across the country while 830,000 candidates sat for the KCSE examinations from 10,413 examination centres. Over 11,000 candidates who scored above 400 marks in KCPE were selected to join the 104 national schools while 531 extra county schools offered admission to 123,399 students. A total of 1,031 county schools admitted 142,358 and 7,325 sub county schools admitted 685,590 students. Separately, the State Department provided capitation to 3,526,197 students in 9,024 public secondary schools. The State

- Department, through the School Health, Nutrition and Meals Programme, provided free meals to 1.7 million learners in ASAL and vulnerable areas.
965. Further, the State Department for Early Learning and Basic Education, through the second cohort of Elimu Scholarship Programme, promoted the right to education by awarding 3,000 scholarships to applicants from urban slums, 6,000 to 110 applicants from disadvantaged sub-counties, 605 to PWDs and 141 to applicants from marginalised communities. In addition, the State Department through global partnerships distributed 10,519,774 books for Grade 1 and 2 out of which 41,299 were for special needs, attaining a pupil textbook ratio of 1:1 in early grades.
966. Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development (KICD) promoted access to education by adapting 188 Competency Based Curriculum (CBC) modules to suit learners with special needs. In addition, the Institute disseminated 175,359,800 curriculum support materials to various learning institutions and broadcasted 1,776 CBC programmes on TV for PP1 to Grade 5 (37 programmes per week). Separately, to foster protection of the marginalized, Jomo Kenyatta Foundation (JKF) awarded scholarships worth KSh.15.7Million to 591 needy students from across the country. The Foundation also published 36 books for use in schools, colleges and the general readership to enhance access to learning materials.
967. To foster human dignity and right to education, Higher Education Loans Board (HELB) disbursed KSh.5.3Billion to 206,286 university students and KSh.2Billion to 65,130 TVET students to facilitate their upkeep. Further, the Board reviewed loan repayment rates downwards for 949 loans worth KSh.2.8Million to cater for those who lost incomes due to job loss, pay cuts and business collapse. To enhance protection of the marginalized, the Board awarded a maximum loan of KSh.60,000 to each of the 16,059

orphans, students with disabilities and students from marginalized counties. The Board fostered inclusiveness by disbursing KSh.1.3Billion to 326,622 students from across the country during the reporting period.

968. In addition, HELB promoted human dignity and social justice by processing 6,914 appeals for unsuccessful applicants or those who needed additional funding whereby an additional KSh.214Million was awarded compared to the previous amount of KSh.14.4Million for 1,366 appeals. The Board also issued 50 assistive devices valued at KSh.167,000 to the Spinal Injuries Hospital and Kiambu Level 5 Hospital. In addition, the Board received 168,300 applications through the HELB mobile application platform and served 80,315 customers through the USSD Gateway (*642#).

969. To promote the right to education, HELB offered 104 scholarships amounting to KSh.31.3Million for 62 Masters and 42 PhD courses and 573 ABSA scholarships amounting to KSh.158.2Million. The Board also issued 79,207 non-loan compliance certificates (to citizens who never benefitted from HELB loans) at no cost to foster equality. To facilitate access to information, HELB revamped the Board's website to make it user friendly whereby 12,930,935 users accessed services and information.

970. Centre for Mathematics, Science and Technology in Africa (CEMASTEA) enhanced access to information by training 10,655 secondary school teachers drawn from 47 counties on STEM. Similarly, Teachers Service Commission (TSC) sensitized 501 officers on the Coaching and Mentorship Policy. In addition, the Commission fostered non-discrimination and protection of the marginalized by promoting 1,376 acting institutional administrators from 10 ASAL counties and hard-to-staff

areas on affirmative action and recruiting 996 qualified teachers with disabilities.

971. Kenya Universities and Colleges Central Placement Service (KUCCPS) enhanced protection of the marginalized by allowing applicants with disability to apply manually and lowering cut off points by 3 points. Consequently, out of 46 applicants, 44 were placed in courses of choice. In addition, to promote the right to education and equity, KUCCPS placed 128,073 and 137,012 students in universities and colleges respectively. KUCCPS also placed 2,243 students through affirmative action. Separately, Commission for University Education (CUE) fostered access to university education by recommending and facilitating the award of charters to National Defence College and Aga Khan University.
972. Jomo Kenyatta University of Science and Technology (JKUAT) in partnership with Africa-ai-Japan promoted social justice by constructing a urine-diverting dry toilet at a cost of KSh.800,000 at Gachororo Primary School. To enhance uptake of STEM courses by female students, the University admitted 213 female students into self-sponsored engineering programmes. Separately, to promote the right to education, Kisii University sponsored 770 needy students through the Work Study Programme by awarding bursaries amounting to KSh.2.3Million. In addition, the University admitted 4,832 undergraduates, 78 masters and 15 doctor of philosophy students and graduated 4,552 students in various fields. The University enhanced social justice by training 20 boda boda representatives in Kisii County on road safety and first aid.
973. Technical University of Kenya (TUK) promoted human dignity and human rights by sensitizing 4,782 first year students on drug abuse, HIV/AIDS, occupational and safety health, tobacco use cessation and COVID-19 as

part of the first-year orientation programme. In partnership with ActionAid and UN Women, the University sensitized 8 top university managers on sexual harassment in higher learning institutions in Kenya. Further, the University organized a retirement sensitization course for 46 members of staff to help them prepare for retirement.

974. The University in partnership with the Ministry of Health vaccinated 800 students and 1,598 staff and conducted 715 COVID-19 tests for staff and students. To foster non-discrimination and protection of the marginalized, the University trained 5 sign language interpreters and admitted 2 students with disabilities from marginalized communities to pursue Diploma in Health Records.
975. To respond to demand for quality and holistic human resource in the job market, the University of Nairobi (UoN) produced 10,672 graduands in various fields including medicine, agriculture, veterinary, health sciences, environmental studies, nuclear science, technological science, engineering, mathematics, education and humanities. Separately, to promote protection of the marginalized, Kenyatta University sponsored 10 students and 2 members of staff for a training on orbit readers to enhance learning for visually impaired students. In addition, the University acquired 10 orbit reader-20 and a portable refreshable braille display to enable visually impaired learners to read stored course content, take notes, conduct internet research and produce written assignments. Further, the University awarded scholarships worth KSh.14.3Million to 34 orphans and vulnerable students.
976. University of Embu enhanced human dignity and social justice by providing foodstuff to 200 needy students residing outside the university and supported 27 needy students with meals during the first semester. The University fostered protection of the marginalized by awarding bursaries to

- 260 needy students and training 2 members of staff on the Kenya sign language.
977. Kirinyaga University awarded bursaries amounting to KSh.631,855 to 63 needy students and sponsored 3 employees to undergo training on sign language. Laikipia University awarded bursaries amounting to KSh.1Million to needy students and placed 200 students on the Work Study Programme. Further, the University promoted access to information by sensitizing 706 students and community members on alcohol and drug abuse, HIV&AIDS prevention, disability mainstreaming and road safety.
978. Chuka University promoted the right to information and social justice by organizing an online orientation programme for 632 students on alcohol and drug abuse. In addition, the University, through the Government spokesperson, sensitized 652 students on career readiness and youth empowerment. Further, the University, through the Chuka University School of Nursing and Public Health, sensitized 3,000 community members on breast and cervical cancer, family planning services, HIV testing, mental health assessment and nutrition. The University also constructed Mbumbui Bridge and a pedestrian footbridge.
979. To reduce the spread of HIV/AIDS, Maseno University distributed 113,298 and 52,055 condoms to students and staff members respectively. The University also sensitized 1,788 staff and family members on HIV&AIDS prevention and provided 481 staff and family members with screening package for HIV, cancer, blood pressure, blood sugar and BMI. In addition, the University sensitized 1,428 staff and family members on non-communicable diseases including cancer, hypertension, stress management and mental health.

980. To enhance social justice and access to information, Maseno University held a medical camp at Maseno market, benefitting 260 people and created awareness on soil and water conservation to 32 farmers. To foster human dignity, the University constructed a hostel with a capacity of 1,500 and sensitized 62 peer counsellors on harassment prevention. Separately, Taita Taveta University promoted the right to education by graduating 680 students in various fields.
981. To foster social justice, Moi University funded the construction of 3 classrooms and an ablution block at St. Paul Kibisi Primary School in Webuye, Bungoma County and Merkei Dispensary in Elgeyo Marakwet County respectively. Separately, to enhance human dignity and human rights, Kibabii University purchased a modern ambulance to improve access to medical services within the University and the community.
982. To promote human dignity, Murang'a University of Technology purchased an ambulance worth KSh.5.8Million and commissioned a 350-bed capacity hostel at a cost of KSh.200Million. In addition, the University replaced hazardous carcinogenic asbestos roofing sheets on university buildings at a cost of KSh.25Million. Separately, Machakos University promoted protection of the marginalized by awarding bursaries worth KSh.1.6Million to needy students.
983. To promote the right to information and protection of the marginalized, University of Kabianga trained 50 peer counsellors to enhance provision of counselling services and psychosocial support within the university. In addition, the University organized a social road trip to Nairobi for 25 students with disability to enhance their sense of belonging. Separately, Rongo University sensitized 200 students on the *Ajira* Digital Programme to facilitate access to online jobs.

984. To enhance the right to adequate housing for students, Koitalel Samoei University College partnered with 120 investors to provide 1,121 rental rooms for students accommodation. The University also employed 91 members of staff from 12 ethnic communities to promote inclusiveness. Separately, Bomet University College promoted the right to education by facilitating graduation of 182 students. In addition, the College fostered inclusiveness by recruiting 163 members of staff from across the country.
985. The State Department for Post Training and Skills Development fostered human dignity and protection of the marginalized by sponsoring 3 members of staff for training as mental health champions and recruited 270 out of 500 trainees from ASAL regions for the National Young Innovators Entrepreneurship Programme.
986. To promote the right to education, Nyeri National Polytechnic admitted 107 young trainees to 9 Competence Based Education and Training (CBET) courses. The Polytechnic also fostered equality and inclusiveness by enrolling 3,869 female trainees to engineering courses and 3,135 female trainees to science related courses. Further, to enhance protection of the marginalized, the Polytechnic facilitated 483 trainees access HELB loan amounting to KSh.12.1Million and 118 trainees access bursaries amounting to KSh.590,000.
987. Further, Nyeri National Polytechnic procured medical drugs and other sanatorium supplies at a cost of KSh1.8Million to facilitate access to medical services by students. In addition, the Polytechnic dispensed 23,668 condoms to protect students and staff against HIV&AIDs and other Sexually Transmitted Infections. The Polytechnic procured and installed CCTV and video surveillance equipment at a cost of KSh.2.4Million to enhance security. To enhance social justice, the Polytechnic constructed 4

COVID-19 water points and donated 14 benches to Mt. Kenya Salvation Army Primary School.

988. To foster human rights and facilitate learning for the less privileged in society, Meru National Polytechnic vetted 80 trainees for the Work Study Programme. Further, the Polytechnic sensitized 100 members of staff on GBV, and 321 trainees and 60 members of staff on mental health. The Polytechnic enhanced the right to information by training 22 farmers on utilization of paddy fields for rice growing. The Polytechnic promoted social justice by donating 340 litres of sanitizers to mentee institutions and the County Government of Meru.
989. To promote the right to education, Kenya Coast National Polytechnic enrolled 7,466 students to pursue various courses. Similarly, Nyandarua National Polytechnic enrolled 2,358 students whereby 338 female students enrolled in STEM courses. Kitale National Polytechnic enrolled 1,400 female students and 1,654 male students to pursue business and technical courses.
990. Sigalagala National Polytechnic renovated classes and purchased 2,000 chairs to provide a conducive learning environment for students. In addition, the Polytechnic admitted 1,400 students from the pastoral communities and enrolled 2,161 female students in STEM courses. Separately, Kabete National Polytechnic promoted human dignity by completing a new tuition complex with a capacity of 3,000 students at a cost of KSh.211.8Million. Eldoret National Polytechnic in partnership with World University Service of Canada sponsored women in technical education courses from Turkana County at a cost of KSh.300,000.
991. To foster social justice, Nairobi Technical Training Institute in partnership with Ngara Comprehensive Health Services and Pumwani Maternity

Hospital held a medical camp benefitting 228 staff, students and families. The Institute promoted the right to information by training 1,085 staff and students on drug and substance abuse, HIV&AIDS and mental health. To enhance the right to education, the Institute admitted 7,682 students. Separately, to upscale uptake of STEM courses by female students, Shamberere Technical Training Institute enrolled 485 female students in engineering courses.

992. To promote protection of the marginalized, PC Kinyanjui Technical Training Institute offered scholarships worth KSh.700,131 to 50 needy students while Mathenge Technical Training Institute awarded bursaries worth KSh.2Million to 107 needy students. Separately, to foster protection of the marginalised, Nkabune Technical Training Institute donated 5 bales of wheat and maize flour, 50kg of rice, 50kg of sugar and 4 cartons of bar soap to vulnerable groups in the community. The Institute also trained 12 women on banana value addition and 3 members of staff in sign language.
993. Masai Technical Training Institute in partnership with Chesire Disability Services ensured protection of the marginalized by sponsoring 12 learners with disabilities to undertake various courses. In addition, the Institute established 2 community based training centres in Kajiado County to enhance service provision to youth with disabilities. Further, the Institute enrolled 23 learners with disabilities in various courses and conducted a disability inclusion education and training for 53 trainees and 178 members of staff. Separately, Mukiria Technical Training Institute enhanced protection of the marginalized by admitting 1,861 students whereby 10 were students with disabilities.
994. To foster human dignity and the right to education, Thika Technical Training Institute constructed 15 precast classes and erected 8 tents to

ensure a conducive learning environment for students. Separately, Katine Technical Training Institute acquired 300 additional lecture chairs for the increasing trainee population and admitted 617 students in 2021 up from 500 in 2020. Kaiboi Technical Training Institute enrolled 2,137 male and 1,134 female students while Tseikuru Technical Training Institute admitted 200 trainees in various courses.

995. To promote social justice, Bushiangala Technical Training Institute constructed a borehole to serve 50 families around the Institute. Separately, Michuki Technical Training Institute donated 6,000 face masks to students and community members while Matili Technical Training Institute donated 7,000 masks to students and the surrounding community. In addition, the Institute admitted 5,600 students from across the country to promote the right to education. Sigalagala National Polytechnic donated 6,000 masks to 6 neighboring primary schools and scouted for female students from girls' secondary schools, and enrolled 4,289 in science courses.
996. Friends College Kaimosi Institute of Research and Technology enhanced human dignity by constructing 2 ablution blocks with accessible toilets for PWDs at a cost of KSh.800,000. The College fostered social justice by distributing reflector jackets, t-shirts and caps worth KSh.35,750 to boda boda riders in Cheptulu and Kaimosi market during the World Remembrance Day. To foster protection of the marginalized, the College in partnership with GIZ trained 360 unemployed youth, women and PWDs on short courses in agriculture to encourage self-employment. Further, the College increased the intake of trainees with disabilities from 7 to 15 during the reporting period. The College also offered financial support, through a special kitty of KSh.100,000, for trainees with disabilities.

997. To promote the right to education, Kiambu Institute of Science and Technology enrolled 3,183 female and 4,352 male students to pursue various courses. Separately, Sang’alo Institute of Science and Technology fostered human dignity by purchasing 700 metallic chairs for students with special emphasis on left handed trainees.
998. To enhance human dignity, Runyenjes Technical and Vocational College constructed 2 classrooms and purchased 3 tents to decongest classrooms. Similarly, Gatanga Technical and Vocational College constructed 3 additional classrooms to provide a conducive learning environment. In addition, the College promoted non-discrimination by increasing enrolment of female trainees in technical courses including 5 in plumbing, 5 in building technology, 4 in mechanical engineering and 5 in electrical engineering.

**Progress achieved in the Realisation of Good Governance,
Tranparency and Accountability**

Article 10(2)(c): Good Governance, Integrity, Tranparency and Accountability

999. To entrench integrity and protect public resources, H.E. the President received 39 title deeds for parcels of land worth 5.2Billion corruptly acquired from various public entities and county governments. The property recovered by the EACC included 14 parcels of land registered in favour of the National Treasury valued at KSh.603Million; 227.9Ha of land belonging to Kenya Agricultural and Livestock Research Organization valued at KSh.2Billion; 69.2Ha of land belonging to Kenya Railways Corporation valued at KSh.2Biliion; land belonging to county governments of Uasin Gishu valued at KSh.570Million, Kisii valued at KSh.64Million,

Nakuru valued at KSh.30Million; Kisumu valued at KSh.10Million; Bomet valued at KSh.8Million; and land belonging to Nakuru Muslim Primary School valued at KSh.8Million.

1000. H.E. the President and his Democratic Republic of Congo counterpart signed 4 cooperation agreements covering several economic sectors which include; security and defence, maritime transport, money laundering and fight against corruption.

1001. To enhance good governance, integrity, transparency and accountability, the Senate considered various bills and motions as shown in Table 19.

Table 19: Bills and motions considered by the Senate

No.	Legislation	Object	Status
1.	The Natural Resources (Benefit Sharing) Bill (Senate Bills No. 25 of 2020.	To provide a legislative framework for the establishment and enforcement of a system of benefit sharing in natural resource exploitation between natural resource exploiters, the national government and local communities and to that end provides that the Commission for Revenue Allocation oversees the same	Bill passed by the Senate with amendments and referred to the National Assembly.
2.	The Lifestyle Audit Bill (Senate Bills No. 36 of 2021)	To provide a legal framework for the carrying out of a lifestyle audit on public officers.	Awaiting Committee of the Whole House
3.	The Alternative Dispute Resolution Bill (Senate Bills No. 34 of 2021)	To put in place a legal framework for the settlement of certain civil disputes by conciliation, mediation and traditional dispute resolution	Bill due for second Reading on 04/08/2021
4.	The County Hall of Fame (Senate Bills no. 9 of 2021)	To provide a means through which exceptional individuals in each county are recognised and honoured by their counties.	Passed by Senate
5.	The Political Parties Primaries Bill	To put in place a legal framework for the conduct of political parties primaries. It sets out the procedure to be followed in the	Bill due for Second Reading on 02/04/21

	(Senate Bills No. 35 of 2020)	conduct of party primaries for purposes of identifying candidates to stand for election in an elective post as well as primary party lists as required under the Constitution and the Election Act.	
6.	The County Oversight and Accountability Bill (Senate Bills No. 17 of 2021)	To provide a legal framework for effective oversight over the county government by the Senate.	Awaiting Committee of the Whole
7.	The Parliamentary Powers and Privileges (Amendment) Bill (Senate Bills No. 33 of 2020)	To impose a specific obligation on officials of the Executive, constitutional commissions and independent offices to comply with the requirements to give feedback to Parliament's resolutions.	Passed by Senate
Motions			
1.	Removal from office by impeachment of the Honourable Mohamed Abdi Mohamud, Governor of Wajir County on the ground of gross violation of the Constitution of Kenya; the County Government's Act, 201; the Public Procurement and Asset Disposal Act, 2015 and the Public Finance Management Act, 2012		Approved
2.	The Reports of the Sessional Committee on County Public Accounts laid on the Table of the Senate on the consideration of the Audit Reports of the County Executives for the Financial Years 2015/2016, 2016/2017, 2017/2018 and 2018/2019.		Adopted

Source: Senate Report, 2021

1002. The National Assembly sought and obtained feedback from the Executive on numerous parliamentary questions regarding various infrastructural undertakings which included roads, railway, land, electricity connectivity among others. The National Assembly also sought transparency and accountability from the National Government on the Status Report on the Determination of Review Grants and Disposition of Public Land by the National Land Commission, achievement of Universal Electricity Access Programme for 2.4 Million households, the Last Mile Connectivity Programme and revival of the Sultan Hamud, Kiu and Ulu railway stations.

1003. Further, the National Assembly sought clarification on the construction status of the following roads; Kopero-Timboroa, Nanyuki-Rumuruti, Migosi-Mamboleo, Matayos-Nangina, Usoma-Kirembe, Busia-Kisumu, Mogogosiek-Silibwet, Emustusi-Emuhumbe, Rodi Kopany-Ndhiwa, Machakusi- Nambale, Muringene-Athiru, Mbita-Agolomuok, Garissa-Harhar, Kwanza-Bondeni, Chuka-Kareni-Marimanti and Dongo-Kundu Bypass and Mwilanya Bridge.
1004. In addition, the National Assembly sought clarification on the construction status of the cattle dip at Diffathas Township in Mwea Constituency; electrification of primary and secondary schools in Tharaka; opening up of closed Ngong Lands Registry and the SGR train stop overs in Mtito Andei and Voi stations. The National Assembly also sought clarification on the Lamu Port South Sudan Ethiopia Transport (LAPSSET) Corridor; ownership of land LR.No. Ntima/Igoki/1769 and land LR No. 162117/87/6; repair and operationalization of the Kisumu-Butere railway line; rehabilitation of the old Nairobi-Nakuru Highway; repair of the Mwachande Bridge in Lunga Lunga and the status of the Emergency Liquidity Facility created following the collapse of Imperial Bank.
1005. To enhance good governance and integrity, the Judiciary conducted 11 and 13 capacity building forums for Judges and judicial officers respectively. Further, the Judiciary conducted audits at the headquarters and court stations, monitored adherence to previous internal audit recommendations and undertook Financial Risk Assessment. In addition, the Judiciary audited 24 court stations which included Kiambu, Sirisia, Mutomo, Taveta, Voi, Marsabit, Mukurweini, Nyamira, Keroka, Maralal, Kabarnet, Iten and Gichugu law courts.

1006. During the reporting period, the Judicial Service Commission (JSC) received and processed 103 complaints and petitions against judges. A total of 87 complaints were concluded while 16 were pending at the end of the reporting period. Further, JSC received 6 cases against judicial officers and judicial staff in JSG 3 and above in addition to 14 pending matters from the previous period.
1007. Further, the Judiciary received 39 new disciplinary cases against staff in grades JSG 4 to JSG11 while 108 cases on the same were brought forward from the FY 2019/20. A total of 103 cases were finalized by the Human Resource Management Advisory Committee, representing 70% of the total cases. Separately, the Office of the Judiciary Ombudsman received 1,826 complaints from the public out of which 1,596 (87%) were resolved.
1008. To resolve corruption related cases and enhance integrity in the Judiciary, Milimani Anti-Corruption Court resolved 21 cases out of 66 that were filed while the Milimani Anti-Corruption Division of the High Court resolved 75 cases. The Judiciary automated revenue collection and adopted e-receipting in court stations leading to an increase in cases filed from 337,510 in FY 2019/20 to 356,997 in FY 2020/21 and revenue collection by 7%. Further, the Judiciary realised an increase in court deposits from KSh.4.37Billion in FY 2016/17 to KSh.6.8Billion in FY 2020/21.
1009. Further, the Judiciary conducted spot-checks to monitor compliance in 87 magistrate's courts and 13 high court stations up from 70 the previous year. Further, the Judiciary conducted a public clinic at the Kilgoris Law Courts and an open day at the Garissa Law Courts in collaboration with stakeholders to inform the public on Judiciary services. The Judiciary also engaged stakeholders and the public through public hearings in Mombasa, Nakuru, Nyeri, Kisumu and Nairobi.

1010. To enhance integrity, the Office of the Attorney General and Department of Justice (OAG&DoJ) through the Assets Recovery Agency instituted investigations on KSh.3.3Billion worth of proceeds of crime, preserved assets under forfeiture proceedings worth KSh.1Billion and seized assets worth KSh.192Million. The Office received and handled 990 complaints against advocates from the public as indicated in Table 20.

Table 20: The complaints handled by OAG&DoJ

No.	Process	Number
1.	Complaints received	990
2.	Matters rejected under the preliminary enquiry stage	68
3.	Matters undergoing preliminary enquiry	922
4.	Complaints closed under the preliminary inquiry initiative	878
5.	Disposed of Classified Complaints	120
	<i>Abandoned</i>	74
	<i>Settled</i>	19
	<i>Withdrawn</i>	4
	<i>No misconduct proved</i>	12
	<i>Deceased Complainant</i>	2
	<i>Referred to Court</i>	1
	<i>Rejected</i>	8
6.	Matters settled amicably under the ACC's Alternative Dispute Resolution process	77
7.	Matters referred to the Advocates Disciplinary Committee for prosecution	134

Source: OAG & DoJ Report, 2021

1011. National Anti-Corruption Campaign Steering Committee conducted 132 awareness creation campaigns and disseminated 7,233 IEC material on good governance. Further, the Committee conducted 15 training and sensitization forums for national and county government officials, leaders of *boda boda* riders, community leaders, youth, women, and PWDs, and held monthly review meetings in Marsabit, Embu, Nyeri, Laikipia, Kirinyaga, Nyandarua and Meru counties. The Committee also conducted 132 social audits, public barazas, workshops and training sessions that

reached 3,866 citizens in the implementation of the Kenya Integrity Plan 2019-2023. Further, NACCSC in partnership with Inter-Religious Council of Kenya launched the scripture referenced anti-corruption booklet titled Faith Communities Against Corruption and distributed 3,000 copies.

1012. Ethics and Anti-Corruption Commission (EACC) received and processed 4,919 reports on corruption and economic crimes out of which 1,843 were found to be within the Commission's mandate and taken up for investigations. Further, EACC completed and forwarded 137 investigations to ODPP with appropriate recommendations. The Commission also conducted 35 sting and trap operations involving KSh.10Million and finalised 35 cases on corruption and economic crime, resulting in 21 convictions, 11 acquittals and 3 withdrawals. A notable conviction was a case involving theft of funds from the Youth Fund whereby a Director of a private company was fined KSh.701Million and further ordered to compensate KSh.180Million that was stolen from the Fund.
1013. The Commission also undertook proactive investigations through intelligence probes to disrupt potential corruption and averted loss of public funds. Notable interventions included cancellation of payments worth KSh.111Million by Nairobi City County Government for various irregular contracts. The Commission also cancelled irregular payments of KSh.52.8Million and investigated alleged pending bills by the Kirinyaga County Government.
1014. During the reporting period, EACC completed 23 asset tracing inquiries in respect of illegally acquired and unexplained public property valued at KSh.5Billion and instituted civil proceedings in court for recovery and return to the public. Further, EACC recovered unexplained wealth and

other corruptly acquired assets valued at approximately KSh.6.2Million including land and other immovable properties as well as KSh.16Million in cash.

1015. Key recoveries made by EACC included land in Kitale valued at KSh.48.8Million belonging to Kenya National Library Service; land in Eldoret valued at KSh.40Million belonging to State Department for Housing and Urban Development; land in Mombasa valued at KSh.18Million belonging to Kenya Urban Roads Authority; land in Kitale valued at KSh.10.1Million belonging to State Department for Housing and Urban Development; and KSh.18.5Million unexplained cash retrieved from a former senior National Land Commission official.
1016. Further, EACC instituted 74 law suits for recovery of corruptly acquired assets worth KSh.2.3Billion in various courts across the country and secured court orders freezing assets worth KSh.509Million pending determination of the cases for recovery. The Commission received 343 reports on violation of codes of conduct out of which 82 investigation files were finalized with various recommendations for action. The Commission issued 37 cautions and 58 advisories to enforce compliance with Chapter 6 of the Constitution.
1017. To promote standards and best practices in ethics and integrity, EACC received and processed 5,010 integrity verification requests from recruiting agencies and 108,679 self-declaration forms from individuals seeking appointment to the public service in line with Section 12A of the Leadership and Integrity Act, 2012.
1018. Further, EACC facilitated newly appointed officers to comply with Section 40 of the Leadership and Integrity Act, 2012 and to sign and commit to specific leadership and integrity codes to prevent corruption and promote

ethics. During the reporting period, 50 state officers including the Chief Justice, Supreme Court Judge, Data Commissioner, 4 members of IEBC, Governors of Nairobi City County and Wajir, Deputy Governor Nyamira, and 34 Judges signed and committed to the codes.

1019. Ethics and Anti-Corruption Commission approved 4 leadership and integrity codes for state officers and reviewed codes of conduct and ethics for 5 public entities to ensure compliance with Chapter 6 of the Constitution and the Leadership and Integrity Act, 2012. The Commission also processed applications from 262 public officers to open and operate bank accounts outside Kenya as required under Section 19 of the Leadership and Integrity Act, 2012. Further, EACC conducted technical capacity building forums for 65 public entities to enhance compliance with Chapter 6 of the Constitution and disseminated 4,236 copies of Guidelines on Chapter 6 of the Constitution.
1020. To prevent corruption, EACC provided 850 advisories to MDAs on the implementation of the Corruption Prevention Indicator under the Public Sector Performance Contracting framework and conducted 31 system reviews consisting of examinations and corruption risk assessment in public institutions. Further, EACC conducted trainings in 25 counties for MCAs, chief officers, County Executive Committee members, NGAOs, Inter-Religious Council of Kenya leaders, youth, *Boda Boda* safety associations within counties, women groups, CBOs and NGOs on integrity and ethical conduct.
1021. In addition, EACC conducted 66 training workshops for corruption prevention and integrity committees whereby 1,047 public officers from various MDAs participated. Further, EACC participated in 5 TV and 60 radio programmes reaching an estimated 39 million listeners with integrity

- and anti-corruption messages. The Commission published 42 articles in various print media reaching an estimated 9.3 million readers.
1022. The Commission reached out to 738 members of targeted community networks with anti-corruption messages, 89 media practitioners in Machakos, Naivasha and Nyeri, 1,923 members of *boda boda* safety associations, religious organisations, civil society and youth groups. The Commission also held town hall meetings and disseminated 27,608 IEC materials to the public and various institutions.
1023. To mainstream integrity and good governance in the education sector, EACC conducted school outreach in 138 institutions of learning and sensitized 55,009 students and teachers on ethics and integrity. The Commission trained 58 county directors of education and regional education managers and 47 TSC county directors on ethics and integrity in education management.
1024. Further, the Commission hosted a virtual international conference and 6 national webinars to bolster teaching of national values and principles of governance with themes on: *Promoting Integrity, Accountability and Transparency in the Public Service Administration during the COVID-19 Period and Beyond; Culture Change Focused on the Centrality of Leadership in Fostering an Ethical Culture in the Public Service and Society; and Firm Accountant-Character and Integrity.*
1025. To enhance good governance, transparency and accountability, Public Service Commission (PSC) facilitated the finalization of the Public Service Commission (Performance Management) Regulations, 2021 (Legal Notice No. 114). The Regulations require institutions to publish strategic plans, sign performance contracts and evaluate results. Further, the Commission provided 68 advisories to counties and MDAs and provided technical

assistance to KenGen, KASNEB, CAJ and Ministry of Labour in the development of human resource policies.

1026. The Office of the Auditor General (OAG) undertook auditing and reporting on effectiveness of internal controls, risk management and governance of 55 MDAs, 13 independent offices and commissions, 9 Consolidated Fund Services, 197 donor funded projects, and 64 national funds. The Office also audited and reported on 11 national polytechnics, 5 national government-car loan and mortgage schemes, 4 political parties, 14 receiver of revenue, 5 Regional Development Authorities, 5 Retirement Funds, 48 SAGAs, 195 State Corporations, 80 TVETs, 39 Universities, 6 Water Development Agencies, 47 County Executives, 47 County Assemblies, 47 County Executive Fund, 47 County Assembly Fund, 13 County Corporations, 77 Water Companies and 290 NG-CDFs.
1027. Further, OAG gave audit opinions to national and county government institutions as shown in Table 21.

Table 21: Audit opinions by OAG

Audit opinion	National Government	County Government (Assembly and Executive)
Unqualified	222	3
Qualified	110	82
Adverse	10	8
Disclaimer	11	1

Source: OAG Report, 2021

1028. Commission on Administrative Justice (CAJ) handled 10,678 complaints related to delay in service delivery, abuse of power, unresponsive official conduct, unfair treatment, oppressive official conduct, discourtesy and inefficiency. The complaints included 35 initiated by the Commission on its own motion. The National Police Service retrained integrated administration police officers on the following: standardization

inspectorate courses 134, standardization courses for other ranks 72, promotion courses for Corporal, Sergeant, Chief Inspectors, Supervisory and Senior Commanders Course 400.

1029. The National Treasury trained 16 internal auditors on IFMIS audit roles and established 24 audit committees in MDAs. Further, the National Treasury trained 118 newly recruited internal auditors on integrity and prudent financial management and implemented action against officers who were in violation of the provisions of the Public Finance Management Act. The National Treasury also processed 19 cases through the Ministerial Human Resource Management Advisory Committee, recommended 13 officers for dismissal, forwarded 9 cases to DCI for investigations and to the Office of the Attorney General for recovery, forwarded 6 cases to the EACC and 1 officer was convicted and dismissed.
1030. In addition, the National Treasury carried out 235 special audits whose findings were forwarded to relevant institutions for action. The National Treasury also undertook 10 public sector hearing sessions on the 2021/2022-2024/25 Medium Term budget framework which brought on board 2,000 participants drawn from the general public.
1031. Kenya National Bureau of Statistics (KNBS) prepared 10 Kenya Population and Housing Census 2019 analytical reports on Fertility and Nuptiality; Ageing and Vulnerable Population; Household and Family Dynamics; Disability; Education; Housing Conditions; Amenities and Household Assets; Urbanization; ICT; Youth and Adolescents; and Gender Dimensions.
1032. To protect the interests of insurance consumers, Policyholders Compensation Fund continued to construct records of claimants of insolvent companies to facilitate compensation of unsettled claims. During

the period under review, 8,090 Standard Insurance policyholders' records were constructed out of which 680 were identified and verified for processing. Further, the Fund paid Ksh.7.7Million to claimants from the collapsed Concord Insurance Company.

1033. To enhance integrity, transparency and accountability, Kenya Revenue Authority sanctioned officers for ethical breaches as shown in Table 22.

Table 22: Number of staff sanctioned by KRA

No.	Sanction	Count
1	Summary dismissal	47
2	Warning	39
3	Terminated	34
4	Stern warning	18
5	Cautioned	10
6	Recovery of salary paid but not earned	1
7	Warned and reinstated to duty	1
8	Surcharged	1
9	Demoted and given stern warning	1
	Grand Total	152

Source: KRA Report, 2021

1034. Kenya Revenue Authority (KRA) continued to enforce the conflict of interest and declaration of gifts policies whereby 45 members of staff declared individual conflict of interest, 3,490 declared group conflict of interest, 98 gifts received and 35 gifts surrendered. The Authority also reviewed 6 processes and procedures to facilitate enforcement of integrity. Areas reviewed include implementation of overtime allowances, procedure of sample analysis in the KRA laboratory, direct assessment of taxes at the One-Stop Border Post (OSBP) and border posts, block management operations in domestic taxes, procedure of tenancy and rent collections at KRA House, and procedure of customs warehouse.

1035. Kenya Revenue Authority sensitized 10,376 members of staff and 47,160 stakeholders on integrity and trained 258 members of staff as Integrity Assurance Officers (IAOs). Further, KRA availed information on its services via its website whereby 3,401,546 visitors accessed and engaged 41,591,808 stakeholders through social media platforms.
1036. The Authority also automated services to enhance service delivery as shown in Table 23.

Table 23: Services automated by KRA

No.	Service	System adopted	No. served
1	Payments	M-service App	83,159 customers
2	Tax returns	iTax	11, 096,545 returns filed
3	Tax payment	Digital service tax	103 tax payers
4	Customer Inquiries	Customer Relation Management (CRM) System	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Inbound- 21,797 • Outbound- 47,958 • Email- 93,563 • Chat-14,419
5	Procurement of goods and services	Supply Relationship Management System	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 1,160 suppliers registered • 75 tenders floated
6	Tax disclosure	Voluntary Tax Disclosure Programme	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 480 VTDP applications made amounting to Ksh. 4,329,246,204. • Total VTDP payments of Ksh. 2,431,134,819 were made from 291 tax payers.

Source: KRA Report, 2021

1037. To strengthen the existing Kenya Defence Forces (KDF) structures of governance, the Ministry of Defence trained 120 officers including all AIE holders and senior officers and sensitized 331 members of staff on governance. Further, the Ministry offered integrity courses at the National

Defence College whereby 15 officers from the OAG were trained on ethics and leadership in national security.

1038. To entrench integrity, transparency and accountability, the Ministry of Health in collaboration with the Ministry of ICT commenced the process of digitizing health facilities using the National Optic Fibre Backbone (NOFBI). Currently, 18 facilities were connected out of the targeted 47 in the initial stage. Separately, KEMSA developed and rolled out a mobile application dubbed *Electronic Proof of Delivery (epod)* to enhance efficiency in delivery of health products and technologies, serving 22,090 orders.
1039. The State Department for University Education and Research trained 29 officers on corruption prevention, ethics and integrity, 26 Principal Research and Education officers, 14 heads of departments, and committee members on national cohesion and national values. The State Department further trained 16 ISO technical staff on quality management systems and conducted internal ISO audits to strengthen levels of compliance.
1040. Further, the State Department conducted ISO 9001:2015 external audits in Siaya, Kisumu, Vihiga, Kakamega, Bungoma, Kajiado, Migori, Makueni, Kisii, Machakos, Nyamira, Kitui and Nairobi counties to determine conformity of management systems with audit criteria. Further, the State Department involved representatives from Technical University of Kenya, Karatina University and Taita Taveta University in budgeting while representatives from the Commission of University Education, Higher Education Loans Board and National Research Fund participated in the preparation of the 2022/23-24/25 medium term budget.
1041. The State Department for Early Learning and Basic Education procured books and provided capitation for 3,526,197 learners in 9,024 schools and

displayed the reports on the amount of government subsidy disbursed on NEMIS and in the schools. Currently, 99% of secondary and 90% of primary schools are on NEMIS.

1042. To strengthen participation of youth in good governance, the State Department for Youth Affairs through the National Youth Council (NYC) held capacity building forums on leadership development whereby 3,000 youths were engaged. The fora included *Sawazisha Gumzo*; Tana River Youth Training; 1st and 2nd National Youth Council Leadership Symposia; Isara Youth Clinic; Samburu Anti-FGM forum; Baringo County Leadership engagement forum; *Tujengane*; *Kikao Mtaani*; Youth Empowerment Taita Taveta County; Forums for disseminating the Kenya Youth Development Policy; and University Open week and exhibitions.
1043. Further, the State Department through the Youth Enterprise Development Fund (YEDF) sensitized and trained 82,560 youths on business opportunities and entrepreneurship skills and governance. Kenya Broadcasting Corporation (KBC) through State Corporations Advisory Committee undertook a board evaluation exercise and scored 90.15% in corporate board performance. Separately, to promote integrity, Nzoia Sugar Company sanctioned 12 staff members for ethical breaches whereby 5 were cautioned, 4 were warned and 3 were suspended.
1044. To promote integrity, the State Department for Interior and Citizen Services issued 324 officers with disciplinary letters for failing to fill wealth declaration forms and enforced conformity with the commitments and standards in the service charter by maintaining records on service delivery. Separately, the Directorate of Immigration Services took disciplinary measures against 15 officers and published 6 press statements in 2021. The State Department for Social Protection, Senior Citizens and Special

Programmes through the Street Families Rehabilitation Trust Fund trained 46 directors and accountants from institutions undertaking the rehabilitation of street families.

1045. Government Press printed 200 copies of the Auditor General’s main report for national and county governments for monitoring and evaluating the use of public resources. Government Press also printed 200,000 Declaration of income, assets and liabilities forms for public servants. To promote good governance, Kenya School of Adventure and Leadership trained 1,225 persons on experiential leadership and team building courses.
1046. To promote good governance and integrity, the State Department for Infrastructure through KRB, conducted interim and annual audits for the financial year 2020/21 in all the 47 counties and carried out an impact assessment on 80 selected road projects funded by Road Maintenance Levy Fund across the country. Kenya National Highways Authority trained 37 officers on corruption risk assessment.
1047. During the reporting period, EPRA developed 7 draft regulations which included draft Energy (Integrated Energy Plan) Regulations; Energy (Electricity Supply) Regulations which included a review of the Electric Power (Electrical Installation Work) Rules, 2006); the Electricity Grid Code; the Energy (Net Metering) Regulations; the Petroleum Jetty Regulations; Petroleum Products Quota regulations; and Abandonment and Decommission Regulations.
1048. Further, the Authority reviewed 5 existing regulations which include Energy (Appliances Energy Performance and Labelling) Regulation, 2016; Solar Water Heating Regulations; the Energy (Energy Management) Regulations 2012; the Energy (Solar Photovoltaic Systems) Regulations 2012; and the Energy (Electricity Licensing) Regulations 2012. The

Authority further conducted countrywide public and consultative forums to receive views on 11 proposed draft regulations and oversaw stakeholder engagement on the developed draft Minigrid Regulations, 2021.

1049. To enhance good governance, Kenya Roads Board (KRB) engaged with the Parliamentary Committee on Delegated Legislation to review and consider Regulations to operationalize Kenya Roads Board Act on the oversight of roads networks. The draft Regulations were submitted to the Cabinet Secretary, Ministry of Transport, Infrastructure Housing, Urban Development and Public Works for consideration.
1050. To promote integrity, KRB resolved 10 complaints, trained 3 Integrity officers and sensitized 68 staff members on Ethics & Anti-Corruption Act, Leadership & Integrity Act and Bribery Act. Further, KRB sensitized 35 suppliers on Public Procurement & Assets Disposal Act 2015, Revised Procurement Regulations 2020 and revised standard tender documents. In addition, KRB in collaboration with European Union developed a training curriculum and trained 40 officers from Roads 2000, road agencies and Kenya Wildlife Service. The Board also reviewed and consolidated 4 annual roads programmes submitted by various road agencies into 1 Annual Public Roads Programme.
1051. Kenya Power and Lighting Company suspended 59 supply chain officers in line with the recommendations of the Presidential Taskforce on the Review of Power Purchase to catalyze a 33% reduction in the cost of the end-user tariff. Further, KPLC sensitized 2,221 internal and external stakeholders on matters of integrity and ethics and created a strong ethics and risk awareness culture and mitigation-based proactive approach.
1052. To promote integrity, Unclaimed Financial Assets Authority (UFAA) conducted 23 holders' audits to enhance compliance with government

requirements. As a result, an estimated KSh.1.6Billion and 192 million units of shares were reported with sectoral breakdown as follows; Banking 68.83%, listed companies 15.87%, telecoms 8.82%, insurance companies 5.89%, pension funds 0.13%, SACCOs 0.24 %, and others 0.22%.

1053. To promote integrity, the SACCO Societies Regulatory Authority (SASRA) conducted physical inspection on 38 deposit taking SACCO societies. Further, SASRA continued to collaborate with DCI and EACC whereby DCI seconded 2 additional officers to the Authority's Fraud Investigation Unit. The Unit opened 15 investigations involving embezzlement KSh.131.4Million within the SACCO subsector. Separately, Retirements Benefits Authority trained 10 integrity assurance officers and conducted 2 internal and external audits of its systems.
1054. To promote integrity and accountability, the Capital Markets Authority (CMA) issued 4 cautionary statements to the investing public against trading or investing in entities that are not licensed by CMA. The cautionary statements were against; FxbitInvest Limited, Cryptofx Investment, Cytonn Investments and online Forex Trading by unlicensed entities. Further, CMA in partnership with other stakeholders organized the Financial Reporting (FiRe) Award to promote excellence in financial reporting for the year 2021 whose theme was *Promoting Financial Reporting Excellence in an Uncertain Global Economy*. The Award registered 289 entries from the public sector and 56 from the private sector.
1055. In addition, CMA continued to relay information to the public through a number of publications that include *Julisha* HR bulletin; the Capital Markets Soundness Report on capital markets stability, deepening and development, Quarterly CMA Bulletin that contains information on the key securities market and economic statistics, and Annual Corporate

Governance Report that assesses compliance by issuers with the CMA code of corporate governance.

1056. Salaries and Remuneration Commission partnered with Kenya School of Government to train 370 public officers on collective bargaining and 79 public officers on performance and productivity. Further, the Commission undertook compliance checks and sensitization sessions in 35 select public service institutions which included 7 state corporations, 3 County Criminal Investigation Officers, 2 county governments and 21 public universities across the country. In addition, the Commission concluded job evaluation for 210 institutions in the public service that had submitted requests for evaluation under the 3rd remuneration review cycle.
1057. Kenya Reinsurance Corporation Limited reviewed the Corporation's strategic plan and trained 35 senior managers and members of the board of directors on good corporate governance. During the period under review, 32 potential clients disclosed sources of funds and activities to prevent money laundering and terrorism financing. Further, the Corporation trained 110 members of staff on anti-money laundering and counter financing of terrorism and made 9 publications in the Nation Newspaper, 2 in the Business Daily and 1 in a TV station. The Corporation also placed 2 advertisements in the Standard and Nation newspapers and on the website.
1058. To promote good governance, Women Enterprise Fund trained 38 members of staff on performance management and conducted 14,100 outreach programmes to sensitize the public on products and services. Further, the Fund trained 34 members of staff on code of conduct and terminated services of 18 staff members. Separately, KCAA sensitized 173 members of staff on integrity and ensured that 23 new employees signed the code of conduct. Tourism Regulatory Authority completed Phase I automation of

the finance function and Phase II automation of the human resource and licensing functions.

1059. To promote good governance, KIPPRA conducted capacity building for NSSF regional and branch managers and 16 technical officers on Revenue and Forecasting Model. The training was on development of NSSF Contribution Forecasting Model to be used in setting and cascading targets. Further, KIPPRA uploaded 26 new publications comprising of 9 discussion papers, 15 policy briefs, 1 quarterly policy monitor, and 1 quarterly market analysis report. KIPPRA also organized 31 public dissemination forums to inform stakeholders on research outputs.
1060. To entrench integrity, Kisii University conducted 2 academic quality assurance audits on teaching, postgraduate defences and examinations aimed at ensuring quality in teaching and examination administration. Separately, University of Embu sensitized 7 members of students council on strategies of building a cohesive university community and 12 student leaders and delegates on information security. Kenyatta University offered certificate in Leadership Development and Mentorship to 4th year students whereby 5,078 students undertook the course.
1061. Koitalel Samoei University College (KSUC) organized a mentorship workshop on leadership and governance for 24 academic staff and management, trained 15 focal point persons on corruption prevention, and sensitised 350 1st year students on examination rules and regulations. Further, the University College sensitized 25 staff members on transparency and accountability in procurement procedures and on the Public Procurement and Asset Disposal Act, 2015. Separately, Kirinyaga University investigated and sanctioned 2 employees for violating the public officers code of conduct and University's code of conduct.

1062. Murang'a University of Technology undertook disciplinary action against members of staff and students as shown in Table 24.

Table 24: Disciplinary action by Murang'a University

No.	Offence	Disciplinary action	No. of staff/students
1	Breach of university regulations	Dismissal	3 staff
2	Exam irregularities	Written warning and suspension	11 students
3	Exam irregularities	Expelled	3 students
4	Social indiscipline	Suspended for 2 academic years	1 student
5	Social indiscipline	Awaiting disciplinary action	4

Source: Murang'a University of Technology Report, 2021

1063. Teachers Service Commission (TSC) recognized and awarded 30 teachers for exemplary performance during the World Teachers Day. Further, TSC conducted 99 audit assessments and audited 3,226 accounts to enhance prudent financial management of institutional funds. The Commission also trained 7 TSC regional directors, 47 county directors and 97 integrity patrons on integrity and anti-corruption measures and interdicted 158 employees on account of unethical behavior and corruption. Separately, South Eastern Kenya University developed a common unit on ethics, integrity and values, and sensitized 132 staff members and students on national values and principles of governance.

1064. The CEMASTEIA trained 74 STEM school principals and 114 INSET centre principals on transformative leadership. Separately, Nkabune Technical Training Institute trained 6 integrity committee members. Similarly, Technical and Vocational Education and Training Authority (TVETA) trained 15 integrity assurance officers.

1065. Kenya National Library Service handled 35 disciplinary cases against members of staff on absenteeism and misappropriation of funds among others. The disciplinary actions taken included 17 show cause letters, 5 interdictions, 12 warning letters and 1 dismissal. Separately, to promote integrity, Kenya Accountants and Secretaries National Examinations Board (KASNEB) recruited 99 KASNEB ambassadors from various training institutions and availed a list of accredited institutions on the Board's website.
1066. Nyeri National Polytechnic trained 5 ICT support staff on *Linux* Operating System, trained 100 trainers to entrench CBET programmes and advertised 8 vacant positions in newspapers with wide circulation. Further, the Polytechnic also enhanced broadband capacity and better connectivity at a cost of KSh.2.4Million to bridge the information gap between data and web users.
1067. To promote good governance and integrity, Nairobi Technical Training Institute conducted an external audit through KEBS and 2 Internal Quality Management System Audits to ascertain the Institutes's quality of service and conformity with statutory legal requirements. The Institute also trained 10 members of Corruption Prevention Committee on corruption risks. Separately, Matili Technical Training Institute sensitized 100 staff on national values and principles of governance.
1068. To enhance good governance, PC Kinyanjui Technical Training Institute reviewed Disability Policy, trained 20 elected student leaders on leadership, 20 members of staff on corruption prevention and sensitised 145 departmental staff and trainees on national values and principles of governance. Separately, Bomet University College appointed and trained 19 integrity officers and 85 staff members on integrity. The University also

maintained an interactive website which registered 223,536 hits during the period under review.

1069. Kagumo Teachers Training College trained student representative council on leadership skills at a cost of KSh. 99,500 and installed a more advanced ERP system at a cost of KSh.5.4Million. Separately, Kenya Coast National Polytechnic trained 7 council members on good governance, 15 heads of departments and 11 heads of subjects on Senior Management Course.
1070. To enhance the performance of tasks by the heads of departments, Friends College Kaimosi (FCK) conducted 4 training workshops addressing management gaps and automated the finance department at a cost of KSh.2.7Million. Separately, Wote Technical Training Institute conducted 9 internal audits and trained 50 members of staff on corruption prevention.
1071. Water Sector Trust Fund (WSTF) evaluated 38 Water Service providers in 10 counties which included Samburu, Marsabit, Nandi, Migori, Laikipia, Tharaka Nithi, Isiolo, Kajiado, Nakuru and Makueni. The Fund carried out sustainability training for 7 water utilities in 3 counties; 4 in Nandi, 2 in Narok and 1 in Migori at a cost of KSh. 1.5Million. The Fund also trained 10 members of the Board of Directors on governance and staff members on national cohesion and national values.
1072. The Fund further monitored 33 projects and appraised 176 new project proposals under Upscaling Basic Sanitation for the Urban Poor (UBSUP). In addition, the Fund monitored 30 projects under Joint Six Programme covering water projects, sanitation projects and COVID-19 mitigation in 6 counties namely; Laikipia, Tharaka Nithi, Nandi, Narok, Migori and Kwale.
1073. Kenya Water Institute (KEWI) sensitized more than 50 stakeholders on the review of the KEWI Act, 2001 and the KEWI strategic Plan 2021-2026

through various platforms. Separately, National Water Harvesting and Storage Authority trained 12 officers on ISO 9001:2015 and board members on good governance. Ewaso Ng'iro North River Basin Development Authority trained 17 staff members on national values and principles of governance, formed a corruption prevention committee and trained 3 integrity assurance officers.

1074. National Irrigation Authority (NIA) automated processes and procedures and periodically published newsletters which included; issue 8 on social justice and inclusiveness covering January to March 2021, issue 9 on human rights and non-discrimination covering April to June 2021, issue 10 on protection of the marginalized and good governance covering July to September 2021, and issue 11 on integrity covering October to December 2021.
1075. To promote good governance and integrity, NEMA appointed 4 board members, reviewed NEMA corruption risk assessment and mitigation plan, appointed 11 Integrity Assurance Officers and obtained ISO re-certification. Separately, Tana Water Works Development Agency ensured 13 interns and 6 new employees signed the code of conduct and trained 7 board members on self evaluation, good governance, *Mwongozo*, and leadership and integrity. Separately, Kenya Trade Network Agency trained 13 Integrity Assurance Officers (IAOs).
1076. Competition Authority of Kenya (CAK) imposed a financial penalty of KSh.595,000 on PZ Cussons as a deterrence for violating Section 60 (1) of the Competition Act, 2010 on product information standards. The Authority also published 11 determinations on Mergers & Acquisitions on the website. To promote transparency and accountability between retailers and manufacturers, the Authority undertook surveillance on LPG gas

suppliers and distributors, suppliers of electricity poles, and paint manufacturers including Basco paints, Crown paints, Kansai Plascon and Galaxy paints.

1077. In addition, CAK fined electricity poles suppliers Masherbrum, Sonara ventures, Sums Decorators Top range ventures, Tradewinds International, and Naweza Investment a total of KSh.1.3Million for engaging in collusive tendering on supply of wooden treated poles to the Rural Electrification and Renewable Energy Corporation. Further, the Authority fined Energy Dealers Association, a body comprising of 32 small-scale suppliers and distributors of LPG cylinders KSh.408,000 for engaging in restrictive trade practices.
1078. Further, CAK reviewed home loan contracts for 27 banks and found the information provided to consumers by 12 of them incomplete, unclear and unfavourable. Kenya Commercial Bank, NCBA Bank, Absa Bank of Kenya, DIB Bank, Mayfair Bank, Consolidated Bank, Victoria Commercial Bank and Bank of Baroda were some of the lenders with unfair mortgage contracts and were ordered to review home loan contracts to ensure clients understood all the documents relating to the service they obtained. Separately, MSEA coordinated and presided over 56 Micro and Small Enterprises Association elections.
1079. The ICT Authority sensitized 400 interns on national values and principles of governance and continued to carry out internal and external audits of its operations. Separately, the Business Registration Service sensitized 71 staff members on corruption prevention and integrity, and operationalized a whistleblowing policy to enable the public report corruption matters. Kenya Post Office Savings Bank trained 113 heads of departments, senior officers and branch managers on leadership and good governance.

1080. The Anti-Counterfeit Authority (ACA) coordinated quarterly updating of the national observatory and trained 28 core stakeholders from both public and private sector institutions on running the national observatory. Further, ACA trained 5 Board members and 12 top managers on finance for non-finance directors, while the chair of the Board was trained on good governance. Separately, to enhance transparency and accountability, Kenya Export Promotion and Branding Agency disseminated 14 trade alerts and Kenya's export performance report for quarter 3 and 4 of 2021.
1081. To promote integrity, transparency and accountability, the Media Council of Kenya constituted an anti-corruption committee and trained 9 members of staff on anti-corruption. Further, the Council engaged 60 members of public from 4 counties to enhance understanding on their role in holding leaders to account.
1082. To enhance efficiency in service delivery, Nakuru County Commissioner held 12 county service delivery meetings, 12 County Development Implementation and Coordination Committee meetings and 24 County Security and Intelligence Committee meetings and submitted daily, weekly and monthly reports. Separately, Turkana County Commissioner trained 21 NGAOs on handling of public complaints.
1083. To enhance good governance and integrity, NACADA in partnership with the Ministry of Health and county governments, inspected 128 treatment and rehabilitation centres out of which 69 were accredited having met the national standards for treatment and rehabilitation. Further, the Authority inspected and accredited 12 manufacturers of alcoholic drinks, trained 2 integrity assurance officers and sensitized 14 members of the corruption prevention committee (CPC). Separately, the National Registration Bureau conducted 4 audits in field stations, 116 periodic inspections to ascertain

the quality and quantity of goods and services sourced, and conducted 1 audit on procurement procedures.

1084. Kenya National Shipping Line Ltd trained 4 directors on good governance and 6 members of the Corruption Prevention Committee on integrity. National Council for PWDs trained 15 members of the Board of Directors and Board of Trustees on good governance. Kenya Ports Authority sensitized 51 members of the public and 739 staff members on corruption prevention, public complaints and national values and principles of governance. Separately, HELB refunded KSh.22Million to 918 loanees on loan overpayment and sent 3,854,443 bulk messages to promote transparency and accountability.
1085. To enhance good governance, the Agricultural and Food Authority (AFA) conducted periodic monitoring inspections in Kericho and Baringo counties targeting 2 coffee mills, 17 coffee cooperatives, 25 factories and 5 nurseries for compliance with coffee standards and code of practice. Further, AFA conducted inspections in Kirinyaga and Murang'a counties where 10 coffee cooperative societies and 35 factories were inspected. The Authority also conducted inspections in Meru, Tharaka Nithi, Embu and Kirinyaga counties whereby 22 coffee cooperative societies and 43 factories were inspected. In addition, AFA conducted inspections in Nakuru and Kericho counties whereby 21 factories and 16 coffee societies were inspected.
1086. Further, AFA denied licences to various agricultural and food companies for non-compliance with regulations. The companies included Total Fresh Ltd, Kenya Fresh Produce Exporters Ltd, Jamjoy International Ltd, Optimum Fruveg Ltd, Rozika Ltd, Diallo Fresh Ltd, Jaani Fresh Ltd, Kathayaka Exotics Ltd and Bioveg Exports Ltd. The Authority reinstated 4

companies including Optimum Fruveg Ltd, Rozika Ltd, Diallo Fresh Ltd and Jaani Fresh Ltd upon compliance.

1087. Kenya Veterinary Vaccines Production Institute (KEVEVAPI) sponsored 22 staff members to undertake continuous professional development courses in respective professions and established an interactive website where over 5,000 clients visited during the reporting period. Further, KEVEVAPI published and issued over 250,000 products information brochures and pamphlets and engaged clients through bulk messaging portal and social media platforms.

1088. To promote good governance and integrity, KECOBO deregistered 4 collective management organisations for non-compliance. Separately, Anti-Doping Agency of Kenya (ADAK) appointed and trained 3 integrity assurance officers. The National Construction Authority carried out quality assurance visits in 30,036 construction sites to ensure safe buildings.

Progress Achieved in the Realisation of Sustainable Development

Article 10(2)(d): Sustainable Development

1089. To promote sustainable development, H.E. the President unveiled a USD 30Billion United Nations Industrial Development Organization (UNIDO) Programme to facilitate stimulation of Kenya's manufacturing sector. Further, H.E the President commissioned a KSh.4Billion gun manufacturing plant in Ruiru to enhance Kenya's self-reliance in security through local production of equipment and technologies; and provide jobs for Kenyan youth.



Figure 16: H.E the President commissioning a KSh.4Billion small arms manufacturing plant in Ruiru
Source:PSCU

1090. In addition, H.E the President commissioned a semiconductor (System chips) technologies factory at Dedan Kimathi University of Technology and presided over the operationalisation of the first berth of the KSh.2.5Trillion Lamu Port-South Sudan-Ethiopia Transport (LAPSSET) Corridor Project.

1091. H.E. the President through the backing of the Global Partnership for Education Initiative donated USD11Million to support the Ministry of Education during COVID-19 return to school strategies. Separately, State House collaborated with development partners in providing connectivity and digital learning where 300 primary schools were connected to the internet, provided 1,193,758 digital devices to 21,638 schools and donated 2,040 computers to 200 secondary schools, 1,000 TVETs and University campuses.

1092. H.E. the President officially opened the refurbished Kenya Meat Commission factory in Athi River; Kenya Shipyards Ltd, a ship building and repair facility in Kisumu; and commissioned the Mombasa shipyard at Mtongwe. In addition, H.E. the President unveiled the KSh.2.2Billion Empowering Novel Agri-business Led Employment Programme and KSh.10Billion Kenya Marine Fisheries Social economic development project that will ensure landing of more than 300,000MT of fish annually and create at least 60,000 jobs. Further, H.E. the President officially launched the IGAD Climate Prediction and Application Centre (ICPAC), to provide climate services and early warnings; unveiled the first locally manufactured Malaria Rapid Diagnostic kit; and commissioned the Kenya Malaria Youth Army as part of renewed efforts to end malaria in Africa. The youth army is a social movement that brings together young people from the 47 counties of Kenya to champion malaria control and elimination.
1093. State House through the SME unit in collaboration with MDAs developed the MSE Policy, MSE Fund and Start Up Policy to support growth and development of SMEs. Further, State House in collaboration with the State Department for Housing and Urban Development and Nairobi City County Government supported the construction and rehabilitation of 6 modern markets namely; Gikomba, Kariokor, Uhuru, Karindindi, City Park and Karen markets. Separately, the Office of the First Lady in collaboration with the Ministry of Defence, planted 2,000 trees in Nairobi, 4,035 indigenous tree seedlings at State Houses and Lodges, and donated 3,000 indigenous tree seedlings to schools.
1094. To enhance sustainable land use, the Directorate of Remote Sensing and Resource Survey analysed 2,000 units of land cover in the country to evaluate the different changes on land. Further, the Directorate surveyed

507,781 units of ecosystem and undertook census of the population of wildlife and livestock in the country to determine dispersion and migration of wildlife and livestock; and prepared an annual report on national food security and nutrition to inform and advise the government on the status of food security for decision making.

1095. To promote sustainable development, the Judiciary continued with resolution of environmental and land disputes whereby 5,748 cases were resolved in comparison to 4,856 the previous year. Further, the Judiciary offered 7 opportunities for pupillage.
1096. To enhance sustainable public service delivery, the Commission on Administrative Justice trained 1,652 complaints officers, senior managers and frontline officers drawn from 80 institutions on complaints management. In addition, the Commission supported a clean-up of the Indian ocean in Lamu seafront and trained stakeholders in Baringo on protection of biosphere reserves. Separately, National Anti-Corruption Campaign Steering Committee (NACCSC) trained 3,866 citizens in counties on social accountability to monitor the implementation of public projects and carried out capacity building for 6 County Anti-Corruption Civilian Oversight Committee (CACCOCs) members on the fight against corruption in Marsabit, Meru, Embu, Laikipia, Nyandarua and Kirinyaga counties.
1097. Kenya National Commission on Human Rights conducted structured engagements with targeted stakeholders including community members, county and national government representatives and non-governmental organisations on situation analysis on human rights to water and sanitation. The Commission disseminated 20 copies of the situational analysis report in Wajir, Garissa and Marsabit counties.

1098. Further, the National Treasury in the FY 2021/22 allocated KSh.16.7Billion to elderly persons; KSh.7.9Billion to orphans and vulnerable children; KSh.4.1Billion to Hunger Safety Net Programme; and KSh.1.2Billion to persons with severe disability under the Cash Transfer Programme. To foster 100% food and nutrition security, the National Treasury allocated KSh.60Billion, that comprised of KSh.7Billion to National Agricultural and Rural Inclusivity Project; KSh.1.5Billion to Small Scale Irrigation and Value Addition Project; KSh.2.7Billion to Kenya Cereal Enhancement Programme; and KSh.1.8Billion for Emergency Locusts Response.
1099. The National Treasury allocated an additional KSh.1.5Billion for National Value Chain Support Project; KSh.620Million for Food Security and Crop Diversification Project; KSh.3.1Billion for free disease holding ground in Lamu; KSh.10.7Billion for agricultural productivity and enhance resilience to climate change risks in the targeted smallholder farming and pastoral communities; KSh.529.5Million for the insurance scheme for livestock and crops; KSh.3.2Billion for the Aquaculture Business Development Project; KSh.3.4Billion for the Kenya Marine Fisheries and Social-Economic Development Project; and KSh.2.1Billion for construction of the Liwatoni Fishing Complex; and 1Billion for construction of a fish processing plant in Lamu.
1100. In addition, to enhance the achievement of universal health care and response to the pandemic, the National Treasury allocated KSh.47.7Billion for the FY 2021/2022 which included KSh.7.2Billion for managed equipment services; KSh.4.1Billion for free maternity health care; KSh.1.9Billion for provision of medical cover for the elderly and severely disabled; KSh.8.8Billion for the COVID-19 Emergency and Response

Project; KSh.15.3Billion to Kenyatta National Hospital; KSh.11.4Billion to Moi Teaching and Referral Hospital; and KSh.7.3Billion to Kenya Medical Training College.

1101. In addition, the National Treasury allocated KSh.2.8Billion to Kenya Medical Research Institute; KSh.1.3Billion for the construction of Kenya National Hospital Burns and Pediatrics Centre; KSh.450Million for procurement of CyberKnife Radio-therapy Equipment; KSh.11Billion for addressing and lowering cases of HIV, malaria, and tuberculosis and KSh.350Million for the establishment of two cancer centres in Meru and Kakamega. Further, to improve health care infrastructure, the National Treasury introduced the VAT exemption to diagnostic and laboratory reagents, artificial respirators and medical equipment and technologies.
1102. The National Treasury allocated KSh.202.9Billion to enhance access to education; initiated the re-engineering of the Access to Government Procurement Opportunities (AGPO) portal for easier access by persons with disability; the allocations to Water and Irrigation infrastructure included: KSh.39.1Billion water and sewerage infrastructure; KSh.16.4Billion for water resource management; KSh.9.6Billion for forest and water towers conservation; KSh.10.4Billion for irrigation and land reclamation; KSh.10.8Billion for water storage and flood control; KSh.8.2Billion for wildlife conservation and management.
1103. During 2021/2022 fiscal period, the National Treasury also made allocations to affordable and clean energy including: KSh.50.1Billion for power transmission and distribution; KSh.11.3Billion for geothermal development; KSh.5.7Billion for electrification of identified public institutions; and KSh.1.3Billion for mining of coal, development of nuclear energy and exploration.

1104. In addition, the National Treasury made allocations for the Economic Recovery Programme including KSh.2.6Billion to enhance liquidity to business; KSh.6.4Billion for improving education outcomes; KSh.6.9Billion for improving environment, water and sanitation facilities; KSh.1.2Billion for recruitment of health care interns; KSh.1Billion for the Kenya Wildlife Services to engage community scouts; and KSh.3Billion for the youth empowerment and employment creation under *Kazi-Mtaani* Programme.
1105. To foster industrial innovation and infrastructure, the National Treasury allocated KSh.20.5Billion to promote local industries. The allocation included: KSh.1.4Billion to Kenya Industry and Entrepreneurship Project; KSh.0.5Billion for development of various SMEs; KSh.0.8Billion for the Kenya Youth Empowerment and Opportunities Project; KSh.2Billion addition for Credit Guarantee Scheme to enhance access to affordable credit by MSMSEs; KSh.350Million for development of SEZ Textile Park in Naivasha, Kenanie Leather Industrial Park and Athi River Textile Hub; KSh.8.3Billion for Dongo Kundu Special Economic Zone; KSh.59.2Million for modernization of cooperative cotton ginneries; KSh.130.2Million for modernization of RIVATEX; and KSh.210Million for coffee industry revitalization.
1106. Further, the National Treasury allocated KSh.94.7Billion for ongoing road and bridges construction; KSh.36.1Billion for rehabilitation of roads; and KSh.54Billion for maintenance of roads; KSh.27.2Billion for maintenance and construction of SGR Phase II; KSh.7.5Billion for LAPSSET Project; KSh.7.5Billion for Mombasa Port Development Project; KSh.1.8Billion for rehabilitation of the meter gauge railway; KSh.1.3Billion for railway

- metro lines; KSh.2Billion for construction and rehabilitation of Riruta – Ngong Railway; and KSh.2Billion for the Kenya Shipyards Limited.
1107. In the FY 2021/2022, the National Treasury allocated KSh.47.7Billion for the National Government Constituency Development Fund (NG-CDF); KSh.6.8Billion for the Equalization Fund; and KSh.2.1Billion for National Government Affirmative Action Fund (NG-AAF). To enhance sustainable cities, communities and affordable housing, the National Treasury allocated KSh.3.5Billion to operationalize the Kenya Mortgage and Refinance Company (KMRC); KSh.8Billion to Kenya Affordable Housing Finance Project; KSh.3.3Billion to Kenya Informal Settlement Improvement Project Phase II; KSh. 500Million for construction of social housing units; KSh.750Million for the housing units for national police and prisons; and KSh.1Billion for construction of markets.
1108. To enhance sustainable development on climate action, the National Treasury mobilised: KSh.23.7Billion to finance 14 projects and programmes to support low carbon and climate resilient pattern pathways; KSh.3.87Billion for drought emergency in 11 ASAL counties; KSh.482.9Million toward climate fund readiness support for the country; and KSh.28.23Billion for financing the Locally Led Climate Resilient Action Programme.
1109. In the implementation of public investment policy and oversight, the National Treasury re-prioritized the PPP programme in key priority sectors including ports, roads, power transmission, urban development resilience and mobility, health housing, affordable real estate, water and sanitation and blue economy. The PPP programme unlocked at least KSh.350Billion in private sector financing for priority projects.

1110. Kenya Revenue Authority (KRA) collected revenue worth KSh.1.8Trillion surpassing the target for the period. The Authority in collaboration with the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) conducted 4 programmes to strengthen the capacity of tax and financial crime investigators in tackling illicit financial flows. The programmes trained 143 government experts across Africa through the Africa Academy for Tax and Financial Crime Investigation.
1111. Further, the Authority enrolled 3,539 students for academic tax and customs programmes; graduated 618 tax administration personnel; and trained 827 stakeholders on tax and customs. The Authority in partnership with OECD built capacity of 33 personnel on VAT/GST fraud investigation; 33 personnel on investigative techniques for effective use of banking information; 38 personnel on Conducting Financial Investigation Programme; and 39 personnel on Managing Financial Investigations (Intermediate Programme).
1112. In addition, Kenya Revenue Authority built capacity of the following personnel for enhanced revenue mobilisation: 1,084 customs and border control; 1,727 domestic taxes; 209 investigations and enforcement; 184 intelligence and strategic operations; 19 corporate support services; 18 regional coordination; 20 business transformation office; 70 county revenue office; 121 finance; 95 human resources; 122 information communication technology; and 221 faculties and logistics.
1113. Further, the Authority leveraged on the M-Service Platform to process 37,949 PIN applications and file 1,318 ToT returns; 1,370 MRI returns; 80,472 Nil returns; and created 235,761 new M-Service accounts. KRA registered 1,451,200 new taxpayers, saved KSh.31.4Million by rolling out online tax services, reduced cost of revenue collection by 1.26%, and

adopted 32 innovations. Kenya Revenue Authority sensitised and trained 778 staff on business continuity and disaster preparedness programmes. To promote afforestation and mitigate climate change, KRA planted 2,000 trees in Nairobi, 5,384 in Western, 4,100 in Northern, 3,000 in Southern, 3,000 in Central, 3,530 in Rift Valley, and 5,500 in South Rift Valley regions.

1114. The Authority conducted coaching and mentoring programmes for 216 staff including supervisors, managers and senior managers aimed at developing and enhancing their capability to plan, implement and monitor workplace programmes. In addition, the Authority continued to implement its Business Continuity Plan and secured a consultancy for the development of the Authority's Business Continuity Management Framework; completed the review of the Capital Markets Master Plan for mobilising savings and stimulating investments for the realisation of Vision 2030.
1115. To promote business competition, Competition Authority of Kenya (CAK) unconditionally approved the proposed acquisition of the floriculture business and assets of Oserian Development Company Limited by Bohemian Flowers Limited. The acquisition salvaged livelihoods for over 700 jobs and enhanced Kenya's competitiveness in the cut flowers' market. CAK planted 2,000 trees in Lusigetti Level 4 Hospital, Kiambu County.
1116. Kenya Reinsurance Corporation Limited paid government dividends amounting to KSh.336Million and KSh.223.5Million to other shareholders and members of the public. In addition, Kenya Re contributed to sustainable indigenous development by investing KSh.1.8Billion in government securities. In expanding access to finances for the youth, women and persons with disabilities, the *Uwezo* Fund Oversight Board disbursed KSh.6.9Billion to all constituencies to fund 74,665 groups of

youth, women and persons with disabilities. Separately, National Government Constituencies Development Fund (NG-CDF) Manyatta constituency facilitated installation of 12 water harvesting storage tanks; and through the Fair Trade Green Energy Revolution issued 500 farmers with *Jiko Okoa* to conserve energy.

1117. State Department for Planning provided adequate funding for MTP III during the MTEF budgeting process; training on electronic National Integrated Monitoring Evaluation System (e-NIMES) and Electronic County Integrated Monitoring and Evaluation Systems (e-CIMES); technical support to counties in the development of sectoral plans and Mid-Term Review (MTR) of County Integrated Development Plans (CIDPs) and convened the SDGs Private Sector Forum and the annual SDGs Multi-Stakeholder Forum.
1118. In addition, the State Department for Planning finalised the Knowledge Management Policy, developed a draft concept note and survey tools for conducting a baseline survey on knowledge management; developed and disseminated county development planning frameworks and the County Integrated Development Plan Mid-Term Review Guidelines (CIDP-MTR). Further, the State Department established and operationalized 18 national planning offices at county level, provided technical support on monitoring and evaluation to 10 counties and prepared annual progress reports for the financial year 2020/2021 on implementing MTP III and the Big 4 Agenda.
1119. To promote sustainable development through public policy research, Kenya Institute for Public Policy Research and Analysis (KIPPRA), published the Kenya Economic Report, 2021 titled *Kenya in COVID-19 Era: Fast-Tracking Recovery and Delivery of the Big 4 Agenda*, whose objective was to boost recovery of all sectors on the Kenyan economy from

effects of COVID-19 pandemic. Further, KIPPRA undertook a research to examine the impact of policy interventions under Vision 2030 priority areas on overall welfare in Kenya titled *Review of Vision 2030; Impact of Selected Vision 2030 Flagship Projects*.

1120. In addition, KIPPRA published a research titled *Optimization of Public Debt and Its Impact on Kenya's Economic Growth; and a blog on Exchange Rate Dynamics and its Implications on Debt and Trade Flows*. To inform policy on access to private sector credit, KIPPRA published a research titled *Assessing the Impact of Private Sector Credit on Economic Growth in Kenya*. To explore the employment potential of solar PV in Kenya for sustainable power provision, KIPPRA published a research on interlinkages between solar PV industry and job creation. To inform policy on unlocking the potential of SMEs amidst COVID-19, KIPPRA published a policy monitor article titled *Unlocking the Potential of Micro and Small Enterprises with COVID-19*.
1121. Further, KIPPRA published a policy monitor titled *Fostering Innovation to Build Resilience in the Economy*; and a policy monitor article titled *The Role of Technological Advancement in Improving the Performance of Kenya's Floriculture Industry*. In addition, to inform policy on sustainable management of forests, KIPPRA published a journal article on effects of forests co-management on adoption on-farm tree planting: evidence from selected sites in Kenya; and to inform policy on drought management, KIPPRA published a research study on assessment of meteorological drought in main climatic zones of Kenya. Further, to inform policy on use of clean energy, KIPPRA published a research study on intensity of energy consumption among Kenya's households; and to inform policy on reduction of youth unemployment, KIPPRA published a blog article titled

Unlocking Constraints to Industries without Smokestacks to Catalyse Job Creation for Youth in Kenya.

1122. To inform policy on uptake of ICT by MSMEs, KIPPRA published a research study on the role of information, communication, technologies in innovation in Kenya's micro, small and medium establishments. Separately, Kenya Accountants and Secretaries National Examinations Board (KASNEB) launched 8 new qualifications in the post graduate, vocational, professional and diploma levels.
1123. NEPAD/APRM Kenya Secretariat donated 5 computers, 12 printers, 19 monitors, 18 CPUs and 15 UPSs to Butere Technical and Vocational Training College, Kakamega County. In addition, the Secretariat conducted a monitoring and evaluation of the implementation of Moyale One-Stop Border Post Infrastructural Development Programme.
1124. State Department for Petroleum completed Environmental Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) and Front End Engineering Design (FEED) for the Lokichar-Lamu Port crude oil pipeline. Further, the State Department finalised a survey of oil and gas exploration in Block L19A; and presented a country paper on oil and gas sector at the Africa Upstream Conference (Africa Oil Week) held in South Africa.
1125. The Ministry of Energy increased renewable energy to national energy mix to over 73%; planted 70 woodlots in Endebes constituency; planted indigineous tree seedlings in Embaringo Block, Gakanga area in Muringato, Mt. Kenya, Blackett and Londiani forest in Kericho County. In addition, the Ministry maintained the planted 100Ha tree seedlings in Lower Imenti and Enosupukia Hill.
1126. Kenya Power and Lighting Company increased clean energy supply to 92.3% of the total energy mix as follows: geothermal 46.69%; wind 11.2%;

solar 0.8%; and hydro-electric power 32.22%. The Company received funds from the World Bank for construction of 100 solar mini grids in off grid counties and increased the electricity access rate to grid networks by 64.61%. Kenya Power accelerated electricity connectivity and provision to citizenry through the Last Mile Connectivity Project (LMCP) to support the Government's initiative of increasing access to electricity.

1127. Further, the Company continued electrification of health facilities, metering of primary schools and other initiatives that contributed to accelerated connectivity to the grid for 8.1million customers compared to 3.6million in 2014/15 period. The Company used Integrated Customer Management systems (InCMS) and Incidence Management System (IMS) to book customer complaints and resolve all electronic systems problems.
1128. To promote sustainable energy consumption, Energy and Petroleum Regulatory Authority (EPRA) received 399 environmental impact assessment study reports on petroleum and gas, renewable energy and energy efficiency and submitted comments to NEMA in compliance with environmental, health and safety standards. In addition, EPRA coordinated the review process of the Least Cost Power Development Plan (LCPDP) report 2020-2040 to align the energy sector with the current development and proposed actions towards financial viability of KPLC. The Authority granted 39 power undertaking licences to increase the country's installed capacity and ensured fairness in petroleum fuel pricing.
1129. In addition, EPRA monitored transmission and distribution of electricity transmission line projects including Turkwel-Ortum-Kitale 220KV; Sondu-Ndhiwa 132KV; Mariakani 400/220KV substation; and Rabai-Bomani-Kilifi 132Kv to ensure compliance with safety and quality standards. The Authority collaborated with Kenya Forest Service (KFS)

and the Menengai community to plant 6,000 tree seedlings in Menengai forest.

1130. To enhance energy production, Kenya Electricity Generating Company (KenGen) PLC completed the Olkaria 1 Unit 6 project, injecting an additional 83.3MW into the national grid. In addition, the Company ensured generation of affordable electricity and efficient environmental management through sustainable steam reservoir management with geochemical monitoring for Olkaria I AU and Olkaria II and drilled 4 re-injection wells.
1131. Kenya Electricity Transmission Company (KETRACO) carried out regular maintenance with availability index of 99.5%, completed a 132/33Kv substation, continued the development of Ethiopia-Kenya High Voltage DC Transmission Line currently 99.9% complete, collaborated and deployed 108 critical infrastructure police units to secure the strategic substations in high risk areas. Separately, Nuclear Power and Energy Agency planted 5,000 seedlings and 40,000 seedlings in Garissa County and Lambwe Valley in Homa Bay County respectively.
1132. Geothermal Development Company (GDC) drilled geothermal wells with 193.5 MW of steam equivalent. The Company completed drilling of KW01 and KW02 geothermal wells in Korosi, North Rift. Further, GDC signed an agreement with Orpower 22 Limited, Sosian Menengai Geothermal Power Limited (SMGPL) and Quantum Power East Africa Limited for each to construct a 35MW power plant. In addition, GDC issued letters of support and credit to Sosian and Quantum power companies.
1133. To promote sustainable development, State Department for Housing and Urban Development established 7 Appropriate Building Materials and Technology (ABMTs) centres and trained 130 groups on the use of the

ABMTs for rural housing to conserve the environment and adoption of enterprise development models and completed 6 out of 35 markets. The State Department also engaged 263 interns through Kenya Urban Support Programme (KUSP) to support 59 municipalities; collaborated with Kenya Forests Service and other stakeholders to establish nurseries whereby 100,143,095 seedlings were planted countrywide under the National Hygiene Programme; and planted 12,813,836 seedlings. Separately, the Engineers Board of Kenya registered 1,766 graduate engineers, 140 professional engineers, 32 consulting engineers and 21 consulting firms.

1134. State Department for Transport continued to implement Lamu Port South Sudan Ethiopia Transport (LAPSSET) Corridor; completed the construction of the Centre for Aviation Medicine at JKIA for use within EAC; rehabilitated the Nairobi-Nanyuki line; and completed the construction of Naivasha SGR-Longonot Metre Gauge Railway (MGR) line rail link. The State Department also negotiated and reviewed various Bilateral Air Services Agreements (BASAs) for expanded route network for the national carrier (KQ).
1135. To develop an integrated rail network, Kenya Railways Corporation constructed the Inland Container Depot (ICD) in Naivasha. The Corporation also rehabilitated and operationalized Nakuru-Kisumu line and obtained approvals and licences from NEMA on environmental and social impact of the projects. In addition, the Corporation continued to train staff on safety standards on railways; identified land for development of economic hubs and developed the Athi River Logistic Hub.
1136. In providing efficient port services to facilitate global trade, Kenya Ports Authority completed and witnessed the commissioning of the redesigned Kipevu road which links the Port and the Northern transport corridor.

Separately, Kenya Broadcasting Corporation completed the headend project for Digital TV platform (SIGNET) recording an increase in revenue by serving 76 clients compared to 42 previously.

1137. Kenya Civil Aviation Authority (KCAA) completed maintenance of World Geodetic System-84 and undertook obstacle surveys for Malindi and Eldoret airports; conducted reconnaissance surveys for Lokichoggio Airport; implemented and commissioned the Voice Control Communication System at JKIA and Moi International Airport; and completed the construction of the disaster recovery centre building at a cost of KSh.381.5Million.

1138. Further, the Authority is constructing the Regional Centre of Aviation Medicine at a cost of KSh.220.4Million, currently 99% complete; established a new control zone in Lokichoggio; and installed and commissioned 8KVA solar power system at Stoni Athi and Lanet Stations. In addition, KCAA reviewed 30 new regulations on air transport business in the country.

1139. State Department for Infrastructure through Kenya Rural Roads Authority submitted 11 environmental and social impact assessment reports to NEMA; obtained 17 environmental and social impacts assessment licences from NEMA for road projects in various counties; and planted 2,950 trees on road yards and reserves. Kenya Roads Board (KRB) disbursed a total of KSh.66.9B to KeNHA, KeRRA, KURA and KWS for maintenance, rehabilitation and development of Kenya's road network as shown in Table 26.

Table 25: Disbursement of road development funds by KRB

No.	Road Agency	Jan-Jun 2021	Jul-Dec 2021	Total Disbursement (KSh.)
1.	KeNHA	10,975,987,519	14,542,000,881	25,517,988,400
2.	KeRRA	2,464,845,386	9,536,525,253	12,001,370,639
3.	KURA	1,651,267,512	3,325,985,237	4,977,252,748
4.	KWS	149,544,110	325,669,388	475,213,498
5.	County Governments	4,698,406,951	-	4,698,406,951
6.	Road Annuity Fund	3,898,528,333	6,947,657,483	10,846,185,816

Source: Kenya Roads Board Report, 2021

1140. Further, KRB facilitated the construction of 23 virtual weighbridges; undertook a plan for maintenance of 48,418Kms of roads at a cost of KSh.55Billion. The Board completed constructing a 1Km trial road on cobblestone technology in Machakos; conducted 8 technical, financial and performance audits and carried out 10 impact evaluations on selected road projects in 8 regions of the country. In addition, KRB in partnership with KWS acquired 3 graders and 7 supervision vehicles at a cost of KSh.140Million; and deployed 20 graduates in professional training; developed a training curriculum for road agencies whereby 40 officers and top management staff from road agencies and KWS were trained.

1141. Kenya National Highways Authority (KeNHA) continued the construction of the Nairobi Expressway which comprised construction of 18km at-grade, 3 bridges spanning 270m and 8.6km of the viaduct (elevated), 2 overpasses at Mlolongo and Syokimau, 2 underpasses at JKIA and construction of 4 pedestrian crossings. To support tolling out and management of the operations, 27 toll plazas have been constructed providing a total of 91 toll lanes all supported by the backbone infrastructure and services set up at the Operations and Management Centre

- (O&M Centre) near the Eastern Bypass Interchange. Opening of the road to traffic is scheduled for June 2022.
1142. Kenya National Highways Authority continued construction of the Mau-Mau road and associated spur roads; Wikiliye-Kavusini road (B61); prepared an audit report for dualing of the 36 Km Sagana Marua (A2) road; and constructed Mau-Mau road Lot 1A, Kiambu County section. Similarly, National Construction Authority registered 8,284 new contractors and continued to regulate and coordinate the construction industry.
1143. To promote sustainable food production, National Cereals and Produce Board in partnership with the National Government Administration Officers and county governments, availed 817,760x50kg bags of assorted fertilizer, 163,000x50kg bags of famine relief; and procured 1,414,100x50kg bags of food and 103,550x50kg bags of paddy from farmers in Mwea, Ahero and Bura Irrigation Schemes respectively. Sacco Societies Regulatory Authority (SASRA) in collaboration with Kenya Forestry Service and Mua Green Hills project, planted 400 tree seedlings at Mua Hills primary school and donated a total of 600 tree seedlings to Mua Hills community.
1144. Agriculture and Food Authority donated 2,500 agroforestry tree seedlings in Siaya; established fruit tree nurseries in West Pokot, Murang'a and Nyandarua; planted 6,000 coconut seed nuts in Kwale and Kilifi; prepared nurseries and planted 7,000 macadamia seeds at KEFRI in Londiani-Kericho County. In addition, the Authority allocated 74,880 robusta coffee seedlings to farmers in Kisumu, Homa Bay, Siaya, Busia and Bungoma counties. Further, the Authority through Sugar Directorate established the *Miwa Bora* App that offers solutions to stakeholders and access information related to the sugar industry; developed the Bio-Fuel 4 Kenya

Project aimed at reducing deforestation; and through the Coffee Directorate established 4 coffee houses in Moi, Kenyatta, Eldoret and Egerton universities.

1145. State Department for Livestock distributed 196,000 seedlings to 10 counties under the Greening Initiative, installed solar lighting at Animal Health Industry Training Institute (AHITI) Nyahururu and replaced asbestos roofing at AHITI Kabete with environmentally friendly roofing materials. Nyayo Tea Zone Corporation maintained and consolidated the established forest conservation buffer zone length comprising tea and assorted trees covering 9,302.7 hectares. The Corporation also completed the construction of Gatitu Tea Factory in Kirinyaga County to process the Corporation's teas in the East of Rift region. Separately, Pest Control Products Board continued to construct a residue laboratory to address issues of food safety in the local and international markets and the quality of pesticides in the Kenyan market.
1146. To provide sustainable credit, Commodities Fund procured and distributed 30,000 coconut seedlings from the Agriculture and Food Authority; and carried out capacity building for farmers in Kwale and Kilifi counties. The Fund also collaborated with KALRO and Coffee Research Institute for the supply of 49,286 batian coffee seedlings. Further, the Commodities Fund implemented the Integrated Coffee Productivity Programme (ICPP) by building the capacity and distributing free coffee seedlings to 25 farmers in each of the 4 societies in the counties of Embu, Murang'a, Baringo, Kakamega, Kisii and Nyamira. In addition, the Fund disbursed KSh.358Million to farmers in the coffee, coconut and sugarcane subsectors.

1147. Kenya Plant Health Inspectorate Service (KEPHIS) established tree nurseries and distributed seedlings to youth and women in Embu, Kitale and Nakuru counties. Separately, the National Biosafety Authority conducted an environmental risk assessment of genetically modified *Bt* maize and cassava for ecological safety before release to farmers. The Authority continued to monitor Bt cotton which was approved for commercial growth by farmers in cotton growing areas of Kenya.
1148. State Department for Co-operatives equipped coffee factories with metallic and plastic coffee drying beds and trained 54 co-operative officers on Certus Management Information System (CMIS) and 11 on International Human Resource Management (IHRM). New Kenya Planters Cooperative Union (PLC) sensitised 2,000 farmers on adoption of new coffee varieties; advanced coffee farmers 4,000 bags of organic fertiliser; donated 2 greenhouses for natural drying of coffee to farmers co-operative societies; and established demo plots in Tala, Dandora, Sagana and Meru to train farmers. Further, the Co-operative Union with support from the World Bank replaced asbestos roofing in 14 warehouses with standard iron sheets; and stored 79 tonnes of coffee husks in the coffee chamber awaiting proper disposal.
1149. To promote sustainable milk production, New Kenya Cooperative Creameries Ltd implemented the following energy saving initiatives culminating in savings amounting to KSh.60.8Million; water reticulation in Dandora; equipment lagging and cladding; enhanced purchasing and use of LED lights; enhanced use of biomass boilers; use of instant chiller; and equipment scale down in Naivasha from heavy refrigeration to milk cooler.
1150. The State Department for Fisheries, Aquaculture and the Blue Economy in collaboration with Ministry of Education developed sensitization materials

on the blue economy for primary and secondary schools. Further, the State Department trained youth in learning institutions on aquaculture skills transfer, conducted capacity building for 100 fishers from Lamu and 86 from Kilifi counties to venture into deep-sea fishing and provided them with fishing boats and equipment. The State Department continued to implement Aquaculture Business Development and Kenya Marine Fisheries and Social Development Projects, promote fish consumption and marketing through *eat more fish* campaigns and value addition initiatives by ABDP, constructed 2 markets in Mombasa and Kilifi Counties, and rehabilitated and upgraded Liwatoni Fishing Port into a fish processing hub.

1151. The Ministry of Water, Sanitation and Irrigation continued construction of large multipurpose dams namely; Siyoi-Muruny dam (69% complete), Thwake dam (55% complete), Yamo dam (62% complete) and Kirimenu II (35% complete). The Ministry constructed 100 water pans with a storage capacity of 2.1million m³; 4,984 ecosystem water storage reclamation structures, rehabilitated 400Ha of degraded land and 100 colonial dams desilted bringing the total area reclaimed to an estimated 15,200Ha into productive lands.
1152. In addition, the Ministry developed 48,000 acres under public schemes and community based smallholder irrigation schemes contributing an average 66,000 tonnes of rice and 17,000tonnes of maize annually. Further, the Ministry constructed 25,091 household water pans across the country, translating to 28.09million m³ storage to irrigate about 14,980 acres of land.
1153. Further, the Ministry of Water, Sanitation and Irrigation drilled 10 boreholes to supply water to 10 public schools, enhanced 46 data and information monitoring stations, upgraded 16 telemetric hydromet stations;

and developed and implemented 20 sub catchment management plans. In addition, the Ministry planted 11,000 tree seedlings in Meru County; 5,000 seedlings in Lambwe forest, Homa-Bay County; 2,000 tree seedlings in Kanga High School; 1,000 tree seedlings in Manga High School, Nyamira; 3,000 tree seedlings in Ngong Hills; 1,500 tree seedlings in Kora Kora Market, Garissa County; 3,000 tree seedlings in Mwache Catchment, Kwale County; and 2,000 tree seedlings in Ungatu Water catchment, Kitui County.

1154. National Irrigation Authority installed extra outlets at Ahero Irrigation scheme to enable expansion of new irrigation area at Kabong'o area commanding an additional 1,000 acres. The Authority used modern and current technology of piping, high density polyethylene technology pipes to install 36km of pipelines at Galana-Kulalu Food Security Project.
1155. Water Sector Trust Fund (WSTF) financed the development of rangeland management plans under the Water and Livelihood Programme (WLP) at a cost of KSh.38.8Million. The support included: the construction of 30,000m³ water pan; conservation of 200km² of rangeland; and 200 rangeland households and 10,000 livestock benefitted from the water pan. The Fund monitored 77 projects under the following programmes: Ending Drought Emergency (EDE), Climate Proofed Infrastructure (CPIRA), Green Growth and Employment Programme (GGEP), and Ending Drought Emergency-Climate Proofed Infrastructure (IFAD-UaNRMP). The Fund also appraised 69 projects and trained 17 water integrated management officers on water resource management.
1156. In addition, the Fund coordinated the formation and participation of 4 water resources users associations, 1 Community Forest Association (CFA); 3 grazing land management committees; and spent KSh.3.2Million for

capacity building. Further, the Fund appraised 6 water sector programmes for financing under Aid on Delivery Programme and monitored 77 Water Sector Programme in 47 counties under the CSLG programme. The Fund implemented 8 projects with climate proofing aspects under the ending drought emergency programme.

1157. Water Services Regulatory Board issued 5-year licences to water service providers who scored 70% and above and issued a 2-year interim licence to water service providers who scored less than 70% on condition of improving on weak areas of performance. The well performing water service providers received funding under the Conditional Liquidity Support Grant Programme.
1158. Kenya Water Towers Agency established bamboo stocks in Kibirong Wetland (8Ha) and Kaptagat Water Tower (10Ha); constructed 30Km Maasai Mau Forest fence which is 70% complete; established community based bamboo nurseries of 50,000 seedlings capacity in Aberdares and Mt. Kenya; produced 356,000 indigenous tree seedlings in Maasai Mau (300,000), Machakos prisons (14,000), Marsabit Forest (15,000), Migori (15,000) and Rumuruti prison (10,000).
1159. To enhance regulation of water use, Water Resources Authority continued to evaluate and make recommendations on the environmental assessment reports from NEMA; carried out water quality and pollution monitoring in Nyalenda lagoons, Kibos prison Effluent Discharge Control Plan, Kisat wastewater treatment plant, Nyando and Auji rivers. In addition, the Authority inspected 2 water dams in Kericho-Londiani, and undertook riparian marking and pegging along River Nyando, Auji and Sondu.
1160. Further, the Authority monitored and equipped a well drilled in Limuru with a telemetry system. Separately, Northern Water Works Development

Agency completed the Garissa Sewerage Phase II, Marsabit Water and Sanitation project at 63% and Mandera Water and Sanitation Project at 65% complete.

1161. Kenya Export Promotion and Branding Agency recorded an increase of 15.5 % in exports between January to August 2021. The Agency recorded exports valued at KSh.490Billion compared to KSh.424Billion in the same period in 2020. The exports grew by more than KSh.2Billion in 2021 compared to the period January to August 2020. The exports were to: Uganda (KSh.14Billion), Netherlands (KSh.13Billion), D.R.C (KSh.10Billion), U.S.A(KSh.7Billion), Tanzania (KSh.5Billion), China (KSh.4Billion), India (KSh.4Billion), Ethiopia (KSh.3Billion), Zambia (KSh.3Billion), and Egypt (KSh.2Billion).
1162. Further, Kenya's exports also grew as follows: USA (KSh. 3Billion), Ethiopia (KSh.2.5Billion), Tanzania (KSh.2.3Billion), Netherlands (KSh. 2Billion), Japan (KSh. 1.6Billion), U.A.E (KSh.1.5Billion) and China (KSh.1.4Billion) in 2021 compared to July-August 2020.
1163. Kenya Industrial Property Institute (KIPI) granted Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs) as follows: 4,626 trademarks to local applicants which was an increase of 940 trademarks compared to 2020; 12 patents, and 46 utility models and 93 industrial designs. During the period under review, KIPI registered 426 trademark assignments; 95 trademark licences; and 17 patent assignments. The Institute also operationalised the electronic fee management component of the ERP system and the ERP receipting system.
1164. Further, KIPI conducted several sensitization workshops on intellectual property rights to universities, technical colleges and companies across the country whereby over 1,500 participants attended. The Institute registered 1 design, 2 patents and 6 utility models which were eco-friendly inventions

and innovations. Separately, Kenya Industrial Research Development Institute improved infrastructure development in South B and achieved a completion level of 78%.

1165. National Industrial Training Authority developed test papers for all trades and identified 1,000 assessors; developed quality standards for 38 trade test areas and assessed 45,123 persons in grade I, II, and III; approved trainings of 55,366 workers; and trained 3,639 workers in the formal and informal sector. The Authority also engaged 1 apprentice through a graduate apprenticeship programme; 6 apprentices were trained through a formal apprenticeship programme and 32 indentured learners were trained. Further, the Authority completed refurbishing of students hostels and overhauling of the sewerage system at NITA-Kisumu; and the project of rebranding of NITA Industrial Training Centres across the country is 60% complete.
1166. In the protection and management of wildlife biodiversity, Kenya Wildlife Service completed the construction of a 6km fence, completed and furnished 3 ranger houses, 2 guard posts and administration offices; and rehabilitated the Old Camp Tourism facility, Marsabit National Park signage and museum.
1167. To promote sustainable development, Athi Water Works Development Authority implemented Lower Murang'a Irrigation Project with the groundwork complete; Kieni Smallholder Irrigation Programme at 20% complete; and Tana Delta Irrigation Project. Kenya National Water Harvesting and Storage Authority planted 500 tree seedlings and distributed 2,000 seedlings in Lambwe Valley, Homa Bay County. Separately, Tana Water Works Development Agency developed an earth dam with a storage capacity of 20,000m³ that serves a population of 1,000

people at a cost of KSh.7.9Million in Meru County; drilled 20 boreholes pump-tested and equipped with solar panels as part of green energy; and planted 4,500 indigineous tree seedlings at Murinduko Hill of Mt. Kenya ecosystem in Kirinyaga County.

1168. Coast Development Authority constructed the Abaq qiiq (Tula) Earth Fill Pan with a capacity of 200,000m³ to provide water to 1,040 households; Yaqhrit Homogenous Earth Fill Dam with a capacity of 80,000m³ to provide water to 3,000 households; Galmagalla Earth Fill Pan with a capacity of 350,000m³, currently 93% complete; and planted 19,000 tree seedling to restore 44Ha of land, established 7 tree nurseries, established 21Km of terraces, rehabilitated 63Ha of degraded farmland; and marked and pegged 24Km of riparian land along River Mnyenzen, in Mwache Catchment Project. In addition, the Authority implemented food security projects in Chakama Smallholder Irrigation Project employing 300 people, benefited 218 farmers, 9,000 people and 50,000 livestock directly and indirectly.
1169. Further, the Authority implemented Lake Challa Smallholder Irrigation Project where 144 acres of land were put under irrigation, benefiting 94 farmers; built and equipped 250mm diameter borehole; extended 1.8km of domestic water pipeline; constructed 6.5km pipeline; installed 50m³ at Kirimeri ECD; and provided 10,000 litre plastic tanks and 50,000 litres steel water tank at Kirimeri village. In addition, the Authority implemented the Kenya Climate Change Adaptation Programme whereby 175,000 mangrove seedlings were procured and planted at Vanga and Gazi Mangrove Forest.
1170. To promote sustainable development, Coast Water Works Development Agency continued with the protection of key boreholes located on the banks

of River Sabaki in Baricho at a cost of KSh.791Million; undertook 2 environmental impact assessments for the proposed Baricho Wellfield Protection Works and Distribution Short Term Works for Mombasa North Mainland projects. Separately, Ewaso Ng'iro North River Basin Development Authority created awareness to stakeholders on restoration of Ewaso Ng'iro River eco-system and held a 6-day forum targeting subsistence farmers and pastoralists in settlements along the Ewaso Ng'iro River.

1171. The Authority also engaged 13 partners in the caravan including Isiolo Peace link, Kivulini Trust, Action Aid Kenya, Isiolo Conservation Trust, Centre for Training and Integrated Research in ASAL Development whereby 480 members of the community participated and planted 10,000 trees along the riparian land. Further, the Authority distributed 3,000 seedlings to youth and women groups in Samburu and trained 28 youths from Isiolo County on tiles and brick production.
1172. The State Department for Early Learning and Basic Education trained 163,938 teachers on remote learning technologies during the COVID-19 pandemic to ensure continuity of learning. The State Department developed the Peace and Global Citizenship Initiative; established a new curriculum currently being piloted in schools; and in collaboration with stakeholders planted 5,000 tree seedlings in primary and secondary schools across the country.
1173. Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development (KICD) trained curriculum implementers on CBC in the 47 counties. The training benefitted 220,000 primary teachers, 60,000 secondary teachers, 80,000 TTC tutors, and 3,000 quality assurance and standards officers. The Institute mainstreamed the use of ICT in curriculum design and implementation through virtual online

platforms; implemented a knowledge management programme by developing the repository system; developed messaging and reporting system through use of USSD *672# for bulk SMS systems; upgraded the learning management system in the Kenya education cloud; integrated online reporting of online bullying; and developed a digital evaluation system to evaluate publishers' content online.

1174. Teachers' Service Commission trained 129,000 teachers on Competency Based Curriculum from public and private primary schools. Separately, National Commission for Science, Technology and Innovation (NACOSTI) extended the JKUAT Research Chair Programme for a period of two years from June 2021 and planted 200 trees at the headquarters. In addition, Kenya Literature Bureau printed 5.81 million books for schools. Separately, Centre for Mathematics, Science and Technology in Africa trained; 788 teachers on STEM, 4,873 on ICT integration, initiated black soldier fly larvae and vertical gardens used by 50 and 80 students for learning respectively.
1175. To ensure sustainability of student loan funds, the Higher Education Loans Board recovered KSh.4.5Billion from past beneficiaries; received KSh.150Million from donors; and covered 192,356 students' credit-risks on loans under the Students Loan Self-Protection Scheme at a cost of KSh.23Million. Kenya Universities and Colleges Central Placement Service (KUCCPS) placed 265,085 students in various colleges and universities for various courses as shown in Table 27.

Table 26: Student placement by KUCCPS

Level of learning	Number Placed
Degree	128,073
Diploma	86,267
Certificate	40,876

Artisans	9,869
Total	265,085
STEM Degree Courses	
Science	29,412
Mathematics	11,396
Technology	10,007
Engineering	6,102
Total	56,917
Arts Degree Courses	
71,156	
TVET STEM Courses	
Science	15,190
Technology	13,029
Engineering	37,318
Mathematics	5,722
Total STEM	71,156
TVET Arts Courses	
65,753	
Total TVET	137,012

Source: KUCCPS Report, 2021

1176. Chuka University trained 100 farmers on banana and mango value chain, breeds and breeding management in Kairini and Maraa sub-counties in Tharaka Nithi County and held an International Research Conference themed *Higher Education Strategies for Mitigating Impacts of Pandemics*. Separately, JKUAT graduated 9,501 students from various courses to enhance human capital development.
1177. To promote sustainable development, Kenyatta University organized the Climate Justice Summer School Conference attended by 500 participants to discuss various African perspectives on climate justice. The University held a Higher Education Development for Green Economy and Sustainability Capacity Building Conference. The University also secured a KSh.1.5Million grant to carry out a study on trends and the status of obstetric fistula management in Kenya.
1178. In addition, the University secured a grant from the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Disease (NIH) worth USD785,622; secured a COVID-19 Africa Rapid Grant Fund worth USD100,000 to facilitate

investigation on the uptake of COVID-19 preventive measures and anti-severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 prevalence in Kenya; secured a grant worth KSh.18Million from the National Research Fund for research titled *Optimising Parameters for the Proper Use of Face Masks* to reduce the severity of underlying infection for enhanced tolerance to COVID-19.

1179. To promote affordable and clean energy, Kenyatta University secured a research grant worth KSh.203Million from Danida Fellowship Centre for a project on *Widespread use of Geothermal Energy in East Africa*; and a grant worth KSh.190Million for a project titled *Governing Climate Adaptation for Transformation*. In addition, to promote realisation of the Zero Hunger Agenda, the University secured a research grant worth KSh.12Million to carry out a 2-year multidisciplinary project. The University secured a research grant worth KSh.770,000 and employed Inter-Community Models in addressing FGM. The University secured a research grant worth KSh.385,000 to support peace, reconciliation and indigenous knowledge; and to promote the realisation of the Economic Growth Agenda. In addition, the University secured a research grant worth KSh.9.2Million to carry out research on youth unemployment.

1180. Kenyatta University secured a research grant worth KSh.9Million to research on enhancing biodegradable sanitary towel production through the utilisation of seaweed and banana pseudostem residue. The University secured a research grant of KSh.17.7Million to carry out a study on understanding the start-up ecosystem. Separately, Alupe University College completed the construction of a science block and continued with construction of Phase I of a library and an academic block at 90% and 50%

complete respectively. Kibabii University commissioned a sports complex at a cost of KSh.60Million.

1181. To enhance afforestation, the University of Nairobi organised a tree planting exercise as part of celebration of UoN@50 themed *COVID-19: Partnering in Afforestation Beyond COVID-19 Pandemic*; whereby 3,275 indigenous tree seedlings were planted in Upper Kabete. Further, Koitalel Samoei University College increased postgraduate student enrolment by 10%; continued to fast track tea processing, bee hives project and water bottling for increased sustainable income generation.
1182. To increase forest cover and rehabilitate water catchment areas, Egerton University planted 3,674 tree seedlings for rehabilitation of Njoro river and Mau forest. Separately, Maseno University in collaboration with the Kenya Climate Smart Agriculture Project, KALRO and ILRI established the Sahiwal Improvement Innovation Platform; identified and registered animals on the Kenya Livestock Breeders Association Portal; and artificially inseminated 236 livestock. Rongo University held a Scientific International Conference themed *Refocusing Research and Development to Deal with Emerging Global Challenges* and planted 7,550 trees.
1183. Bomet University College enrolled 1,811 students in the Greening for Sustainability Course. The College also installed 21 solar panels to save energy. Separately, Kirinyaga University completed construction of Phase I Tuition Complex with a seating capacity of 3,600 persons and installed a 30,000 watts' solar panel system in the complex. Further, Laikipia University held a career day attended by 599 persons and mentored 10 schools; and placed 200 students on a work study programme. In addition, University of Kabianga continued to construct a students' dining hall and lecture hall Phase IV which are 87% and 99% complete respectively.

1184. University of Embu installed and commissioned 52kWp and 13kWp grid tied solar systems at a cost of KSh.6Million in the new administration block and farm. Separately, South Eastern Kenya University established and registered the Directorate of TVET as a technical and vocational college to train in health, engineering and agriculture. The University introduced a Bachelor of Science in Medical Laboratory Science, Diploma in Automotive Engineering and Diploma in Agricultural Engineering.
1185. Kisii University trained 56 youths from Kisii County on entrepreneurship skills; organised 2 scientific training workshops for 156 post-graduate students and lecturers, covering research visibility, accessibility publishing, document publishing, grant proposal writing, to increase research funding opportunities. In addition, the University continued constructing Phase II of the ICT Learning and Business Centre currently 24% complete; and trained 69 lecturers on commercialization of research and innovation in collaboration with KENIA.
1186. Further, Kisii University organised 2 international conferences themed *Heritage and Sustainable Development* and *Repositioning Education in Changing Times* where 90 and 146 abstracts respectively were submitted; and the University in partnership with KIPPRA conducted training for 131 students and staff via zoom platform on public policy making process. In addition, the University continued to operate the institutional digital repository of 228 journals and research papers, 245 masters theses and dissertations, 15 books and 175 undergraduate projects.
1187. Dedan Kimathi University of Technology Centre for Software Development developed the *WorkMan* software used for performance management; and Centre for Development of Electronic Devices manufactured speed governors. Separately, Jaramogi Oginga Odinga

University of Science and Technology completed an ultra-modern library, a 1,000-seat capacity research complex and tuition block; and started utilisation of Siaya Agricultural Training College as the School of Agricultural and Food Science.

1188. Further, Jaramogi Oginga University of Science and Technology adopted technology to support virtual meetings and seminars through Zoom, Big Blue Button and Webex; and conducted research on Operationalizing the One Health Approach: Building on the TDR/IDRC Africa Initiative Project on Malaria and RVF in Kenya; COVID- 19 Containment; Serological, Faecal and Wastewater Epidemiological Surveillance of SARS-CoV-2 in support of home-based isolation and care in Kenya; VLIR-UoS Strengthening JOOUST Capacity in Natural Resource Management, and Food Security and Health. In addition, the University published over 101 publications in peer reviewed journals.
1189. Kamwenja Teachers' College planted 4,500 trees and procured 50 beehives to facilitate beekeeping for a sustainable source of honey and income. Similarly, Kagumo Teachers College replaced asbestos roofing with box profile iron sheets for college hostels, classrooms and staff residential houses at KSh.4Million to reduce the threat of cancer infections.
1190. Kisumu National Polytechnic held the 1st National Skills Competition for Sustainable Development; undertook innovations on design and development of adjustable hospital beds to focus on the pillar of health promotion; designed and developed low cost collapsible hydraulic mould to promote food security and prevent post-harvest loss by farmers; and developed occupational standards for short courses in garment making and textile technology.

1191. Meru National Polytechnic trained 22 local farmers on paddy field rice; planted 4,600 exotic and 1,500 indigenous tree seedlings; built capacity of 191 trainers on the *Moodle LMS* digital learning platform; and commenced construction of an ultramodern administration block, an e-Learning centre, and the *EASTRIP* Regional Centre of Excellence.
1192. Nyeri National Polytechnic trained 14 ToTs on dairy processing Level IV and Level V; built a paved walkway for students costing KSh.22.6Million; and constructed a passageway with ramp linking the administration block to tuition block D costing KSh.1.5Million; and nurtured 4,350 planted trees. Similarly, Shamberere Technical Training Institute planted over 5,000 tree seedlings in the college compound and harvested 71 bags of maize on a two-acre farm. To increase the forest cover, Kitale National Polytechnic collaborated with Equity Bank to plant 5,000 tree seedlings while Maberera Technical and Vocational College planted 1,000 trees.
1193. PC Kinyanjui Technical Training Institute trained 83 students on building technology diploma level; 63 in civil engineering; and 151 for certificate in plumbing and artisan levels. The Institute planted 250 trees at Ruthimitu Secondary school; manufactured 4,000 litres of soap detergents and 800 litres of sanitisers. Further, the Institute processed 600 litres of hand washing soap, trained 100 staff members on appraisals, and 20 student leaders on leadership. In addition, Sang'alo Institute of Science and Technology planted 5,000 trees to increase the vegetation cover while Nkabune Technical Training Institute constructed an administration block at a cost of KSh.5.5Million and 2 tuition blocks at KSh.17.5Million.
1194. Friends Kaimosi College Institute of Research and Technology constructed a modern library at KSh.26.3Million which is 95% complete; continued to construct a female hostel at KSh.37.3Million which is 40% complete; and

- the Board of Management approved a shift from use of firewood to biogas at a cost of KSh.3Million. Further, the Institution strengthened the ICT section by increasing the connectivity bandwidth from 10mbps to 60 mbps at a cost of KSh.1.3Million per annum; increased trainee enrollment from 3,129 to 4,510; and procured 800 new hall chairs at a cost of KSh.699,800.
1195. Ugunja Technical and Vocational College trained 7 staff members from the Mechanical Department on CNC machines. Separately, Eldoret National Polytechnic constructed 5 wells and installed a solar water pump. Kasarani Technical and Vocational College manufactured detergents and sanitizers used in the college. Separately, Michuki Technical Training Institute trained 30 students on solar photovoltaic technology.
1196. Nairobi Technical Training Institute increased enrolment of students from 6,541 in 2020 to 7,682 in 2021; introduced a Community Health Course and admitted 11 trainees. Separately, Thika Technical Training Institute graduated 1,725 trainees in various fields.
1197. Ministry of Health through the support of the Belgian Government continued to implement the Medical Waste Microwave Equipment Project whereby 11 sites in 9 counties were installed in Phase I and signed a contract for Phase II involving 15 counties. In addition, the Ministry in collaboration with other UHC enablers, connected electricity to 156 facilities, and water to 2,907 facilities. Further, the Ministry connected 18 facilities to LAN and upgraded roads to 134 health facilities. Separately, Pharmacy and Poisons Board issued 177 certificates of disposal for pharmaceutical waste to dealers of pharmaceuticals whereby 26,648Kgs of pharmaceutical waste was disposed safely.
1198. To enhance Universal Health Care, National Hospital Insurance Fund initiated review of their 5-year strategic plan; used biometric registration of

members; and installed e-Claims management system for health providers for reimbursements. Separately, Moi Teaching and Referral Hospital commissioned strategic projects including a Data Centre; High Definition CCTV; MTRH Radiotherapy Equipment; MTRH Chandaria Cancer and Chronic Disease Centre; Pressure Swing Adsorption (PSA) Oxygen Generating Plant producing 2,000 LPM of oxygen; and MTRH *Nawiri* Recovery and Skills Centre. Separately, National AIDS Control Council implemented the ERP system to reduce paperwork and promote the green economy.

1199. Ministry of ICT, Innovation and Youth Affairs through the National Youth Council (NYC) engaged 3,000 youths in planting 3,000 trees in various parts of the country bringing the total number of trees planted to 150,000 under the Greening Kenya Initiative. The Ministry in conjunction with the Micro and Small Enterprise Authority (MSEA) through the Kenya Youth Employment Opportunity Project (KYEOP) disbursed KSh.994.5 Million to 741 youth entrepreneurs countrywide under the *MbeleNaBiz* Business Plan Competition (BPC).
1200. The ICT Authority recruited 400 interns to ensure sustainability of ICT skills and piloted the installation of National Optic Fibre Broadband Infrastructure (NOFBI) in the ICT sector. The Authority undertook pilot installation of NOFBI network in 13 schools under the School Net Programme and launched NOFBI in 8 schools. The Kenya National Innovations Agency trained 241 trainees to promote innovation culture in the country.
1201. Ministry of Information, Communication and Technology established 135 Constituency Innovation Hubs across the country; built the capacity of 400 ICT youth graduates through the Presidential Digital Youth Talent

- programme; and implemented the Digital Literacy Programme in 19,666 schools where 1,068,250 ICT devices were installed.
1202. To enhance sustainable youth self-empowerment, Youth Enterprise Development Fund Board disbursed KSh.580.7Million to youth enterprises, benefiting 82,991 youths. The Board also provided business development services (entrepreneurship training, market support, business incubation and business mentorship) to 87,081 youths.
1203. State Department for Social Protection, Senior Citizens Affairs and Special Programmes through Street Families Rehabilitation Trust Fund trained 69 personnel conducting street families rehabilitation programmes. Separately, National Council for Persons with Disabilities issued 3,162 bursaries and scholarships to students with disabilities.
1204. Directorate of Immigration Services continued to automate services such as e-Passport, e-Visa, e-Citizen and e-fns thus reducing the use of paper. Separately, the National Registration Bureau completed 6 registration offices in Isinya, Murang'a, Butula, Mutitu, Keiyo South and Kirinyaga Central.
1205. Betting Control and Licensing Board (BCLB) collected KSh.215.8Million from betting licences and permits, a 199.3% increase from the previous period; and facilitated collection of betting tax, withholding tax on winnings and excise tax amounting to KSh.12.5Billion from gaming operations. In addition, the Board presided over 3,000 draws whereby cash amounting to KSh.404.8Million and asset-based prizes were won. Further, 21 public lotteries devoted 25% of their gross proceeds worth KSh.263Million towards good courses; carried out 148 inspection exercises and undertook 18 enforcement activities. Separately, Refugee Affairs

Secretariat in collaboration with host communities planted 50,000 seedlings.

1206. To maintain secure personal data for planning, Civil Registration Services continued to register, process, analyse vital statistics where 1,180,267 birth and 233,757 deaths were registered compared to 1,126,762 birth and 185,385 deaths in the previous year; issued 1,874,578 birth and 206,393 death certificates, compared to 877,763 birth and 109,785 death certificates issued previously.
1207. In addition, Civil Registration Services continued to use the e-Citizen portal for submission of service requests and payments where 149,600 applications were received compared to 88,394 in the previous period; and 188,232 birth certificates were processed via Civil Registration and Vital Statistics (CRVS) system compared to 120,745 previously. Further, the Civil Registration Services collected revenue of KSh.20.2Million from e-Citizen platform compared to KSh.11.8Million in the previous period; and a total revenue from Appropriation-In-Aid of KSh.178Million was collected compared to KSh.73.4Million in the previous period.
1208. National Authority for the Campaign against Alcohol and Drug Abuse (NACADA) supported 287 public sector institutions to establish workplace prevention programmes through sensitization of Alcohol and Drug Abuse (ADA) control committees; conducted baseline surveys; and developed workplace policies. The Authority partnered with Kenya Forest Service, the National Youth Council and Green Spaces CBO to plant 3,750 tree seedlings at Miritini Treatment Centre and Kirinyaga University.
1209. Further, NACADA partnered with community based organisations in conducting public awareness campaigns on alcohol and drug abuse to 1,341 youths in Taita Taveta, Mombasa, Kilifi, Kwale, Nakuru, Kajiado, Uasin

Gishu, Nairobi, and Nakuru counties. The Authority partnered with the county governments of Kisii and Bomet to construct the Koiwa and Kiamwasi Treatment and Rehabilitation Centres at a cost of KSh.17.2Million. The Authority also provided treatment, counseling and referral services to 23,074 persons with substance use disorders through a 24-hour helpline, and organised outreach forums in Uasin Gishu, Nairobi, Busia, Embu, Nyeri, Nakuru, Elgeyo Marakwet, Kilifi, Kakamega and Laikipia counties.

1210. The State Department for Interior and Citizen Services facilitated the promotion of 6,676 serving officers of national government administrative staff to vacant positions and continued with construction of 14 national government administrative field offices to enhance service delivery. To promote peace and security, Western Region Commissioner's office monitored and evaluated national government development projects and planted 2,000 trees to mitigate climate change; the County Commissioner of Embu planted 5,000 tree seedlings; Nakuru County Commissioner's office organised an e-Waste awareness campaign and established an electrical and electronic equipment waste centre. In addition, the Nakuru County Commissioner's office planted 997,115 tree seedlings in Mau Conservancy. Similarly, Tana River County Commissioner's office planted 6,700 trees.

1211. Further, Kisumu County Commissioner's office planted 39,765 indigenous and 2,400 exotic trees within sub-counties while Kirinyaga County Commissioner's office planted 10,000 trees. Further, Kericho County Commissioner's office collaborated with stakeholders to create awareness on collection of e-Waste and planted 33,126 tree seedlings.

1212. The State Department for Correctional Services through Kenya Prison Service offered vocational training to 1,500 long serving inmates, 232 borstal boys and 127 girls for national development and economic growth. Further, the State Department rehabilitated *gazetted* and community forests by distributing and planting 5 million trees and fruits from Rumuruti, Ruiru and Nyamira Prisons tree nurseries.
1213. The Ministry of Defence installed 100% renewable energy at Modika Barracks, Garissa; manufactured 103 smaller versions of one-burner DEFKITCH for use in KDF, KMTC and Moi Forces High School; increased production of dehydrated vegetables to 94,062Kgs worth KSh.85.9Million; planted 580,280 trees at Maji Mazuri and Makutano forests (Baringo County), Mareba wetlands (Uasin Gishu County), Mau Eburu forest (Nakuru County) and Garissa County. To enhance advancement of knowledge and professional growth in defence and security sector, National Defence University was awarded a charter and *gazetted* as the first university of its kind in Kenya.
1214. To enhance sustainable livelihoods, the Ministry of Labour and Social Protection through National Social Security Fund (NSSF) paid out benefits amounting to KSh.6.3Billion to members. Separately, Kenya Academy of Sports facilitated a team of 2 council members and 2 senior staff to a benchmarking tour of 7 sports institutions in South Africa on the Sports Academy Model. In addition, the Academy made a presentation on aligning sports talent development to the labour market to 200 participants at CEMASTEIA; and planted 500 indigenous trees.

**CHAPTER
FIVE**

**GOVERNMENT COMMITMENTS
AND WAY FORWARD**



CHAPTER FIVE: GOVERNMENT COMMITMENTS AND WAY FORWARD

This Report outlines key priority areas of action to accelerate the realization of National Values and Principles of Governance. The Commitments and Way forward will form one of the targets under the national cohesion and values indicator in the 2022/2023 performance contracting guidelines.

I. Fast-track implementation of programmes, projects and activities for the realisation of the Big 4 Agenda

1215. Public institutions shall continue to develop and implement policies, programmes, projects and activities to facilitate the realisation of affordable housing, promote manufacturing, realisation of food and nutrition security and universal health coverage.

II. Implement measures for Post-COVID-19 recovery to enhance execution of government programmes, projects, activities and service delivery

1216. Public institutions shall institute and implement measures to mitigate adverse effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, return to normalcy and step up productivity and service delivery.

III. Leverage on and enhance use of Information and Communications Technology (ICT) and other innovations in service delivery.

1217. The Government commits to leverage on ICT including automation and digitization of services and other innovative ways to enhance efficiency in service delivery.

IV. Continue to enhance the fight against corruption, dispensation of justice and observance of the rule of law.

1218. The Government commits to continue implementing measures in the fight against corruption. Further, the Government commits to strengthen governance systems in MDAs as well as multi-agency and inter-agency collaborations in enforcing the existing anti-corruption frameworks.

V. Enhance the capacity of public institutions and the public to adhere to the provisions of Article 10 of the Constitution through civic education, training and sensitization on National Values and Principles of Governance.

1219. To facilitate the realization of **Article 10** of the Constitution, the Government commits to continue implementing measures to upscale awareness creation and mainstreaming of national values through training, sensitization and other innovative ways.

VI. Continue enhancing collaboration between the two levels of government to entrench sharing and devolution of power.

1220. To enhance collaboration between the two levels of government, the Government commits to use existing structures to enhance the capacity of county governments to deliver on their mandate. In addition, public institutions shall continue to develop and implement policies, programmes and activities and take administrative actions to enhance collaboration between the two levels of government.

VII. Continue to implement measures to protect the environment, mitigate climate change and improve the national forest cover.

1221. The Government commits to continue taking deliberate measures including securing riparian lands, protecting water towers, mitigating against the effects of climate change and improving the national forest cover among others.

VIII. Implement measures to promote inclusivity and representation of Kenya's diverse communities in the public service.

1222. To facilitate representation of Kenya's diverse communities in the public service, the Government commits to continue implementing policies, regulations and administrative actions to promote an all-inclusive public service through recruitment, promotions and deployments.

Table 27: Implementing Agencies for commitments and way forward

No.	COMMITMENT/ WAY FORWARD	IMPLEMENTING INSTITUTIONS
1.	Fast track implementation of programmes, projects and activities for the realization of the Big 4 Agenda	Executive Office of the President; Judiciary, Parliament; The National Treasury and Planning; Ministry of Health; Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock, Fisheries and Cooperatives; Ministry of Industrialization, Trade and Enterprise Development; Ministry of Transport, Infrastructure, Housing, Urban Development and Public Works; county governments; and all MDAs.
2.	Implement measures for post- COVID-19 recovery to facilitate execution of government programmes, projects, activities and service delivery	Executive Office of the President; Parliament; Judiciary; Ministry of Health; The National Treasury and Planning; county governments; and all MDAs.
3.	Leverage on and enhance use of Information and Communications Technology (ICT) and other innovations to promote service delivery.	Executive Office of the President; Parliament; Judiciary; Ministry of Information Communication Technology, Youth and Innovation; county governments; and all MDAs.
4.	Continue to enhance the fight against corruption, dispensation of justice and observance of the rule of law.	Executive Office of the President; Parliament; Judiciary; County Governments; Ethics and Anti-Corruption Commission (EACC); State Law Office and Department of Justice; Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions (ODPP); National Police Service (NPS); and all MDAs.
5.	Enhance the capacity of public institutions and the public to adhere to the provisions of Article 10 of the Constitution through civic education,	Executive Office of the President; Parliament; Judiciary; Independent Offices and Commissions; Ministry of Interior and Coordination of National

	training and sensitization on national values and principles of governance.	Government; Ministry of Education; Universities and Colleges; all MDAs; and other stakeholders.
6.	Continue enhancing collaboration between the two levels of government to entrench sharing and devolution of power.	Executive Office of the President; Judiciary; Parliament; Independent Offices and Commissions; County governments; The National Treasury and Planning; Ministry of Devolution and the ASALs; Intergovernmental Relations Technical Committee; and all MDAs.
7.	Continue to implement measures to protect the environment, mitigate climate change and improve the national forest cover.	National and County Governments; Judiciary; Parliament; Commissions and Independent Offices; The National Treasury and Planning; Ministry of Environment and Forestry; National Environment Management Authority (NEMA); and all MDAs
8.	Implement measures to promote inclusivity and representation of Kenya's diverse communities in the public service.	Executive Office of the President; Parliament; Judiciary; County Governments; Commissions and Independent Offices and all MDAs

Source: Directorate of National Cohesion and Values

LIST OF INSTITUTIONS THAT SUBMITTED REPORTS

MINISTRIES AND STATE DEPARTMENTS

1. State House
2. Office of the Deputy President
3. Cabinet Affairs Office
4. Ministry of Defence
5. Ministry of Devolution
6. Ministry of Energy
7. Ministry of Environment and Forestry
8. Ministry of Foreign Affairs
9. Ministry of Health
10. Ministry of ICT, Innovation and Youth Affairs (State Department for ICT and Innovation and State Department for Broadcasting and Telecommunication)
11. Ministry of Water, Sanitation and Irrigation
12. Office of the Attorney General and Department of Justice
13. The National Treasury
14. State Department for Co-operatives
15. State Department for Crop Development and Agricultural Research
16. State Department for Culture and Heritage
17. State Department for Development of ASALS
18. State Department for Early Learning and Basic Education
19. State Department for East African Community
20. State Department for Fisheries, Aquaculture and the Blue Economy
21. State Department for Gender
22. State Department for Housing and Urban Development
23. State Department for Industrialization
24. State Department for Infrastructure
25. State Department for Interior and Citizen Services
26. State Department for Labour
27. State Department for Livestock
28. State Department for Petroleum
29. State Department for Planning
30. State Department for Post Training and Skills Development
31. State Department for Public Service
32. State Department for Public Works

33. State Department for Regional & Northern Corridor Development
34. State Department for Shipping and Maritime
35. State Department for Social Protection, Senior Citizens Affairs and Special Programmes
36. State Department for Sports
37. State Department for Tourism
38. State Department for Trade and Enterprise Development
39. State Department for Transport
40. State Department for University Education & Research
41. State Department for Wildlife
42. State Department for Youth Affairs

DEPARTMENTS

43. Civil Registration Services
44. Directorate of Immigration Services
45. Government Press
46. Inspectorate of State Corporations
47. Kenya National Focal Point on Small Arms and Light Weapons
48. Kenya Prisons Service
49. Kenya School of Adventure and Leadership
50. Nairobi Metropolitan Service
51. National Registration Bureau
52. National Police Service

PARLIAMENT

53. The National Assembly
54. The Senate

JUDICIARY

55. The Judiciary

COMMISSIONS AND INDEPENDENT OFFICES

56. Commission for University Education
57. Commission on Administrative Justice

58. Commission on Revenue Allocation
59. Ethics and Anti-Corruption Commission
60. Independent Policing Oversight Authority
61. Kenya Film Commission
62. Kenya Law Reform Commission
63. Kenya National Commission for UNESCO
64. National Cohesion and Integration Commission
65. National Commission for Science, Technology and Innovation
66. National Gender and Equality Commission
67. Office of the Auditor General
68. Office of the Controller of Budget
69. Privatization Commission
70. Public Service Commission
71. Salaries and Remuneration Commission
72. Teachers Service Commission

PARASTATALS AND SAGAs

73. Agricultural Development Corporation
74. Agricultural Finance Corporation
75. Agriculture and Food Authority
76. Anti-Counterfeit Authority
77. Anti-Doping Agency of Kenya
78. Anti-FGM Board
79. Assets Recovery Agency
80. Athi Water Works Development Agency
81. Betting Control and Licensing Board
82. Biosafety Appeals Board
83. Bomas of Kenya Ltd.
84. Business Registration Service
85. Capital Markets Authority
86. Centre for Mathematics, Science and Technology Education in Africa
87. Coast Development Authority
88. Coast Water Works Development Agency
89. Commodities Fund
90. Communications Authority of Kenya
91. Competition Authority of Kenya
92. Council of Legal Education
93. East African Portland Cement Company PLC

94. Energy & Petroleum Regulatory Authority
95. Engineers Board of Kenya
96. Ewaso Ng'iro North River Basin Development Authority
97. Ewaso Ngiro South Development Authority
98. Export Processing Zones Authority
99. Fish Levy Trust Fund
100. Geothermal Development Company
101. Higher Education Loans Board
102. ICT Authority
103. Insurance Regulatory Authority
104. Intergovernmental Relations Technical Committee
105. Jomo Kenyatta Foundation
106. Kenya Accountants and Secretaries National Examinations Board
107. Kenya Accreditation Service
108. Kenya Agricultural and Livestock Research Organization
109. Kenya Airports Authority
110. Kenya Animal Genetic Resources Centre
111. Kenya Broadcasting Corporation
112. Kenya Bureau of Standards
113. Kenya Civil Aviation Authority
114. Kenya Copyright Board
115. Kenya Cultural Centre
116. Kenya Dairy Board
117. Kenya Deposit Insurance Corporation
118. Kenya Development Corporation
119. Kenya Education Management Institute
120. Kenya Electricity Generating Company Ltd
121. Kenya Electricity Transmission Company Ltd
122. Kenya Export Promotion and Branding Agency
123. Kenya Film Classification Board
124. Kenya Fisheries Service
125. Kenya Forest Service
126. Kenya Forestry Research Institute
127. Kenya Industrial Estates
128. Kenya Industrial Property Institute
129. Kenya Industrial Research and Development Institute
130. Kenya Institute for Public Policy Research and Analysis
131. Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development
132. Kenya International Boundaries Office

133. Kenya Investment Authority
134. Kenya Leather Development Council
135. Kenya Literature Bureau
136. Kenya Marine and Fisheries Research Institute
137. Kenya Medical Research Institute
138. Kenya Medical Supplies Authority
139. Kenya Medical Training College
140. Kenya National Bureau of Statistics
141. Kenya National Commission on Human Rights
142. Kenya National Highways Authority
143. Kenya National Innovation Agency
144. Kenya National Library Service
145. Kenya National Qualifications Authority
146. Kenya National Shipping Line Ltd.
147. Kenya Pipeline Company Limited
148. Kenya Plant Health Inspectorate Service
149. Kenya Ports Authority
150. Kenya Post Office Savings Bank
151. Kenya Power & Lighting Company PLC
152. Kenya Railways
153. Kenya Reinsurance Corporation Limited
154. Kenya Revenue Authority
155. Kenya Roads Board
156. Kenya Rural Roads Authority
157. Kenya School of Government
158. Kenya Space Agency
159. Kenya Tourism Board
160. Kenya Trade Network Agency
161. Kenya Universities and Colleges Central Placement Service
162. Kenya Urban Roads Authority
163. Kenya Veterinary Board
164. Kenya Veterinary Vaccines Production Institute
165. Kenya Vision 2030 Delivery Secretariat
166. Kenya Water Institute
167. Kenya Water Towers Agency
168. Kenya Wildlife Service
169. Kenya Yearbook Editorial Board
170. Kenyatta International Convention Centre
171. Kenyatta National Hospital

172. Kenyatta University Teaching, Referral & Research Hospital
173. Konza Technopolis Development Authority
174. Lake Basin Development Authority
175. Lake Victoria North Water Works Development Agency
176. Lake Victoria South Water Works Development Agency
177. LAPSSET Corridor Development Authority
178. Local Authorities Provident Fund
179. Media Council of Kenya
180. Micro and Small Enterprises Authority
181. Moi Teaching and Referral Hospital
182. National AIDS Control Council
183. National Authority for the Campaign Against Alcohol and Drug Abuse
184. National Biosafety Authority
185. National Centre for International Arbitration
186. National Anti-Corruption Campaign Steering Committee
187. National Cereals and Produce Board
188. National Construction Authority
189. National Council for Children's Services
190. National Council for Law Reporting
191. National Council for Nomadic Education in Kenya
192. National Council for Persons with Disabilities
193. National Council for Population and Development
194. National Crime Research Centre
195. National Drought Management Authority
196. National Employment Authority
197. National Environment Management Authority
198. National Government Affirmative Action Fund
199. National Government Constituencies Development Fund Board
200. National Hospital Insurance Fund
201. National Housing Corporation
202. National Industrial Training Authority
203. National Irrigation Authority
204. National Oil Corporation of Kenya
205. National Research Fund
206. National Social Security Fund
207. National Water Harvesting & Storage Authority
208. National Youth Council
209. New Kenya Co-operative Creameries Ltd.
210. New Kenya Planters Co-operative Union, PLC

211. New Partnership for Africa's Development
212. NGOs Co-ordination Board
213. North Rift Valley Water Works Development Agency
214. Northern Water Works Development Agency
215. Nuclear Power and Energy Agency
216. Numerical Machining Complex
217. Nursing Council of Kenya
218. Nyayo Tea Zones Development Corporation
219. Nzoia Sugar
220. Pest Control Products Board
221. Pharmacy and Poisons Board
222. Policyholders Compensation Fund
223. Posta Kenya
224. Public Procurement Regulatory Authority
225. Refugee Affairs Secretariat
226. Regional Centre on Groundwater
227. Retirement Benefits Authority
228. Rural Electrification & Renewable Energy Corporation
229. School Equipment Production Unit
230. Sports Kenya
231. Tana and Athi Rivers Development Authority
232. Tana Water Works Development Agency
233. Tanathi Water Works Development Agency
234. Tea Board of Kenya
235. Technical and Vocational Education Training Authority
236. The Kenya Academy of Sports
237. The Sacco Societies Regulatory Authority
238. The Universities Fund
239. Tourism Fund
240. Tourism Regulatory Authority
241. TVET Curriculum Development, Assessment and Certification Council
242. Unclaimed Financial Assets Authority
243. University of Nairobi Enterprises and Services Limited
244. Uwezo Fund Oversight Board
245. Warehouse Receipt System Council
246. Water Resources Authority
247. Water Sector Trust Fund
248. Water Services Regulatory Board

- 249. Witness Protection Agency
- 250. Women Enterprise Fund
- 251. Youth Enterprise Development Fund

UNIVERSITIES AND TERTIARY INSTITUTIONS

- 252. Aberdare Diploma Teachers Training College
- 253. Ahmed Shahame Mwidani Technical Training Institute
- 254. Aldai Technical Training Institute
- 255. Alupe University College
- 256. Awendo Technical and Vocational College
- 257. Bandari Maritime Academy
- 258. Baringo Technical College
- 259. Belgut Technical and Vocational College
- 260. Bomet University College
- 261. Bondo Technical and Vocational College
- 262. Bukura Agricultural College
- 263. Bumbete Technical Training Institute
- 264. Bungoma North Technical and Vocational College
- 265. Bunyala Technical and Vocational College
- 266. Bushiangala Technical Training Institute
- 267. Butere Technical and Vocational College
- 268. Central Rift Valley Water Works Development Agency
- 269. Chuka University
- 270. Coast Institute of Technology
- 271. David Mbiti Wambuli Technical and Vocational College
- 272. Dedan Kimathi University of Technology
- 273. Dr. Daniel Wako Murende Technical and Vocational College
- 274. Egerton University
- 275. Ekerubo Gietai Technical and Training Institute
- 276. Eldama Ravine Technical and Vocational College
- 277. Endebess Technical Training College
- 278. Friends College Kaimosi Institute of Research and Technology
- 279. Garissa University
- 280. Gatanga Technical and Vocational College
- 281. Gatundu South Technical and Vocational College
- 282. Ikutha Technical and Vocational College
- 283. Jaramogi Oginga Odinga University of Science and Technology
- 284. Jomo Kenyatta University of Agriculture and Technology

285. Kabete National Polytechnic
286. Kagumo Teachers Training College
287. Kaiboi Technical Training Institute
288. Kaimosi Friends University College
289. Kajiado West Technical and Vocational College
290. Kaloleni Technical and Vocational College
291. Kamwenja Teachers' College
292. Kapcherop Vocational Training College
293. Karatina University
294. Karen Technical Training Institute for the Deaf
295. Karumo Technical Training Institute
296. Kasarani Technical and Vocational College
297. Katine Technical Training Institute
298. Kenya Coast National Polytechnic
299. Kenya Institute for the Blind
300. Kenya Institute of Mass Communication
301. Kenya Institute of Special Education
302. Kenya School of Law
303. Kenyatta University
304. Keroka Technical Training Institute
305. Kiambu Institute of Science and Technology
306. Kibabii University
307. Kiirua Technical Training Institute
308. Kiminini Technical and Vocational College
309. Kipipiri Technical and Vocational College
310. Kipsinende Technical and Vocational College
311. Kirinyaga University
312. Kisii National Polytechnic
313. Kisii University
314. Kisiwa Technical Training Institute
315. Kitale National Polytechnic
316. Koitaleel Samoei University College
317. Laikipia University
318. Lugari Diploma Teachers Training College
319. Maasai Mara Technical and Vocational College
320. Maasai Mara University
321. Mabera Technical and Vocational College
322. Machakos Technical Institute for the Blind
323. Machakos University

324. Masai Technical Training Institute
325. Maseno University
326. Masinde Muliro University of Science and Technology
327. Masinga Technical and Vocational College
328. Mathenge Technical Training Institute
329. Mathira Technical and Vocational College
330. Matili Technical Training Institute
331. Mawego Technical Training Institute
332. Meru University of Science & Technology
333. Michuki Technical Training Institute
334. Migori Teachers College
335. Moi University
336. Moiben Technical and Vocational College
337. Mukiria Technical Training Institute
338. Mukurwe-ini Technical Training Institute
339. Multimedia University of Kenya
340. Muraga Technical Training Institute
341. Murang'a University of Technology
342. Musakasa Technical Training Institute
343. Nachu Technical and Vocational College
344. Nairobi Technical Training Institute
345. Navakholo Technical and Vocational College
346. Nkabune Technical Training Institute
347. Nyandarua National Polytechnic
348. Okame Technical and Vocational College
349. Ol'lessos Technical Training Institute
350. PC Kinyanjui Technical Training Institute
351. Pwani University
352. Ramogi Institute of Advanced Technology College
353. Rift Valley Institute of Science and Technology
354. Rongo University
355. Runyenjes Technical and Vocational College
356. Sabatia Technical and Vocational College
357. Sang'alo Institute of Science and Technology
358. Shamberere Technical Training Institute
359. Shanzu Teachers Training College, Mombasa
360. Siala Technical Training Institute
361. Siaya Institute of Technology
362. Sigalagala National Polytechnic

363. Sikri TVC for the Blind and Deaf
364. Sotik Technical Training Institute
365. South Eastern Kenya University
366. St. Joseph Technical Institute for the Deaf, Nyang'oma
367. St. Pauls Kibabii Diploma Teachers Training College
368. Taita Taveta University
369. Technical University of Mombasa
370. Tharaka Technical and Vocational College
371. Tharaka Univesity College
372. The Co-operative University of Kenya
373. The Eldoret National Polytechnic
374. The Kisumu National Polytechnic
375. The Meru National Polytechnic
376. The North Eastern National Polytechnic
377. The Nyeri National Polytechnic
378. The Technical University of Kenya
379. Thika Technical Training Institute
380. Tom Mboya University College
381. Tseikuru Technical Training Institute
382. Turkana University College
383. Ugunja Technical and Vocational College
384. University of Eldoret
385. University of Embu
386. University of Kabianga
387. University of Nairobi
388. Wanga Technical and Vocational College
389. Webuye West Technical and Vocational College
390. Wote Technical Training Institute

REGIONAL COMMISSIONER

391. Regional Commissioner Central
392. Regional Commissioner Coast
393. Regional Commissioner Eastern
394. Regional Commissioner North Eastern
395. Regional Commissioner Nyanza
396. Regional Commissioner Western

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

397. County Commissioner Baringo
398. County Commissioner Busia
399. County Commissioner Elgeyo Markwet
400. County Commissioner Embu
401. County Commissioner Kajiado
402. County Commissioner Kericho
403. County Commissioner Kiambu
404. County Commissioner Kirinyaga
405. County Commissioner Kisii
406. County Commissioner Kisumu
407. County Commissioner Kitui
408. County Commissioner Laikipia
409. County Commissioner Machakos
410. County Commissioner Makueni
411. County Commissioner Mandera
412. County Commissioner Marsabit
413. County Commissioner Meru
414. County Commissioner Mombasa
415. County Commissioner Murang'a
416. County Commissioner Nairobi
417. County Commissioner Nakuru
418. County Commissioner Narok
419. County Commissioner Nyeri
420. County Commissioner Samburu
421. County Commissioner Siaya
422. County Commissioner Taita Taveta
423. County Commissioner Tana River
424. County Commissioner Trans Nzoia
425. County Commissioner Turkana
426. County Commissioner Uasin Gishu
427. County Commissioner Vihiga
428. County Commissioner Wajir
429. County Commissioner West Pokot

INSTITUTIONS REPRESENTED AT THE VALIDATION FORUM OF THE 2021 ANNUAL PRESIDENT'S REPORT

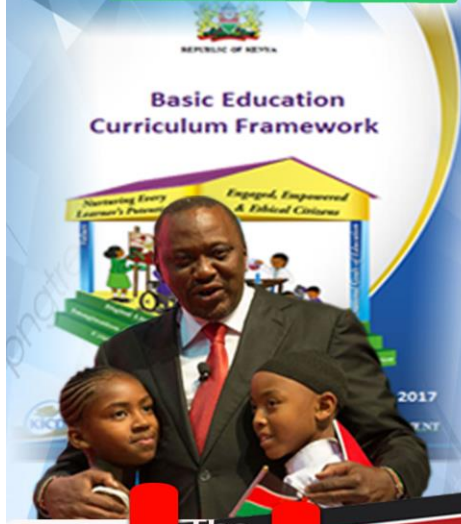
1. Aberdare Technical Training College
2. Agricultural Development Corporation
3. Agricultural Finance Corporation
4. Agriculture and Food Authority
5. Anti-Counterfeit Authority
6. Athi Water Works Development Agency
7. Betting Control and Licensing Board
8. Biosafety Appeals Board
9. Bomet University College
10. Bondo Technical Training Institute
11. Bukura Agricultural College
12. Bumbe Technical Training Institute
13. Bungoma North Technical Training Institute
14. Bushiangala Technical Training Institute
15. Butere Technical and Vocational College
16. Cabinet Affairs Office
17. Capital Market Authority
18. Centre for Mathematics Science and Technology Education in Africa (CEMASTEA)
19. Chuka University
20. Coast Water Works Development Agency
21. Communication Authority of Kenya
22. County Commissioner Murang'a
23. East African Portland Cement
24. Ekerubo Gietai Technical Training Institute
25. Energy and Petroleum Regulatory Authority
26. Ethic Anti-Corruption Commission
27. Geothermal Development Company
28. Government Press
29. Higher Education Loan Board
30. Independent Policing Oversight Authority
31. Information Communication and Technology Authority
32. Inspectorate of State Corporation
33. Inter-governmental Relation Technical Committee
34. Jomo Kenyatta University of Agriculture and Technology

35. Kabete National Polytechnic
36. Kagumo Teachers Training College
37. Kamwenja Techers Training College
38. Karen Technical Training Institute for the Deaf
39. Kenya Accountants and Secretaries National Examination Board
40. Kenya Accreditation Services
41. Kenya Agricultural and Livestock Research Organization
42. Kenya Broadcasting Corporation
43. Kenya Bureau of Standards
44. Kenya Civil Aviation Authority
45. Kenya Coast National Polytechnic
46. Kenya Dairy Board
47. Kenya Education Management Institute
48. Kenya Electricity Generating Company
49. Kenya Electricity Transmission Company Limited
50. Kenya Film Classification Board
51. Kenya Industrial Property Institute
52. Kenya Industrial Research Development Institute
53. Kenya Institute for the Blind
54. Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development
55. Kenya Institute of Mass Communication
56. Kenya Institute of Public Policy Research and Analysis
57. Kenya International Boundaries Office
58. Kenya National library Service
59. Kenya Ports Authority
60. Kenya Power and Lighting Company
61. Kenya Railways Corporation
62. Kenya Revenue Authority
63. Kenya Tourism Board
64. Kenya Universities and Colleges Central Placement Services
65. Kenya University Teaching, Referral and Research Hospital
66. Kenya Wildlife Service
67. Kenyatta University
68. Kisii University
69. Laikipia University
70. Lake Victoria South Water Works Development Agency
71. LAPSSET
72. Machakos University
73. Maseno University

74. Mathenge Technical Training Institute
75. Matili Technical Training Institute
76. Media Council of Kenya
77. Meru National Polytechnic
78. Meru University of Science & Technology
79. Michuki Technical Training Institute
80. Ministry of Defence
81. Ministry of Foreign Affairs
82. Ministry of Health
83. Ministry of Information, Communication and Technology
84. Ministry of Petroleum and Mining
85. Ministry of Tourism
86. Nairobi Technical Training Institute
87. National Anti-Corruption Campaign Steering Committee
88. National Construction Authority
89. National Council for Persons with Disability
90. National Council for Population and Development
91. National Environment Management Authority
92. National Hospital Insurance Fund
93. National Housing Corporation
94. National Irrigation Authority
95. National Oil Corporation of Kenya
96. National Treasury and Planning
97. National Youth Council
98. Navakholo Technical and Vocational College
99. New Kenya Cooperative Creameries
100. New Kenya Planters Cooperative Union
101. New Partnership for Africa Development
102. Nkabune Technical Training Institute
103. Northern Water Works Dev. Agency
104. Nuclear Power and Energy Agency
105. Nyayo Tea Zones Development Corporation
106. Nyeri National Polytechnic
107. Nzoia Sugar
108. Office of the Deputy President
109. PC Kinyanjui Technical Training Institute
110. Pharmacy and Poisons Board
111. Policyholders Compensation Fund
112. Postal Corporation of Kenya

113. Privatization Commission
114. Regional Commissioner, Nairobi
115. Runyenjes Vocational Training College
116. Sacco Societies Regulatory Authority
117. Salaries and Remuneration Commission
118. Sang'alo Institute of Science and Technology
119. Shamberere Technical Training Institute
120. Siaya Institute of Technical
121. Sigalagala National Polytechnic
122. Sports Kenya
123. St. Joseph Technical Institute for the Deaf Nyangoma
124. State Department for Devolution
125. State Department for Fisheries
126. State Department for Infrastructure
127. State Department for Interior
128. State Department for Transport
129. State Department for University Education and Research
130. State Department for Youth
131. State Department of Livestock
132. State Department of Public Service
133. State Department of Transport
134. State House
135. Tana and Athi Rivers Development Authority
136. Tana Water Works Development Agency
137. Tea Board of Kenya
138. Technical University of Kenya
139. Tharaka Technical and Vocational College
140. Tharaka University College
141. The Kisumu National Polytechnic
142. The National Assembly
143. The Nyeri National Polytechnic
144. The Senate
145. The University Fund
146. Thika Technical Training Institute
147. University of Embu
148. University of Kabianga
149. University of Nairobi Enterprise and Services Limited
150. Warehouse Receipt System Council
151. Water Resource Authority

152. Webuye West Technical Training Institute
153. Wildlife Research and Training Institute
154. Witness Protection Agency
155. Wote Technical Training Institute



The Big 4
Empowering the Nation

KENYA VISION 2030
Towards a globally competitive and prosperous nation